"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, slowly rising temperature to-day and to-morrow; light, variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,459. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

JAMMED ON STAIRS IN A FACTORY PANIC

Girl Shirt Waist Workers Broke Through Banisters and Fell in Heaps Below.

FIFTY HURT, TWO IN HOSPITAL

Half Stripped of Clothing in Disentangling Them—Jam at Inward Opening Doors—No Danger, Only an Awning Fire.

A cigarette, thrown from an upper window in the five-story loft building, which runs through from 546 and 548 Broadway to 84 and 86 Crosby Street, set fire to an awning on the second floor of the Crosby Street side of the building yesterday afternoon. A pail of water, tossed on the blaze, put it out with $2 damage, but the fire served to start a panic, and half a hundred girls were cut and bruised in the frantic struggle of ten times that number to escape from the building.

Those who were injured received their hurts on the stairway on the Broadway side of the building. The banisters of the second, third, and fourth floors were broken away by the pressure of the girls against them, and scores of girls plunged over the broken railings, falling in heaps at the bottom of the stairs.

The final flight, giving into Broadway, is narrow and runs between walls. This flight was soon blocked with bodies, and at the bottom the panic-stricken girls were piled in a heap. Policemen and surgeons from St. Vincent's Hospital worked at this heap trying to untangle the girls. Many who were dragged out, fainting and half dead of fear, were almost stripped of clothing. Hours after the last of them had been attended by the surgeons and had gone home or been taken to the hospital there were articles of clothing scattered over the sidewalk in Broadway.

But although many girls were bruised and cut, none had a bone broken, and only two had to go to the hospital. The policemen and surgeons who saw the crush on the stairs declared that it was remarkable that none was killed. The injured whose names the police got were:

AMODESSKY, VERA, badly bruised; sent home.
BARBARA, ROSE, 16 years old, of 534 East Sixteenth Street, suffering from shock; home.
BERNSTEIN, IDA, 17, of 316 West Thirty-ninth Street, scalp wound; home.
DEUTSCH, GRETA, 20, stenographer, 2,220 Pitkin Avenue, Brooklyn, lacerated right wrist and ankle; home.
FLAXMAN, SARAH, 19, of 78 Market Street, lacerated left elbow; home.
GILORE, MARY, 17, of 514 East Sixteenth Street, shock; home.
GREENBERG, BERTHA, 16, of 78 Forsyth Street, contusions and bruises; home.
INTELEATO, MARY, 15, of 9 Spring Street, shock; to St. Vincent's Hospital.
MANGUSSA, ETTA, 23, of 118 Second Avenue, shock; home.
SINGER, BERTHA, 16, of 90 Goerck Street, lacerated right arm; home.
SHULTZ, MINNIE, 321 Madison Street, bruised badly; home.
WAINORSKY, DORA, 18, of 127 Suffolk Street, bruised; home.
YONAVITZ, ANNIE, 16, of 211 East Third Street; to St. Vincent's Hospital.
ZINERICH, MOLLY, 19, of 135 Norfolk Street, lacerated right hand; home.

Many other girls were treated by Drs. Cockle, Koenig, and Hughes of St. Vincent's Hospital, who established a sort of field hospital on the sidewalk in front of the building, but in the haste and excitement the names of these others were not taken by the police.

Of the fourteen whose names were taken two were employed by Harris Brothers & Barnett, makers of shirts and waists, with factory on the third floor. The others were employes of Sherr Brothers, makers of shirtwaists, on the fourth floor.

Senseless Cry of "Fire!"

There are five firms in the building, which, except for the ground floor, is used as a manufacturing plant. On the ground floor are Morimura Brothers, importers of Japanese wares; the second floor is occupied by the C. A. Edgerton Manufacturing Company, makers of suspenders. This floor was empty, the work people having left for the day; Harris Brothers & Barnett occupy the third floor and employ 200 girls, all of whom were in the place; on the fourth floor are the rooms of Sherr Brothers, who employ 350 girls, all of whom were in the building, while on the top floor are Weinstein, Levy & Co., makers of waists and children's cloaks. Most of their employes are men, who were not concerned in the panic.

It was from one of the upper windows that the cigarette was thrown. It dropped on an awning at one of the Edgerton Company's windows. There it was seen smoldering from the street, and some one shouted "Fire!" There was some breeze, which carried the smoke upward to drift in at the windows of Harris Brothers and Sherr Brothers, where presently the girls smelled it. Then came the cry of "Fire!"

Instantly, apparently, the recent disaster in Washington Place, in which 145 girls lost their lives, seemed to flash into the minds of the girl workers. There was a frightened cry or two and then one of the girls jumped up from her sewing machine. Instantly the rest followed her.

It was payday for the girls employed by Sherr Brothers. It is the custom on that day for Olga Strauss, the bookkeeper, and Beatrice Fischman, her assistant, to pass among the girls while they retain their seats at the machines, handing out the pay envelopes which they carry in hand satchels. At the first cry of "Fire!" Miss Strauss and Miss Fischman ran to the office, where they put the cash and all the books in the safe. Then, seeing no fire, they waited. Of all the girls on the floor they were probably the only two not concerned in the panic.

More Doors Opening Inward.

Louis Lipshutz, the foreman, and Miss Ida Slednak, the forewoman, ran among the girls crying to them that only an awning was on fire and that there was no danger.

"Take your places in line," shouted they to the girls, "and remember your fire drill. Just pass along quietly and none will be hurt. Remember there is no danger."

Their words seemed to quiet the girls. They rose from their machines calmly enough, got their wraps and started quietly for the doors. There are three of these, two giving on to stairways on the Crosby Street side of the building and one giving on to a stairway leading to Broadway. There is a passenger elevator also.

The investigation of the Washington Place fire revealed that the doors to the stairways opened inward, and many of the girls who lost their lives were burned to death in front of these doors, against which the crowd had jammed itself until it was impossible to open a way to safety on the stairs just beyond the doors. The doors toward which the Sherr girls marched so quietly opened inward also.

Across the floor runs a boxlike affair, in which is inclosed the power mechanism which operates the machines. One of the girls stumbled over this and fell. Another girl tripped over her as she tried to

Continued on Page 2.

NO MUSIC IN THE PARKS.

Let the People Make Up Their Own Bands, Says the Mayor.

There will be no music in the evening playgrounds of the city this Summer unless the people who frequent them organize their own bands and orchestras. The suggestion that they do this was made by Mayor Gaynor at yesterday's Board of Estimate meeting in voting against a resolution for the appropriation of $12,672 to pay for the music. Borough President McAneny made a futile plea for the appropriation.

"Was not this item cut out of the budget for this year?" asked President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen.

"Yes, it was," replied Mr. McAneny, "and I was in the minority at that time. This music is absolutely necessary for the popular use of the playgrounds."

"Why don't the people make up their own bands, as they do in the country?" asked the Mayor. "They have been doing it ever since I was a boy, and I don't see why the people in this city can't do it. Miller, you are from the country; how about it?"

"Yes, we had a band in our town," replied the Borough President of the Bronx, "and it was the worst band in the county."

"Now, Mr. Mayor—" began Mr. McAneny.

"Oh, I know you, McAneny; you want to be good to everybody," interrupted the Mayor.

A representative of the Board of Education said that 900,000 people visited these evening playgrounds last Summer, and that the chief attraction was the music.

"I believe in sticking to the budget," persisted the Mayor.

The resolution was voted down, the Mayor, Mr. Mitchel, and President Miller voting against it.

"NELLIE BLY" HAS TO RUN.

Former Globe Trotter Escapes All but Two of Seven Process Servers.

With the aid of Chief Magistrate Kempner of Brooklyn and most of the officials of the Adams Street Police Court, Mrs. Elizabeth Cochran Seaman, the former "Nellie Bly," succeeded yesterday afternoon in dodging the unwelcome attention of all but two of seven process servers who endeavored to reach her as she was leaving court after testifying against two former employes of the Ironclad Manufacturing Company, of which she is President.

Things began to happen as soon as Mrs. Seaman entered the stenographer's room after giving her testimony. One of the process-servers had gone into the building next door and climbed to the roof and along the window-sill until he was opposite the window of the stenographer's room. When Mrs. Seaman entered in company with her lawyers he threw the papers at her feet. Her lawyers admitted that the service was good and pocketed the papers.

Meanwhile Wallace T. McCreary of Pine Street, Manhattan, had reached the next room and loudly demanded to be admitted to Mrs. Seaman. Court Clerk Henry Hesterberg, Jr., barred him, saying that he was acting under the Magistrate's order.

A consultation was held and then Mrs. Seaman was rushed through the prisoners' pen. A green taxicab was called and the chauffeur told to use an alleyway usually reserved for the passage of the Black Maria. Mrs. Seaman was preparing to run out of the prisoners' exit when her helpers saw McCreary outside waving his papers. It was decided to make a rush.

Detective Wilbur and Court Attendant Frank Langan went outside and endeavored to block the way. Mrs. Seaman reached the cab, McCreary tried again, but only knocked off Langan's hat. The papers fell and McCreary declared them served. At the same time Langan knocked him over together with a newspaperman standing behind. During the excitement the taxicab was rushed up and Mrs. Seaman got away.

It developed later that five other men were stationed at other likely places where it had been thought they might have reached Mrs. Seaman on her way out. It could not be learned whom they represented.

The trial at which Mrs. Seaman was a witness was that of Charles W. Cassa, a former cashier, and Stanley Gielink, a former bookkeeper, charged with forging Mrs. Seaman's name to a check for $650 and collecting the money.

MRS. J. A. LEWIS DIVORCED.

Obtains Decree in Reno on the Ground of Cruelty at New York Hotel.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., May 4.—Mrs. Sarah D. Lewis to-day obtained a decree of divorce from John A. Lewis, now living at the Murray Hill Hotel, New York City. Mrs. Lewis, a handsome elderly woman, testified that she married John A. Lewis in New York on Dec. 4, 1884, and that he began treating her cruelly three months after their marriage. On the first occasion he knocked her down, she said. This treatment continued, according to her testimony, for several months. She also said that when her daughter was born in November, 1885, her husband was not at home and could not be found. At that time they were living at 148 East Forty-eighth Street. In July, 1888, after the birth of her son, she left him and went to live with relatives. She stayed away from him until 1893, when she resumed married relations on his promise that he would treat her kindly. She testified that soon after they resumed married relations he began beating her again at the Plaza Hotel in New York and they had to leave the hotel. They went to Chicago, and at the Victoria Hotel in that city in 1895 he continued his cruel treatment.

A TIMES reporter found John A. Lewis in the café of the Murray Hill Hotel last night. Mr. Lewis was entertaining friends. With some pains he put on his glasses and long and attentively examined a dispatch from Reno telling of his wife's divorce.

"It's true," he said at last.

He was invited to give his version of his wife's charges, but would only answer with a wave of his hand: "Nothing to say."

Then Mr. Lewis's friends claimed him and their joint celebration was resumed.

Grand Trunk May Run Under Mellen Road.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 4.—The House of Representatives to-day unanimously adopted an amendment to the Grand Trunk Railroad charter, which, if accepted by the Senate, will allow the Canadian road's proposed extension from Palmer, Mass., to this city to pass under the tracks of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad.

FLORIDA--ATLANTA--BIRMINGHAM.
Florida-Cuba Special 12:38 P. M. Atlanta-Birmingham Special 2:08 P. M. from Penna. Sta., via Seaboard Air Line Ry. Through electric lighted steel sleepers. Inq. 1184 B'way. Phone 5644 Mad.—Adv.

DIX NEAR BREAK WITH TAMMANY

Senate Non-Action on His Appointment of Van Tuyl as Bank Head so Construed.

OTHER JOBS DENIED WIGWAM

Too Many Personal Appointments, Say Murphy Men, Who Want More Patronage for Supporting Measures.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 4.—"Dix is on the point of breaking with Tammany."

In this way a New York lawmaker from the Democratic zone on the lower east side defined the motive of the Senate Finance Committee in failing to recommend that the Senate confirm the nomination of George Van Tuyl, Jr., as State Superintendent of Banks. In the same breath he described with much accuracy the relations which every observer at the Capitol is beginning to realize exist between Gov. Dix and the Tammany delegation in the Legislature.

The Senate Finance Committee held its regular executive meeting to-day. After the meeting Senator Frawley, Chairman of the committee, made it known that no action had been taken with regard to the nomination of Mr. Van Tuyl for Banking Superintendent. This was regarded as rather significant, in view of the fact that the committee went out of its way to hurry in confirming the nomination of Thomas F. Byrnes, one of the district leaders in John H. McCooey's Democratic organization in Brooklyn, whose nomination for State Tax Commissioner was sent to the Senate with that of Mr. Van Tuyl. Senator Frawley was asked the reason why Mr. Van Tuyl had not been confirmed.

"Oh, we didn't take the matter up. That's about all there is to say about that," Senator Frawley replied.

In connection with the failure of the committee to act in the case of Mr. Van Tuyl, it was learned to-day that Gov. Dix sent for one of the Senate leaders yesterday and urged upon him the necessity of getting his nominee for State Superintendent of Banks confirmed at the earliest possible moment. The term of Orion H. Cheney, the present Bank Superintendent, will expire early next week. While he could be compelled to hold the post until his successor is confirmed, it is known that Gov. Dix is exceedingly anxious to give the supervision of banks at once to the man whom he has named and on whom he could place reliance at this critical turn in the affairs of the department.

Gov. Dix has been told that the Tammany members do not feel altogether in a mood to go out of their way to confirm the nomination of a Republican to such an important place by a Democratic Governor. The Governor has been urged to exercise some patience. He has told the leaders that Mr. Van Tuyl is his personal friend, and that at this particular juncture—after the revelations in connection with the Carnegie Trust Company already made or threatened—it was important that he should have at the head of the State banking Department a man in whom he could have perfect confidence.

Tammany's Grievance.

"It isn't that Tammany wants the job," said one of the influential Democratic members of the Legislature to a TIMES correspondent to-day. "But the Governor has not treated us right in the matter of other appointments that should have come our way. Why did he appoint a Republican? Are there no Democrats of competence to fill the place? I will go even further and say that if he had picked some man known all over the State as an eminent authority on banking matters we would not have kicked, even though he had happened to be a Republican. But that cannot be said with regard to Mr. Van Tuyl. He may be a very good man, but he isn't known beyond Albany."

The resentment against Gov. Dix by Tammany Hall did not by any means begin by the appointment of Mr. Van Tuyl. It is of longer standing. It began before the inauguration, when the Governor announced that he would retain Adjt. Gen. Verbeck, a Republican appointed by Gov. Hughes, in that important position. Then came the appointments of Thomas Mott Osborne, the pronounced foe of Murphy, as Forest, Fish, and Game Commissioner; of Charles E. Treman as State Superintendent of Public Works, of William Church Osborn as legal adviser, and, finally, the appointment of Winfield A. Huppuch as Public Service Commissioner, at the highest salary paid to any public official under our State Government. All these were "personal" appointments. The Tiger is still gritting his teeth at the loss of so many positions and all the rich patronage that goes with them.

At present there is every evidence that orders have come to the Tammany leaders in the Legislature to gauge their future attitude toward the Dix legislative programme in proportion to what inclination Gov. Dix may show to "loosen up" patronage toward Tammany Hall. The Governor has one good place to fill—the vacancy created by the retirement of Cornelius V. Collins as State Superintendent of Prisons—a position which has much patronage. On the other hand, the Legislature, dominated by Tammany Hall, has in its keeping and custody some legislative measures cherished by the Governor and part of a reform programme which Tammany now feels that it can make or mar.

Dix Measures in Jeopardy.

There is, for instance, the Governor's conservation bill, which he has very much at heart, in common with Thomas Mott Osborne, Tammany's arch foe, who is slated to head the new and important department. There is also the bill for the abolition of the present State Highway Commission. The Tammany members of late have shown a lukewarmness toward that part of the Governor's programme, although it would transfer control of a commission with much patronage to bestow, many contracts to award, and many millions to spend, from Republican to Democratic hands. Then there is the Dix Direct Primary bill, intended to carry out emphatic pledges made in the Rochester platform.

All these measures at the present writing are in distinct danger of defeat, from all appearances. Only the up-State Democrats, who, by a renewal of insurgency, can prevent the Tammany contingent from putting through certain hostile bills affecting New York City which Murphy has very much at heart, might bring the Tammany delegation to terms and into an attitude of forced friendliness toward the Governor's plans. But insurgency, which might save the first year of Gov. Dix's administration from producing a record of pledges unfulfilled, seems to have died with the election of James A. O'Gorman to the United States Senate.

The legislative leaders are now preparing for the final rush of the session. It is believed that the introduction of bills, except by unanimous consent, may come to an end in the lower house next week, and that the Committee on Rules may take charge a week later. But none of the leaders is willing to predict as yet the date on which the Legislature will adjourn sine die.

NAPOLEON'S MAMELUKE
Roustam Bey, who served Bonaparte for 17 years, wrote his experiences with his master. They have just come to light, and some of them will be published in
Next Sunday's Times

GONE WITH TREASURE THAT WAS SOLOMON'S

English Party Vanishes on Yacht After Digging Under the Mosque of Omar.

SAID TO HAVE KING'S CROWN

Also His Ring and Sword—Turkish Government Sends High Officials to Jerusalem to Investigate.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 4.—Intense interest has been excited by the reports of discoveries by a party of Englishmen underneath the Mosque of Omar at Jerusalem, which was built on the site of Solomon's Temple.

The Turkish Government has ordered an inquiry into the affair. The objects are now said to be an old manuscript of the Bible, the Crown, Ring, and Sword of Solomon, and numerous other articles of great antiquarian value.

According to the story printed here the expedition was fitted out in London in consequence of discoveries made by a Norwegian Biblical scholar. Capt. the Hon. Montagu Parker, brother and heir of the Earl of Morley, is one of the members of the expedition, which received permission from the Turkish Government to carry on excavation work in the neighborhood of the Pool of Siloam.

When the concession was obtained two years ago work was begun near the Pool. About half a mile away is the Mosque of Omar, on the Dome of the Rock which is believed to stand on the site of Abraham's sacrifice.

The engineers continued digging until their work was stopped by rain, and then the expedition returned to England. It went out again last Summer and continued the work. Since last August nothing definite had been heard from any of the party except that they were still digging.

All the work has been carried out secretly, but the leaders of the expedition have indignantly denied that there has been any sacrilege.

LONDON, May 4.—The operations at Jerusalem of the Anglo-American syndicate of excavators threaten to cause an interesting diplomatic affair.

According to to-day's messages from Constantinople, the Turkish Government takes a serious view of the matter, and has sent high officials to Jerusalem to investigate the charge that the foreigners despoiled the Mosque of Omar and discovered and carried away sacred relics hidden from the Romans when the city was sacked by Titus in A. D. 70.

In the meantime the present whereabouts of the archaeologists and the nature of their spoils are a mystery.

The members of the expedition embarked with their prizes at Jaffa, fifty-four miles by railway northwest of Jerusalem, on April 19. They went on board Capt. the Hon. Montagu Parker's yacht, which had been awaiting them, and set sail before the people of Jerusalem learned what they had done.

It is probable that the yacht is now heading for England.

There is no doubt that the promoters of the enterprise hoped to discover the Ark of the Covenant but a Constantinople dispatch of to-day says it is believed that the explorers found Solomon's crown, his sword, and his ring, and an ancient manuscript of the Bible.

The extent of the operations is shown by the statement that $300,000 has been spent by the syndicate, which engaged engineering experts who had worked on the construction of the London subways.

Members of the Armour family of Chicago are reported to be among the backers of the expedition.

BRAIN SHIELDED BY RIB.

Patient Has Not Had Fits Since Novel Bone-Grafting Operation.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—George Williams, a city hospital patient, put his hand to the back of his head and felt his sixth rib. He is the only man in the city who has a rib in his head, surgeons at the hospital say. So far as known, it is the only similar case in the world.

Williams, whose home is in New Orleans, was admitted as a patient March 25. A year and a half before this he had been struck on the head with a club, and in order to have his life a part of the parietal bone at the back of his skull was removed.

The pressure of the scalp on the unprotected membrane beneath it caused an irritation of the brain cells and the effect was that Williams became subject to frequent paroxysms.

No one there will tell the name of the surgeon who conceived the idea of putting one of Williams's ribs where the back of his skull ought to be. It is said he is a member of the visiting staff and a strong believer in medical ethics.

Dr. A. H. Sewing, resident physician at the hospital, says there have been many cases of bone grafting, but heretofore these operations have been confined to taking a slice of bone from one part of the skull and putting it on another. In Williams's case this was impossible, because so large a portion of the skull had been removed. The visiting surgeon suggested that a rib would do. Williams's sixth rib was removed. A piece four inches long and an inch wide was cut from the end of the rib and carefully fitted into the hole in Williams's skull. The scalp was then sewed up over it. Williams has not had a fit since the operation was performed.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—Steamship Cretic, Naples, April 22; steamship Haakon VII., Guantanamo, April 20; steamship Jolando di Giorgio, Pearl Lagoon.

Dewey's "Brut-Cuvee" or "Special See"
The Wine for those who Know Champagne.
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 188 Fulton St., N. Y. —Adv.

MILLIONS IN PLAN OF STATE INSURANCE

Lloyd-George's Bill to Create Fund Against Sickness and Unemployment.

EMPLOYERS TO BE ASSESSED

Workmen Also to Contribute Weekly to the Fund—Britain to Make Up the Balance.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 4.—For over two hours in the House of Commons to-day Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George was occupied in expounding the outlines of the National Insurance bill, a measure of such scope and proportions as had never hitherto been laid before any Parliament.

The bill, if passed, will vitally affect the conditions of labor in this country, and its operation will be followed with the keenest attention in other parts of the world.

The bill is divided into two parts—Insurance against sickness and insurance against unemployment. In the first year (1912) the State will contribute £2,500,000, ($12,500,000.) The bill will not come into force till May of next year, and not for several years will the State's contributions reach their maximum of £5,300,000 a year.

Against sickness, every wage earner with a salary of less than £160 a year will be required to insure by making a payment of 4d. (8 cents) a week in the case of men and 3d. in the case of women. The employer will contribute 3d. and the State 2d. a week. From the proceeds of these contributions, which will in most cases be handled by friendly societies, Mr. Lloyd-George declares that it will be possible to give free medical attendance during sickness, a maternity benefit of 30s.. ($7.50,) an allowance of 10s. a week during three months of sickness, and in case of permanent invalidity a pension of 5s. a week for life.

Furthermore, £1,000,000 a year is to be devoted to hospitals, institutions, and sanatoria for grappling with tuberculosis.

In the first year any person not older than sixty-five may join in the scheme and benefit under it, so it is open at the outset practically to persons of all ages. Its effect in dealing with sickness will be to extend and amplify the machinery of the friendly societies.

There are many minor provisions of importance, not the least being the establishment of county health boards to improve sanitation and to educate the people in matters of health and hygiene.

The scheme of insurance against sickness will affect some 14,700,000 persons, and Mr. Lloyd-George on the strength of the actuaries' report believes that there will be a considerable surplus, as the funds accumulate and the bad risks disappear which the State is taking at the start by accepting old lives before they have made any heavy contribution.

The second half of the scheme, dealing with unemployment insurance, affects 2,400,000 workers and applies only to the engineering and building trades, the worker and employer will each be required to contribute a small amount weekly, and the State will add one-fourth of the total.

As to the cost of the working of this scheme, the Chancellor of the Exchequer pointed out that actuarial calculations are difficult, as it is impossible to predict the extent of unemployment from year to year, but he hopes that it will be possible to pay a weekly allowance for a term of weeks of 7s. to every insured person who loses his employment through no fault of his own. In strikes and lockouts no allowance will be paid.

The scheme with regard to sickness provides for compulsory and voluntary insurance. Soldiers and sailors, teachers, Crown servants, municipal servants, casual laborers, and persons not engaged in their employers' own business are excepted from the compulsory scheme, in the first three classes, because other measures are in preparation, while voluntary insurance is to be open to small tradesmen without definite employers or who after employment are at work for themselves.

"We deduct fourpence from a man's wages," said the Chancellor of the Exchequer. "That is to say, two pints of the cheapest beer or one ounce of tobacco." He explained that the sum would be reduced in the case of a man earning 15s. a week or less. A man who earns 2s. 6d. a day is to pay 3d., one who gets 2s. a day or less 2d., and a man who is earning 1s. 6d. a day shall pay only 1d. a week. This would have to be compensated by extra payments from the employers who profit by cheap labor.

"We propose," said the Chancellor, "to admit every one up to sixty-five to the insurance so long as this is done within twelve months after the passing of the act. After twelve months they will come in by paying a rate proper to their age or take reduced benefits. A person who fell out of work would be allowed three weeks' grace if he failed in his payments."

The explanation of the voluntary part of the scheme led Mr. Lloyd-George to say that it would allow men like the village blacksmith and the village publican to join in. His description of the benefits to be received led to the announcement that the doctors who were to be engaged were to be better paid than under the friendly societies and that their functions were to be separated where possible from those of the chemists who were to dispense the medicines.

Close on this came the statement that a Government campaign against consumption was to be instituted. A capital sum of £1,500,000 is to be set aside for enabling local authorities to build sanatoria throughout the country, and £1,000,000 a year is to be allotted for their maintenance. A ripple of sympathy ran over the House as Mr. Lloyd-George described the devastating effects of the consumption scourge among the people. "There are," he said, "75,000 deaths a year from it in Great Britain and Ireland. The doctors think they can crush this disease out. They can only do it with help. I propose to ask the House to give that help."

There is no disposition in Parliament to treat the bill as a party measure. The Unionists point out that the present methods of dealing with sickness and unemployment among the working classes are unsatisfactory, and the bill is regarded by Mr. Balfour's followers as a laudable effort toward amelioration.

Both the press and the public give the bill a warm welcome, and most of the criticism applies only to details.

JUBILEE OVER Y. W. C. A. FUND

Brooklyn Has Raised $400,000 for a Girl's Home in Twelve Days.

Brooklyn Young Women's Christian Association workers held a jubilee last night over the successful completion of twelve days' campaign to raise $400,000 for a working girls' home. The entire borough has been interested in the work, large electric lighted "clocks" in some of the principal squares showing the daily progress of the collection.

The entire fund was raised in pledges given on condition that the necessary amount be raised by midnight last night. Horace Morse, President of the Board of Trustees of the institution, announced last night before an audience of about 3,000 people in the banquet hall of the Brooklyn Academy that the Trustees held pledges at hand for $411,018, which means a surplus of more than $11,000 over the amount to be collected.

There have been more than 500 men and women engaged in the twelve days' campaign. They were divided into "teams" of ten, and the whole of the borough was divided up and thoroughly canvassed.

A DREADNOUGHT DAMAGED.

British Cruiser Invincible Injured While Being Docked.

LONDON, May 4.—The Dreadnought cruiser Invincible was seriously damaged while being docked at Portsmouth on Tuesday for an overhauling. The moment the great weight rested on the wooden blocks, the steel frames strengthening the vessel's double bottom buckled, forcing the keel upward. The frames were bent like a bow, the immense weight of the ship bulging them out on both sides.

The dock was immediately refilled and the Invincible was floated out. An examination showed the extent and serious nature of the injury, and repairs are likely to be long and costly.

The Invincible has given continual trouble ever since she was put in commission. Her guns have not been fired for more than a year owing to difficulties with the electrically operated barbette.

WRECKED ON LAKE ONTARIO.

Aletha's Passengers and Crew Saved —Steamer Glenwort Ashore.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., May 4.—Two vessels were wrecked in a wind storm on Lake Ontario to-day. From one of the boats, the passenger steamer Aletha, the passengers and crew escaped in life boats, taking with them one of the number, named Ryder, who had been terribly scalded by the bursting of a steam pipe.

The bursting of the pipe disabled the Aletha's machinery, and she drifted about until she struck on submerged rocks near Kingston, Ont. To-night she was hard and fast, with a big hole in her bottom.

Out of her course, the steamer Glenwort of the Montreal Transportation Company, went hard aground on a shoal near Nine Mile Light to-day, with 80,000 bushels of wheat for Montreal in her hold.

KIDNAPPED IN AUTOMOBILE.

Daughter of J. J. Hunter Seized by Woman, Who Whirls Away in Machine.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., May 4.—Just before noon to-day an automobile containing two men and a woman stopped in front of the farm house of James J. Hunter at Denton, three miles from here. The woman seized Gertrude, the nine-year-old daughter of Mr. Hunter, who was playing in the front yard, and lifted her into the big machine.

Mr. Hunter heard the auto stop in front of the house and stepped to the door in time to see the child lifted into the car and the machine driven away. He telephoned to Sheriff Sutherland at Goshen that his daughter had been kidnapped, and then boarded a train for New York.

The kidnapping of the little girl is believed to be the culmination of the domestic troubles of Mr. and Mrs. Hunter which have covered a number of years. Mr. Hunter formerly conducted Hunter's Camp, a popular resort for New York sportsmen at Yankee Lake, Sullivan County. Later he moved to this city. Here trouble developed, and Mrs. Hunter left home. There were three children, two boys, now 16 and 18 years old, and Gertrude, 9 years old.

About a month ago Mrs. Hunter had her husband arrested for ill-treating her. He was released and Mrs. Hunter and the two older children left him.

"BINGO" VICTIM OF FOUL PLAY

Venerable Turkey in Prospect Park Is Dead and Two Men Arrested.

Two young students of natural history are under arrest in the Prospect Park Police Station and Bingo, the venerable domestic turkey, long exhibited in the Brooklyn Zoo, is dead.

The short chain of circumstances which connects these seemingly distinct events began late yesterday afternoon. Detective Muse, standing near the Ninth Street entrance of the park, noticed John S. O'Hanlan of 548 Fifty-eighth Street, and William Johnson of 427 Seventh Avenue, approaching. One of the men wore a long loose coat and both were intent upon concealing under its folds a bulky looking object. When halted, they reluctantly brought into view the lifeless turkey.

Muse took them to the Prospect Park Station and made them carry the turkey there. They arrived about the same time as John O'Brien, the keeper of the Zoo. He had come to report that Bingo was missing. He was shown the dead turkey and he identified it as what had once been Bingo. He fixed the turkey's value at $5, and the two men were charged with larceny.

O'Brien explained that the turkey had been lured from its Zoo home with peanuts. A half-filled bag of peanuts was found in the pocket of one of the prisoners.

SHOT IN CROWDED STREET.

Father Fatally Wounds Young Man Who Refused to Marry Daughter.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—Frank McMahon, 48 years old, to-night shot and fatally wounded George Leary, 33, after Leary had refused to marry McMahon's 18-year-old daughter.

The shooting occurred in the presence of a large crowd that had gathered at Fifty-fifth and Spruce Streets, drawn there by the loud words of the two men. Leary broke away from McMahon and walked about fifty feet, when the angry father drew a revolver and fired.

The bullet went through Leary's left shoulder. Leary turned and walked toward his assailant. McMahon then fired a second shot which struck Leary in the abdomen. He staggered for an instant, but continued to approach, when McMahon fired a third shot which struck him over the heart.

Leaving his victim lying in the street, McMahon sought a policeman to give himself up. McMahon is a saloon keeper. Leary is a real estate operator and lived near the scene of the shooting. He was rushed to a hospital, where it was said he cannot recover.

As a stimulant Antediluvian Whiskey has no peer. It is the choice of all good judges. Luyties Brothers, N. Y.—Adv.

RUSH TO LEAVE DIAZ'S CAPITAL

Insurgents at Outskirts of City and Foreigners Rush to Vera Cruz on Trains.

FEDERAL FORCE IS TRAPPED

Troops Sent to Relieve Cuernavaca Stopped in Lava Beds and Retreat Cut Off.

COURTIERS DESERT GEN. DIAZ

His Palace Is Almost Deserted—Little Hope for Peace Despite Optimism at El Paso.

By STEPHEN BONSAL,
Special Correspondent of The New York Times.

Copyright, 1911, by The New York Times Co.

MEXICO CITY, May 4.—Last night and the early hours of this morning were filled with alarms in the capital, but after all nothing happened. The lights and the camp fires of the approaching insurgents were distinctly visible from the Country Club, and all night long a Federal force was entrenching and building barricades at Tlalpam to meet the expected attack, which, however, never came off.

This morning two trains filled with foreigners left here for Vera Cruz, and the exodus will be repeated to-night.

It is rumored here that a French man of war has arrived at that port, but the French Legation has no information on the subject.

Gen. Huerta in a Trap.

To-day an indecisive fight has taken place between Gen. Huerta, who is endeavoring to relieve Cuernavaca, and the insurgents. According to my latest report, Gen. Huerta is entrenched in the lava beds and the scrub oaks at Tresmarias, with both his advance and retreat cut off.

Never have I seen the palace and the President's house in Cadena Street so deserted as they were to-day. It would look as if the courtiers are deserting the ship that they think is sinking.

A brother of Gen. Figueroa, who commands the great bulk of the Morelos and Guerrero insurgents, is still conferring with Señors Limantour and de la Barra. He says any terms acceptable to Madero will be acceptable to him.

In American official circles a telegram has been received from Consul General Edwards at Juarez in which he says that the peace negotiations are progressing favorably. I find nothing here, however, upon which to base optimistic predictions.

The American colony has been greatly shocked at the news which has been received of the murder of three sons of Judge Goodman by insurgents at a ranch near Acapulco. They were well known here, and the Judge is a highly respected resident of the Pacific Coast, who has come to Mexico every Winter for his health.

Foreigners Prepare to Fight.

Upon the initiative of the French Club, which is very influential here, committees of the English, German, French, Spanish, and American colonies have had meetings, and a uniform course for all has been outlined in case of emergency.

It is understood that lists are being drawn up of the able-bodied foreigners of these nationalities, who, if the Government wishes it, at any time would be willing to be sworn in as special constables for the protection of life and property.

It is believed that Mexican susceptibilities will not be offended by the proposal, and that practical good may result from it.

In the meantime it is only fair to say that Gen. Felix Diaz is policing the city with great ability and thoroughness in view of his slender resources.

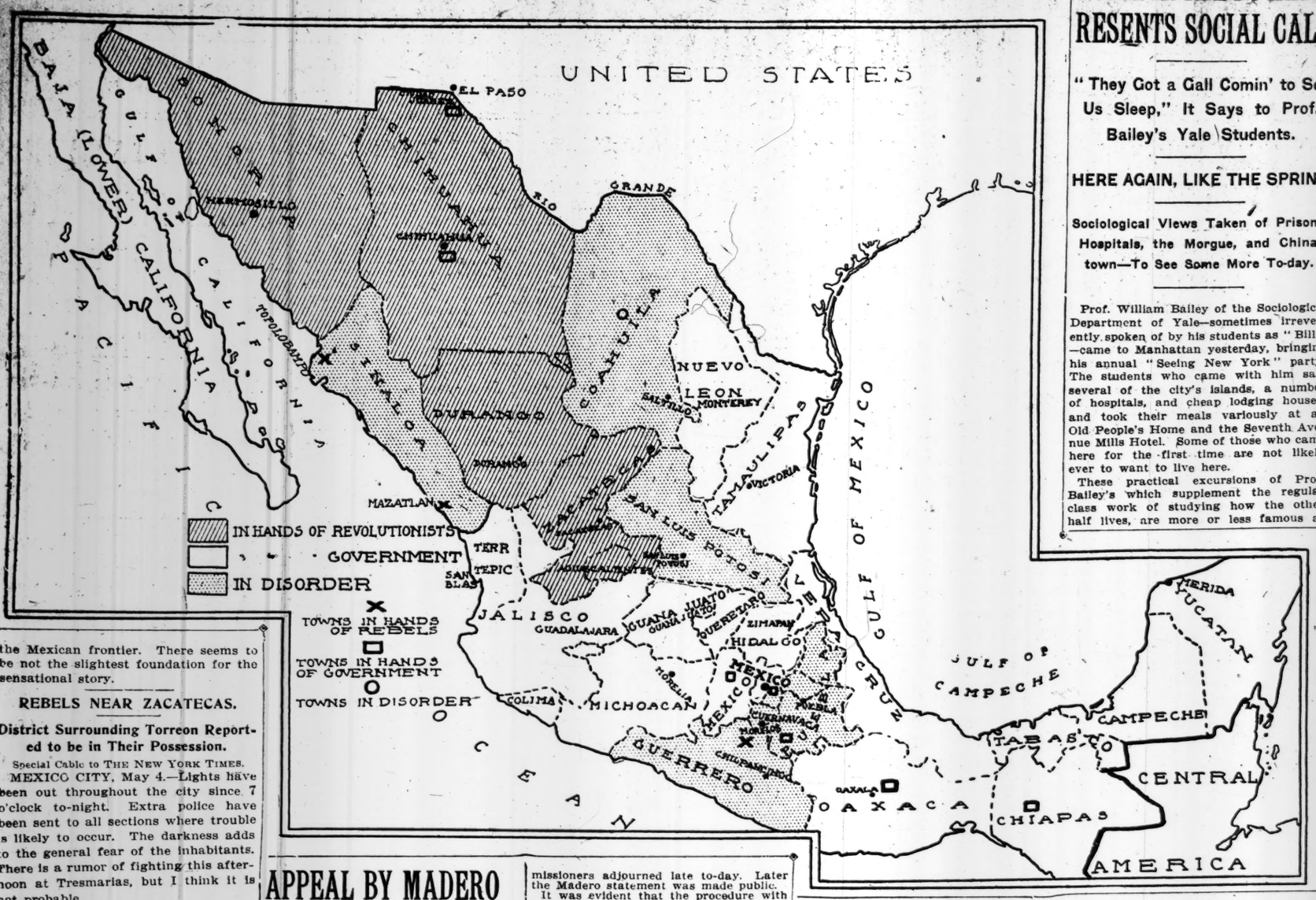
It was discovered this morning that troops with machine guns intended to combat a possible rising in the city against the Government are concentrated every night in the great building of the huge Casa Colorada, or distillery, in the Condesa district. Here a large number of troops are bivouacked throughout the night.

A sharp thunderstorm and steady continuing rain to-night is interpreted by those best acquainted with Mexican habits and temperament as increasing chances against an immediate attack on the city. The Federals, however, continue to place in position along the Tlalcam road a large number of their French creusot guns.

President Taft's peace speech in Baltimore is generally interpreted in official and diplomatic circles here as meaning that if the negotiations fail through and the civil war, so destructive to lives and property without distinction as to nationality, continues, the United States will be forced to intervene. There has been no comment yet in the important papers.

The Guatemalan Minister here and the War Department request THE NEW YORK TIMES to deny flatly a story published in New York that 3,000 Guatemalan troops have been mobilized along

Wide Territory in Which Mexican Revolution is Gaining Success.



the Mexican frontier. There seems to be not the slightest foundation for the sensational story.

REBELS NEAR ZACATECAS.

District Surrounding Torreon Reported to be in Their Possession.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 4.—Lights have been out throughout the city since 7 o'clock to-night. Extra police have been sent to all sections where trouble is likely to occur. The darkness adds to the general fear of the inhabitants. There is a rumor of fighting this afternoon at Tresmarias, but I think it is not probable.

I do not look for any trouble in the city. Even if rebels march on it the fighting will probably take place outside without danger to the inhabitants. Rebels are in the immediate vicinity of the city of Zacatecas. They are thought to be the advance of Luis Moyas's force, which is coming from Durango.

Mail advices from Torreon report that the entire country is in the hands of the rebels, excepting the city of Torreon. Telegraph lines along the National Railroads are still down. Only the Associated Press bulletin service is coming by cable for the Mexico City papers.

The National train northbound is held at San Luis Potosi. The southbound one found a bridge cut at Carneras and backed up at Saltillo. It took on the material for a crib bridge and left again. It has not been heard from since. The National is selling no tickets north of Vanegas.

The War Department, after making several positive statements within the last few days that the rebels had been defeated at Mazatlan, admits that it has had no word from that city for eight days. A special dispatch from Guaymas says that Mazatlan is ready to fall on account of no water and the overwhelming numbers of the rebels.

The Federals have retaken Yautepec, in Morelos, easily on account of the fact that the rebels were all drunk.

The Government is said not to be in a mood to pay attention to the peace envoys of the guerrero rebels now here on account of the small radius of the influence of the leaders they represent.

The municipal palace and the rent office at Matehuala, in the northern part of San Luis Potosi, where an American-owned smelter is located, were blown up yesterday with dynamite. Aguilita and Esmeralda, Coahuila mining camps, have been taken by the rebels, and Sierra Mojada is threatened. There are fears of safety of many Americans.

Dr. Zepeda, the rebel leader in the State of San Luis Potosi, has issued a call to the rebels of the State to join him for a march against the State capital.

The bridge at Santa Cruz on the Huajuapam de Leon Railway in Puebla has been burned, tying up all train service.

There is no definite news of Col. Blanquet who has been for three days in the interior of Puebla with a large Federal force. There are fears for his safety. A project has been submitted to the Chamber of Deputies that Deputies shall serve without salary. It has caused much editorial comment this morning. It is said that while deputies have been, up to the present of a class who could afford to work with no salary, in the near future the class of men representing the nation will probably be selected for brains rather than fortune. The no re-election bill went to the Senate to-day.

REBELS MARCH ON SALTILLO.

Cut the Railroad and Telegraph Wires Leading to the Capital.

LAREDO, Texas, May 4.—Insurrectos to-day burned the railroad station at El Salado, on the National Railways south of Saltillo, cut all telegraph wires, and began a march toward Saltillo.

South of Monterey, all the wires of the Federal telegraph company, are out of commission to-night, interrupting communication between Mexico City and Laredo.

"To-night," wires the telegraph operator at Saltillo, "eighteen carloads of rebels are encamped within ten miles of the city."

Saltillo is a city of 30,000 inhabitants, capital of Coahuila. It is 235 miles south of Laredo. The garrison is said to number 500 men. Saltillo is at present the terminus of the National Railways telegraph line.

North of Monterey, at Vilaldama, 110 miles south of Laredo, a band of rebels is reported to be operating. Advices to this effect reached army headquarters in Nuevo Laredo late to-day, and a detachment of cavalry was sent to investigate. After the departure of the troops the telegraph operator at Villaldama answered his office call. When asked about trouble there he reported everything quiet. He said that at Sabinas Hidalgo, which is reached by stage from Villaldama, Pablo de Los Santos with 150 insurrectos to-day marched through the streets.

Excitement prevails in Nuevo Laredo to-night because of the finding of many empty cartridge boxes. A detachment of troops is out hunting for the contraband which the boxes were found at what is known as Coyote Creek, about six miles from Nuevo Laredo. A further search resulted in the finding of 100 more, the owners of which presumably were hurrying across the border.

APPEAL BY MADERO TO PRESIDENT DIAZ

Asks Chief Executive to Make Public Assurances Given Privately That He Will Resign.

HE SUGGESTS DE LA BARRA

As President Until Election Is Held—Says Diaz's Resignation Is Only Way to Obtain Peace.

EL PASO, May 4. — The Peace Commissioners of the Mexican Revolutionists formally presented to-day to Judge Carbajal, the Federal envoy, a statement signed by Francisco I. Madero, Jr., appealing to President Diaz to make public the assurances given privately that he intended to resign.

After offering his own resignation as President of the Provisional Government of the Republic, Madero suggested that both President Diaz and Vice President Corral resign and that Señor de la Barra, the Minister of Foreign Relations, become President until a general election can be held.

The statement, couched in the most courteous Spanish phrases, informs President Diaz that there is no other way out of the present difficulty, and that a word from him will bring peace in a few days.

Gen. Madero in his statement calls on President Diaz particularly to make known to the people of Mexico his "irrevocable decision to retire from power as soon as peace is established in the country." Madero declares that this statement was made by Diaz to go-betweens interested in restoring peace.

The Medaro statement was presented by the rebel Commissioners at the negotiations, which began early to-day, only after a heated discussion among the revolutionist leaders. Some of them had declared that it was absolutely essential that President Diaz make public announcement of his intention to resign in order to bring about complete tranquillity. Peace, they said, would not follow an agreement backed only by private assurances, which hardly could be transmitted to militant leaders in the south and central parts of the republic.

Some of the rebel chiefs went so far as to address a letter to Gen. Madero stating that unless he asked for the immediate resignation of President Diaz, or at least a public announcement of his intention, they would not support the peace negotiations.

Gen. Madero, somewhat alarmed by the extent of the insurrection which he has created, and now desirous of making every effort to save the country from a state of anarchy, finally wrote the following instructions to his peace Commissioners, Dr. Vasquez Gomez, Francisco I. Madero, Sr., and Pino Suarez:

"In general, the conditions of peace have been accepted by me in telegrams transmitted by the Government's unofficial agents, Señor Braniff and Obregon. I ought to tell you that I have agreed to treat about those conditions because some gentlemen, acting as go-betweens, have in a confidential way indicated to me that Gen. Diaz has made known to them his irrevocable resolution to retire from power as soon as peace is established in the country.

"This resolution appears to me to be highly patriotic, because, at the present moment, it is the only one which can satisfy public opinion, and I am convinced that if Gen. Diaz makes public this intention it will permit us to pacify the country in a very few days, a matter which is difficult to obtain in other ways. For these reasons, and not doubting the patriotism of Gen. Diaz, I wish you to present to the envoy of the Government the following proposition:

"'In order to assure the immediate pacification of Mexico and to furnish the world an example which will increase the prestige of our country, both contending leaders, Gen. Porfirio Diaz as well as myself as Provisional President, and the Vice President of the republic, Ramon Corral, shall resign and in the interim the Minister of Foreign Relations, Senor Francisco de la Barra, shall be President, calling a general election, according to the Constitution.

"'As far as I am concerned, I am offering my resignation with great satisfaction, as I wish only to serve my country as circumstances demand. If Gen. Diaz is inspired by the same patriotic sentiment, I have no doubt he will make public what he has manifested in private. I beg of you to make this proposition in the most favorable terms in order not to offend in the slightest degree, and that you may not insist that he retire immediately.

"'I believe that the country will become quiet alone through the announcement of his intention to retire from power and as soon as all the arrangements you are effecting with the representative of President Diaz are put into preparation.'"

The conference between Judge Carbajal, the Federal envoy, and the rebel Commissioners adjourned late to-day. Later the Madero statement was made public.

It was evident that the procedure with respect to the resignation of President Diaz had been the most exacting problem before the Commissioners. Rebel leaders to-night declared peace impossible except in the way indicated by Gen. Madero in his statement. On what Gen. Diaz would do, it was admitted by Federal representatives and revolutionists alike, the future rested.

Rebel successes in the southern and central parts of Mexico, where the resignation of President Diaz is said to be preferred above all other demands for political reform, caused Gen. Madero to take the stand he did. He feared, it is said, that his peace negotiations would be of little avail, no matter what formalities were pursued, if the main issue were disregarded.

In the credentials which Judge Carbajal brought Gen. Madero saw a recognition of the revolutionist cause and was highly pleased. The credentials of the Federal envoy, as made public by the conferees, were as follows:

The President of the Republic has designated you in conformity with the instructions which have been given you and those which we will communicate to you subsequently, to proceed to discuss with Senor Don Francisco I. Madero, chief of the revolution, or with the representative he may name, the basis of an arrangement which should put an end to the state of revolution and re-establish order in the whole country.

In carrying out this, you are able to utilize the services of Senors Oscar J. Braniff and Don Esquivel Obregon, who have spontaneously and disinterestedly intervened in an official manner in the preliminaries for the negotiations.

In the absence of the Secretary of the Interior you will be able to communicate with the undersigned in all matters relating to this commission.

J. Y. LIMANTOUR.

Mexico City, April 27.

Gen. Madero to-night received the following message from Francisco Figueroa, chief of the insurgent forces in Guerrero: "The 8,000 men who compose my army will unconditionally support the conditions of peace being arranged by you."

WASHINGTON, May 4.—A telegram from American Ambassador Wilson at Mexico City was made public at the White House to-day. It says Foreign Minister de la Barra expects peace arrangements between the Federals and insurrectos to be perfected immediately.

In another telegram Mr. Wilson says that the Mexican Government expects independent negotiations in the States of Morelos and Guerrero.

MAZATLAN HELD BY REBELS.

War Department Now Admits That They Captured Port.

MEXICO CITY, May 4.—The War Department advices confirm the news report that Mazatlan, a seaport in Sinaloa, where many Americans are said to be, is held by the rebels. The official dispatches give no details. Telegraph communication with the place has been cut off.

It is considered here that Mexico City is not in danger of attack in any event. The capital is garrisoned by more than 2,000 Federals and 1,200 gendarmes, with cannon and rapid-fire guns. The authorities declare that the city could withstand any assault.

Many rebel bands are reported in the neighborhood; but they do not appear to be working in unison.

Preparations were made to-day for the usual festivities on to-morrow, the anniversary of the Battle of Puebla.

AGAIN WATCH THE BORDER.

Our Troops at Nogales to Warn Mexicans to Guard Their Fire.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The State Department regards as a closed incident the recent operations of Federal and insurrectionary forces at Agua Prieta, concerning which the Washington Government formally complained to Mexico. The two Governments now agree as to the facts, and the amended Mexican reply is entirely satisfactory to Washington.

The War Department, however, has called upon Gen. Duncan, commanding the Department of Texas, for exact information as to the situation along the Mexican border in the neighborhood of Nogales, where the American town of that name is said to be endangered by the approach of the revolutionists on the Mexican camp, immediately adjoining. The American army officers will impress upon the Federals and revolutionists that their fire must be controlled so as to avoid shoting across the line.

DOUGLAS, Arizona, May 4.—Firing heard last night to the east and west of Agua Prieta is believed to have been the Mexican Federal garrison endeavoring to stop bands of insurrectos crossing from the United States. The United States troops also opened fire several times on small bands attempting to get through their lines.

CARTER'S DIVISION MOVES

Shows That It Is Ready for Service—Airships Take Messages.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, May 4.—For the first time since the mobilization of the regulars here the entire division took the field as a unit to-day. Eight regiments of infantry, two of field artillery, two of cavalry, detachments of engineers, and Signal Corps men were engaged in the manoeuvre. It was successful in every way, and proved that the division was ready to take the field for any service at practically a moment's notice.

The troops got under way about 7 o'clock this morning, and in an hour the only soldiers in the camp were the few from each regiment who were left behind as guards to protect the Government property. Telegraphic and wireless communication was established along the entire line of march by the Signal Corps men, while Lieut. Faulios and Frank T. Coffyn, the Wright aviator, flew with messages between Gen. Carter and the various brigade commanders. Gen. Carter was greatly pleased with the showing made by the troops.

MISSIONARY IS ALARMED.

Telegram from Mexico City Says the Situation Is Serious.

Should the negotiations for peace between Madero and the Diaz administration fail, "the country will be in a blaze of revolution from one end to the other, as soon as the news gets out." This was the message received in New York from Mexico City yesterday by the Board of Foreign Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church in a letter written on April 28 by the Rev. John W. Butler. There followed a telegram from Dr. Butler, dated yesterday, reading:

"Excitement exists. Outlook serious. Circumstances have changed for the worse. Insurrection prevailing throughout the field."

Dr. Butler's letter is in part as follows:

While negotiations for peace are going on up in the Northwest, disturbances in other parts of the country seem to be spreading. This is particularly so in the States of Guerrero and Puebla, and in the latter State our workers are being annoyed considerably. Brother Pablo Aguilar, our pastor in Acatlan, has had to leave his appointment and come into the City of Puebla, as his circuit is in the hands of the rebels. I think, however, he will be able to return in a few days.

The case of Brother P. V. Espinosa is more serious. He is our pastor in Chietla of the Puebla District. On the 18th of the month the insurrectos entered his town and obliged him to go over to the chapel and open the door. When they had him inside they wanted him to confess where he had hidden his arms and ammunition. When he persisted that he had neither they then demanded of him a loan of $1,000 which of course he did not have. They then tied his hands behind him and marched him out of town, for the purpose, as they said, of shooting him unless he paid over the money. Two of our brothers who had been notified came to see what was going on, and they also were arrested and tied up with Brother Espinosa.

As they marched the three men toward the edge of the town they were met by the Mayor, who is a Protestant, and who at once collected from the brethren $21, which they gave to the chief of the insurrectos, who finally consented to let our pastor and the two brothers go free, but with orders that they could not again open the chapel until they had received permission from the revolutionary forces.

Notwithstanding the victory which the Government forces won some days ago in this district, near Atlixco, a large part of the country seems to be in the hands of the rebels. It is to be sincerely hoped that peace negotiations will be pushed and will include not only the States where Madero himself has been operating, but the entire country. We are all hoping much from these negotiations, but should they fail, the country will be in a blaze of revolution from one end to the other immediately after the news gets out.

Please do not forget us in your prayers.

KOENIG WILL BE ELECTED.

Majority of District Leaders Indorse Him for County Committee Head.

The election of Samuel S. Koenig as President of the Republican County Committee to succeed Lloyd C. Griscom was practically assured yesterday when 22 of the 36 Assembly District leaders of the organization met at the Astor House and pledged themselves to him. These 22 executive members represent 394 of the 658 votes in the whole committee, leaving the insurgent "Old Guard" members only 264 votes, should they finally decide to fight.

Headley M. Greene, leader of the Thirty-fourth Assembly District, who has been counted among the insurgents, was among the 22 Koenig indorsers, and a telegram of regret was received from John H. Gunner, leader of the Twentieth, who has also been counted in the minority.

The meeting was held on a call signed by Sheriff Shea, Joseph Levenson, leader of the Second; B. W. B. Brown of the Twenty-seventh, and Thomas W. Whittle of the Thirty-fifth. George W. Wanmaker of the Eleventh presided. It was voted to elect a successor to Mr. Griscom at the special meeting called for next Tuesday night and Mr. Koenig was unanimously indorsed.

Vice President Woodward of the County Committee held a conference with a committee of the insurgents at county headquarters last night. State Senator Newcomb was also present. After the meeting both Mr. Woodward and William Halpin of the Seventh, who acted as spokesman for the insurgents, said that "progress had been made toward harmony" but they would not say in just what way.

Mr. Halpin would not say whether or not the insurgents would put up a fight on Tuesday night. It is believed, however, that they will now indorse Mr. Koenig in the interests of harmony in the face of the overwhelming majority against them.

VOICE IN THE BOWERY RESENTS SOCIAL CALL

"They Got a Gall Comin' to See Us Sleep," It Says to Prof. Bailey's Yale Students.

HERE AGAIN, LIKE THE SPRING

Sociological Views Taken of Prisons, Hospitals, the Morgue, and Chinatown—To See Some More To-day.

Prof. William Bailey of the Sociological Department of Yale—sometimes irreverently spoken of by his students as "Bill"—came to Manhattan yesterday, bringing his annual "Seeing New York" party. The students who came with him saw several of the city's islands, a number of hospitals, and cheap lodging houses, and took their meals variously at an Old People's Home and the Seventh Avenue Mills Hotel. Some of those who came here for the first time are not likely ever to want to live here.

These practical excursions of Prof. Bailey's which supplement the regular class work of studying how the other half lives, are more or less famous at Yale. There are said to be some in the university who choose the professor's courses for the excuse of this one extra journey to New York. Anyway, his classes must be very large, for seventy-five bright young men registered with him at the Mills Hotel yesterday morning.

There were a few not young. These were divinity students, Mr. Bailey explained; some were bespectacled, others wore beards; but the general group was comprised of just young men.

By way of putting in the morning cheerfully Prof. Bailey took them at once to Blackwell's Island, where they had the pleasure of seeing criminals in prison and sick people in hospitals. Luncheon was served for them in the Old People's Home.

The afternoon was spent on Ward's Island and the boys had a good time going through the Insane Asylum there. Some found this even more enjoyable than the morning. But Prof. Bailey had still more in store for his young men. They were taken to the Morgue.

After that those who were able ate dinner at the Mills Hotel and there was much conversation about what they had learned and what they would be able to talk about to their fellow-students who hadn't seen the seamy side of life. But in the evening came the coup of the excursion. Having shown effects, Prof. Bailey led the class to Chinatown to study causes. There even Chuck Connors showed some interest.

"This," said the learned professor, "is Chinatown, where vice and opium smoking may be seen on every hand."

The eyes of the sociologists brightened and they looked around. They saw nothing but a couple of sleepy Chinamen who glanced sidewise at them. The party looked at the professor again.

"Now we shall have to separate," continued the professor. "Some of you will go to the theatre and the rest of us will visit a typical Bowery lodging house."

Some of the party therefore were led into the Chinese theatre, while the others went around the curved streets until they reached a sign which read, "Lodging House, Beds 10 Cents." They made their way through a narrow dark passage to the middle of the block, where they climbed interminable stairs. Those at the back were forced to stand and wait, the stairs being so narrow. Several sleepy stragglers who came to seek lodging for the night were almost overcome by the sight. The last of these gave a wild shriek and turned away, crying "The place is pinched!"

Following the professor the sociologists visited the large dormitories where men lay sleeping wrapped in blankets in low beds. Out of the silence came this comment:

"Gee! but they got a gall, comin' to see us sleep!"

Afterward the students went to several missions and wound up at Salvation Army Headquarters. They will see more of New York to-day.

STEEL MEN AT GARY DINNER.

A Social Affair, Judge Gary Says, and No Talk of Price Cutting.

The dinner to steel men from all over the country which it is the custom of Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, to give each year just before his departure for Europe took place last night at the Waldorf-Astoria. More than eighty guests were present, including officials of the corporation and its subsidiaries and independent manufacturers. There had been some expectation that the question of maintaining prices would be discussed, but Judge Gary said afterward that it was not even mentioned.

"The dinner was purely a social affair," he said when the party broke up shortly before midnight. "The proposed investigation of the United States Steel Corporation by a Congressional commitee was not referred to in any of the speeches. There was some reference to the meeting of steel manufacturers to be held in Brussels in July, which I expect to attend. The chief topic of discussion was the welfare of the workmen in the steel manufactories. We talked of what might be done and what ought to be done to better the condition of the workmen in regard to hours, sanitary conditions, general health, maintenance of good wages, and a day off each week."

The expectation that prices would be discussed was based on the present depressed condition of the business, which has led, according to reports, to price cutting by the smaller independents.

Damages Against Coroner's Physician.

A Supreme Court jury returned yesterday to Justice Goff a verdict of $250 against Coroner's Physician Timothy D. Lehane, in favor of Mrs. Mary Hazzard. Mrs. Hazzard sued for damages, because Dr. Lehane after an autopsy on the body of her son, Francis Hazzard, who died in consequence of an accident, retained the young man's spleen, which was more than three times the normal size. Dr. Lehane pleaded that he had retained the spleen to make a further examination into the cause of young Hazzard's death.

Fined for Sitting in a Crowded Car.

Policeman George W. Brewster of Bridge Squad C after a headquarters trial has been fined half a day's pay for occupying a seat in a car while in uniform, compelling passengers to stand.

Packard 1912 Motor Cars

Chassis in Three Sizes

The Packard "Six"
48-horsepower, A. L. A. M. rating
The Packard "30"
40-horsepower, A. L. A. M. rating
The Packard "18"
26-horsepower, A. L. A. M. rating

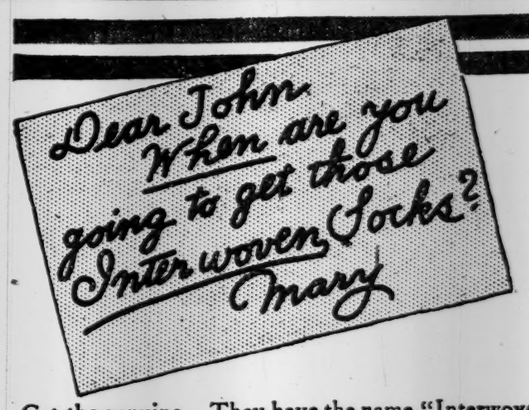
Twelve Styles of Open and Enclosed Bodies

Packard cars are sold only through Packard dealers, always at list price and every Packard dealer maintains the prestige of Packard service.

Catalog ready. Demonstration by appointment. Early orders obtain preference in date of delivery.

Packard Motor Car Company of New York
Broadway and Sixty-first Street

Ask the man who owns one



Get the genuine. They have the name "Interwoven" on toe, and on a card at the top is this trade mark:

Interwoven TOE AND HEEL REG. U.S. PAT. OFF

The Interwoven feature and the reinforced sole and ankle make Interwoven Socks the only *thin* socks that really wear. If your dealer hasn't them, have him phone our New York warerooms for a supply. 25c, 35c, 50c.

INTERWOVEN STOCKING COMPANY
New York Wareroom: 1261 Broadway
Telephone, Madison Square 7762

VITRIOL DESTROYS GARDEN.

Flowering Plants in Long Island City Mysteriously Sprinkled with It.

Somebody used oil of vitriol on Wednesday night to destroy the flower garden of Phillip Bresloff, at 131 Eleventh Street, Long Island City. He found yesterday morning that not a single bed had been spared.

Some time ago two dogs in the neighborhood were poisoned, and prior to that Mr. Bresloff had been accused of making deadly war upon cats. Revenge is the only motive that has been surmised in connection with the destruction of Mr. Bresloff's garden. Nothing is known as to the culprit. Mr. Bresloff is a Post Office employe.

JAMMED ON STAIRS IN A FACTORY PANIC

Continued from Page 1.

arise, and then the tension under which the girls had labored snapped. With cries of terror, they rushed for the doors, falling over those who already were down, until a pile of terrified girls was raised in front of the Crosby Street doors, preventing their being opened. Behind them other girls pushed and shoved, blocking the doors more tightly than ever. In the rooms of Harris & Barnett, below, similar scenes were occurring.

On the fourth floor Miss Slednak fought her way through the frightened girls to one of the doors, and by shouts and blows drove them back enough to get the doors open. Then the girls plunged out on to the stairways and ran to the sidewalk, terrified but unhurt. Policeman Gallaghan of the Mulberry Street Station climbed the other stairs to the fourth floor, and shouting through the door, ordered the girls to give way that he might open it. His voice reassured them, and presently the crowd backed away from the door enough for Callaghan to get it open, and then they, too, trooped through and hastened to the street.

Fred Eusid and Alex Gross, machine boys in the shop, dragged the girls from the Broadway doors and finally got these open. The girls rushed through them and started downward, still in terror and fearful that the fire would overtake them.

There is a turn in the stairs just above the first floor, where two sharp corners lead around the elevator shaft, and here the hurrying throng was held up for a few instants. It was only so long as it took the leaders to hurry around this double curve, but in this short time so many other girls had crowded on to the stairways above that presently there came the sound of splintered wood and the banisters, from the fourth floor down to the second, gave way.

Instantly there were screams of fright at this new danger. Then a girl lost her footing on the stairs and toppled over on to the heads of those below. Another and another fell, until at the foot of the stairs there grew a heap of girls, many of them senseless from fright or from their hurts. Others, falling from the flights above, added their numbers to the heap until the whole stairway was blocked.

It was from this pile that the injured were dragged. Girl after girl was pulled out senseless, to be laid on the sidewalk or in Morimura Brothers' store, until the doctors could reach her.

Yet none was badly injured and few were hurt beyond a few cuts and bruises. Had they had a real fire to contend with also, the police said, none of those who were caught on the stairs might have escaped, since it might have been impossible to reach and untangle the pile of frightened girls.

Fortunately there were few attempts to jump from the fire escapes. Few girls went out to these, and those that did for the most part climbed calmly to the street. One girl did try to spring from the fourth floor fire escape. She was caught by the ankles just as she threw herself from the structure by Louis Swee, an employe of Harris Brothers & Barnett, who had climbed out on the fire escape on his floor to aid the girls.

That there were no clanging engines in the streets to add to the panic was due to the presence of mind of Sergt. Cavanaugh who, as soon as he saw that there was no danger from the fire, stationed a man at the nearest firebox to prevent an alarm being turned in. He raced for the building then to tear the awning down, but employes of Morimura Brothers were ahead of him. Unable to reach the awning through the Edgerton Co., whose floor was locked, they ran up to the Harris Brothers & Barnett shop and poured water from the windows there on the blazing awning. A pailful put out the blaze.

It was several hours before the last of the girls had been revived and started on her way home. Then all that remained to show for what might have been a fatal panic, was the torn clothing scattered on the sidewalk, the broken bannisters and the charred awning.

Merrymaking of 5,000 Store Folk.

The first entertainment given by the Mutual Benefit Association of employes of the Simpson-Crawford Company and the Fourteenth Street Store at Terrace Garden was so successful that plans are being made for a repetition. There are 5,000 members of the association. Twenty of them took part in a sketch entitled "Sixth Avenue's Busy Corner," written by Mortimer Brickner. This was preceded by vaudeville acts by professionals. Afterward there was dancing. Members of the firm and department managers occupied boxes. The affair was arranged at the personal suggestion of Henry Siegel.

Hanan Shoes for Women

The new round toe Chic Pump

This model has the new fashionable round toe effect which affords the wearer the utmost comfort.

Six Broadway Stores

Broadway, corner 31st St. Near New Pennsylvania Station
Broadway, corner 38th St.
1095 B'way, near 23d St.
Broadway, cor. Canal St.
Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
297 B'way, near Duane St.

In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton Street

CARPET CLEANING J. & J. W. WILLIAMS
Tel. 366 Columbus. Est. 1875.
353 West 54th St.

Odd Lots of Stock

We issue a booklet entitled "ODD LOTS." It outlines the advantages of trading in Odd Lots of stocks, and tells how to buy and sell them.

Send for Circular K—"ODD LOTS."

John Muir & Co.
Specialists in Odd Lots.
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

DEATH OR OLD AGE Insurance
Cost reduced to the minimum by the oldest company in the country—the company which pays the largest annual dividends.
IVES & MYRICK
Tel. 3662 John. 37 Liberty St., New York.

NOTARY PUBLIC Deutzman 15 Maiden Lane

GOV. DIX DESCRIBES NEEDS OF THE CITY

Speaking to Chamber of Commerce He Says Prosperity Rests Largely on Port Facilities.

ATTACKS RAILROAD RATES

Inconceivable, He Says, That Inter-State Commission Will Justify Discriminations Against New York.

Gov. Dix was the guest of honor at yesterday's meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, and he outlined his ideas in regard to port facilities here, discriminating railroad rates, and State canals. After the meeting he went with Collector Loeb, Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins, and others on a trip down the bay on the revenue cutter Calumet. He inspected the proposed harbor improvements and extension of the Chelsea piers between Sixteenth and Twenty-third Streets in the North River.

Complimenting the Chamber of Commerce on its public-spirited attitude toward the development of city interests, the Governor launched into his policies.

"To my mind," he said, "three things are vital to the continued prosperity of the City of New York, and upon the prosperity of the City of New York depends, to a large degree, the prosperity of the entire State.

"First—The proper development of the terminal facilities of the Port of New York so as to make it adequate in every detail to the requirements of modern commerce, the units which are constantly expanding, and so reasonable in its charges as to reduce to the minimum the costs of distributing to consumers the products of soil and industry.

"Second—The removal of differential railroad rates discriminating against this city in favor of rival ports on the Atlantic seaboard, and

"Third—The completion at the earliest moment consistent with sound construction of the work of enlarging the State canals and of providing ample terminals for the thousand-ton barges which are to navigate these waterways.

"Your chamber has joined with other commercial bodies to obtain the abolition of the arbitrary and unjust differentials against this city, and your Mayor has recently joined in the proceedings brought before the Inter-State Commerce Commission in that matter.

"It was never intended that the differentials, originally established for the preservation of peace between warring railroad systems, should exist forever. They were a temporary, not a permanent, expedient. They have operated to the continuous and increasing injury of this port, and it seems inconceivable to me that the Inter-State Commerce Commission would now justify a system that discriminates against New York to an extent and in a degree that amounts practically to a violation of that clause of the Constitution of the United States which prohibits any preference to the ports of one State over those of another.

"In saying this I do not wish to be misunderstood. In asking for fair play for New York, I ask also for fair play for all the other cities. We of New York ask for equality, but not for preference. We demand justice, but we welcome competition on even terms.

"Canada is putting forth all her resources to expand her trade, and is planning canals and docks and building railroads with a courage that commands our admiration, and she is seeking to make Montreal, a port which is not equal in natural advantages to New York, a real rival with us for the commerce of the continent.

"This splendid harbor has been placed in our hands as a priceless inheritance. Our fathers have created around this harbor a city which has become the greatest in the world—first in commerce and wealth and second only in population. It is for us to defend this inheritance from aggression without and from indifference and self-complacency within.

"If, by my presence and words here today, I can arouse public interest to the immediate and pressing importance of this whole subject of port development, I shall have the satisfaction of having contributed to the continuous prosperity of this city and aided in the protection of the harbor against pollution, and in the advancement of maturing plans for the scientific disposal of sewage, for the lengthening of piers, for the establishment of more adequate facilities in the handling of railroad and steamship freight in Manhattan and other ports of the harbor, and for the systematic co-operation of every interest for the maintenance of the commercial supremacy of New York." [Applause.]

Dock Commissioner Tompkins spoke of the bills now pending at Albany, which affect New York City's terminal problems. He explained his own bill, which deals with the New York Central Railroad between Yonkers and the Battery and showed wherein the provisions of the McManus bill, which would remove the railroad's surface line privileges from Eleventh Avenue, coincide with his own. He also told of the advantages of another bill which he has introduced into the Senate, amending the transportation corporation law so as to allow freight terminal companies to obtain charters without the immunities or responsibilities of the Railroad act. He called these and two other measures before the Legislature in which he is interested "Home Rule bills."

These, he said, would give the city authorities ample power to meet the terminal requirements of the port.

Charles M. Chadwick, Commissioner of Water Supply, asked the support of the Chamber in opposition to a measure which provides that land acquired by the City of New York for water purposes shall not be assessed beyond the valuation put upon land remaining in the hands of those from whom the city has obtained its property. He showed how in the Ashokan district the city's property had advanced in assessment valuation 185 per cent., while the assessments of individual owners had advanced only about 7 per cent. He asked that the Chamber be represented at the hearing on this bill in Albany on Tuesday.

President Hepburn was re-elected and John Claflin, A. Foster Higgins, and James Talcott were elected Vice Presidents to serve for four years. Walter E. Frew was elected a member of the Committee on Finance and Currency in place of John Claflin.

Reception of the Japan Society.

The officers and Executive Committee of the Japan Society of New York will hold a reception to-morrow afternoon at 200 Fifth Avenue for members and their guests in connection with the present loan exhibition of Japanese color prints. Lindsay Russell is President of the society, August Belmont Vice President, and Jacob H. Schiff, Gen. Woodford, and Dr. Takamine are Honorary Vice Presidents.

SAVE CITY HALL PARK ESTIMATE BOARD AIM

All but Gaynor Declare the Stillwell Bill Is Against Home Rule.

ANOTHER SITE FAVORED

Bill Inspired by Judges' Impatience at Delay in Providing New Quarters—Jurists Divided on Location.

With the exception of Mayor Gaynor, every member of the Board of Estimate voted yesterday against approving the Stillwell bill, which gives the Supreme Court Justices the right to direct the building of a new County Court House on the site of the present one and to take in as much more of City Hall Park as may be necessary. The Mayor refused to vote on the ground that as the Stillwell bill, if passed, will come before him for his official approval, he did not think it at present right to express an opinion.

The action by the Board was not based on the merits of the City Hall Park site, as a site for the building, despite the fact that its committee on the County Court House has nearly completed its investigation of a site in Duane Street, just behind the new Municipal Building and is gathering information to lay before the Supreme Court Justices. The bill was condemned solely on the ground that it violates the principle of home rule. The resolution of the Board read:

> Whereas, under the provisions of Senate bill, Int. No. 507, entitled, An act providing for the erection of a new Court House in City Hall Park, New York City, now pending before the Legislature, the charter powers of this board with relation to the approval of the use of city property, or the acquisition of other property, for purposes of a Court House site, and with relation to the appropriation of moneys necessary for the construction of a Court House Building are nullified and said power transferred to the Justices of the Supreme Court; and,
>
> Whereas, The passage of said bill would directly infringe, not only the theory and purpose of the charter, but the principles of city home rule, therefore, be it
>
> Resolved, That this board hereby disapproves of the measure in question and authorizes its Committee on Court House Site to oppose its enactment or further advancement.

The Stilwell bill gives absolute power to the Supreme Court Justices if they consider it expedient to erect a building in City Hall Park for the courts, to have plans prepared, to take as much additional land in the park as they want, and to employ such architects and engineers as they may select. The Corporation Counsel is placed at their disposal to draw up the contracts necessary for the work, and the Justices have the sole choice of such temporary accommodation as must be required for the courts during the razing of the present County and City Court Houses and the erection of the new ones.

The Mayor did not discuss his attitude on the bill, but he is already on record as favoring the present site of the County Court House. On Jan. 20 last year, within three weeks of his taking office, he appointed a commission, consisting of ex-Chief Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, ex-Controller Edward M. Grout, ex-Justice Gildersleeve, Charles Strauss and L. Laflin Kellogg to select a Court House site, and in his letter to them, he said:

> May I suggest to you, subject to correction and to better opinion, that the best site for the new Court House is the site of the present Court House in City Hall Square? I hope you will be able to obtain from the Legislature an act enlarging the foundation area that may be used, for the space about the present Court House is ample.

The Mayor's commission reported last Spring in accordance with his recommendations, but the opposition aroused among architects of the city and other public bodies prevented the Board of Estimate from adopting its plan. Since then a committee of the Board of Estimate, consisting of Controller Prendergast, President Mitchel of the Aldermen, and Borough President McAneny, have been examining the question. With the question now a matter of legislation at Albany, however, the Board of Estimate is eliminated from the situation.

None of the officials were willing yesterday to discuss the site. Whenever sites have been put forward for the new Court House, the owners have advanced their prices, so the city is endeavoring to keep its inquiries a secret. The suggestion to take up the site as outlined was laid before the Supreme Court Justices in March, but the matter was allowed to go over till more information could be obtained.

No Justice seen yesterday would admit he knew anything of the origin of the Stilwell bill, but it was admitted that it is not at all improbable that it was inspired by some Judge weary of the long delay in providing decent accommodation for the courts and utterly disgusted with the present conditions. Yet, impatient as the Judges may be, they are by no means unanimous for rebuilding in City Hall Park.

"For six or seven years there has been legislation authorizing the construction of a new Court House," said Justice Vernon M. Davis, "and yet we are no further advanced. The conditions under which we suffer are almost intolerable. Especially in the Fall and Winter the air of our courtrooms is so foul that, as we sit on the bench hour after hour we get so we can hardly read and thinking becomes a difficulty. Our chambers are so small that it is impossible to do any work, and in my own quarters a stream of foul air comes through a hole in the wall that makes it absolutely impossible to sit there.

Justice Platzek, a member of the Justices' Committee on Court House Sites, takes the opposite view. He spoke yesterday of the fact that there is not a single place in the Court House to which a woman who is taken ill in court can be sent, and he asked whether the people of the city realized that records on which the title to millions of dollars' worth of property depends are stored in places of the most inflammable condition. He added:

Justice Goff, on the other hand, raised a practical difficulty in the building of the new courts on the site of the present one. He was as warm as any of his colleagues in his denunciations of the conditions under which they have to labor, but he declared that those who recommended the use of City Hall Park for economical reasons forgot that the ousting of the courts while a new structure was being put up would involve the city in very heavy expenses.

Those who favor the Stilwell bill are relying to some extent on the fact that there is a precedent in the act that empowered the Justices of the Appellate Division to select a site and prepare the plans and contracts for their Courthouse in Madison Square. It was, however, pointed out that that act did not, as does the Stilwell bill, lay down the precise site which the Justices must accept. It gave them the right of choice, while the present bill ties them down to City Hall Park regardless of the opinions of any of them and the great opposition the plan has aroused in former years.

WORK TO SAVE CITY HALL PARK

Assembly Committee Probably Will Give a Hearing on the Court House Site Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 4.—Resentment aroused in New York City against the plan to erect a County Court House in City Hall Park, as proposed in the Stillwell bill, which passed the Senate this week and which now is pending before the Cities Committee in the lower house, has been felt here, and it is not likely that the bill will slip through the Assembly as easily as it did the Senate.

Assemblyman James A. Foley, Chairman of the Cities Committee in the lower house, to-day began to receive requests for a public hearing before the measure comes up for final passage. One of these requests was a telegram from Grant La Farge on behalf of the American Institute of Architects. Another was from Mrs. Alice Crary Sutcliffe, Chairman of a special committee appointed by the Colonial Dames of America. Her telegram read:

> The Colonial Dames of America, numbering 675 members, entreat you through its appointed committee for a hearing upon the County Court House bill before its passage by the assembly. In view of the great civic and historic significance the committee further asks that the hearing be held in the city of New York, where its importance is preeminent.

It is not improbable that the suggestion of the Colonial Dames will be heeded. The Cities Committees of both houses for the next three weeks will spend Fridays and Saturdays in New York in the City Hall, where they are giving public hearings on the new City Charter.

Chairman Foley of the Assembly Cities Committee said that a hearing this week would be out of the question because the time of the two committees will be occupied by the hearings on the Charter, but he thought it likely that such a hearing might be granted at the end of next week. Majority Leader Smith of the Assembly said that a resolution permitting the committee to give its public hearing in New York City would be necessary, if the suggestion is to be carried out, but he added that there would be no difficulty about having such a resolution passed if the necessary arrangements could be made. This is contingent on the Rules Committee, which takes charge of all legislation during the last ten or fourteen days of the session, assuming control within the coming week. If so, Mr. Smith said, it would be necessary to hold the hearing at the Capitol.

Mr. Foley is not enthusiastic about the plan of building the new court house in the City Hall Park.

"I believe that the civil courts should be located in that section of the city," said Mr. Foley. But I do not believe we should encroach on the City Hall Park if some other suitable site can be found in the neighborhood. Nothing but the gravest necessity should compel the invasion of the City Hall Park."

LOVELL JEROME DISMISSED.

Ex-District Attorney's Brother Was Special Customs Agent.

Lovell P. Jerome, who has been familiarly known in the Customs Service for twenty years past as "the Colonel," is no longer on the payroll of the Treasury Department. Jerome is a brother of ex-District Attorney William Travers Jerome.

Although the presence of "the Colonel" has been missed for some time past on the revenue cutters sent down the Bay to meet incoming vessels, it was not until yesterday that the news leaked out that he had been dropped from the service on Feb. 1 at the request of Collector Loeb. Jerome has been a conspicuous figure in the local Customs Service. His official position was that of a special agent, detailed to expedite packages to the Appraiser's Stores.

Under Fowler, Stranahan, and other former Collectors of the Port, Jerome acted as the personal representative of the Collector in welcoming prominent incoming passengers aboard vessels from Europe and facilitating the examination of their luggage.

MISS FARRAR SAILS, ILL.

Her Friend, Dr. Alice Gregory, Accompanies Her to the Lower Bay.

Miss Geraldine Farrar, the singer, sailed for Europe yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner George Washington. On Wednesday Miss Farrar was taken so ill that it was feared she would be unable to sail. Yesterday morning found her only slightly better and it was at first feared she might be suffering with ptomaine poisoning. Her case was finally diagnosed as acute indigestion.

As Miss Farrar's mother is ill Dr. Alice Gregory of 27 East Thirty-fifth Street, a personal friend, volunteered to accompany her to Europe. It was agreed, however, if Miss Farrar became better Dr. Gregory would leave the George Washington with the pilot. This was done, Dr. Gregory landing late yesterday afternoon from the pilot boat New York at Rockaway.

BARS ALIEN APPOINTMENTS.

Assembly Passes Bill Naming Residence Qualification of Three Years.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 4.—There was a brief but lively passage at arms between Majority Leader Smith of the Assembly and Assemblyman Andrew F. Murray, a Republican representing the Nineteenth (New York) district, when the Farrell bill, providing that only those persons who have resided at least three years in a county, borough or city are eligible to hold any appointive office under the county, borough or city administration. The appointment of any person not filling this qualification is made a misdemeanor. Mr. Murray protested that this provision was absurb.

"I am willing to have the bill amended so as to make it a felony," said Majority Leader Smith. "And if a Mayor should import a Police Commissioner, for instance, I would be in favor of making the penalty for such an offense imprisonment for at least twenty or twenty-five years."

The bill was passed with 96 votes in its favor and only five against it.

SEES A HITCHCOCK PLOT.

Senator Davis Threatens to Censure the Postmaster General.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas, in a speech this afternoon, accused Postmaster General Hitchcock of being party to a "diabolitical plot" to ruin a woman's magazine, against which regulations had been leveled, and threatened that unless full information on the subject were conveyed to the Senate within one week he would move a resolution of censure and ask the President to dismiss the Postmaster General from his Cabinet.

A month ago Mr. Davis obtained the adoption of a resolution asking for information on alleged discrimination between a periodical in St. Louis and one in Denver, and so far no answer has been received.

"I want to know if this man Hitchcock is bigger than the Senate of the United States," shouted the enraged Senator, while a smile passed among his colleagues.

FIGHT ON EXPRESS CONCERNS

Cuvillier Bill In Creating a Body to Investigate Them All.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 4.—Assemblyman Cuvillier to-day introduced a bill creating a commission to investigate the American, United States, Adams, Wells Fargo, and National Express Companies, and all other joint stock associations in this State. The commission is to report as to the advisability of amending the joint-stock association law for the protection of the stockholders and to amend the anti-trust law, giving the State supervision over such companies.

The proposed commission is to be composed of four Senators, four Assemblymen, and two persons to be appointed by the Governor. It is required to find out the amount of capital stock and earnings, and the date of the last annual meeting of each of the companies mentioned.

Cold Storage Inquiry by Senators.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Cold storage methods are to be investigated by the Senate Committee on Commerce with especial reference to the impounding of butter, eggs, and fish. The decision was reached to-day, and the committee will begin hearings May 18.

AFTER BREAKFAST

you will probably be pleased with our **ORLANDO, 10c Cigar.**

It's mild enough for your morning smoke.

CIGARS UNITED **UNITED CIGAR STORES** CIGARS UNITED

VOTE ON FREE LIST PROBABLE MONDAY

House Agrees to End General Debate To-morrow—Committee Working on the Wool Tariff.

SENATE WILL MEET LATER

Provision Made for Delay on Reciprocity—Taft Consents to Inquiry Into Tariff Board's Methods.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The end of the debate in the House on the Free List bill is in sight. At the close of another day of speech making Mr. Underwood obtained unanimous consent that general debate should close Saturday night, and that the House next week should resume 12 o'clock sessions. The expectation is that the debate under the five-minute rule, when the bill is read by sections, will be exhausted by Tuesday night and possibly by Monday night, when the bill will be put on its passage.

The next measure to be taken up will be the bill for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico, which may be expected to hold the stage for two or three days. The next number on the programme is the Separate Wool Schedule bill. Before that is brought out there will be a Democratic caucus. The members of Ways and Means are gradually getting together, but no definite announcement of what the proposed measure is to be was forthcoming to-day.

In his speech to-day Representative Focht of Pennsylvania disclosed a fact of great interest to American manufacturers desirous of getting foreign trade. He said the State Department had indorsed a project for placing on file in every American Consulate abroad a complete card index catalogue of American-made goods. Any American concern can have its catalogue briefed and translated into the language of the country in which the Consulate is located. The plan is practically to place a directory of American products where it will always be available to the foreign buyer, and keep it up to date. This is in line with the work of the Bureau of Manufactures of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

White House's Status in Doubt.

Mr. Focht, who is a Republican, had an amusing tilt with Mr. Sims of Tennessee.

"We did not call the extra session," he declared to his Democratic opponent. "You had to make your agreement with the White House that you would pass the reciprocity bill."

"Whose White House is it?" asked Mr. Sims.

"You claim that and everything else in sight," said Mr. Focht.

"Who owns the White House?" persisted Mr. Sims.

"You act as if you did," returned Mr. Focht, "and you act as though you really had the President now."

Mr. Focht predicted an early invasion of Mexico, saying an army officer associated with him had told him that the army was going over the Mexican border "to stay."

"I would not think that the President would object," said Mr. Focht. "We have been absorbing everything they did not want in Europe for years and years. We have taken as trade in stock what nobody wanted in the Philippines—another white man's burden. We added a little more down here in the West Indies. Why couldn't we occupy something that is worth something, and where we could be of some great good to somebody?"

Mr. Focht contended that the United States wanted empire and it was about to follow the "lure of gold and the call of adventure."

Hill Attacks the Free List.

Mr. Hill of Connecticut could have had the floor all day if he had desired it, for both sides of the chamber thoroughly relished his anecdotes illustrating the conditions of labor in various industries throughout the world. He said he had for fifteen years past spent his vacations traveling to visit shops and fields, and wherever he had gone he had investigated all conditions of labor from Siberia to Africa, in Ireland, England, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, British America. He declared that the free list bill was calculated to impoverish American labor and paralyze our industries. It was crude, illogical, hastily prepared and should be sent back to the committee to be remodeled.

He asserted that no estimate could be made of the revenues the bill would cut off or the effect it would have on business and commerce. Instead of $10,000,000 reduction in revenue, as the Democrats expected, it might make a reduction of $50,000,000, and its effect upon business would be to transfer many flourishing industries to Europe.

"You intended to hit the trusts," said Mr. Hill. "You will wake up to find that you have in fact helped the trusts; taken away the revenues of the Government and put the money into the pockets of the trusts instead of into the pockets of the people whom you claim to be helping."

He particularly attacked the bill for making many manufactured products free of duty, like shoes, harness, and saddlery, while leaving a duty against the raw materials that American manufacturers have to import. He said also that, in attempting to make free of duty the bagging used to wrap up cotton bales, the Democratic bill would let in free the bagging used by the fertilizer trust, the cement mills of the United States Steel Company, and by other monopolies, which would give no corresponding reductions in prices to consumers.

Mr. Underwood interjected that Mr. Hill's whole argument was from the standpoint of the American manufacturer; that its real purpose was "to reduce prices and cost of living for the American people."

Senate Provides for Slow Work.

The Senate to-day, without a dissenting voice, consented to a change in its traditional order of business, and hereafter the daily sessions, instead of beginning at noon, will begin at 2 o'clock. This change was brought about on motion of Senator Bailey of Texas, a protectionist Democrat, who has for many years argued against the inconvenience of meeting before luncheon. Until to-day he has always been opposed by the leaders, and their assent to his plan this morning is construed as a willingness on their part to resort to any expedient that might have the effect of retarding the business of the Senate and so delaying action on the Canadian reciprocity agreement.

So far the Senate this session has been meeting only twice a week and adjourning after sessions rarely lasting an hour. The insurgents have been getting restive under this procedure. Though opposed to reciprocity the insurgents to-day were united in declaring that they were not trying for delays. They realize that a vote must be reached on the Canadian agreement at this session, and therefore have nothing to gain by a delay.

In a letter to John Candler Cobb, President of the National Tariff Commission Association, President Taft to-day granted permission for a committee appointed by that association to make an investigation of the work of the Tariff Board, "with a view to seeing how far the structure of the board and its methods and systems agree with the broad principle of a scientific reconstruction of the tariff making system."

The Committee of Investigation will be composed of John C. Cobb, J. J. Culberson, H. E. Miles, John Kirby, John M. Jarvis and Henry R. Towne. Both the President and Chairman Emery of the Tariff Board welcomed the investigation. President Taft wrote that he would be very glad if the committee would send him a copy of its findings.

A WIDER SUGAR INQUIRY.

House Democratic Leaders Decide to Go Into the Whole Question.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—To assist the Committee of Ways and Means in the preparation of the sugar schedule, the House Committee on Rules to-day decided to provide the machinery by which the entire sugar industry in the United States and its insular possessions may be investigated by a select committee of the House.

This decision was reached while the committee had under consideration a resolution introduced by Mr. Hardwick of Georgia. It decided to broaden the scope of the inquiry asked for, and a sub-committee, consisting of Representatives Hardwick, Pou, and Lenroot, was appointed to rewrite it.

As a result of this action, the Investigating Committee will have power to inquire into the relations of the American Sugar Refining Company with the many so-called independent beet sugar companies throughout the country. It also will enable the committee to inquire into the affairs of various refining companies which are suspected of being subsidiaries of the Sugar Trust.

TO AMEND RAINES LAW.

Sullivan Brings In Bill Extending License Hours In Smaller Cities.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 4.—A bill designed to amend the liquor tax law to meet the views of hotel owners was introduced today by Senator Timothy D. Sullivan. Some of the amendments to the Raines law which were passed last year, it is contended, worked unfairly as far as proprietors of hotels in the smaller cities and towns are concerned. Under the present law no liquor may be sold in cities of the third class and large villages after 12 o'clock midnight. The Sullivan bill extends the time for the sale of liquor in such places to 1 o'clock A. M., the time limit in cities of the first and second classes. In the smaller villages the Sullivan bill would permit the sale of liquor up to midnight instead of 11 P. M. as now.

Another amendment makes applicable to hotels in cities of the third class and incorporated villages the Raines law requirements as to the number and size of rooms and compliance with fire and health laws. These requirements, as applied to hotels in cities of the first and second classes, are not disturbed.

The Sullivan bill also makes changes in the requirements to be met by hotels in larger cities. Hotel buildings under the amendment must have at least fifty rooms above the basement instead of ten as required now. Hotels must also contain one or more dining rooms of at least 600 square feet with accomodation for at least forty guests. The law now requires a dining room of at least 300 square feet of space with accommodations for at least twenty persons. In cities of the third class hotels must have rooms for at least twenty-five guests.

The bill inserts a new section providing that the holder of a liquor tax certificate who is a keeper of a restaurant may sell liquor to the restaurant guests. The law now permits the sale of liquor only in a restaurant which is a part of a hotel.

DO YOU KNOW?

Do you know that I conduct a shirt factory in Newark which makes the shirts that my six shops offer?

That for this season's shirts I have imported fabrics from England, Scotland, Austria and Japan and in designs exclusive with me?

That by eliminating the party-of-the-third-part, you get

Two Dollar Shirts (4 for $7.50)

which measure fully up to the two-fifty standards? You don't know? This, then, is to tell you. Now, then?

Incidentally, do you know that LION Collars are made to offer *no* resistance to your scarf? Nor do they. There's a channel. Twenty-five shapes of LIONS in quarter sizes. Two for a quarter.

William G. White
Cortlandt *near* Church St.—Nassau *near* Liberty St.
Broadway *cor.* Leonard St.—Broadway *cor.* 26th St.
42nd St. *3 doors west of* 5th Ave.—79 Orange St., Newark.
FACTORY—79 ORANGE ST., NEWARK, N.J.

LAWYERS DEFEND COURT OF CLAIMS

Strongly Oppose Ripper Bill Removing Republican Judges to Make Room for Democrats.

A FAIR TRIBUNAL, THEY SAY

Proposal Worse Than Political, Submits Black, and Unconstitutional—Bill May Fail.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 4.—Vigorous opposition, voiced by eminent members of the New York bar, against the bill of Senator Loomis to disband the Court of Claims and permit the Governor to name another court, developed to-day before the Senate Committee on Codes. That the bill is unconstitutional was set forth in arguments made by ex-Gov. Frank S. Black, ex-Judge Henry A. Gildersleeve, Laflin Kellogg, and J. Hampden Dougherty of New York and in the brief of ex-Judge Morgan J. O'Brien.

This is one of the "ripper" bills introduced by Democratic legislators with a view to turning Republicans out of office. It is declared that resentment of prominent Democrats at decisions made by the Court of Claims in certain cases, rather than genuine party policy, is behind the Loomis measure. Lawyers of prominence throughout the State have come to the defense of the court, declaring that it has disposed of many cases, involving thousands of dollars, with fairness to the State and to the litigants.

"I am a partisan myself," Mr. Black said, "but I would not dare to urge a measure as dangerous as this. I am not so much surprised that this bill is introduced now as I would have been twenty years ago. A partisan would not think of such a proposition. A bill of this character could only be thought of in an era of reform.

"If you make a plaything of the courts you will find that they will cease to be a protection to the people. This bill should not be reported by this committee. If it becomes a law it will be declared invalid by the courts. This bill is worse than political. I believe those who bear the burden of party work should be rewarded, but interference with the courts is a dangerous practice."

Mr. Kellogg said the bill was as bad as the clause in the Arizona Constitution providing for the recall of Judges.

"It is worse than that," Mr. Dougherty declared. "In Arizona they are frank enough to put it in the Constitution. Here it is intended to ignore the constitutional protection given to the courts."

Mr. Kellogg read figures to show the valuable work done by the court with no motive of political effect. He also made an elaborate argument to show that the bill violated the Constitution by dismissing Judges in a way other than that provided by the Constitution.

"Is the position of a Court of Claims Judge a Constitutional office?" Senator Hinman asked.

"While the court was created by the Legislature after the adoption of the Constitution and was not mentioned in the Constitution, it is a court of record which is protected by the Constitutional provisions," Mr. Kellogg answered.

"If the Legislature created the court, can it not also abolish it?"

"This bill does not seek to abolish the court, but to displace the present members," Mr. Kellogg said. "That is a different matter. The Constitution protects the courts from partisan attack. A Judge may be removed by the proper tribunal for misconduct."

"But we increased the term of office and raised the salary of the Judges," Senator Hinman said.

"That was done to meet new conditions when the State had many new claims growing out of the condemnation of land for the barge canal," Mr. Kellogg replied.

Marcus T. Hun of Albany read a protest of the State Bar Association against the Loomis measure.

Senator Loomis insisted that his bill only restored the court to its status before the passage of the amendments which increased the term of office and the salaries of the members. The bill, however, declares vacant the positions now held by Judges Swift, Rodenbeck, and Murray, and authorizes the Governor to appoint three persons to fill their places.

Justice McLennan, presiding Justice of the Appellate Division of the Fourth Department, recently addressed a letter to Attorney General Carmody, in which the Justice praised the work of the Court of Claims. Its decisions were seldom reversed, he said, although it had considered many cases involving difficult problems. He urged the Attorney General to use his influence against the measure introduced by Senator Loomis. Mr. Carmody replied to the effect that he had expressed his opposition to the bill, and had pointed out the confusion that would result in his office if a new court were established to take up the work now before the Court of Claims.

"I shall do all in my power, if there is anything in my power that can be done," Mr. Carmody said, "to prevent such drastic and ill-advised and revolutionary proceedings. The old adage that 'fools enter where angels fear to tread' is finding many instances of its application at the present time."

It is the general belief to-night that the bill will be killed.

FOR A CHAMPAGNE TAX.

Bill Also In to Tax State Railroads for Advertising.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 4.—Two bills called up to-day by the Senate Committee on Taxation are designed to raise additional revenue for the State to the extent of at least $7,000,000. One of these is Senator McManus's measure taxing champagne at the rate of 50 cents a quart and 25 cents a pint. The tax is to be collected by the State Controller by the sale of stamps, as the State transfer tax is now collected.

"If a man will pay $4.50 for a quart bottle of champagne he will pay $5," Senator McManus said to-day. "There are at least 1,000,000 bottles of champagne disposed of in this State each year. We expect to raise about $5,000,000 by this tax."

The other bill proposes a license tax to be paid by railroad corporations which advertise on cars, platforms, and stations.

"The corporations have a franchise to transport passengers and freight," said Senator Harte, introducer of the bill. "Advertising is taken on independently, and there is no reason why the State should not derive a benefit from this source of revenue."

The license fee for car advertising varies from $150 a car in large cities to $50 in smaller communities. The measure also taxes railroad companies for slot machines and newsstands.

This measure was attacked by railroad representatives at the hearing.

EIGHT-HOUR DAY FOR POLICE.

Assembly for Three-Platoon Bill and Senate Likely to Pass It.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 4.—If the Jackson bill, which has for its purpose to "promote the health and efficiency of policemen in cities of the first and second class," and which passed the Assembly, and was favorably reported by the Senate Cities Committee to-day, should become a law, New York City, in common with up-State municipalities, will have a three-platoon police system by Aug. 1.

The bill gives a patrolman not more than eight hours' duty in twenty-four hours, and not more than eight hours' reserve duty in any seventy-two hours, with a change of hours at least once every month. Provision is made for emergency duty of greater duration when circumstances require.

ADVERTISEMENT.

YOUR BOOKS BALANCED MONTHLY PROVES

your business and stops leakage, confusion, and often failure. A few days of my service per month compensates tenfold for the expense. Only a limited number of clients can have my personal service—none delegated to assistants. Write me, C. C., Box 122 Times Office.

Blue Serges for Men—at Saks'

¶ Blue serge is a staple proposition. One is always glad to fall back on it and renew old acquaintance. And it has perhaps been said of it more than of any other fabric—*you cannot go wrong on blue serge.*

¶ It is handled by every tailor, good, bad and indifferent—and finished accordingly. But we want you to know how superbly it is handled by us.

¶ A blue serge is a blue serge the world over, but tailored by Saks, it is far in advance of contemporary productions. It is no longer a blue serge suit—it is a Saks suit of blue serge. And there is as much difference in that as there is in being Mr. Brown or merely the husband of Mrs. Brown.

¶ Its merit rests no longer upon the fabric only, but upon the individuality tailored into it. It exhibits lines that are not so much the work of the scissors as of the mind that moved them. For, when you buy a Saks-tailored garment, you are buying the labor of an organization that has devoted a lifetime of thought to clothes.

¶ Whether in plain or in hairlines, a blue serge just now is the proper thing. No matter how replete your wardrobe may be, you can always use a blue to advantage. *And you cannot go wrong on blue serge*—as a fabric.

¶ But if you also want fit and finish and the elegance of a quiet style, Saks' is your only choice.

17.50 to 35.00

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

WHAT BORROWERS PAY

Sometimes inexperienced borrowers on real estate pay unreasonable fees for loans because they do not know what the proper charges are.

Borrowers who come to us, whether they are experienced or not, find that our charges are fixed and reasonable. You know the exact cost in advance.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) . 10,625,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Obscure Competitors who Became Dangerous

A CERTAIN manufacturing concern is the oldest and largest in its line in this country. Its business was built up by generations of manufacturing genius and industry. It has wealth, influence and prestige. Its goods are in almost universal use. They are known *to the trade* everywhere, but are unknown to consumers.

This concern had never advertised, and why should they? What could advertising give them that they did not have?

Several years ago they found themselves facing some new and puzzling conditions. An obscure manufacturer was putting out a competitive *line and advertising it by trade-mark and name.* Within six months that name was familiar from one end of the country to the other. Into the retail stores of the country was flowing an increasing demand for those new goods, *by name.* The goods of the older concern remained, as they had always been, well-known *to the trade,* but utterly unidentified, so far as the buying public was concerned.

At the end of that year another concern, equally obscure, launched an almost identical campaign, advertising a similar competing line *by name and trade-mark.* The results were identical. The demand for the first advertised line increased steadily. The second advertised line was scarcely behind it. All the resources, strong trade relations and selling experience of the older concern could not stem the tide.

Then the old concern began to advertise, and is doing so systematically today.

This same episode is being enacted today in nearly every line of production.

Mr. Manufacturer, whether you are in the position of the first concern mentioned, or the second, or the third, is it worth your while to understand the principles involved?

Our 40-page booklet will give you an idea of what those principles are. We shall be glad to send it gratis if you will write for it.

The
Curtis Publishing Company

Chicago Boston Philadelphia New York

The circulation of The Ladies' Home Journal is more than 1,400,000 a month. That of The Saturday Evening Post is more than 1,850,000 a week. We have reached this commanding position in our field by the same merchandising methods we propose to you.

ORDER INDICTMENTS IN DYNAMITE CASE

McManigle's Confession Basis of Accusation Against McNamara and Others.

MAY BE 21 COUNTS IN ALL

Five Witnesses Identify J. W. McNamara as Brice — Prosecutor's Dogs Poisoned.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 4.—Summoned before the Grand Jury this afternoon, Ortie E. McManigle repeated enough of his confession to District Attorney Fredericks to enable that body to return new indictments. The Grand Jury late this afternoon instructed Capt. Fredericks to prepare indictments and warrants against the prisoners, based largely on what McManigle had to say. It is understood that twenty-one indictments will be returned to Judge Bordwell soon after the meeting in the morning.

It is stated that two of these true bills will be found against John J. McNamara and Ortie E. McManigle, charging them with having jointly destroyed the plant of the Llewellyn Iron Works on the morning of Christmas Day. The other nineteen will be returned against James W. McNamara and his brother, John J. McNamara, charging them with having been guilty of the murder of nineteen of the twenty employes of The Los Angeles Times who perished in the disaster of Oct. 1. It is more than probable that the reason why there will be no indictment for the twentieth death is that there is some legal technicality in the way, such as, for instance, uncertainty in the identification of the body after the fire.

With the indictments returned and in the court's hands it is certain that at some time to-morrow afternoon the long-deferred arraignments will take place, probably in the courtroom of Judge Willis, which is in the Hall of Justice, across the street from the Court House and next door to the jail, with which building it is connected by a covered passageway, something like the famous "Bridge of Sighs" between the Tombs and the Criminal Courts in New York.

It was ascertained to-day that some one had poisoned two watch dogs which District Attorney Fredericks purchased the other day. One of the dogs, a beautiful pointer of blooded stock, died this morning, and the other is not expected to live. Speaking of the swarm of threatening letters which he has received, Capt. Fredericks said to-day that he believed he is the object of a deliberate attack. He refused to say that he thought it was connected with the trial of the three union men.

Three women and two men were taken before J. W. McNamara to-day in the county jail to determine whether they could identify him as the person they knew as J. R. Price, who was at a Sausalito, Cal., hotel shortly before the explosion at First Street and Broadway. The five were Paul Stupperich, his wife and two daughters, and Douglas Burroughs. The Stupperichs keep the Sausalito hotel where Brice is alleged to have lodged at the time of the effort to buy dynamite and hire a launch to bring it to this city. Burroughs owned the launch which was used.

Great secrecy was maintained as to the identity and movements of the party. They entered the jail hurriedly, and J. W. McNamara was brought from his cell. They identified him without hesitation.

B. F. Young of Alhambra, who once identified J. W. McNamara as a passenger on a steamship Sept. 6 last from San Pedro to San Francisco, was called to the District Attorney's office to-day. His testimony was taken in shorthand for the records being arranged for the prosecution.

RETURN IN KIDNAPPING CASE.

Warrant Reaches Indianapolis with Only One Blank Filled In.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 4.—L. G. Ellingham, Secretary of State, received to-day the warrant on which John J. McNamara, Secretary-Treasurer of the Stuctural Iron Workers' Association, was taken from this city, charged with complicity in a dynamiting case at Los Angeles. The warrant was returned as the result of a demand made by the Secretary of State soon after McNamara was extradited. The document arrived at the office through the mail in an envelope bearing the address of Martin J. Hyland, Superintendent of the Indianapolis Police Department.

The return blanks on the warrant were only partly filled out. The part provided for a return by the agent of the State of California, James Hosick, was the only blank on which a return was made, and that was not made in full. Blanks for returns by the Indiana officers making the arrest and that for the Indianapolis City Judge, James A. Collins, before whom the prisoner was taken when arrested, were not filled out, even in part.

The return of the California agent as made is as follows:

> The State of Indiana, —— County:
> I have this day received from ——, Sheriff of said county, the body of J. J. McNamara, being the person mentioned in the foregoing warrant, return, and order, to be by me transported to the State of California for trial.
> Dated at Indianapolis, this 22d day of April, 1911.
> (Signed) JAMES HOSICK,
> Agent of the State of California.

Although the return of the agent makes reference to McNamara as having been mentioned in returns from the arresting agent and the court, his name is not mentioned there, the returns not having been filled in.

It was said at the office of the Secretary of State that the warrant would be locked in the safe and no changes permitted to be made in it and no additional returns made.

Henry Seyfred, retained as assistant prosecutor in the cases charging kidnaping against the persons who took McNamara from the State, got a certified copy of the warrant.

The blank for the return by the arresting officer appears on the warrant as follows:

> The State of Indiana, —— County:
> This writ came to hand ——, 189—.
> As commanded, I have arrested —— ——, and now have H—— in custody before the Honorable, the Judge of the —— —— Circuit Court for identification.
> ——
> Sheriff of —— County.

The blank for the return of the court before which McNamara was taken appears in the warrant as follows:

> Before the Judge of the —— —— Circuit Court, at ——, this —— —— day of ——, 189—.
> It appearing to the unsigned, by the examination of witnesses, that the person apprehended is —— ——, the fugitive demanded and mentioned in the warrant of the Governor of this State;
> It is ordered that —— be delivered up to to ——, the agent of the State of ——, to be transported to said State, agreeable to the laws of the United States.
> ——
> Judge of the —— Circuit Court.
> Attest: ——, Clerk

NO OWNER FOR DYNAMITE.

Box Reached Indiana Town the Day of J. J. McNamara's Arrest.

Special to The New York Times.

CARROLLTON, Ind., May 4.—A box of dynamite consigned to E. L. Davis was delivered at the Carrollton station the latter part of April. Carrollton is in Hancock County, just across the Shelby County line. There is no such person as E. L. Davis known in this vicinity.

The dynamite waybill does not bear the name of the consignor. As there is no agent at Carrollton, the shipment was in charge of the agent at Fountaintown, who broke open the box and found twenty-five pounds of dynamite with caps.

The box was unloaded by the freight crew April 22, the date of the arrest of J. J. McNamara in Indianapolis.

ROOSEVELT CALLS IT MURDER.

Denounces Those Who Say Case Is a Conspiracy Against Unions.

In a signed article entitled "Murder Is Murder" in this week's Outlook, former President Roosevelt attacks those labor leaders who at once rallied to the defense of the labor men accused of dynamiting the Los Angeles Times Building, and now under arrest at Los Angeles.

"The arrest was made in consequence of testimony secured by Mr. Burns, who has been Mr. Heney's right-hand man in bringing to justice grafters who violated the law of the United States in Oregon, and grafters who violated the laws of California in San Francisco," says Mr. Roosevelt. "He has proceeded with the most impartial severity against the most influential politicians and the richest business men. It happens that the men whom he has now arrested are members of a labor organization, just as the men whom he formerly arrested were members of the Republican or Democratic Parties or of great and wealthy corporations.

"It would have been a wicked thing, in the former case with which Mr. Burns had to do, for leading Republicans or Democrats to combine to break him down and support the accused merely because the accused belonged to their political parties; and it would have been a wicked thing for big capitalists and big business men to make common cause with the capitalists against whom he proceeded, merely because they were capitalists.

"Wherever any politician of either party or any capitalist did take this position, whether in the case of the men prosecuted by Mr. Burns or in any other case, The Outlook unhesitatingly and severely denounced them.

"In exactly the same spirit I state the conviction of The Outlook in expressing its hearty reprobation of the conduct of those labor leaders who, without waiting to know anything of the facts of the case, have at once flown publicly to the defense of the alleged dynamiters whom Mr. Burns has now arrested, and who talk about the arrest as being part of a conspiracy against labor unions. No worse service can be rendered by labor union leaders to the cause of unionism than that which they render when they seek to identify the cause of unionism with the cause of any man guilty of a murderous attack of this nature. I have no idea whether the men arrested on Mr. Burns's statements are or are not guilty; the labor leaders in question have no idea whether or not they are. They are entitled to an absolutely fair trial.

"If they have no money with which to provide counsel for themselves, then it would be entirely proper for any body of men to furnish them with the requisite funds simply as an incident in securing them a fair trial. But it is grossly improper to try to create a public opinion in favor of the arrested men simply because the crime of which they are accused was committed against a capitalist or a corporation and because the men who are charged with committing it are members of a labor union.

"The question of organized labor or organized capital or of the relations of either with the community at large has nothing whatever to do with this issue. All we are now concerned with is the grave and vital question of fact, whether or not the accused men have been guilty of murder and of murder under circumstances of peculiar foulness and atrocity. Whether we do or do not approve of the policy of The Los Angeles Times—and The Outlook very heartily disapproves of its policy on certain matters—has nothing whatever to do with the question. The stern repression of murderous violence—above all of murderous violence under circumstances of such cowardly infamy as always accompanies the use of dynamite—must of necessity be a prime need of any civilization calling itself such. Whether the man attacked is a capitalist or a Socialist, a wage earner or a professional man, has nothing whatever to do with the question; and whether the man attacking him does or does not belong to any organization, whether of labor or capital, whether social or religious, has nothing to do with the question.

"The one and only question is as to the guilt or innocence of the men accused. Any man who seeks to have them convicted if they are innocent is guilty of a crime against the State, and any man who seeks to have them acquitted if guilty is also guilty of a crime against the State."

SUBSTITUTE JUROR CALLED AT VITERBO

Twenty-four Originally Drawn to Meet Contingency Caused by Dr. de Maria's Illness.

INFORMER AGAIN ON RACK

Salvi and Cerrato Exchange Invectives with Abbatemaggio, Who Sticks to Original Story of the Murders.

VITERBO, May 4.—The trial of the Camorristi was resumed to-day, a substitute juror taking the place of Dr. Michele de Maria, whose indisposition necessitated an early adjournment yesterday afternoon.

[Twenty-four jurors were orginally drawn to provide for just such a contingency as has arisen. Ten days ago Dr. de Maria had an attack of influenza and the trial was suspended for a week in order to enable him to recover. Apparently he is not sufficiently recovered, although attending the sessions this week until Wednesday afternoon. One of the twelve reserve jurors has now permanently taken his place and the trial will proceed as before. At the beginning of his illness it was reported from Viterbo that the jury might use this means to delay the trial and possibly force the authorities to make a change of venue. This seems hardly likely, however, when the social and financial rating of the jurors is considered, especially as their petition for increase of fees is looked upon with favor by the Government.]

Again Gennaro Abbetemaggio, the informer, held the centre of the stage, being called upon to confront Giuseppe Salvi, and later Antonio Cerrato, both of whom he denounced as having taken an active part in the Cuocolo murders. He repeated his original accusations against Salvi, the latter denying each in turn. Then the two exchanged invectives, the war of words ending thus:

By Abbatemaggio—"You are an assassin."

By Salvi—"You are like a cow which is called an ass with horns. You have a muddy conscience which you have sold to the Carabinieri."

Cerrato, whose manner suggested that he had not forgotten or forgiven the insult of yesterday when Abbatemaggio spat in his face, was released from the prisoner's cage and stood before the informer.

"Th's man," said Abbatemaggio, "struck Cuocolo with a club after he had been stabbed by the others and was half dead."

"You are a liar," was the response, and in this vein the dialogue was continued.

The points in the indictment on which Salvi, Cerrato, and other alleged principals are now confronting Abbatemaggio are set forth by the informer as follows:

"At 15:30 o'clock (3:30 P. M.) on June 5, (1906,) the day of the crime, Nicola Morra, Corrado Sortino, and Mariano de Gennaro were at the Caffé Festa, and after conversing together Morra went to the Porta del Carmine, where Antonio Cerrato was waiting for him, and together they went on to Torre del Greco, on the piazza of which they separated to await the arrival of Cuocolo and his companions.

"Sortino and de Gennaro went punctually to the appointment in the Piazza Gerolomini, to which Cuocolo came about 16:30, (4:30 P. M.,) being half an hour late. All took the tram car and went to Torre del Greco.

"Arriving at the Piazza of Torre del Greco, they went with Morra, who led the way to the lower part by the sea. De Gennaro was armed with a dagger furnished him by the Camorrista Vicenzo Alimmaglia; Morra with his own dagger; Sortino with a Sicilian knife, and a revolver given him by Erricone (Enrico Alfano,) and which Erricone had obtained from the Questura, (the civil police;) Cerrato was provided with a clasp knife and a double-barreled pistol, which he had borrowed from Pascalotto Castichella, the head of the Society of the Pendino section, and a cane which he had taken from Papele, son of the said Castichella. Moreover, de Gennaro had in his pocket a kitchen knife with a strong shaft which had been taken from the Cuocolo apartment with the idea of placing it upon the body and, if possible, in one hand, so as to have it appear that the homicide was due to interference on the part of Cuocolo, and not premeditated on the part of his slayers.

"They had gone a few hundred meters when Morra made a signal with his handkerchief to Cerrato, who was walking along some distance behind the group. Cerrato hastened forward for about fifty paces and then stopped. * * *

"Shortly after de Gennaro gave a dagger blow to Cuocolo, who tried to draw from his pocket a penknife.

"Morra in his turn also stabbed him, while Sortino was wounded in the hand by the penknife.

"Cerrato joined the group, and, seeing that Cuocolo was fighting, gave him two or three blows across the forehead with his cane. After a little while Cuocolo died and Sortino drew from the pocket of the corpse the latch key to the apartment and also drew off from a finger a gold ring without a stone, but having in monogram the initials of his name. (This is the ring marked "G. C.," which, it is alleged, was to be sent to Luigi Arena as a token that the vendetta had been carried out.)

"De Gennaro then drew out the kitchen knife which had belonged to the Cuocolos and placed it in the right hand of the corpse.

"After this they all separated and de Gennaro went to the inn of Mimi à Mare to relate that all was over. At the Mimi à Mare, beside Erricone, there were his brother Ciro, Gennaro Ibelli, and Giovanni Rapi, together with Erricone's coachman, Gennaro Icovitti. Having told them, de Gennaro returned to the Piazza and rejoined the others.

"Not finding the car ready they took a carriage and so arrived more quickly in Naples. On their arrival Morra said to de Gennaro to go over to the Massa side and keep the appointment with Giuseppe Salvi and then to bring him to the Caffè del Molo with Ferdinando de Matteo. The three ought then to wait outside until they were joined by Morra, Sortino, and Cerrato.

"When all were together de Matteo gave Sortino a false beard, and a jimmy, to be used in case the latchkey taken from Cuocolo were not the one to the apartment, and said that he and Salvi were to go to the house of Maria Cutinelli (Signora Cuocolo) with the greatest care.

"Without losing any time, Salvi and Sortino went to the Via Nardones, where la Cutinelli lived, and, without being seen by the porter, opened the door with the latchkey and directed their steps toward the bedchamber.

"La Cutinelli was undressing, preparing for bed. The balcony was closed, and then Sortino precipitated himself into the room and grabbed the woman, throwing her back upon the bed and gagging her. Salvi repeatedly stabbed her with his dagger.

"A search of the room revealed a pair of rose diamond earrings and a gold brooch in the form of a dove. They took from a coffer eight notes of 50 lire and three of 100 lire and 98 lire in change, (in all about $159.80.) In a little packet there were four bonds of 300 lire each, (in all $240.) From the top of the coffer, which had escaped the notice of his companion, Salvi took and concealed a gold watch and chain belonging to Cuocolo.

"In order to make it appear that the slaying of la Cutinelli had nothing in common with the death of her husband they turned out all the drawers and then still undisturbed went away, going directly to the Caffè del Molo, where their companions were waiting for them. Then, on the advice of de Matteo every one went to his own house."

Joins the Antartic Rush.

HAMBURG, May 4.—The steamer Deutschland, with the German antarctic expedition, sailed at daybreak for Buenos Aires, where complete supplies will be taken on.

The expedition is under the auspices of the Geographical Society in Berlin, and is commanded by Lieut. Filchner of the General Staff of the Army.

Lieut. Filchner did not sail with the Deutschland to-day, but will join the vessel in southern waters. He is a well-known explorer and was one of the first to reach Lhasa. He explored Turkestan and Persia in 1903 and 1905.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

KARLSRUHE, Baden, May 4.—Emperor William and the Empress arrived here to-day to be the guests, with King Gustaf and the Queen of Sweden, of Grand Duke Frederick. The German imperial couple reached Genoa from Corfu on the royal yacht Hohenzollern last night. King Gustaf and the Queen are returning home after their visit to Rome.

ROME, May 4. — The International Press Congress opened at the Capitol to-day, 500 delegates reporting. King Victor Emmanuel, Queen Helena, the members of the Ministry, and many Government officials were present. Mayor Nathan welcomed the visitors and ex-Premier Luzzatti, who has returned to the work of a journalist, delivered a speech.

ON THE SOUND
MALBA
LONG ISLAND
Beautiful Residential Park, opposite 165th St. Advantages of seashore, country and city.
20 minutes by train from Ponna. Depot, or write for Plans and Maps.
Realty Trust
Wm. C. Demorest-PRES.
60 LIBERTY ST. NEW YORK CITY.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 AND 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH AND 47TH STS.

ANNOUNCE THE INTRODUCTION OF

New and Effective Models in Motor and Touring Coats
For Women and Misses

Soft double-faced vicunas and Shetlands in grays, tans, navy and other fashionable shades; also, rich Scotch and English tweeds, homespuns and new shaggy cloths
—made-up garments *custom-tailored* throughout—
the most comprehensive collection in the city, as is indicated by the wide range of prices— *$35 to $125*

Women's High-class Novelty Suits
Formerly $75 to $150—*at $55 to $95*

The late styles of Paquin, Poiret, Drecoll, Bernard, Beer, Francis and other noted Paris designers.
Materials embrace French serge, Scotch and English homespuns, worsteds, novelty mixtures and satins.

Misses' and Small Women's Dresses
Of bordered foulard, hand-embroidered crepe meteor, voile and marquisette. Formerly $32 to $38.50— *at $25*

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Sale
of several hundred
Smith Gray & Co.
Spring Coats

The popularity of Smith Gray & Co. Spring Coats is best attested by the continuous and ever increasing demand. In all probability, no house in all America equals in sales the number of medium weight coats sold by Smith Gray & Co. This season the demand has been so great that many broken lots and sizes have already resulted, and since our policy demands the disposal of these lots as rapidly as they occur, we prefer to make radical reductions now rather than carry them over into another season, and in consequence are enabled to offer several hundred Spring Coats at prices which make for values, all things considered, which exceed any like offering at a corresponding season in our history.

Spring Coats
regularly up to 20.00 — **12.50**
regularly up to 27.50 — **16.00**
regularly up to 35.00 — **21.00**
regularly up to 45.00 — **28.00**

Several thousand
regular 20.00 to 25.00 values
SPRING COATS AND SUITS
15.50 and 18.50 Special

Smith Gray & Co. special Suits and Spring Coats at 15.50 and 18.50 are regular 20.00 to 25.00 values.

15.50 for standard value 20.00 and 22.50 Spring Suits and Coats. The suits include velours, cassimeres, and worsted finished cheviots, in the new grays, tans, browns and neat mixtures; the overcoats including black, Oxford and smart grays, tans and browns in exclusive weaves and designs.

18.50 for standard value 22.50 and 25.00 Spring Suits and Coats. The suits include yarn dyed worsted and high grade velours, nearly all being exclusive and advanced styles. The overcoats include very smart new grays, tans, browns and neat dark effects, all being advanced in style, and many of which will not be shown outside the Smith Gray & Co. stores this season.

Here are two wonderful values in blue serge suits at 15.50 and 18.50.

About 800 standard value 22.50 blue serge suits **15.50**
Over 1500 standard value 25.00 blue serge suits **18.50**

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.
Auto Clothes Book on Request.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE, 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.

IN OUR *MAIN* BUILDING.

$15.75 Today, for this Woman's Tailored Suit
(No Charge for Alterations)

It's the Best Offering of the Season!

The suit illustrated is made of all-wool worsted (black and blue); fashioned on very fetching lines; designed with Tuxedo collar, trimmed with fold of satin, elaborated with small buttons; cuffs of sleeves trimmed to match. Skirt has front and back panel, trimmed with cluster of buttons in similar manner to coat. THIS SUIT IS LINED WITH GUARANTEED SATIN. All sizes.

The suit illustrated is a beauty, but there are other models of French serge and other fashionable fabrics in black, blue and tan—equally attractive and equally desirable in this typical Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Co. one-day sale, scheduled for today. **$15.75**

Remember the Sale Price...
(MAIN Building, First Floor.)

Ask for S. H. Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Did you ever stop to consider what a stock of half a thousand different patterns in Men's Suits and Overcoats really means?

Our showing affords 500 chances to select the one pleasing pattern. It also gives you a broad choice of fabrics to find a suitable weight and a garment lined as you like it. And you're sure of a proper fit.

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

FOR EYE-GLASSES

GO TO HENRI P. ALEXANDER

Free Examination of Eyes by Specialists.
Personal Supervision.
Skilled Service for Least Money.
Perfect-Fitting Eye-Glasses.
All Work Guaranteed.
One Price to All.

Eye-Glasses as Low as $1.00

"Treat Your Eyes Right." Booklet "WHY" Mailed Upon Request.

Henri P. Alexander OPTICIAN

501 FIFTH AVE.,

Southeast Cor. 42d St.

Manufacturers Wholesalers

Want to save $5000 on cartage, $5000 on insurance, $3000 on labor and get RENT FREE? Write and ask us "HOW?"

Bush Terminal Co.

100 Broad Street, New York City.

H. K. Brewer & Co.

Stationers

Established 1835 33 Nassau Street

At present there are so few individuals or corporations using good stationery that a handsome letterhead is one of the best advertisements. You will find our engraving department an assistance to you in originating an appropriate design.

68 DIFFERENT, DELIGHTFUL

Trips by Trolley 10 Cents

TELLS WHERE TO GO AND HOW TO GET THERE.

Route to Washington; new maps; 128 pages of valuable trolley information.

Eagle Trolley Book

at all Eagle offices or your newsdealer.

Lackawanna Limited

Lackawanna Railroad

Leaves New York 10 A. M. daily for Buffalo and Points West

The Road of Anthracite

Grape-Nuts

FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

VICHY CELESTINS

Natural Alkaline Water

A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities

Ask your Physician

Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government

Not Genuine without the word CELESTINS

NEIGHBOR A SUSPECT IN JANITRESS MURDER

Mrs. McCabe, Upstairs, Saw a Man Answering His Description Slink Past Her Window.

SLEUTH MADE UP LIKE HIM

And Mrs. McCabe Identified the Detective as the Man—An Arrest Likely to Follow.

Although George S. Dougherty, the newly appointed Second Deputy Police Commissioner, in charge of the Detective Bureau, has assigned one of his star men to the case, no arrest has been made for the murder of Mrs. Anna Molnar, the janitress, who was found stabbed to death Wednesday night in her basement flat at 528 West One Hundred and Twenty-third Street.

Detectives formulated a plan yesterday to bring their principal witness, Mrs. N. A. McCabe, who occupies the floor above the Molnar apartment in the presence of a suspect, who lives nearby. Reporters gave the first clue to this suspect.

Mrs. Molnar and her husband took charge of the apartment at 528 West 123d Street about two months ago. Both were Hungarians. Mr. Molnar is a machine man employed at the Wesser Piano Works in West Forty-third Street. Before that he was employed at the Wessel, Nichols & Gross Piano Company at Forty-fifth Street and Tenth Avenue.

Mrs. McCabe told the reporters that she saw a heavy-set man of dark complexion sneak past her apartment about 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and disappear down the stairway leading to the janitor's apartment. When the newspapermen retailed this information to the detectives they shrugged their shoulders and said they didn't need any assistance. Later, however, after they had examined the same witnesses, they were convinced that the murderer lived within a few doors of where the murder took place.

With a complete description of the suspect, the detectives had one of their men impersonate this man and walk past the window at which stood Mrs. McCabe. She said that he tallied in every way with the man she saw pass the same window on Wednesday afternoon. This suspect may be arrested within a few hours.

On the floor of the kitchen where the struggle between Mrs. Molnar and her assailant took place a peculiar button, known as a reversible button, was found. This button is of bone, but it is the kind which motormen wear. It is made to slip through the buttonhole of a vest and is fastened by a staple. When a motorman, for instance, desires to use his vest for evening wear he slips out his brass buttons and inserts the bone ones. Mrs. Molnar, in her dying struggles, tore one of these buttons forcibly from the vest of her assailant. Detectives were trying to find out last night if the suspect ever wore this kind of a button.

Another clue was followed when a man was arraigned before Magistrate Breen in the Harlem Court charged with assaulting a servant girl. Coroner's Physician Lehane said that Mrs. Molnar had been murdered following an attempted assault.

Mrs. Molnar's husband and his friend, named Louis Harra, who is a fireman in a building at 930 West End Avenue, returned from work together Wednesday night to find her dead. They were both sent to the house of detention yesterday, although no evidence was found against them.

Molnar said he left his factory at 5 o'clock and went directly to see his friend Harra, who had promised him a rocking chair. He started home with the chair at 7 o'clock Wednesday evening and Harra accompanied him. Molnar found the tenants complaining that the gas had not been lighted in the halls and that the garbage was not attended to. Much to his surprise the front basement door was locked, and when he knocked and called to his wife he received no answer. He opened the door with his key, and when he entered the kitchen he found the dead body of his wife on the floor.

This is the story Mrs. McCabe told the newspaper men after the detectives had questioned her and then departed, convinced that some one foreign to the neighborhood had committed the crime:

"I was looking out of a rear window of my apartment shortly after 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon when I saw a man sneak by. He was without a hat, and his hair was thick and matted and hung over his eyes. He was bareheaded, and the collar of his coat was turned up. He was well dressed, and he looked somewhat like an Italian. He passed the window crouching low, as though he wished to avoid being seen.

"My first thought was that he was after the short ladder which I always keep at my window, and which boys often take in order to get baseballs which fall in the rear of the apartments. I ran to another window with the intention of telling him to bring back the ladder when he was through using it. But he had disappeared. I am sure he disappeared into the basement. I cannot imagine where else he could have gone so quickly."

The murderer apparently attacked Mrs. Molnar as she was peeling potatoes for the evening meal. She was slashed with a butcher's knife she had been using. There was mute evidence that the woman had made a terrific struggle.

Friends of both Molnar and Harra were indignant at thaction of the Coroner in committing them to the House of Detention. Coroner Holtzhauser admitted that the men were not suspected of complicity in the crime, but he thought that they were withholding some information from him.

According to Thomas Rowan, who is janitor of the adjoining house at 528 West 123d Street, two junkmen called at his place Wednesday morning. The detectives got this statement from Rowan:

"I was asleep most of Wednesday afternoon. I sent my wife to a theatre and my little boy to play in the street. My room is separated by only a few feet from the kitchen occupied by Mrs. Molnar, but I heard no noise. If she had screamed hard I surely would have heard her. Then I have a dog which also would have been aroused. I never spoke to Mrs. Molnar in my life. I have been here only about two months, and I do not remember ever seeing her. It was a great surprise to me to learn that she had been murdered. I cannot imagine who did it." Later Rowan said that he had spoken to Mrs. Molnar once when she was sweeping the sidewalk.

Rowan is of medium height, about forty years of age, of dark complexion and plainly of Irish origin. The police were inclined to think it strange that he did not hear any outcry, although his room was only a few feet from the kitchen occupied by Mrs. Molnar. The two apartments are separated by an air-shaft about two feet wide.

All idea of robbery as a motive for the crime has been eliminated. The murdered woman had several rings which were not stolen and nothing in the apartment was disturbed.

READY TO REPORT ON CRIME.

Grand Jury Expected to Advise Police to Use Night Sticks More Freely.

Foreman Maynard Hollister and seven members of the Grand Jury which is investigating the crime wave allegations held a meeting yesterday afternoon in the library of the District Attorney's office to determine upon the presentment which the jury is to hand down. Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss and James B. Reynolds and Special Assistant District Attorney George Gordon Battle were present. The rough draft of the presentment was made and it may be handed down to-day.

It is said that the Grand Jury will recommend that the policemen be allowed to use their night sticks as freely as they desire, especially in precincts where gangs are known to operate and that the system of using plain clothes be reestablished, but with modifications. It is understood that there will be very little said about the prevalence of crime or that the police are any more inefficient than they have ever been. One rumor was that the presentment will mean almost a complete victory for Mayor Gaynor, who has maintained all along that a crime wave does not exist.

DUMMY FIRE BOXES ON BOAT.

Man Who Installed System on a Hudson River Liner Under Arrest.

Since the burning of the steamer General Slocum, in which over 1,000 lives were lost, the Government authorities have had Section 4,488 of the Federal statutes amended, making it a serious crime for any one to install faulty and defective fire protection apparatus or life-saving equipment on passenger-carrying boats.

Inspection of the large Hudson River steamboat Charles W. Morse When she went out of commission last Fall disclosed the fact that the vessel licensed for more than 1,000 excursionists, lacked an electrical fire signaling system. An order directing the Morse be thus equipped was made, and when the vessel went into commission again a week or so ago, she was reinspected.

Instead of finding a perfect fire signaling system on board the big boat, the Government Inspectors say, they found that the Morse had been provided with dummy fire alarm boxes. When this statement was reported to Assistant United States District Attorney Whitney he promtply brought the matter to the attention of the Federal Grand Jury, which on April 27 returned an indictment in the case. It was against Henry F. White of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., who was engaged by the Hudson Navigation Company to install an electrical fire signaling service on the Morse.

The indictment charges that White "on Oct. 1, 1910, caused to be installed on the steamboat Charles W. Morse, in the Southern District of New York, a fire alarm system equipped with fire alarm boxes, which said system and boxes were and each of them was defective and insufficient in that they were not connected by wires or otherwise so as to transmit or give an alarm."

White was taken into custody yesterday by Deputy Marshal Joseph Kum at his home in Poughkeepsie. He was arraigned before County Judge Hasbrook and furnished $5,000 bail for his appearance in the criminal branch of the United States Circuit Court for pleading on Monday.

POOLE REJECTS INSANE PLEA

Attorneys for Farmer Charged with Slaying Employe Then Withdraw.

FOWLER, Ind., May 4.—Arraigned today on the charge of having murdered Joseph Kemper, an employe, John W. Poole, a wealthy farmer, refused to permit his two attorneys to make a plea of insanity for him, and they withdrew from the case. Poole was then bound over without bail to the Grand Jury.

"I killed Kemper, but it was entirely accidental," was Poole's only statement. His preliminary hearing was held at the home of the Sheriff because that officer was afraid to take him to the Court House, where a thousand farmers and townspeople had gathered.

Further search was conducted to-day on the Poole farm, where the body supposed to be that of Kemper was unearthed, in the possibility of finding the bodies of other farmhands who are said to have disappeared.

Poole's son Emory told the Sheriff today that his father frequently, rather than pay employes wages due, drove them away by threatening them with a shotgun or club.

Poole yesterday said that he shot Kemper in the head accidentally while hunting with him in a field, and afterward cut up the body and buried it. Two undertakers who examined the body advised Coroner Lesage to-day that they found no indications of a gunshot wound, but that the skull had been crushed as with a club.

Poole's wife and daughter said they found blood stains on the floor and walls of the kitchen when they returned home in the evening of the day of the disappearance of Kemper in December, 1909.

LILLIAN RUSSELL WINS.

Suit Against Actress for Auto Injuries Is Dismissed.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., May 4.—The action brought by William Fitzgerald against Lillian Russell, the actress, from whom he sought to recover $5,000 damages for injuries received here last Summer when struck by an automobile, alleged to have been owned by the defendant, was dismissed in the Supreme Court by Justice McLaughlin.

The plaintiff had presented evidence that the automobile was under the orders of Miss Russell, but failed to show that it belonged to her. Attorney George Y. Bauchle of New York, for the defendant, moved for a dismissal of the complaint on the ground that ownership of the automobile by the defendant was not proved. The court decided against him on this, saying the fact that the automobile was under the orders of Miss Russell made her responsible for it, but on the motion to dismiss on the ground that no negligence was proved the complaint was dismissed.

Justice McLaughlin stated that if there was any negligence at all, it was on the part of the plaintiff in crossing the street.

R. R. MOORE NAMED CITY CHAMBERLAIN

Mayor Puts Head of the Commercial Trust Company in Hyde's Place.

GRAND JURY CALLS SMITH

To Examine Hyde's Secretary To-day on Statement That Indictment Was Result of a Conspiracy.

Robert R. Moore, President of the Commercial Trust Company, was appointed City Chamberlain yesterday to succeed Charles H. Hyde, who is now under indictment on a charge of bribery as an outgrowth of the Grand Jury investigation of the Carnegie Trust Company and other matters.

The appointment was announced by Mayor Gaynor at noon. Shortly afterward Mr. Moore appeared at City Hall and was sworn in. He then went directly to the office of the City Chamberlain, at 280 Broadway, and took charge.

Mr. Moore has been engaged in the banking business since 1883. In that year he entered the service of the Gallatin National Bank as a clerk at $6 a week. He rose through the positions of teller, assistant cashier, cashier, and Vice President to President. He was made President of the New Amsterdam Bank in 1901. In 1906 he resigned to organize the Commercial Trust Company. He was elected President and also President of the Commercial Safe Deposit Company. He has also been a Director in the Bank of the State of New York and the Twelfth Ward Bank. He is a member of the New York Club and the Chamber of Commerce. His home is at 125 Riverside Drive.

Mr. Moore was the candidate for Controller on the ticket with Mayor Gaynor, but was defeated. He has never aspired to other political office. His friends kept him busy receiving congratulations yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Hyde was at the Chamberlain's office a short while yesterday morning. When seen later in the day he said he had no further comments to make on the Grand Jury action against him, as he had covered the ground in his statement to the public on Tuesday and in his letter of resignation to Mayor Gaynor.

Mr. Hyde's secretary, John V. Smith, will appear before the Grand Jury to-day to be questioned as to his reported statement that the indictment of Mr. Hyde was the result of "a political conspiracy."

Joseph T. Howell, last President of the Carnegie Trust Company, will appear before the Grand Jury to-day.

Subpeona servers from the District Attorney's office have been unable to find Charles P. Norcross, the writer. Mr. Norcross is wanted by the Grand Jury to explain the details of the $18,000 loan advanced to him by the Carnegie Trust Company on notes indorsed by Mr. Hyde. These notes have been paid since the Carnegie failed.

The notes on which John V. Smith obtained a loan of $14,000 from the Carnegie Trust Company last year have also been paid since the Carnegie failure.

FATAL FIRE FROM SCISSORS.

Girl Cutting Caps in Belleville Fireworks Factory Sets Off Explosives.

A girl, cutting a sheet of fireworks caps with a pair of scissors yesterday morning in the frame plant of the National Fireworks Company, at Hornblower Avenue and Academy Street, Belleville, N. J., snipped through one of the caps, and instantly the sheet she held burst into flames. Three hours later, when firemen were first able to enter the wrecked building, they found the bodies of a man, a boy, and a girl. Two other girls and a man, 82 years old, were badly burned, and because of his advanced age the man may die.

Those who lost their lives were Farnsley Bradner, Treasurer of the company and General Manager of the plant; Miss Helena Schick, 401 Washington Avenue, Belleville, and a boy burned beyond recognition, but believed to be George Stager, Franklin Avenue, Nutley.

The injured are John M. Holloway, 82 years old, burned about the arms, head, and face; Hattie Miller, 18 years old, burned about the head and face, and Mathilda Schick, sister of Helena, burned about the face and hands.

Operates on Dr. Van de Water's Eye.

An operation for the removal of a cataract was performed yesterday on the Rev. Dr. George R. Van De Water, rector of St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church, Fifth Avenue and 127th Street, at the New York Eye and Ear Hospital. Dr. Weeks, who performed the operation on one eye, reported that it was very successful, but that Dr. Van De Water will be confined to the hospital for two weeks, when the other eye will be operated upon. The rector, who was almost totally blind, expects to resume his work in a month.

KILLED IN TROLLEY CRASH.

Mrs. Frost and Sister Thrown from Carriage at South Norwalk.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., May 4.—Mrs. Russell Frost, wife of Gen. Frost, was almost instantly killed, and her sister, Mrs. Dudley Raymond, so badly injured that she died a few hours later as the result of a collision between the carriage in which they were riding and a trolley car. As the driver of the carriage was attempting to cross the trolley tracks in front of the Frost residence, in West Avenue, the horses fell, and before they could be brought to their feet the carriage was struck by the trolley.

Mrs. Frost was thrown through the glass window of the carriage door to the street, striking on her head and fracturing her skull. Mrs. Raymond was taken from the carriage unconscious and died two hours later from a fractured spine.

Mrs. Frost's husband was at one time commander of the State G. A. R., and the family is one of the oldest and wealthiest in the city. She was 55 years old, and besides her husband leaves a son, Russell, Jr., who is in the Yale Law School. Mrs. Raymond was two years her sister's senior, and leaves two sons, both students at Yale.

The motorman and conductor of the trolley car are being held without bail, pending action by the Coroner's jury.

DECREE FOR MRS. EMERSON.

Cross Suits Compromised—Husband to Pay Her $28,000 Yearly.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 4.—The cross suits for divorce between Capt. Isaac Emerson, the wealthy druggist, and his wife have been compromised, and Mrs. Emerson will obtain a decree. The Captain had agreed to pay her $28,000 yearly for life and give her the home at Druid Hill Park valued at over $100,000. He also allows her counsel fees of $10,000.

Mrs. Emerson, her daughter, Mrs. James McVickers of New York, and two maids of Mrs. Emerson were the only witnesses in the wife's suit. All testified that Mrs. Emerson and her husband had not lived together for the past three years.

Capt. Emerson has not opposed his wife's suit, which was filed in the Circuit Court on March 26. His lawyers did not enter their appearance in the case, and a few days ago a decree pro confesso was entered.

The Captain applied for a divorce on statutory grounds in January, naming C. Hazleton Basshor, a prominent society man. Mrs. Emerson filed an answer, denying the allegations, and subsequently entered a cross-bill, which was made an original bill. This was not answered by Capt. Emerson. Hence the decree will probably be given Mrs. Emerson by default.

CAR SHOP STRIKE SPREADS.

Pennsylvania Men Go Out on the Ft. Wayne and Allegheny Divisions.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 4.—The strike of the Pennsylvania Railroad shopmen on the Pittsburg Division spread to-day to the Allegheny shops on the Fort Wayne Division and the Verona shops of the Allegheny Valley Division. At the former 340 men walked out this afternoon and the company to-night asserted that 312 men were still at work. At the Verona shops, where 497 men are on the payroll, it is said more than 300 have joined the strikers.

An informal statement made by a representative of the company to-night says that negroes are not employed in the shops except as cooks and waiters in the restaurants. At Pitcairn several tourist cars brought from the West are used to house these men. Of the 2,066 men at work on the Pittsburg Division last Friday the company asserted to-night that 969 were working.

Latham Asks Reduction of Alimony.

Frederick G. Latham, who was ordered to pay $60 a week temporary alimony to his wife, Constance Cynthia Latham, pending the trial of her suit for separation, applied yesterday to the Supreme Court to have the alimony reduced. Latham pleads that he has lost his $175 a week position with Charles Dillingham's threatrical enterprises and is broken in health. He had to pawn his jewelry and furniture, he says, to raise money on which to take a rest at Seabright, N. J., which was ordered by his physician.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath. Mothers should teach the little ones its daily use.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Underwear Sale

4800 Undershirts and Drawers

REGULAR 50c VALUES

35c each—3 for 1.00

All are fine, combed Balbriggan yarn—unbleached—the undershirts being finished with ribbed bottoms and looped-on cuffs, assuring extra strength and unusual sightliness. The offering includes only long-sleeved shirts and long drawers.

3000 Undershirts and Drawers

REGULAR 1.50 VALUES

85c each

These are all genuine imported French lisle, of the famous "Raguet" brand, an acknowledged standard of fine grade underwear. All are made from the highest grade yarns—sun-bleached, which gives excellent service and assures long life. All are trimmed with satin fronts and finished after the approved French fashion. All models are included—athletic undershirts and knee drawers—regular undershirts with long sleeves and quarter-length sleeves—with drawers of regular length and short inseams.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

B. Altman & Co.

FURS, RUGS, TAPESTRIES AND CURTAINS RECEIVED FOR STORAGE

FURS REPAIRED OR REMODELED. RUGS REPAIRED AND CLEANED

LACE CURTAINS CLEANED AND STORED.

SECURITY IS GIVEN AGAINST DAMAGE OR LOSS, AND ORDERS RECEIVED BEFORE THE AUTUMN SEASON FOR THE REPAIRING OR REMODELING OF FURS WILL HAVE THE ADVANTAGE OF LOWER CHARGES.

ORDERS RECEIVED THROUGH MAIL OR TELEPHONE PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

James McCreery & Co.

FUR STORAGE.

Dry Cold Air—New Improved Method.

Furs, Fur Trimmed Garments and Rugs received for storage.

To facilitate prompt delivery in the Fall, customers are requested to send garments to be altered or repaired as early as possible.

The New Storage Vault on the premises is open to the inspection of visitors.

23rd Street *34th Street*

MAY 8 THE DATE When the WHITE SALE Begins.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

"Not at Home" on Monday—She'll be at Macy's.

DIAMOND SOLITAIRES

At 25% Under Our Regular Prices

Therefore 33⅓ to 40% Below Jewelry Stores of Equally High Standing

Macy's sells perfect diamonds regularly at about 10% below the prices of specialty shops.

We are determined that Macy's shall be recognized as the notable Jewelry centre of New York, where one may buy the best diamonds with the security that the price is absolutely the lowest compatible with the quality of the stones.

To that end we have gone **right down to the root of profit.** During this special sale Diamond Rings and Earrings which ordinarily sell here for from $38.89 to $672.00 will be offered at **$29.25** to **$504.00.**

Attention is particularly called to the fact that nearly all of these stones are absolutely white and perfect. The few that are not have only slight defects, which will be pointed out to you. In every case the mountings are in thorough harmony with the gems they sustain—mounted in platinum and gold.

The Jewelry we sell is the class of goods handled in exclusive jewelry shops. **These stones are none the less lustrous for coming out of a department store and for costing you about 33 1-3% to 40% less.**

Macy's reputation for Reliability and Low Prices has been won in every direction of merchandise. Naturally it is less freely tested in Diamonds than in more necessary commodities, which is the reason for offering this unequalled concession.

SOLITAIRES

Mounted in solid 14-kt. gold with platinum crowns.
Our Regular Prices.....$38.89 to $424.00
Now Reduced to.....$29.25 to $318.00

TWO-STONE RINGS

Diagonally mounted in solid 14-kt. gold and platinum.
Our Regular Prices.....$71.75 to $554.00
Now Reduced to.....$53.75 to $416.00

THREE-STONE RINGS

Hoops of solid 14-kt. gold and platinum.
Our Regular Prices.....$101.00 to $672.00
Now Reduced to.....$75.75 to $504.00

SINGLE-STONE RINGS

Men's single-stone Tooth Rings, solid 14-kt. gold.
Our Regular Prices.....$79.50 to $183.50
Now Reduced to.....$59.75 to $138.00

MEN'S GYPSY RINGS

Single-stone Rings of solid 14-kt. gold, gypsy setting.
Our Regular Prices.....$83.25 to $213.00
Now Reduced to.....$62.50 to $159.00

EARRINGS

Screw-pattern Earrings of solid 14-kt. gold.
Our Regular Prices.....$84.25 to $418.50
Now Reduced to.....$63.25 to $314.00

A fine lisle mesh—wonderfully cool and durable

ELMIRA-NET Trade Mark

Men's Underwear 50¢ A GARMENT

The Following Jobbers in New York Carry a Full Line of Styles:

MARCUS BRIER & SON, 23 Lispenard St.
BRUMMEL & MENDELSON, 392 Broadway.
B. & J. BURGHEIMER, 559 Broadway.
H. B. CLAFLIN CO., Church and Worth Sts.
FRANK BROS. & CO., 580 Broadway.
S. HEILMANN & CO., 5 West 4th St.
KAHN & FRANK, 573 Broadway.
A. KOMMEL & SON, 39 Walker St.
KUTTNER & FIBEL, 379 Broadway.
LAX & STRAUSS, 537 Broadway.
S. MANN & CO., 290 Church St.
M. & C. MAYER, 568 Broadway.
J. H. SEMEL & CO., 493 Broadway.
CHAS. SIMON'S SONS, Union Sq. & 15th St.
J. & M. WOLF, 343 Broadway, N. Y.

Daniell's, Broadway, 8th and 9th Sts.

NOW IN PROGRESS TWO

Very Important Sales

ONE OF TABLE LINENS, TOWELLINGS AND SHEETINGS, THE OTHER TOILET AND BATH ROOM REQUISITES, MOTH PREVENTATIVES AND HOUSEHOLD SUNDRIES. NEARLY EVERY ITEM AT COST OR BELOW, AND ECONOMICAL BUYERS—HOTEL KEEPERS, INSTITUTIONS AND THOSE ABOUT TO FURNISH SUMMER HOMES—SHOULD AVAIL THEMSELVES OF THIS OPPORTUNITU TO MAKE PURCHASES, LARGE OR SMALL, AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

PRINTED LISTS OF ITEMS SENT ON REQUEST.

SPEYER SAYS WAR RESTS WITH BANKERS

Financial Neutrality Would Be the Strongest Influence for Peace Between Nations.

SPEECH AT PEACE CONGRESS

James L. Slayden Discusses the Mexican Situation, Price Collier the Situation in the East.

BALTIMORE, May 4.—"Financial neutrality" as a preventive of war between nations was the interesting suggestion offered at the Third National Peace Congress here to-day by James Speyer of New York. Mr. Speyer spoke as a delegate from the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York.

Mr. Speyer dealt first with the influence of international investments in times of peace. Taking up the question of what should and could be done in time of war by first-class powers, he said we find to-day in Europe that in times of peace certain Governments will not allow their bankers to take and place foreign loans in the home market unless the purposes for which the loan is to be used are known and approved, and at least part of the proceeds are used by the borrowing nation for expenditures in such home markets for the benefit of the lending nation.

"Now," said Mr. Speyer, "if such supervision and control of the bankers already exists in time of peace, it does not seem a wide flight of imagination to suggest that the great powers might agree to exercise such control in times of war between third parties and to maintain, in future, what, for want of a better term, might be called 'financial neutrality.' In case two nations went to war without first submitting their grievances and differences to arbitration or judicial settlement at the Hague, why should the other neutral powers not bind themselves not to assist either of the belligerents financially, but to see to it that real neutrality was observed by their banks and bankers. There is little doubt that this could be done. If no financial assistance could be obtained from the outside, few nations would, in the face of this most effective neutrality of the other powers, incur the peril of bankruptcy."

Senator Burton's Address.

As presiding officer of the Third National Peace Congress, United States Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio spoke of the work of the combined peace organizations, saying:

"The particular object of to-day's gathering is to secure among numerous organizations efficient co-operation in efforts for the promotion of peace, and to avoid collision or duplication of the respective branches of work.

"At the outset we are confronted with marked diversities of opinion represented in peace and arbitration societies in the United States. Some favor the expansion of our navy and the fortification of the Panama Canal. There are few, if any, advocates of absolute disarmament. There are among us earnest advocates of an abatement of the present naval programme of battleship construction.

"There are, however, opinions in which all the advocates of peace are in accord. All will agree that the rapidly growing burden of military and naval expenditures, now amounting to nearly $2,000,000,000 per year, is causing economic disturbance and an increase of taxation, which in some nations is well-nigh intolerable. Agan, moral and intellectual forces were never more potently arrayed against war than to-day.

"The question of immediate importance before the country to-day is the proposed arbitration treaty with Great Britain. Let this once be adopted and the greatest benefit in the cause of peace will have been gained which has been accomplished for many decades."

Mr. Slayden on Mexico.

James L. Slayden, member of Congress from Texas, devoted his address to an attack on the popular conception of the Monroe Doctrine. He declared that the impression of the average American to the effect that it was the business of this country to maintain a form of protectorate over all American States had done much to prejudice the South American countries against the United States. The United States had no right, said Mr. Slayden, to prevent the colonization of foreigners in these States.

"The recent noisy and unjustified demand for intervention by our Government in the internal affairs of Mexico is a case in point. The Government of Mexico is not the Government that we would like. But it is the sort of Government that the Mexicans have set up for themselves, and its forms and facts are not our concern so long as international obligations are discharged."

Mr. Slayden referred to Senator Rayner's recent speech in the Senate on the Mexican situation in the following words:

"Senator Rayner has lately shown eloquently and clearly that the Monroe Doctrine did not make us an agent to collect doubtful loans made by European usurers. He has indicated with scorching wit what would be the consequence of a policy that would drive us into stock jobbers' and money lenders' wars."

Congressman Bartholdt's Speech.

The marked progress of the peace movement throughout the world was the theme of Representative Richard Bartholdt's address. The Missouri Congressman told his auditors that not since Abraham Lincoln's proclamation freeing the slaves had a more important step been taken than the proposition of President Taft to Great Britain for arbitration of all questions. Mr. Bartholdt said:

"War and the state of preparedness for it sap the life blood of the Nation, while the machinery of arbitration will not cost as much as the armor plate for a single battleship, and as against the positive loss to civilization caused by the sacrifice of life and treasure, the suffering, the brutalizing effect and the moral damage of war, we find the positive gain through arbitration, of an increased sense of justice and humaneness, and of the continued tranquillity, prosperity, and peace. Naturally such comparisons are odious to the militarist, but the odium of it is that the human family had not emerged, hundreds of years ago, from the barbarism of the throat-cutting business."

Price Collier on the East.

Price Collier, who recently returned from a year of travel in India, China, Japan, Manchuria, Siberia, and Russia, spoke on the topic "What Are We Doing for Peace in the Far East?" One of the great causes of international distrust, he said, was international ignorance. "We can do much for peace by knowing one another better. The greatest peril to peace to-day is not brown, nor yellow; it is white. It is white ignorance, white prejudice, and the sheltered snobbery and suburban sectarianism of the white man."

Mr. Collier declared that the natives of India were no more fit for self-government now "than the inmates of a menagerie." He praised the British Government of India, and said that a society of white men in America was now trying to stir up sedition in that country by sending money and literature.

Mr. Collier deprecated the possibilities of war with Japan, and said that country would have her hands full for many years to come developing her interests in Formosa, Korea, and Manchuria. "Bankruptcy, not battle," he declared, "is her chief concern."

Huntington Wilson on News.

"Dollar diplomacy," the newly coined phrase applied to the expansion of American business interests through the efforts of the State Department of the United States, "means the substitution of dollars for bullets; the creation of a prosperity which will be preferred to predatory strife," and "a practical mode of pursuing the ideal of world's peace," according to the interpretation of Huntington Wilson, Assistant Secretary of State.

"Thinking of Mr. Carnegie's munificent gift, it occurs to me that the establishment and subsidy of four or five newspapers in Latin America and the Far East, with means to give adequate and respectable telegraphic news service, would be a splendid and proper means to that international true understanding which must be at the basis of peace."

Views of John A. Stewart.

"The pending treaty of arbitration between Great Britain and the United States cannot be enduring and binding," said John A. Stewart, "even among peoples having a language, a literature, and common social and commercial interests, unless such covenant be written not alone on parchment bearing the sign manual of government authority, but, what is of thousandfold greater weight, into the hearts and consciences of the American and British peoples."

After illustrating the nature and functions of the proposed Court of Aribtral Justice by reference to a seventeenth century classic, "The Leviathan," by Thomas Hobbes, Prof. E. H. Griffin, Dean of Johns Hopkins University, said:

"The ten years from 1895 to 1905 were the most warlike decade since Waterloo. One might have hoped that, after this decade of strife, such a revulsion of feeling would have set in that the world would turn away in weariness and disgust from such pursuits to apply itself to the arts of peace. On the contrary, hostile preparations have been pushed forward during the last half dozen years with a feverish energy never known before. The naval expenditures of Great Britain in 1910 were precisely double what they were in 1897. Our own naval expenditures in 1910 were nearly four times greater than in 1897."

The ratification of the proposed Anglo-American treaty will be a significant event not only for the two nations concerned, but for the peace of the whole world, said Edwin D. Mead of Boston. Mr. Mead's subject was "The Anglo-American Leadership for Peace." It is known, he continued, that France is ready for such a treaty, and it is said that Japan also is ready.

Mrs. Black on Woman's Sphere.

Mrs. Elmer Black of the American Peace and Arbitration League, New York, and one of the Vice Presidents of the Third National Peace Conference, spoke on the subject of "The New World Consciousness." Mrs. Black declared that the growing feeling of kinship among nations was one of the most potent factors working for universal peace. She said in part:

"Personally I am greatly interested in woman's work for peace. I believe woman's opportunities are greater here than in almost any other field. Her sympathies are broad, and this work of weaving the nations calls for great, broad, charitable, sympathetic minds."

Systematic work among schools and colleges was urged upon the enemies of war by F. W. Boatwright, President of Richmond College. To youth, he said, the glamour of war strongly appealed, and any movement to abolish warfare should direct attention toward the institutions where the young men and women of the country are educated.

"Suppose," said Prof. Boatwright, "our distinguished publicist, Dr. Lyman Abbott, should give ten lectures on peace topics before one of our colleges, and that this course, open to all students and the public, should be maintained for ten years by lecturers of similar ability, what, think you, would be the attitude toward peace of the graduates of such a favored college?"

JUSTICE PLAYED BALL, TOO.

Arrested for It, Too, So In Sympathy He Frees a Small Offender.

Fourteen-year-old Robert Smith of Long Island City found a friend in Justice Russell when he was arraigned yesterday in the Children's Court of Queens County, at Jamaica, charged with playing ball in a Long Island City street.

"I was arrested for the same thing once when I was a boy," Justice Russell confided to the youthful offender. The two talked for several minutes about the joys of ball playing, even in a crowded street, and then Justice Russell suspended sentence.

GOV. HARMON'S BILLS MEET NO OPPOSITION

Ohio Legislators Vote for Measures Which They Threatened to Fight.

RESULT OF INDICTMENTS

Two More Senators and Two Representatives Said to be In the Net—Several Seek Immunity.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 4.—Prosecuting Attorney Turner and Attorney General Hogan announced to-day that no more indictments will be returned in the legislative bribery scandal until next Monday. It is learned from the highest authority that indictments will be found against two more Senators and two more Representatives. It is quite probable that another indictment for soliciting a $5,000 bribe will be returned against one of the members already indicted.

The penalty for soliciting or accepting bribes is $500 fine and from one to five years in the penitentiary.

Representative Nye will be the first of the indicted legislators to be tried. The exact date of his trial has not been set, but it will commence early next week. The prosecution is counting surely on Nye's conviction on the indictment charging him with soliciting a bribe from State Printer Crawford and James R. Kemple to gerrymander Judge A. Z. Blair's judicial district and oust him from office. The Burns detectives had nothing to do with this indictment.

Several lobbyists and members of the Legislature, panic-stricken by the rapidity of developments, went to Prosecutor Turner to-day and volunteered testimony before the Grand Jury. None of these volunteer witnesses have been accepted.

Since the exposé Senators and Representatives have voted meekly and promptly, without a word of protest, for measures which last week they declared their intention to fight. From present indications, in two weeks practically all of the seventeen big bills demanded by Gov. Harmon in his talk to the Democratic caucus will have been passed in satisfactory form.

It became known to-day that there is to be a rigid inquiry into facts concerning large contributions alleged to have been made by corporations and other interests to campaign expenses of members of the General Assembly. Attorney General Hogan is authority for the statement that such an inquiry is to be made.

"We expect to indict at least one more member of the Legislature, into whose campaign fund a certain great interest paid a large sum of money," said Mr. Hogan.

Representative Nye was the only indicted member not in his seat when the two branches of the Legislature convened to-day.

The first definite reference on the floor of either House or Senate to the indictment of legislators on boodle charges came to-day, when Representative Ratliff asked members to suspend judgment on Representative Lowry until he was proved guilty.

Senator Huffman, one of the indicted, is Grand Master of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Ohio. Following the charges which have been made against him it was announced to-day that a committee of the lodge in charge of the dedication of a new hall in Hamilton had requested his absence on that occasion. An Independent Order of Odd Fellows' temple can only be dedicated by the Grand Master or his deupty and the Grand Secretary, but the exercises will not be delayed, as the Deputy Grand Master will be present.

The House to-day unanimously passed Senator Tod's bill, making the penalty for bribery of a public officer or member of the Legislature one to ten years in the penitentiary, and eliminating a fine as alternative remedy. Tod procured the passage of the bill in the Senate last session, but it was buried in the House.

TO WIDEN TIMES SQ. WALKS.

Encroachments to Go Also In Many Other Sections of the City.

Preliminary resolutions for extensive street improvements in many parts of Manhattan were passed yesterday by the Board of Estimate at the request of Borough President McAneny. Times Square will be one of the principal districts affected, one resolution calling for the removal of all sidewalk encroachments along Broadway and Seventh Avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-seventh Streets. Properties affected are Shanley's restaurant, the Cadillac and Astor Hotels, and the New York Theatre.

The other resolution provides for the removal of sidewalk encroachments in other sections and the widening of Fourteenth and Lafayette Streets.

May 18 was set as the date for public hearings on the improvements. The resolutions provide for:

The widening of Fourteenth Street, from Third to Sixth Avenue, from 40 to 55 feet, with a corresponding reduction of the sidewalk area, involving the removal of encroachments between Third and Fourth Avenues, and a few between Broadway and Sixth Avenue.

The widening of Lafayette Street between Great Jones Street and Astor Place, from 40 to 45 feet.

The removal of all sidewalk encroachments in Fulton Street between Broadway and William Street; in Ann Street between Park Row and William Street; in Times Square botween Forty-second and Forty-seventh Streets; in Broadway between Twenty-fourth and Thirty-third Streets, and in Nassau Street between Wall Street and the Brooklyn Bridge.

Mr. McAneny has under consideration the removal of the encroachments on the southerly side of Park Row, between Broadway and Spruce Street, and on Fifth Avenue, between Thirty-third Street and Washington Square.

TELLS OF A MISDEED IN A SUIT FOR STOCKS

Elbert Seeking to Recover Stock Which Court Impounded Complainant Confesses to Plot.

ASSOCIATES WENT TO PRISON

And This Man from San Francisco Saved Himself at the Time by Turning State's Evidence.

J. Nicholson Elbert of San Francisco appeared before Vice Chancellor Stevens yesterday in the Chancery Court in Newark and laid bare a financial scandal of thirty-four years ago. He sued the Central Railroad Company to recover original shares he owned.

Elbert explained that in order to provide fictitious capital for the Central Fire Insurance Company of Pennsylvania it was planned to acquire certificates of stock of various railroads in New Jersey, each for a single share, and raise such certificates so as to have them represent from 100 to 500 shares each.

According to Elbert, three such certificates for one share each, issued by the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey, respectively, to him and Mark M. and Edward J. Shaw, were raised to 100 shares each, the names of the holders being erased and replaced by the name of the fire insurance company.

As Elbert's story runs the State Insurance Commissioner became aware of the attempt at fraud, with the result that he and several other men were indicted for forgery. A few of the men were convicted and sent to prison, but according to his own statement Elbert escaped punishment by turning State's evidence. In the criminal proceedings the stock, which had been issued in 1874, was impounded by the court and seems to have never been released.

Elbert brought suit through his counsel, Pitney, Hardin & Skinner, to recover from the Central Railroad certificates of title to the three shares and for an accounting for dividends, which it was brought out in the proceedings amounted to $148.75, on each share up to Nov. 2, 1908. At the conclusion of the testimony the case was deferred to May 23.

Elbert was visibly embarrassed as he related the circumstances, for his voice trembled and he insisted that his offense was a youthful indiscretion, and that he has more than atoned for his misdeed long ago.

George Holmes, counsel for the Central Railroad Company, asked the complainant how he had come to wait thirty-four years before he brought suit. To this Elbert replied:

"For thirty-four years I have tried to forget this horrible matter, but then I received a letter from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company asking me about the five certificates of the Pennsylvania stock which I turned over to the Central Fire Insurance Company, together with the Central shares. As a result of this correspondence that thereupon passed between us the Pennsylvania very kindly issued new stock. I then began corresponding with the Central Railroad with a view to getting new certificates from that company also."

Elbert testified that at the time the stock-raising transaction occurred he was 26 years old. He said he was now 63.

The complainant said that he had been a resident of San Francisco for many years, and added:

"No one in my home city can point a finger at me. I am highly respected by every one."

CROWD TO HEAR BERGER.

Socialist Congressman Talks to Carnegie Hall Audience.

More people than could be packed into Carnegie Hall went there last night to hear Victor Berger give an accounting of his stewardship after four weeks in Congress as Socialism's lone Representative. Congressman Berger addressed those inside, and then went out into Fifty-eighth Street, where the police cleared a space for him and he addressed an overflow meeting.

The Milwaukee Congressman pleased his audience. His claim for things accomplished in his four weeks in Washington he rested on four resolutions introduced—one for each week of his career. He promised his audience that he would introduce four more during this session, and then solemnly assured his hearers that absolutely none of them had the slightest chance of being passed.

While the audience was laughing at this Berger clenched his fist and dropped his voice to a whisper and held his audfence almost breathless, while he added: "But I want you all to know—I know it myself—that in ten years you will have old age pensions for those worn out in industry, and you will have a new Constitution, and you will have—you will have the true story of why these troops have been rushed to the borderland by President Taft.

Manufacturers and merchants who deal in *Quality* merchandise find our organization peculiarly fitted to express *Quality* in advertising.

Cheltenham Advertising Service
150 Fifth Ave. at 20th St.

Munsing Union Suits

Are first and foremost comfortable undergarments. They fit perfectly those men who find it difficult to be fitted. They combine shirt and drawers in one garment, always remain properly adjusted, and give with every move. They are knitted into one shapely garment and keep their shape in spite of wear and laundry.

In lisle and balbriggan, Regular and Athletic, $1 to $2.50 the suit.

We are sole agents for New York City.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

PLEASE Remember that the "RICHMOND" vacuum cleaning system offers a means not only for cleaning floors, but walls and wall decorations—ceilings—draperies, hangings, furniture, beds, bedding, clothing—everything in and about the house, cleaned with the "RICHMOND" system can be kept absolutely free, not only from dust but from moth, vermin and their eggs. A home cleaned by "RICHMOND" vacuum cleaning is not only spotless and immaculate—it smells clean and wholesome and inviting.

"Collect the Dust —Don't Spread It"

How "RICHMOND" Vacuum Cleaning Saves Money

Forget the fact that vacuum cleaning eliminates drudgery, increases comfort, promotes health—forget the convenience of it for a moment, and judge it purely as an **economy**—by the actual daily dollars and cents it saves.

The Piedmont Hotel, of Atlanta, Ga., for example, saves $858 a year **on its carpets alone,** through "RICHMOND" Vacuum Cleaning. This is 54% **per annum** on the whole cost of its plant.

The sixteen story Empire Office Building of Birmingham, Ala., saves $1,185.60 a year **on labor—weekly payroll—alone,** through "RICHMOND" Vacuum Cleaning. This is 60% **per annum** on the whole cost of that plant.

Such merchants as Marshall Field & Co., John Wanamaker, B. Altman & Co., Jordan, Marsh & Co., James McCreery & Co., Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., William Taylor & Sons, Arnold, Constable & Co., R. H. Macy & Co.—and 200 others—find that "RICHMOND" Vacuum Cleaning pays **usurious interest** on the investment.

Wherever installed—in a ten room residence or a building which measures its floor space by the acre—"RICHMOND" Vacuum Cleaning will pay for itself in from eighteen to thirty months.

The reason is three-fold:

First, it halves the **labor,** and consequently the **cost** of cleaning.

Second, it puts an end to the annual **tear-up** called **housecleaning**—and to all of the expense, wear and tear, breakage and depreciation which housecleaning involves.

Third, it eliminates the **chief cause** of all wear and depreciation—dust, grit, grime; and doubles or trebles the life of all carpets, rugs, wall coverings, hangings, upholstery. Keeping everything always **bright** and **new.**

The actual saving soon provides full reimbursement of the initial cost.

"RICHMOND" Vacuum Cleaning can readily be installed in old buildings as well as new—in residences, apartments, hotels, schools, office buildings, libraries, churches, theatres, factories, stores, garages and public buildings.

Send the convenient coupon, or write—

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF VACUUM CLEANING SYSTEMS IN THE WORLD

THE McCRUM-HOWELL CO.

"RICHMOND" Vacuum Cleaning Systems (Manufactured and sold under the protection of the **Basic Kenney Patent** and 84 others); "RICHMOND" and "MODEL" Heating Systems; "RICHMOND" Bath Tubs, Sinks, Lavatories; "RICHMOND" Concealed Transom Lifts.

NEW YORK SHOWROOM:
41st Street and Park Avenue
One Block from Grand Central Station

SEND information about the advantages and economy of "Built-in-the-House" Vacuum Cleaning for the buildings checked below.

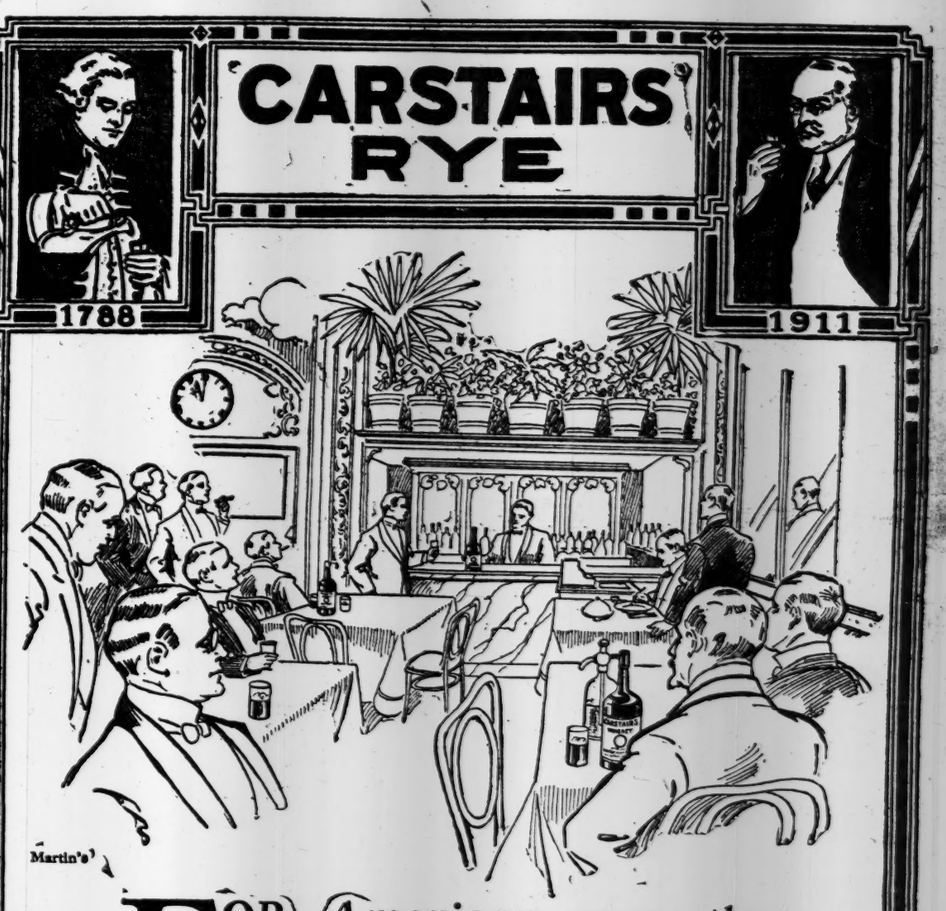
☐ Residence ☐ Office Building ☐ Church
☐ Apartment ☐ Public Building ☐ Theatre
☐ Hotel ☐ Library ☐ Factory
☐ School ☐ Garage 494 ☐ Store

If you are interested in a ten pound electrical Portable Cleaner, check here . . . . . ☐

Name_____

Address_____

Mail to The McCrum-Howell Co.
Park Avenue and 41st Street, New York City, or Rush and Michigan Streets, Chicago



FOR *American men*—the oldest and purest *American* whiskey with French, German or any other kind of cooking.

No matter what the hors d'œuvres, the cheese or the in-betweens may be, the man with a good United States appetite wants *Carstairs Rye* for his stimulant.

Carstairs Rye is a blend of the choicest old whiskies.

It is aged in wood. It is fully matured. It is smooth, mellow, palatable.

For more than 122 years, generation after generation, the best judges of whiskey in New York City have been constant and consistent users of Carstairs Rye.

The standard of *purity* and *excellence* fixed nearly a century and a quarter ago—before food adulteration and cheapening had been heard or dreamed of—are maintained today; *with* all the improvements which *science* and *progress* make possible in the distilling industry.

The sale of Carstairs Rye in New York is consequently greater today than the sale of any other whiskey.

If you live outside New York City and find any difficulty in getting Carstairs Rye, advise us and we will see to it that you are promptly supplied.

STEWART DISTILLING CO.
A consolidation of
Carstairs, McCall & Co. and Carstairs Bros.
Philadelphia New York Baltimore

Shave with It at This Shop

IN our demonstrating shop we have private shaving booths and every convenience for shaving.

Go to 327 Fifth Avenue, near 33rd Street, and examine the AutoStrop Razor without any obligation to buy.

Quick and handy. The only self-sharpening razor.

Strops, shaves, cleans, without detaching blade.

All dealers sell it on thirty days' trial.

Stop at the shop today, before it leaves your mind.

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR

STROPS ITSELF

91

J. Ehrlich & Sons

You May Not Know Your Eyes are to Blame for Headaches or Dizziness

But we mean you *shall* know how to find out without cost—*consult*

Our Registered Physicians, Oculists of long experience, who examine eyes Without Charge.

You can depend upon what they tell you about your eyes. If glasses will be helpful, they will fit you *exactly*. If you don't need them, they will tell you so.

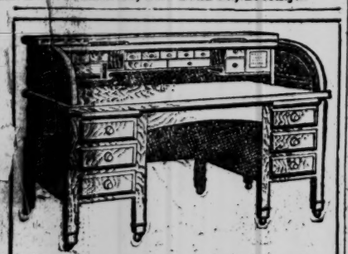
WE CHARGE FOR GLASSES ONLY

Perfect-Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50.

J. Ehrlich & Sons

Oculists' Opticians

223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 217 B'dway, Astor House
350 Sixth Av., 22d St. 101 Nassau—Ann St.
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Avs., New York.
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.



Desks of All Kinds

Office and Library Chairs and Tables, Sectional Bookcases. Filing Cabinets in Wood and Steel

Prompt Service Honest Prices

The Globe-Wernicke Co.

380-382 Broadway.

Phone, Franklin 3870.

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms

Incorporated,
Nos. 333-341 4th av., S. E. corner 25th st.
Henry A. Hartman, Auctioneer.

To-Day at 2 o'Clock

and continuing Saturday at same hour.

Owing to the Removal of

"The Little Shop"

From 251 Fifth Avenue to 255 Fifth Avenue

Practically the entire Stock of Old Silver, Sheffield Plate, Porcelains, Crystal &c., including over 200 rare pieces of

OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE

WILL BE SOLD AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC AUCTION

On free view till hour of sale.

Water Filters and Coolers

Ice Cream Freezers, etc

LEWIS & CONGER

130 and 132 West 42d St., New York

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Have The Times Follow You

Before leaving the city place order with your newsdealer to have The New York Times sent to your country address, or mail order to Publication Office, if you wish to be assured of not missing a copy. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

ESTIMATE BOARD HITS MAYOR'S CHARTER

With Difficulty the City Executive Delays Condemnation of It for a Week.

MITCHEL SHARPLY CRITICAL

Controller, Too, and Then President McAneny Hurls a Missile at the Veto Power It Provides.

Mayor Gaynor had a hard fight yesterday in the meeting of the Board of Estimate to keep his colleagues from registering their immediate condemnation of the Gaynor charter. There were nine votes in favor of a resolution introduced by President Mitchel of the Aldermen expressing particular disapproval of the provisions relating to the powers of the Board of Estimate and suggesting the appointment of a committee to appear before the legislative Committee on Cities to oppose the charter as it stands. The resolution would have required unanimous consent in order to be passed, as it was not on the calendar, and the Mayor's plea for delay for a week proved effective with Borough Presidents Steers of Brooklyn, Miller of the Bronx, and Gresser of Queens.

In deciding to defer a vote on the charter until next week the board was determined that it would then ask for a special appearance before the legislative committee. The regular hearing of the legislative committee is to take place in the Aldermanic Chamber at City Hall this afternoon, and on that account action by the majority of the Board of Estimate was favored yesterday so that the board would stand no chance of being euchred out of its determination to have its objections heard.

Mayor Disclaims It.

The discussion in the board was lively, and in the course of it Mayor Gaynor disavowed responsibility for the charter as a whole, saying that while there were things in it which he approved, he had not been consulted about many of the provisions, including, among others, the one giving him a veto power over all resolutions of the Board of Estimate passed by less than 12 votes.

The resolution offered by Mr. Mitchel reads:

> Resolved, That this board hereby condemns and disapproves those provisions of the proposed Charter of the City of New York prepared by the law department and now pending before the Legislature in the form of a bill entitled "An Act Constituting a Charter for the City of New York," which relates to the powers and functions of this board; and be it further
>
> Resolved, That a committee of this board, constituting the Controller, the President of the Borough of Manhattan, and the President of the Board of Aldermen be hereby appointed with instructions to appear before the joint committee on the affairs of cities now holding hearings upon said proposed Charter, and to oppose the enactment into law of said proposed Charter.

Mr. Mitchel remarked that the resolution spoke for itself, whereupon Borough President Steers declared that it was too hasty, and that he was not prepared to take such action at this time.

"Yes," put in the Mayor, "it ought to be considered calmly. It will do no harm to let it go over for a week."

Borough President McAneny pointed particularly to the provisions which gave a veto power to the Mayor, arguing that this vitally interested the board which ought to declare itself.

Direct Talk from Mitchel.

"Those provisions went into the charter without my knowledge," said the Mayor. "The first I knew about them was when I saw them in the printed draft. I heard no opposition to the charter while it was under consideration from any of my colleagues in the city government, and as for all this talk about its being my charter, there is nothing to it. There is much in the charter which I approve, but as a matter of fact most of it was put together from various drafts of charters prepared by revision commissions and without consulting me."

"I expressed specific objection to the charter, Mr. Mayor, in your office, and so did Controller Prendergast," spoke up Mr. Mitchel.

"But that was about the auditing powers of the controller," replied the Mayor. "I was against taking all the auditing power away from the Controller, and personally insisted that such power should be left with him."

That aroused Controller Prendergast.

"All the substantial powers of auditing were taken away," he declared, turning to the Mayor, "and were placed with the Corporation Counsel. It is not enough to say that you are opposed to taking the auditing powers away from the Controller, Mr. Mayor. If you really feel that way, you should have the provisions of the charter which actually take them away eliminated."

"This resolution does not relate to the Finance Department," interrupted Mayor Gaynor.

"I know it," retorted the Controller. "The Finance Department is quite able to fight its own battles. It doesn't ask any one else to fight them. It is on the firing line all the time."

"But," said the Mayor, "the charter can't be acted on by the Legislature for weeks, if it ever is acted on, and nothing is to be lost if this matter goes over for one week."

Gaynor Gives Assurances.

"Why?" asked Mr. Mitchel. "There is to be a hearing to-morrow on these very provisions, and we ought to be prepared to act."

Again Mr. Steers asked for more time to consider, and the Controller came back at him.

"The principal thing involved here is the right of the Mayor to veto every important action of this board—of course, I refer to the Mayor impersonally. Now, we all know whether we want to have the Mayor exercise that right, and if anybody does not know, it seems to me he ought to sit down and figure it out for himself before he does anything else."

"There will be no trouble about getting a hearing," put in Mayor Gaynor once more. "I will ask them to grant one, either here or in Albany—"

"In Albany?" repeated Mr. Mitchel. "I thought there was something like that in it. We want that hearing here in New York, not in Albany, and the regular hearing is set for to-morrow."

"Don't say that," pleaded the Mayor. "There wasn't anything 'in it' at all. The hearing will be held here if you want it here, and the delay won't hurt anything."

As the Mitchel resolution could not be adopted over the objection of Mr. Steers, Mr. McAneny made the motion to have a special meeting of the board called to consider the subject and seek opportunity for appearance later.

Mr. Steers objected to this also, and nothing remained to do but to lay the entire matter over for a week. From the line-up in the board yesterday, there is little doubt that the majority will vote next Thursday to oppose the Gaynor charter.

Murphy and Gaynor on the Charter.

Charles F. Murphy was in conference with Mayor Gaynor in the City Hall for almost an hour yesterday. It was his first call upon the Mayor since early in the Senatorial fight. Both refused to discuss the subject of their talk, but it was understood they discussed the provisions of the new City Charter.

AFLOAT IN PILOT HOUSE.

Tug Captain Rescued from Perilous Position After His Boat Went Down.

Tug Boat 22, the largest of the New York Central Railroad's fleet, got wedged in between a float loaded with sixteen freight cars and the bulkhead of the Long Island Railroad freight pier at the foot of Sixth Street, Long Island City, last night and went to the bottom of the East River. Two of her crew had time to jump aboard the float and five others were rescued from the water by the crews of the Long Island Railroad tugs Montauk and Russell. Capt. Scheffmeyer, who was caught in the pilot house when the tug sank, was carried down the river on a strong ebb tide.

It was several minutes before the crew of the Syosset, another Long Island Railroad tug, realized that some one was in the wrecked pilot house, which had been torn loose and was floating down the river. The Syosset ran alongside just in time. A rope was thrown to Capt. Scheffmeyer and after much trouble he was rescued.

PLAN $6,000,000 PARK AT COOGAN'S BLUFF

Polo Grounds to be Surrounded by Stadia for Other Sports and Exhibitions.

ONE BIG SHOW PALACE

To Replace Madison Square Garden—All to be Known as Olympia—Grounds Stretch to the Harlem.

Coogan's Bluff, whereon a few goats and many kids have for years been wont to look down—though without superciliousness—upon seasons and seasons of baseball between the Giants and all the other baseball teams, is soon to offer a view of the greatest amphitheatre and stadium in the history of the city, if the plans of the present owner, Mrs. Harriet G. Coogan, materialize. These plans have been worked out in more and more definite detail in the last few weeks, since the offer for sale of Madison Square Garden and its probable disappearance as a place for public exhibitions and sport shows was first announced in THE TIMES. It is estimated that the changes proposed by Mrs. Coogan will cost beween $5,000,000 and $6,000,000.

The property affected comprises ninety acres north of 155th Street and between Speedway Park, at St. Nicholas Avenue, and the Harlem River. It passed to Mrs. Coogan as sole owner from her great-grandmother, Mrs. Sarah Gardner, through her mother, Mrs. Sarah Lynch. It includes Manhattan Field, adjoining the present Polo Grounds, which since the recent fire have been taken under a long lease for the Giants by their President, John T. Brush.

Preparations for the change have been under way on Manhattan Field for the last six months, and since the announcement that Madison Square Garden is to be discontinued as a show place, negotiations have been carried on between Mr. and Mrs. Coogan and various associations that used to hold their exhibitions at the Garden for the transfer of these shows to the new amphitheatre. According to Mr. Coogan, the National Horse Show Association and other associations in question have almost without exception expressed themselves heartily in favor of holding their exhibitions in the new grounds, as the most suitable place after the passing of Madison Square Garden.

The new grounds are to be known as Olympia, the name having been adopted at first with the intention of modeling the show place after the Olympia of London, which is used for purposes like those of Madison Square Garden. Since then, however, the idea has grown to greater proportions, and other buildings for various lines of outdoor sport and amusement have been added to the scheme.

It is planned to lay out, adjoining the baseball stadium, which is to be rebuilt by Mr. Brush on lines conforming with the general character of the whole scheme, a large polo field with clubhouses and grandstand, likewise conforming to the main plan.

Next to this will be a field for track and field sports, also provided with clubhouses, training quarters, and grand stand of the prevailing style of architecture. The plan includes boathouses and landing places on the bank of the Harlem River, so that visitors may use their own yachts or motor boats in reaching the field.

All the buildings are to be fireproof, including the stables for horses, cattle, poultry, dogs, and automobile shows. The main building, which it is planned to make a second though grander Madison Square Garden, will run 450 feet on Eighth Avenue and 800 feet back to St. Nicholas Avenue, and plans for this, according to Mr. Coogan, are already under way in the hands of a prominent architect. The buildings will be provided with paraphernalia to be used in conducting the various exhibitions.

"We feel that with the passing of Madison Square Garden there will be a need generally felt for some place in which to hold great public meetings and exhibitions," said Mr. Coogan at the Hotel Gotham last night; "a similar place for congregation of thousands of persons, but built for purposes of to-day instead of for those of twenty years ago, as was Madison Square Garden. Mrs. Coogan, who is the sole owner of the grounds, has the money, land, and disposition to provide such a meeting place, and we know it will prove fairly prosperous.

"We have been preparing Manhattan Field for the last six months. It was on this field, by the way, just south of the Polo Grounds, that the first open-air horse show was held here in 1880, in charge of Col. William Jay. At that time 654 horses were stabled there, with 350 box stalls. We can do better now."

For years before the construction of the present Polo Grounds the field was likewise the old home of the Giants. When the war between the Brotherhood Baseball League and the National League was adjusted the Brotherhood baseball park became the Polo Grounds and the old Polo Grounds became Manhattan Field. With the recent destruction of the stands at the Polo Grounds, Mrs. Coogan, who had long cherished the hope of converting the entire property into a great athletic park and show place, believed that the opportunity had come to put her plan into effect. The first step toward the proposed change was taken in negotiations to replace the old frame grand stand and bleachers by a modern fireproof structure.

Much of the property to be used is at present held on leases, but as fast as these expire the buildings will be torn down to make room for the new structures. The work of building the new Polo Ground stands and clubhouse will begin in the near future, and architects are already at work on tentative plans for Olympia and the subsidiary stadium and clubhouses.

When the complete plan is carried out a view from the viaduct at 155th Street will disclose just below the main building of Olympia, and beyond that the huge and solid stadium of the Polo Grounds built by Mr. Brush. To the right instead of the squalid buildings and barren flats which are now in view there will be green fields to the river with boathouses and landing stages beautifying the bank there. On the other side will be the ornamental boathouses of the New York rowing clubs. The whole will make a park of the northern end of Eighth Avenue, which is at present rather a waste.

Mr. Coogan said last night that no syndicate would be formed to finance the project, but that it would all be put through by Mrs. Coogan at her own expense. He did not care at this time to set down the plan in greater detail or to say who are the architects to whom it has been intrusted.

Bass' Ale

"Every Time Is Bass Time"

V. Before Retiring—

A glass of Bass just at bedtime will induce sound, refreshing sleep. It is a natural sedative.

On Draught and In Bottle Everywhere

Bass & Co. 90 Warren Street New York

The Telephone—

Everybody uses it. The world depends on it. Have you telephones enough?

New York Telephone Co.

FRANKO AND ORCHESTRA. RESTAURANT DAILY

Simpson Crawford Co.

132 Years' London and Fashion

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.

Very Special Sale To-day:—

Oriental Rugs

WE direct particular attention to three lots that are especially suitable for refurnishing town or country homes, as the sizes are very convenient and the particular kinds of rugs are exceedingly brilliant and beautiful in design and color.

☞ Fourth Floor.

Lot 1—Kurdish Shirvan and Beluchistan rugs, average size 3x5. Values up to $18.00; sale price..... **$11.95**

Lot 2—Genuine Antique Kurdish Bidjai and Mosoul rugs, from the south of Persia. Values up to $35.00; sale price **$18.00**

Lot 3—Genuine Antique Shirvan, Daghestan, Kurdistan and Mossoul rugs. Values up to $45.00; sale price..... **$24.75**

24 Hall Strips, 13, 14, 15 and 16 ft. long. A number of them are made of camel's hair. Some medallion, others small figures. 3 to 3½ ft. wide; sale price..... **$49.75**

Persian Serappi Rugs. Size about 9x12, exceedingly fine specimens, practically all geometrical designs, having a bold decisive Oriental appearance. Exclusive shops retail these Ghorevan, or so called Persian Serappi Rugs at $250.00 to $300.00..... **$137.00** $250.00 values

DRUGGETS from East India. Practical, very durable and in exceedingly good taste. Their prices are very little above the average domestic rugs and remember, they are made by hand

Size 3x6 ft. Special at..... **$6.50**
Size 9x12 ft. Special at..... **$32.50**
Size 8x10 ft. Special at..... **$26.00**
Size 4x7 ft. Special at..... **$10.50**

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., Sixth Ave., New York City

Two Broadway Stores:

265 Broadway Near Chambers St.

841 Broadway Corner 13th St.

New Harlem Store:

125th St. Near **3d Av.**

Harlem Store Open Evenings

Reorganized and Extended

This business enters the second month of its new life with larger plans for itself and even better values for its customers.

Thousands of men's suits have already been sold at prices far less than they were made to sell for. Many thousands of suits are still here—all reduced in price as a result of our reorganization and the exploitation of new ideas. These suits are all that the best in fabrics, trimmings, tailoring, and designing can make them. Tailored right here in New York, for New Yorkers,

Hackett, Carhart Clothes for Men Bear An Enviable Reputation

Never before at the season's very beginning have you been offered, under price, garments of such irreproachable character.

Men's Suits of Jamestown worsteds—fabrics justly famous for their beauty and durability; in all the prevailing shades. Also suits of exquisitely fine weave blue serges. Intended to sell this Spring at $16, $18 and $20 ..... **$13.50**

Men's Suits of rough cheviots, in the newest tans, grays and browns. Worsted suits in attractive stripe effects, and blue serge suits. Models and sizes for men and young men. $20 and $22.50 suits now **$15.00**

Men's Suits of smooth worsteds, shaggy cheviots and soft cassimeres in Spring's most pleasing grays, tans and mixtures, and plain blue serges; $22.50 and $25 suits now **$17.50**

Men's $25 and $28 Suits, embodying the most advanced style ideas, as regards models and patterns. Attractive colorings, for Spring and Summer. Now reduced to **$19.50**

Men's $28 and $30 Suits, in a wide range of the finer fabrics in exclusive weaves and colorings. Tailored as only Hackett, Carhart clothes are tailored; now **$21.50**

Men's $30 and $32.50 Suits that would be extreme values at those prices. Reorganization and extension make it necessary to sell these suits at **$24.50**

Men's $32.50 and $35 Suits; now..... **$27.50**

Men's $35 and $38 Suits; now..... **$31.50**

Men's $38 and $40 Suits, now..... **$34.50**

Men's $40 and $45 Suits; now..... **$37.50**

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

GIMBELS

When You're Ready To Store Your Furs Just Telephone 8200 Madison Square

The New Gimbel FUR STORAGE Vault Is the largest, finest, cleanest, safest Summer Home for FURS in New York City Moderate Storage Charges. Send for schedule

The Top Notch of Country House Luxury Is Found in "COMFORT HAVEN"

But it is *simple* luxury—the comfort of spreading wicker, willow, cane and cretonne furniture, to which one turns with relief after stuffy city surroundings.

For "Comfort Haven" is primarily an exhibition of Summer Furniture, Floor Coverings and Hangings—the most complete, the most interesting, the most abundant in helpful suggestion that we believe has ever been achieved. It is certainly based on the most satisfactory stocks of everything to assure the comfort of the country home that can be found in New York.

Incidentally, its stage setting is so artistic, so unusual, and so graphic, with its cluster of charming little cottages, each fitted up in characteristically different fashion, that for the mere sake of seeing something *new*, you should by all means make a visit to the Auditorium while "Comfort Haven" is established there.

Eighth floor

The Right Equipment For Journeys by Land or Sea

It would be strange, indeed, if this great Gimbel Store, situated right in the heart of things, where the tide of travel constantly ebbs and flows, did not live up to its opportunities—and obligations—in providing the best collection of Travelers' Requisites to be found in New York.

This it endeavors to do; and its notable success is of especial interest just now, when Summer travel plans are rapidly maturing. Whether you're bound for Europe, the Maine coast, the Great Lakes or the Grand Canon, the various sections of the Gimbel Store will work together for your complete and comfortable traveling equipment, from the Shawl Strap to Trunk or Steamer Rug.

"Zephyr" Trunks Light as a Feather

People who travel much on the Continent, where excess luggage is penalized, prefer such light-weight Trunks as "Zephyr" to any others. These are modeled after the "Rohrplatten" Trunks, and we are proud to be the exclusive distributors of them in New York. Almost every part of them, except the labor, is imported. Their round corners give them greatly increased strength over the usual square-cornered style. In addition, they are waterproof. *And yet the 36-inch Dress Trunk, with two trays, weighs but 54 lbs., and costs but* $20. 36, 38 and 40-inch Steamer Trunks, and 38 and 40-inch Dress Trunks at proportionately low prices.

Gimbel Trunks, Specially Priced

From the splendid stock of Gimbel Trunks, selected to meet every traveling need, we choose two to offer at specially low introductory prices.

$18 Dress Trunks at $14—Black canvas-covered, with two thick fiber center bands, stamped steel edge, brassed trimmings, strong "Eagle" lock. Fully riveted, cloth-lined, with divided top tray and extra lower tray. Sizes 34, 36 and 38 inches, at $14 each.

$22 Hat Trunks at $17.50—30 inches long, black canvas-covered, with fiber binding, brass hardware, fully riveted, and linen-lined. With six removable hat crowns, and extra tray for veils, neckwear, etc. Practical and convenient trunks.

Innovation Trunks—36 Styles—at $30 and Upwards

We are sole distributors of these famous Trunks in New York City, outside of the Innovation Shop itself. These Trunks, although but 46 inches tall, have the admirable "Innovation" hanging devices, which are not approached, in convenience, by any other Wardrobe Trunk in equally small space. Guaranteed for five years.

Traveling Rugs for Steamer or Motor

The cruising radius of these splendid Rugs will be almost as great as that of the Magic Rug of Aladdin, if we are judges of their beauty, snugness and value. We have gathered the best from both American and foreign makes, and have included many color-schemes of our own design. There are Scotch plaids, with both sides alike, one side plain or different plaids on each side. New, from abroad, are stunning striped effects, as well as the latest bright and subdued plaids. Domestic Steamer Trunk Rugs range in price from $4 to $17.75. Imported Steamer Rugs are $15 to $30 each. Among the latter are some extra wide Rugs that will cover three people in the tonneau of a motor.

Second floor

Leather Comforts for the Handbag

The skilled traveler arrives at the proper amount of luggage by a process of elimination. When you peek into his handbag you're apt to find such compact little space savers as these:

Fitted Toilet Cases for Men, $5 to $25.
Fitted Toilet Cases for Women, $5.50 to $50.
Foot Gloves or Travelers' Slippers, in case, $2 to $3.50.
Coat Hangers, $1 to $3.
Bottle Sets and Medicine Case, $1 to $7.50. Clocks, $1.50 to $18.50.
Leather Photograph Frames, 50c to $15.
Others, sterling silver-trimmed, from $5 to $25.
Flat Brushes, $1 to $20.
Flasks, 50c to $5.
Drinking Cups, 25c up.
Limousine Cases, flat fitting, $12.50 to $37.50.
Jewel Boxes, $3 to $18.
Wickerwork Baskets, $3 to $20.
Auto Flower Holders, special, $5.
Shirt Cases, $6 to $10.
Motor Bags, fitted, $27.50 to $50.

Guide Books and Summer Reading

Handy Guides to Europe and good novels to read on steamer or train, to slip into your traveling bag from this very comprehensive Gimbel Book Store.

Rolf's Satchel Guide to Europe, 1911 Edition, $1.50.

Stedman's Pocket Guide to Europe, 1911 Edition, $1.25.

Baedeker's Guides, a full assortment in the latest editions, $1.80 up.

All the new novels, on the day of their publication.

Fourth floor

Hand Luggage That It's Pleasure To Travel With

From the best makers of America and England, who have made a study of travelers' requirements.

Men's Fitted Traveling Bags, $16.50 to $85.
Women's Fitted Traveling Bags, $14 to $150.
London-made Traveling Bags and Suit Cases, $18 to $65.
Extra deep Bellows Suit Cases, $13.50 to $30.
"Indestructo" Hand Luggage, $12 to $43.50.
Lunch Baskets, $12 to $65.
Men's Traveling Bags, without fittings, $5 to $37.50.
Women's Traveling Bags, without fittings, $5 to $30.
Men's and Women's Suit Cases, $5 to $30.
Light-weight Suit Cases, cane or wicker, $2 to $9.

Special Offerings of Hand Luggage

Kit Bags, hand-made, 24 and 26 in., $20 and $22.

Suit Cases with straps all around, 24 and 26 in., $7.50 and $8.50.

Men's or Women's Black Walrus Bags, 16 to 18 in., $10.

Sole Leather Bags, 16 to 18 in., $6.50 to $7.

Main floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

ASK $800,000,000 FOR NEW CITY WORK

Department Heads Submit These Estimates, Including Work Ordered, for Next Five Years.

OLD DEBTS ON WATER FRONT

Interest of $1,300,000 Has Been Paid on $3,000,000 and Tomkins Figures on Getting Rid of Principal.

Estimates of the various city departments on their needs for the next five years in corporate stock, or the amount they would like to spend in permanent improvements, recently requested by the Board of Estimate, are all in and total nearly $800,000,000. A large part of this sum is represented by authorizations or appropriations already made on which all the money has not yet been spent.

The table of departments for the full five years reads:

President Borough of Manhattan	$37,140,000
Bronx	17,458,850
Brooklyn	35,443,000
Queens	12,787,840
Richmond	7,147,176
Fire Department	11,147,005
Police Department	6,003,600
Street Cleaning	557,553
Department of Water Supply	141,531,057
Board of Water Supply	126,402,000
Bellevue and Allied Hospitals	13,998,488
Department of Correction	8,430,889
Board of Education	53,173,224
Charities	21,094,117
Department of Bridges	147,604,932
Carnegie Library sites	2,000,000
Parks, Manhattan and Richmond	28,756,251
Parks, Bronx	6,867,206
Parks, Brooklyn and Queens	10,521,842
Normal College	2,240,608
Health Department	8,954,172
Docks and ferries	9,450,017
Finance and miscellaneous	93,279,646
Armories	4,358,927
Total	$766,596,800

More than $115,000,000 of the $141,000,000 item for the Water Department is represented by authorizations already made. The same is true of about $90,000,000 for the Bridge Department. It asks for $7,000,000 for the coming year. This is represented by unpaid awards on the various new bridge approaches.

Dock Commissioner Tomkins asks for $9,000,000 to make the final payments on parcels of waterfront property that have been acquired at various times, much of it years ago. Nearly half of this total is represented by property between Fifteenth and Eighteenth streets in the North River, which was acquired in 1904. This matter has been held over by the department until $1,300,000 interest has piled up on a principal of a little more than $3,000,000.

The table of the requests for the coming fiscal year, beginning July 1, reads:

Education	$14,083,920
Docks and Ferries	9,450,017
Water Supply, Gas & Electricity	2,886,500
Parks, Manhattan and Richmond	3,588,000
Parks, Brooklyn and Queens	1,410,160
Parks, Bronx	990,000
Finance	2,007,500
Fire	1,750,000
Police	600,000
Health	1,342,000
Borough Manhattan	5,955,000
Borough Brooklyn	2,307,000
Borough Bronx	1,028,000
Borough Queens	3,409,948
Borough Richmond	683,000
Charities	1,592,050
Street Cleaning	20,000
Bellevue and Allied Hospitals	400,000
Correction	225,000
Bridges	7,463,000
Normal College	370,000
Armory Board	283,000
Miscellaneous	1,000,000
Total	$62,944,154

The Board of Education plans to build thirty new school buildings and from twenty-five to thirty additions to existing schools if it gets its $14,000,000.

The Park Department items will undoubtedly be materially reduced.

Borough President McAneny of Manhattan wants $2,000,000 to begin the Sixth and Seventh Avenue extension and $1,000,000 to begin the Irving Place extension. He estimates that the former improvement will cost about $8,500,000 and the latter $2,250,000. He also asks for $1,000,000 for repaving and $1,000,000 to carry on the Riverside Drive work.

Borough President Miller of the Bronx asks for $581,000 for repaving and $228,000 to pay for the completion of the Bronx County Court House. His total for the five years includes a request for $1,000,000 to pay for a new Borough Hall.

Borough President Steers of Brooklyn asks for $992,000 for repaving, $750,000 to start a new Municipal Building, $500,000 to start the proposed Eighth Ward Market, which he estimates will cost $2,000,000, and $532,000 to commence a Central Library Building, which he estimates will cost $4,500,000.

Borough President Gresser of Queens asks for $2,364,000 for repaving, and $400,000 to start a new Borough Hall.

Borough President Cromwell of Richmond asks for $284,000 for repaving, $100,000 for a refuse destroying plant, and $250,000 for a site for a new Richmond County Court House.

KOSHER BAKERS WIN.

Settlement Signed on Basis of Wages Demanded and Strike Declared Off.

After conferences consuming a good part of yesterday between the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue and committees of the striking bakers and the Independent Master Bakers' Association the strike of the kosher bakers was officially called off.

The negotiations had gone on until the only hitch was the refusal of the union to treat with the association as a body. The members of the association, it was settled, should sign individual agreements with the union, and after the strikers return to work a committee consisting of three members of the union, three members of the association, and three disinterested persons will be appointed to investigate the conditions of employment and devise a plan for a permanent arbitration board to prevent strikes in the future by agreements between the union and the association.

The plan will be submitted at the annual convention of the Journeyman Bakers and Confectioners' International Union, which begins at Atlanta, Ga., on Sept. 15, and if it is adopted an amendment to the constitution will be proposed giving the power to the locals to appoint representatives on such boards and to make agreements with local employers' associations. Under the present constitution of the International Union, it is said, no local union is authorized to make agreements with local associations of employers.

The kosher bakers will now be about the highest paid of any in the city. They will return to work as fast as the agreements are signed under the provisions of the settlement, by which the wages, as originally demanded, are fixed at $24, $20, and $18 a week for first, second, and third hands respectively.

SIR IAN HAMILTON COMING.

Famous India and South Africa Soldier to Visit Us Next Week.

Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton and his aids, Lieut. Col. Hubert Reed and Major W. R. Maddock, traveled from Antigua to Bermuda on the Royal Mail Steam Packet Tagus, which arrived here yesterday, and Capt. C. Flaws said that Gen. Hamilton would arrive in New York next week.

Gen. Hamilton is Inspector General of the British oversea forces, a post declined by the Duke of Connaught, the King's uncle, and Lord Kitchener. He has been inspecting the garrison in Jamaica and elsewhere in the West Indies.

Sir Ian is one of the best-known Indian soldiers. He served in the Afghan war, on the Nile expedition to the relief of Gen. Gordon, the Burmese campaign of 1888-7, the Chitral and Tirah campaigns, and in the defense of Ladysmith in the Boer war. He was with the Japanese Field Army in Manchuria in the recent war with Russia. In addition to his military career Sir Ian has written several books, including "A Jaunt in a Junk," "Fighting of the Future," and "A Staff Officer's Scrap Book."

COURT FREES TWO OF GANG.

Denounces Detectives' Way of Testifying—Same Story Convicts Two Others.

After Judge Mulqueen, in General Sessions, ordered the jury to acquit Antonio Rubiano and Pasquale Le Rosa, who were accused of burglary, yesterday, Pietro Litrel and Pasquale Palezola, who were indicted with them, were convicted of the crime. The jury was out for only five minutes.

It was charged that on April 19 last the four men attempted an entrance into a store at 322 West 107th Street. Detectives Le Gilio and Caputo saw the men attempt to enter the store. The four men were arrested, and it was found that all were armed, and that one carried a two-foot jimmy. Rubiano and Le Rosa were the first placed on trial, and Detective Le Gilio was asked by Assistant District Attorney Deming what he was doing in the neighborhood. Le Gilio replied:

"I and my partner were standing in a doorway watching a house on the opposite side of the street that had been blown up by a Black Hand bomb, and—"

Judge Mulqueen interrupted the witness. He said:

"Gentlemen of the jury, you will acquit these defendants at once. The statement of the officer is prejudicial to their rights and privileges. It is about time detectives in this city learned how to present evidence in this court."

The two defendants were so surprised that two court officers had to shove them out of the courtroom, as they refused to believe that they had been acquitted.

When Palezola and Litrel were put on trial before Judge Mulqueen, Le Gilio was called again, and Assistant District Attorney Deming questioned him about the arrest. Counsel for the prisoners put Le Gilio through a cross-examination, in which he asked what he was doing at the time. Le Gilio moved about uncomfortably in his chair, but said nothing. Judge Mulqueen then said:

"Go ahead, tell what you were doing in that neighborhood."

Le Gilio then told his story, using the same words he had in reply to Mr. Deming's question. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

One of the men turned loose had been arrested for petty larceny, while the other had a loaded revolver and a pair of brass knuckles when arrested.

SMUGGLED, THEN PAID FOR IT

After His Blackmailer Had Got $3,000 the Rug Dealer Confessed to Loeb.

Fear of a blackmailer led a Syrian rug importer to confess yesterday to Collector Loeb, through an attorney, a scheme by which some $16,000 worth of rugs had been smuggled into this country without the payment of duties. The confession was accompanied by an offer to settle, but this has not been accepted by the customs men. According to the attorney, his client, who is unable to speak English, hired an interpreter. This man suggested to his employer that it would be comparatively easy to distribute rugs to certain Syrians coming to this country, and they could declare them as personal property and later turn them over to the rug merchant.

The plan worked successfully, and the importer extended his operations until some $16,000 worth of rugs had been landed free. Then came the raid upon the offices of Duveen Brothers and the wide publicity given the affair in the newspapers. The day after the raid the interpreter appeared in the private office of his employer. He carefully translated the accounts and then called his employer's attention to the fact that he also was a smuggler. He said there was grave danger that the rug man might be arrested, and ended with a demand for $200. He got the money.

After that the interpreter from time to time translated other newspaper accounts of smuggling, and each reading was followed by a demand for more money. In this way he collected some $3,000 blackmail. The importer was reduced to a state of nervous prostration. When finally, however, a demand was made for $5,000 he revolted, discharged the interpreter and sent for his lawyer. In the meantime the discharged man threatened to go to the Custom House with his information. Then the attorney acted promptly, and yesterday the Collector heard his story.

Instead of going to the customs authorities the former employe, it is said, took passage for France, carrying with him most of the books and papers of the firm. The importer is now on his way to the other side in a race to recover his books. An offer of $6,000 was made to Collector Loeb to compromise the matter, but it was not accepted, and will not be until the importer returns and his books are examined.

CAUSED PASSENGER'S ARREST

Woman Said He Broke Window Maliciously, but He Is Discharged.

When a Subway express from Brooklyn reached Fourteenth Street early yesterday evening a woman who said she was Mrs. Anna Beekwold of 518 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, asked a special policeman to arrest a man who left the train with her. She said he had broken a window in the car and scattered broken glass over her.

The man, who said he was John A. Valentine of 95 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, submitted to arrest and was taken to Night Court, where Magistrate Butts, after hearing the woman's story, discharged him.

Mrs. Beekwold said that Mr. Valentine had smashed the window maliciously, in order to annoy her. He had done it, she said, just as the train left the Nevins Street station in Brooklyn. Magistrate Butts said that he had no jurisdiction over an act committed in Kings County.

Mr. Valentine was not asked to tell his side of the case, and left court when he was discharged without volunteering an explanation. A representative of the Interborough was in court and called the attention of the Magistrate to the fact that the Interborough Company was not a complainant against Mr. Valentine.

SAVES HER SON FROM JAIL.

On Mother's Plea Magistrate Rehears a Case and Frees Youth He Had Held.

Much excitement was caused in the Night Court yesterday when a woman ran down the aisle shrieking:

"My poor boy is innocent! He's no thief! Give him a new trial, Judge!"

Magistrate Butts, who had just held Austin Wilson of 500 West Twenty-fifth Street, for stealing three steel fishplates from the Metropolitan Railway Company, because the boy refused to say anything, reconsidered his decision and reopened the hearing.

John O'Brien, a watchman for the company, identified three plates found in the boy's possession by Patrolman Mosher, saying they had been taken from the rails and discarded.

"How much are they worth?"

"They are nothing but junk," answered O'Brien.

Then the Magistrate discharged Austin, with the observation that picking up useless junk in the streets was no crime.

CONTRACTS LET FOR NEW PREVENTORIUM

Work on Buildings, to be Begun at Once, May Be Completed This Summer.

HEADING OFF TUBERCULOSIS

In These Structures 130 Sickly Children Will Be Treated—Plans for Further Expansion.

In the letting of contracts yesterday for the erection of four fireproof dormitories, an administration building and a power plant on the old Brisbane farm in the woodlands near Farmingdale, N. J., the first definite step was taken toward the creation in this country of a large institution dedicated to the prevention instead of the cure of disease.

The institution which will absorb the present activities of the Tuberculosis Preventorium for Children, now housed in a farm building near by, will cost $100,000. Construction on the new plant will begin next week, and it is expected that the 130 children which it is to care for will be ready to move in before the close of the summer.

The site, consisting of 100 acres overgrown with timber, was a donation from the Albert Brisbane estate. There adjoin it 200 acres of the Brisbane stock farm, on which the Preventorium has a twenty-five-year free lease.

The children who will be treated experimentally will come from homes in which there are tubercular parents, but none will be admitted who are themselves suffering from tuberculosis. The aim will be to take sickly, unnourished youngsters from four to fourteen years old and fatten them on country air and a proper diet, scientifically applied to suit each individual need, under the supervision of a physician and the care of trained nurses.

The Preventorium, which was started as a small experiment at Lakewood, was afterward moved to the farm house where its work is now carried on. It grew out of an effort to translate into practicable form the new sentiment everywhere pervading the medical fraternity in favor of preventive effort rather than wholly curative efforts, after diseases have been allowed to take firm hold on their victims.

Charitably inclined persons became interested when it became evident that parents, upon their removal to tubercular sanatoriums, often left little ones as badly off as if they had been orphaned. To care for these little ones the first movement toward the Preventorium was made, and soon it grew into a form where a tangible work could be seen ahead.

Plans for a big institution were made more than a year ago, but the large amount of capital needed was not readily to be had, and for that reason a year of campaigning for money preceded the actual letting of the contracts on the buildings desired.

A few days ago Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, first vice-president of the Preventorium, announced the donation of $50,000 to the building fund from a friend, and orders were at once given to Walter J. Judell, the architect in charge, to advertise for building contracts.

Two buildings, in addition to the six upon which work will now begin, will be constructed a little later, as soon as funds to provide for them have been obtained.

Of those to be completed this summer two are dormitories for girls and two are dormitories for boys. These four dormitories, each built in the form of a cross, are to form the outer edges of a large parked area, in the center of which will stand a building devoted to administration and culinary purposes. The entire ground floor will be the "dining room," while on the second floor the doctors, nurses and attendants will have their quarters. A power plant, the sixth in the series of buildings, will stand behind the administration building.

The building fund, which is now $102,000, consists of a $50,000 check given by Nathan Straus, $1,000 checks from Jacob H. Schiff and Felix M. Warburg and the $50,000 check given anonymously through Mrs. J. Borden Harriman. So far in its present plant 250 children have been treated.

The physicians especially interested in the work of the Preventorium are Dr. Abraham Jacobi, Dr. Herman M. Biggs, Dr. Alfred H. Hess, Dr. Alexander Miller and Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff.

Freshmen Best In Field Events.

The field events in the track meet between the Columbia freshman team and the De Witt Clinton aggregation which were held on South Field yesterday afternoon served to increase the lead which the collegians had over the schoolboys after the holding of the running events last Monday. Rain at that time made a postponement of the field contests until yesterday necessary, and the score then stood 46 for the freshmen to 17 for Clinton. In yesterday's events the Columbia freshmen scored 20 additional points and De Witt Clinton 16, making the final scores for the meet 66 to 33. The summaries:

High Jump—Won by T. M. Rozelle, De Witt Clinton, with a jump of 5 feet 3 inches; H. T. Weiskotten, Columbia, 1914, and S. Graham, De Witt Clinton, tied for second at 5 feet 1 inch. Weiskotten won the jump off.

Broad Jump—Won by S. Graham, De Witt Clinton, with a jump of 20 feet 1 inch; H. C. Dickenson, Columbia, 1914, second, with a jump of 19 feet 4½ inches; W. Moore, De Witt Clinton, third, with a jump of 19 feet 2 inches.

12-Pound Shot Put.—Won by R. Hale, Columbia, 1914, with a put of 43 feet 1¼ inches; L. Lenzer, De Witt Clinton, second, with a put of 40 feet 9⅝ inches; H. W. Reilly, Columbia, 1914, third, with a put of 40 feet 3 inches.

Pole Vault—H. T. Weiskotten, Columbia, 1914, and H. C. Dickenson, Columbia, 1914, tied for first with a jump of 8 feet 3 inches; W. Moore, De Witt Clinton, third, with a jump of 8 feet.

Bulldog Breeders to Show.

The second annual open show of the Bulldog Breeders' Association of America will be held at the Murray Hill Lyceum May 20. One hundred and fifty specials will be awarded in addition to the trophies for the following classes: Puppies, dogs; junior, dogs; green dogs and bitches; novice, dogs; limit, dogs under 45 pounds; limit, dogs, 45 pounds and over; dogs and bitches, under 28 pounds; American-bred dogs, champions barred; open, dogs, bred by exhibitor; open, dogs, 45 pounds and over; blue ribbon class, open to dogs winning in the previous classes; puppies, bitches; junior, bitches; novice, bitches; limit, bitches, under 40 pounds and over 40 pounds; American-bred bitches, champions barred; open, bitches, bred by exhibitor; open, bitches, under 40 pounds, and over 40 pounds; blue ribbon class, open to bitches winning in previous classes; best brace, (2;) best brace, (4,) either sex.

Wm Vogel & Son

AN UNUSUAL VALUE IN MEN'S SPRING OVERCOATS. PRICES HAVE BEEN REDUCED ON SILK LINED TO EDGE BLACK OVERCOATS—SILK LINED GRAY WORSTED OVERCOATS—SILK LINED GRAY CHEVOIT OVERCOATS—SKELETONIZED CHEVIOT OVERCOATS—RAGLANS IN ROUGH SURFACE CLOTHS. SPECIALLY PRICED AT..$21.00

WM. VOGEL & SON

TIMES SQUARE

Broadway at 44th Street

OLD SPORTING PRINTS SOLD.

Quaint Portrayals Bring Small Prices at Tom Early Auction.

The Tom Early collection of old colored sporting prints, which was put undr the hammer last night at Clarke's Auction Rooms, called forth but little sentimental buying, the purchases in the main being made because of the rarity or oddity of the number sold.

Chief among the purchasers were Evert Jansen Wendell, an art connoisseur, who, when a student at Harvard, knew Early, who kept a famous sporting place in Boston, and Prof. Mike Donovan of the New York Athletic Club. The Professor cast covetous eyes on many of the old drawings and engravings of the topnotchers of the prize ring of the time of Tom Cribb and Molineux, the black, and those or more recent production, and invariably got what he wanted when the price suited Mr. Wendell, who can walk through the maze of an auction room blindfolded.

There was a very old portrayal of Joshua Hudson and Ed Baldwin, which showed the fighters with torsos, as the auctioneer said, "like those of Hercules," while their underpinning resembled the legs of some undeveloped lad of fifteen. There were many like these, and a glance at the portrayal gave every indication that the fighters of that day did not split hairs as to the weight idea.

A rare print, showing Tom Cribb and Jem Belcher, each with the curiously distorted muscularity of the men putting to shame the development of any of the present-day champions, fetched the small price of $1.50.

On a bunch from the professor, Mr. Wendell bid in pictures of Joe Goss and John C. Heenan for $2 each. Mr. Wendell, who was an intercollegiate champion sprinter long before the present-day crop of little holders were in their swaddling clothes, could not resist the temptation to bid in two illustrations of Johnny Day and William Spooner, sprinters of a half century ago. It was conceded that their being depicted standing alongside tombstones in no way inferred that they ran other than straight races.

The print, Commodore William H. Vanderbilt behind his celebrated trotting team, Small Hopes and Lady Mac, went for a song, as did most of the racing and trotting scenes put up. One of the best numbers shown was that of the New York Caledonian Club sports in Jones Wood in 1867. It was really a wonderful illustration, and caused some real competition. The sale will be continued to-night.

CHAMPIONS READY TO RACE.

Longboat, Holmer, Queal, Ljungstrom Anticipate Record in 15-Mile Event.

Each of the champions who are to compete in the world's 15-mile foot race on Sunday at Celtic Park, under the auspices of the Monument Club, has practically concluded his training for the event.

The list of entrants, which includes Hans Holmer, Billie Queal, Tom Longboat, Gusta Ljungstrom, Jim Crowley, Ted Crook, Matt Maloney, and W. Kohlemainen, is one to conjure with when foot runners are mentioned, as among them are to be found the topnotchers of the distance running world.

On the line gathered through the most recent races and workouts of these kings, a sight of the greatest foot race ever seen in this country seems sure to be the spectators' portion.

The famous Longboat, who has not been seen in New York since his memorable defeat of Alfred Shrubb, in Madison Square Garden, is again in the form which made him the peer of all the men he met over a distance. His recent victory over Frank Nebrich, who beat Fred Meadows last year, to whom he conceded one minute in ten miles, and beat in handy fashion, attests the worth of the assertion that the Indian is "there."

The calibre of the rest of the field is pretty well known and with a good day and track, the athletic sharps hereabouts anticipate the wiping out of Fred Appleby's long standing world's record, 1:20.04 3-5, made when he beat Shrubb at the Stamford Bridge grounds in London.

AUTO BOARD OF TRADE.

Certificate of Incorporation Filed with Secretary of State.

The certificate of incorporation of the Automobile Board of Trade has been filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and the headquarters of the new organization will be situated in New York City. The scope of the charter is very broad, and covers nearly every feature of the automobile industry. It proposes to foster the interests of the manufacturers, act as a clearing house, and give merchants and dealers a business rating, promote the construction of better highways, advocate the enactment of laws affecting the members and the regulation of customs, to acquire inventions and protect its members in actions or suits for alleged infringements of patents.

The duration of the corporation is twenty-five years, and the list of Directors follows: Charles T. Hanch, Indianapolis, Ind.; Charles Clifton, Buffalo, N. Y.; Hugh Chalmers, Detroit, Mich.; Sidney D. Waldon, Detroit, Mich.; Benjamin Briscoe, New York City, N. Y.; Thomas Henderson, Cleveland, Ohio; Samuel T. Davis, Jr., Bridgeport, Conn.

Yale Wins Seven Tennis Matches.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 4.—Yale's tennis team defeated the New Haven Lawn Club today seven matches to two. Yale won all six matches in singles and lost two out of three doubles. All the matches were close with the exception of those in which Holden defeated Nettleton and Gates defeated Sargeant. The scores:

Singles—Holden, Yale, defeated Nettleton, 6—3, 6—1; Gates, Yale, defeated Sargent, 6—4, 9—7; Cote, Yale, defeated Chase, 3—6, 6—2, 6—4; Man, Yale, defeated Corbin, 6—2, 5—7, 6—0; Thomasson, Yale, defeated Bronson, 6—8, 6—2, 6—1; G. Burgess, Yale, defeated Luquind, 3—6, 7—5, 6—1.

Doubles—Cote and Man defeated Nettleton and Langford, 5—7, 6—1, 6—4; Chase and Corbin defeated Gates, Yale, and Burgess, Yale, 6—1, 6—4; Sargent and Farnam defeated Evans, Yale, and Goodhue, Yale, 4—6, 6—3, 12—10.

Horace Mann School's Tennis Sweep.

Horace Mann School defeated Trinity School in tennis yesterday on the Horace Mann School's alumni field, winning the five matches played. The results:

Singles—Cunningham, Horace Mann, defeated Slee of Trinity, 6—0, 6—0; E. Fixham, of Horace Mann defeated Davis of Trinity, 6—0, 6—0; Coffey of Horace Mann defeated Olzendam of Trinity, 6—2, 6—2.

Doubles.—Fixham and Oswald of Horace Mann defeated Slee and Green of Trinity, 6—2, 6—3; Cunningham and Coffey of Horace Mann defeated Olzendam and Davis of Trinity, 6—2, 6—1.

KIRKBY MAKES LOW QUALIFYING SCORE

Beats Walter Travis One Stroke for First Day's Golf Honors at Garden City.

The strongest field of amateur golfers seen in a tournament on Northern links this Spring turned out for the invitation affair which began at the Garden City Golf Club yesterday. Included in the seventy-six starters were champions and past champions, and, strange to relate, the machinelike Walter J. Travis of the home club failed to win low-score honors in the eighteen-hole qualifying round. The medal was won by Oswald Kirkby, the far driver from Englewood, with a score of 81, a stroke better than the card returned by Travis.

One of the surprises was the failure of Fred Herreshoff, the metropolitan title holder, to qualify in the first sixteen. Herreshoff and Robert C. Watson, U. S. G. A. Secretary, were partners, and they had a sympathetic sort of a round, first one and then the other finding trouble. Both finished with scores of 92. Those with scores of 91 tied for the last place in the first set, and on the play-off E. P. Rogers of Baltusrol got in.

Gardiner W. White of Oakland, the interscholastic champion, qualified with an 89, and supplemented this by winning his first match easily. Kirkby beat Donald McKellar of Midland, and Travis proved too much for M. N. Buckner. The scores:

First Sixteen—Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, 81; W. J. Travis, Garden City, 82; L. A. Hamilton, Englewood, 84; Donald McKellar, Midland, 85; George C. Morse, Rutland, 86; Philip Carter, Nassau, 88; W. W. Taylor, Ardsley, 88; Gardiner White, Oakland, 89; F. S. Wheeler, Apawamis, 89; Louis Livingston Livingston, 89; G. C. Greenway, Jr., Garden City, 90; W. D. Brown, Oakland, 90; W. M. Buckner, Garden City, 89; William Watson, Baltusrol, 90; A. M. Robbins, Garden City, 90, and E. P. Rogers, Baltusrol, 91.

Second Sixteen—R. C. Carroll, Greenwich, 91; J. P. Knapp, Garden City, 91; A. W. Tillinghast, Philadelphia, 91; C. R. Gillett, Wykagyl, 92; C. D. Cleghorn, Ekwanok, 92; R. C. Watson, National, 92; Fred Herreshoff, Westbrook, 92; W. R. Simmons, Westbrook, 92; C. A. Dunning, Nassau, 92; George C. Watson, Westbrook, 92; James A. Stillman, Garden City, 92; Percy R. Pyne, 2d, Princeton, 92; C. S. Kellogg, Montclair, 93; W. D. Johnson, Garden City, 93; P. S. McLaughlin, Wykagyl, 93, and J. D. Foot, Apawamis, 95.

Third Sixteen—F. W. Dyer, Montclair, 95; G. J. Hubbell, Garden City, 96; E. L. de Forest, Midland, 96; W. C. Shoup, Englewood, 97; A. F. Southerland, Garden City, 97; Frank Hayes, Midland, 97; R. J. Trevorrow, Powelton, 97; Maurice Malloy, Garden City, 98; Charles B. Macdonald, National, 99; A. E. Jones, Nassau, 100; L. Tappin, Westbrook, 100; H. L. Thornell, Garden City, 100; P. R. Jennings, Garden City, 100; J. B. Taylor, Rockaway, 100; D. M. Parker, Garden City, 100, and Chase Mellen, Garden City, 100.

Fourth Sixteen—J. A. Day, Dyker Meadow, 101; R. M. Tartleton, Oakland, 102; A. S. Higgins, St. Andrew's, 103; W. H. Mills, Garden City, 103; T. E. Merrett, Royal Montreal, 103; F. C. Bliss, Garden City, 104; T. T. Rushmore, Garden City, 104; J. C. Towers, Garden City, 104; A. H. Johnson, Scarsdale, 105; J. K. Van Vranken, Midland, 105; W. T. Ebert, Scottish-American, 105; C. S. Carter, Nassau, 105; Frank Presbrey, Garden City, 106; Roy Twefford, Bridgehampton, 106; R. A. Rainey, Lakewood, 107, and C. J. Wilson, Dyker Meadows, 107.

First Sixteen—First Round.—Wheeler beat Morse, 6 up and 5 to play; White beat W. Watson, 4 up and 2 to play; Livingston beat Hamilton 2 up and 1 to play; Brown beat Carter 1 up (19 holes); Rogers beat Robbins 2 up; Travis beat Buckner 2 up and 1 to play; Taylor beat Greenway, Jr., 3 up and 2 to play; Kirkby beat McKellar 1 up (19 holes.)

Second Sixteen—First Round.—Watson beat Kellogg, 2 up and 1 to play; Cleghorn beat Carroll, 2 up and 1 to play; Herreshoff beat Simmons, 2 up and 1 to play; Pyne beat Gillett, 1 up (19 holes;) Dunning beat McLaughlin, 2 up; Johnson beat Stillman, 2 up and 1 to play; Foot beat Watson, 4 up and 3 to play; Tillinghast beat Knapp, 1 up (19 holes.)

Third Sixteen—First Round.—Jones beat Trevorrow 3 up and 1 to play; McDonald beat Thornell, 5 up and 3 to play; Tappin beat De Forest, 8 up and 7 to play; Jennings beat Hayes, 3 up and 3 to play; Southerland beat Mellen, 4 up and 3 to play; Dyer beat Hubbell by default, Parker beat Taylor, 2 up and 1 to play; Malloy beat Shoup, 8 up and 6 to play.

JERSEY WOMEN WIN AT GOLF.

Mrs. Armstrong Makes Low Net Score —Mrs. Paterson's Gross Score Best.

Members of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association made a fine showing in a one-day tournament on the links of the Nassau Country Club yesterday. There were nineteen starters, and the result of the eighteen-hole medal play handicap proved favorable to another new player, Mrs. K. B. Armstrong of Hackensack, with a card of 107, 16—91, won the net prize presented by the Nassau Country Club, while Mrs. M. D. Paterson of Englewood captured the trophy for the low gross with a round of 101. The gross prize was the gift of Mrs. Howard Whitney.

Mrs. J. C. Barclay of Hackensack and Mrs. G. D. Geddes of the home club both showed a better game than "formerly, the first named getting around in 103 and Mrs. Geddes in 106. The scores:

	Gross.	H'cap.	Net.
Mrs. K. B. Armstrong, Hackensack	107	16	91
Mrs. Robert Hanford, Wykagyl	103	8	95
Mrs. J. C. Barclay, Hackensack	103	7	96
Mrs. D. G. Geddes, Nassau	106	10	96
Mrs. M. D. Paterson, Englewood	101	4	97
Mrs. W. J. Faith, Wykagyl	102	5	97
Mrs. L. L. Krug, Englewood	111	11	100
Mrs. N. P. Rogers, Baltusrol	105	4	101
Mrs. W. D. Moffat, Hackensack	117	15	102
Mrs. C. F. Ubelacker, Hackensack	112	10	102
Mrs. Adam Sumner, Nassau	113	10	103
Mrs. T. Nielson, Hackensack	125	16	109

Cornwall Tennis Victory.

The Cornwall Heights School tennis team yesterday defeated the Peekskill Academy team by five points to none. The singles counted one point and the double two. The summary: Gilchrist, (Cornwall,) beat Friedman, (Peekskill,) 6—3, 6—1; Van Siclen, (Cornwall,) beat Heyward, (Peekskill,) 6—3, 6—1; Scannell, (Cornwall,) beat Jandorff, (Peekskill,) 6—4, 7—5; Van Siclen and Long, (Cornwall,) beat (Heyward,) beat Heyward and Jandorf, (Peekskill,) 6—2, 2—1.

Tobias Wins at Billiards.

In the game of the continuation of the amateur championship 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at Maurice Daly's Billiard Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, last night Florian Tobias, the holder of the Academy championship title, defeated John Stwel by the score of 250 to 222 in sixty-one innings. The winner made the high run of 35, with an average of 4 6-61, while Stwel's best efforts netted him a high run of 32 and an average of 3 42-60.

PIPING ROCK CLUB PLANS.

Long Island to Have Big Establishment for Gentlemen's Sports.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., May 4.—Papers were filed in the Nassau County Clerk's office here to-day incorporating the Piping Rock Club. This will be one of the most exclusive centres on the north shore of Long Island and one of the largest organizations for country gentlemen's sports in this part of the State.

What is known as the Piping Rock colony, a group of country residents in the vicinity of Glen Cove and Locust Valley, has already a large show ground, grand stand, a steeplechase course, and small bungalow used for clubhouse purposes. It is here that horse and dog shows and gymkhana events are held each year. The grounds will be amplified. A large clubhouse, with stables and garages, will be built, a golf course will be laid out, and provision for tennis courts will be made. Special attention will be paid to equine sports of every description, including the laying out of a fine steeplechase course, with provision for races on the flat.

The Directors are: Percy Chubb, Glen Cove; J. Seral Barclay, Brookville; Paul D. Cravath, Locust Valley; Frank L. Crocker, Brookville; Joseph E. Davis, Brookville; John B. Dennis, Oyster Bay; Thomas Hitchcock, Old Westbury; Clarence Mackay, Roslyn; H. R. Winthrop, Manhattan; Harry Payne Whitney, Wheatley Hills; Bronson Winthrop, Manhattan; Frederick P. Moore, Locust Valley; John S. Phipps, Old Westbury; Albert C. Travis, Manhattan, and Frederick N. Watress, Locust Valley.

BROOKLYN TO HAVE PARADE.

Horsemen Will Celebrate Completion of the New Speedway.

Preparations have begun for the holding of a big pleasure horse parade in Brooklyn, to celebrate the completion of the new speedway in that borough. The affair will be held under the auspices of the Brooklyn Pleasure Drivers' Association, which has invited the New York Driving Club, the Road Drivers' Association, the Riding and Driving Club, the Parkway Driving Club, the Livery Stable Keepers' Association and other horse organizations in the city to participate. The parade will be held June 7, and from the preliminary inquiries made close to 1,000 entries will be made before that date.

The Park Department is about to complete the rebuilding of the course, and in commemoration of this and the prospect of having the automobiles excluded from the path, it is proposed to have the driving public of the borough turn out in force.

Eight classes have been arranged—speedway carts, speed wagons, runabouts, teams, surreys, victorias, saddle horses, and ponies. The Pleasure Drivers' Association will give first, second, third and fourth prizes in each class and there will be other prizes donated by outside interests.

Motor Boat Club's Ladies' Night.

The Motor Boat Club of America, headed by Commodore H. H. Melville, will give an entertainment and ladies' night in the motor boat section of the Automobile Club of America, at its clubhouse, Fifty-fourth Street, west of Broadway, to-morrow evening, commencing at 8:30 o'clock. "A Houseboat Romance," a musical novelty in two acts, and an interlude by Rear Commodore J. Stuart Blackton and Alfred J. Doyle will be presented by members of the Dramatic and Musical Society of the Knickerbocker Field Club. The novelty deals with the last race for the British International Trophy for motor boats, which was won by the Dixie II., flying the burgee of the Motor Boat Club of America. There will be dancing after the performance.

A "Light" Beer

Often people call for a light beer to avoid a bitter taste.

Pabst BlueRibbon

The Beer of Quality

would please them—rich, not heavy, and has a delicate appetizing flavor found in no other beer.

Order a case today.

Best Dealers Everywhere

You're safe inside a serge—

In fact, a blue or black serge suit is almost indispensable to the average man.

Economical, too, for an extra pair of fiannels worn with the coat makes practically another suit in Summer.

Our serges are absolutely fast color.

Smooth and unfinished textures.

Half lined and full lined. $18 to $40.

Light weight overcoats. For cool days now. For cool Summer evenings. For cool days next Fall.

Going fishing to-morrow? Or golfing? Or anything else that's done outdoors?

Our Outdoors Department at the 34th Street Store is ready for you.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren st.	at 13th st.	at 34th st.

Baker Electrics

SHAFT DRIVEN

The Pioneer Shaft Driven Electric

Edison, Ironclad or Leadplate Battery.

Special Electric Pneumatic or Motz Cushion Tires.

Complete Exhibit at Our New Showroom.

BAKER VEHICLE CO.,

1798 BROADWAY. Phone 2830 Columbus.

SWIMMING.

SWIMMING SCIENTIFICALLY TAUGHT in a 10 Lesson Course. PRIVATE INSTRUCTION. Gentlemen—Ladies—Children. Dalton Swimming School, 19 to 23 West 44th St., N. Y.

Automobiles

Ready Reference for Buyers

Abbott-Detroit MOTOR COMPANY, 1070 B'way, cor. 52d St. Telephone, 7166-7167 Columbus.

ALL MAKES Bought, Sold and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 B'way.

AMERICAN TRAVELER Broadway and 54th St., N. E. Cor.

AUTOCAR Commercial—Pleasure. 423-430 W. 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6080

BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th Street, N. Y.

BRUSH Cars. John Moore & Co., 2,008 Broadway. 'Phone 5369—Columbus.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.

CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d

GIANTS BUMP BUSTER BROWN IN BOSTON

Victory Comes Easy for New Yorks—Matty at His Best with Bases Loaded.

THE SCORE.

New York	0	0	0	0	4	2	1	0	0—7
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—2

NEW YORK.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Devore, rf.	4	1	1	1	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	5	2	2	4	3	0
Snodgrass, cf.	4	0	0	3	1	0
Murray, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Merkle, 1b.	4	1	1	7	0	1
Bridwell, ss.	4	1	3	4	3	0
Devlin, 3b.	3	1	2	0	3	0
Meyers, c.	3	1	2	4	3	0
Mathewson, p.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Becker, rf.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fletcher, 3b.	0	0	0	2	1	1
Total	35	7	13	27	16	2

BOSTON.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Clarke, lf.	3	0	2	2	0	0
Tenney, 1b.	4	1	2	11	0	0
Herzog, ss.	3	1	1	2	3	0
Ingerton, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3	0
Miller, rf.	4	0	3	3	0	1
Goode, cf.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Sweeney, 2b.	4	0	0	1	2	2
Graham, c.	4	0	0	1	3	0
Brown, p.	2	0	0	0	3	0
Flaherty, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
*Butler	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	2	9	27	14	1

*Bated for Brown in seventh inning.

Two-base hits—Devlin, Myers, Herzog, Doyle, Miller. Home run—Doyle. Hits—Off Brown, 11 in 7 innings; off Flaherty, 2 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—Herzog, Devlin. Stolen base—Clarke. Double plays—Bridwell and Merkle; Sweeney, Herzog, and Tenney. Left on bases—Boston, 9; New York, 5. First base on balls—Off Mathewson, 5; off Flaherty, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 2. Hit by pitcher—Meyers, Snodgrass, by Brown. Struck out—By Brown, 1; by Mathewson, 3. Time of game—One hour twenty-six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Doyle.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 4.—For fear that the Boston Nationals, who pitched their tent at the South End grounds this afternoon for a month's stay, might get away to a good start Manager John J. McGraw of the New York Giants sent in his best General, Christy Mathewson, to direct his forces. The result was as the commander in chief hoped for, and the "Heps" bit the dust, 7 to 2, after a fairly interesting contest, despite the chilly atmosphere, which placed wraps and fur coats at a premium.

"Big Six" has worked better in this city. While he allowed free transportation to the first station four times, he managed to tighten up when indications were of a damaging nature. Pitted against "Matty" was Buster Brown. For four innings the latter's creepy, slow ball worked perfectly, but in the fifth the New York aspirants for the ribbon in the National League race laid back and pasted the horsehide to all corners of the field. Despite this bombardment, Brown was kept on the job, and the sixth and seventh innings found counts being taken. In the eighth inning "Patsy" Flaherty was tried, and he stopped further damage.

There were several brilliant pieces of work. Herzog made two dandy catches, and little Devore in the right field showed that his wing is not to be underestimated by the able way he threw out Clarke in the sixth inning. "Doc" Miller connected three times, once for a double, while Bridwell also made three lingies and played his usually strong game at short stop. Larry Boyle smashed out a homer and a double.

The Giants failed to do much with Buster Brown's service in the first four sessions, but in the fifth round, after Herzog had made a wonderful catch over his head of a line drive by Bridwell, the slow tantalizing and speedy slants of the "Hep" twirler were banged up against the fence and through the middle field in the most alarming manner.

Arthur Devlin was the Giant who started to make Brown look like a pigmy. A two-bagger, which bounded off the left field fence, followed by another clout which counted for as many sacks to centre field, by Chief Meyers, sent Devlin across with the first tally. When Goode caught Matty's long fly in centre field the Indian moved to the third bag. Shorty Devore kept his hand in by singling to centre right field, scoring Meyers, and going to second himself when Miller played hop-scotch with the horsehide. Larry Doyle, who had struck out when Brown pitched in the third, measured the right centre bleachers. His effort to knock the sphere into that section failed, but the ball bounded from the boards and Devore raced across the pan, while Doyle reached second base. Snodgrass, not to be outdone, scored Doyle with a safety rap to right, and when "Red" Murray grounded to Capt. Tenney the New Yorkers had tallied four runs and were well on toward a victory.

A fast double play by Bridwell and Merkle stopped what chance the Tenneysons had in the second inning after Ingerton had fanned, Miller singled, and Goode walked. In the fourth and fifth men of the home nine were on the bases, but "Six Six" stopped them from going all the way around.

In the sixth period the onslaught which was started by the visitors in the preceding inning was continued, Merkle and Bridwell making singles, and advancing on a sacrifice by Devlin. Meyers came to life with the necessary whack, and Merkle and Bridwell tallied. Mathewson stopped further damage by banging into a double play.

After Mathewson had wavered in the "Heps'" fifth interval he was pounded hard in the sixth inning. Clarke led off with a safe hit, but was out trying to stretch it, Devore to Doyle. Tenney met the ball squarely and raced around to the third corner like a colt when Herzog rapped the ball between centre and right for two bags. Ingerton went out, Bridwell to Merkle, no effort being made to get Tenney at the plate. Herzog moved up on the play and scored almost immediately when Miller knocked out a two-bagger. Goode failed to help, his best being a little drive to Murray. In the seventh inning, after Devore had grounded to Tenney, Larry Doyle reached his length with the bat and poled one of Brown's slow puzzlers over the right field fence just inside the foul line post on the fence. With "Patsy" Flaherty pitching in the eighth inning, it looked as if the New York total would be swelled; as Bridwell singled to centre and Devlin followed suit when Flaherty tried to sneak a fast one over. Meyers advanced them by going out, Ingerton to Tenney. Matty in trying to bring home Bridwell and Fletcher, who took Devlin's place on the bases, lined to Herzog. The latter made a clever one-handed catch and before Fletcher could get back Herzog had thrown him out at second base, Sweeney making the out.

The "Heps" had men on the lines in the last three innings, but as Mathewson tightened up there was nothing doing. In the ninth Clarke singled after two were out. He was allowed to steal second, as Meyers made no effort to get him. Tenney singled and Snodgrass relayed the ball to Matty, who threw to Meyers at the plate in time to catch Clarke for the final out of the game.

No Runs for Brooklyn.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 4.—Brooklyn was shut out here to-day, 6 to 0. Philadelphia's hits were bunched with bases on balls issued by Regon. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Welchie, rf.	4	2	2	1	0
Knabe, 2b.	3	1	2	3	6
Lobert, 3b.	4	1	1	1	1
Magee, lf.	2	1	1	3	0
Paskert, cf.	3	0	2	0	0
Luderus, 1b.	2	1	1	10	0
Doolan, ss.	4	0	0	2	5
Dooin, c.	2	0	0	7	1
Chalmers, p.	4	0	0	0	2
Total	28	6	9	27	15

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Myers, cf.	3	0	2	5	0
Tooley, ss.	3	0	1	1	5
Daubert, 1b.	4	0	1	5	1
Hummel, 2b.	3	0	1	5	2
Wheat, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
Coulson, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
Zim'm'n, 3b.	4	0	1	1	0
Bergen, c.	2	0	1	5	2
Ragon, p.	3	0	0	0	2
*Erwin	1	0	0	0	0
†Barger	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	0	7	27	12

*Batted for Bergen in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Ragon in ninth inning.
Errors—Tooley, Daubert.

Philadelphia	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	. .	6
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. .	0

Two-base hits—Myers, Daubert, Hummel, Welchance, Magee, Knabe. Three-base hit—Tooley. Sacrifice hit—Knabe. Sacrifice flies—Lobert, Luderus, Dooin. Stolen base—Lobert. Double play—Doolan and Luderus. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 11; Philadelphia, 9. First base on balls—Off Ragon, 7; off Chalmers, 5. Struck out—By Ragon, 3; by Chalmers, 5. Passed ball—Dooin. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

Reds' Pitchers Wild, Cubs Win.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Gaspar and Fromme were both wild to-day. Chicago bunched hits, and with the assistance of errors had little trouble in winning the second game of the series from Cincinnati, 9 to 5. The visitors hit McIntire freely in the last inning and made four runs. Evers was ordered out of the game for arguing a decision of Umpire Rigler in the ninth inning. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	2	1	0	2	1
Shean, 2b.	0	0	0	1	0
Sh'k'd, lf.	2	2	1	1	0
Hofman, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Saier, 1b.	4	1	1	10	0
Schulte, rf.	2	1	0	3	0
Z'm'm'n, ss.	4	0	0	2	3
Tinker, ss.	3	1	1	0	4
Kling, c.	3	1	1	6	2
M'Int're, p.	3	2	2	0	2
Total	27	9	6	27	12

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf.	5	1	2	2	1
Egan, 2b.	4	1	3	3	1
Bates, cf.	5	1	2	4	1
Hobl'zel, 1b.	3	1	0	7	0
Mitchell, rf.	5	1	2	4	0
Gr'nt, 3b.	5	0	1	0	2
Downey, ss.	4	0	2	2	2
Clarke, c.	4	0	0	2	1
Gaspar, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Fromme, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Beck	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	5	12	24	8

*Batted for Fromme in ninth inning.
Errors—Evers, Hofman, Bates, Downey, Clarke.

Chicago	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	4	. .	9
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	5

Two-base hits—McIntire, Beacher. Three-base hits—Bates, Downey. Hits—Off Gaspar, 3 in four innings; off Fromme, 3 in four innings. Sacrifice hits—Hofman, Egan, Kling, Schulte, Saier. Stolen bases—Egan, (2) Bates. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Cincinnati, 11. Bases on balls—Off McIntire, 3; off Gaspar, 6; off Fromme, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Fromme, (McIntire.) Struck out—By McIntire, 5; by Gaspar, 1; by Fromme, 1. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Rigler.

Pirates Win Baseball Farce.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 4.—The game here to-day was a farce. St. Louis being beaten with ridiculous ease. Pittsburg broke the record for this season by scoring 17 times, the previous mark having been 15, made by Brooklyn on April 14. St. Louis got only two hits off the Pittsburg pitchers, both singles. One of these drove in the only run made by the visitors. In the sixth and seventh innings every Pittsburg player went to bat. In the seventh inning two runs were forced over the plate by Laudermilk giving with two men on bases, three bases on balls in succession. With the bases full, Wagner put the ball over the wall for a home run. St. Louis used fifteen players. Score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	2	2	1	1	3
Leach, cf.	4	3	2	2	0
Clarke, lf.	4	2	3	1	0
Wagner, ss.	3	2	1	4	8
Miller, 2b.	4	1	1	5	6
Hunter, 1b.	4	0	1	12	0
Wilson, rf.	4	2	1	4	0
Gibson, c.	4	2	1	2	2
Steele, p.	3	1	1	0	1
*M'K'chnie.	0	1	0	0	0
Gardner, p.	1	1	1	0	0
Total	35	17	13	27	20

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Huggins, 2b.	1	1	0	1	4
Smith, 2b.	1	0	0	0	0
Ellis, lf.	4	0	1	3	0
Mowrey, 3b.	3	0	1	4	1
Kon'hy, 1b.	3	0	0	9	1
McIver, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Dres'han, c.	2	0	0	2	2
Bliss, c.	0	0	0	0	0
Wingo, c.	1	0	0	0	0
Oakes, cf.	2	0	0	0	0
Hauser, ss.	3	0	0	0	4
Golden, p.	1	0	0	0	3
†Evans	1	0	0	0	0
Lau'milk, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Hearn, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total	27	1	2	24	13

*Ran for Steele in seventh inning.
†Batted for Golden in sixth inning.
Errors—Wagner, Hunter, McIver, Oakes, Hauser, 2.

Pittsburg	0	2	0	0	3	3	6	3	. .	17
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

Two-base hits—Clarke, Hunter. Three-base hit—Clarke. Home run—Wagner. Sacrifice fly—Byrne. Stolen bases—Wagner, Wilson. Double plays—Miller, Wagner, and Hunter; Wagner, Miller, and Hunter, (2;) Hauser, Huggins, and Konetchy. First base on balls—Off Steele, 2; off Gardner, 1; off Laudermilk, 6. Hit by pitched ball—By Golden, (Wagner;) by Laudermilk, (Steele.) Struck out—By Gardner 1; by Golden, 1; by Laudermilk, 1; by Hearn, 1. Wild pitch—Golden. Passed ball—Bresnahan. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 8; St. Louis, 1. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 1; St. Louis, 2. Hits—Off Steele, 2 in seven innings; off Golden, 6 in five innings; off Laudermilk, 4 in one and one-third innings; off Hearn, 5 in one and two-third innings. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Brennan.

Corey Out of Yale Nine with Injury.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 4.—"Pop" Corey, captain and right fielder on the Yale baseball team, will be out of the game for three weeks because of an injury to his right leg. The muscles under the knee were strained during a practice game.

COLLEGE BASEBALL.

At Ithaca, N. Y.

										R.	H.	E.
Cornell	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	. .	4	9	1
Penn. State	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0—3	7	3	

Batteries—Nisbett and McCormick; Whitney and Young.

At Villa Nova.

									R.	H.	E.
Manhattan	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	4	0—8	10	3
Villa Nova	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0—4	11	3

Batteries—Hanley and Connelly; Beedla and McCormick. Umpire—Mr. Haley.

At Providence, R. I.

									R.	H.	E.
Brown	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0—3	6	0
Virginia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0	3	1

Batteries—Conzelman and Snell; Wittmer and Finley. Umpire—Mr. Stafford. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

At Worcester, Mass.

									R.	H.	E.
Lafayette	1	3	0	0	1	1	3	0	0—9	18	3
Holy Cross	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	1—5	4	8

Batteries—Nugent, Fager, and Conover; Dunne and Kenney. Umpire—Mr. Murphy. Time of game—Two hours and forty minutes.

At Cambridge, Mass.

									R.	H.	E.
Harvard	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	. .	3	7	1
Bowdoin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0	3	3	

Batteries—McLoughlin and Reeves; Urquhart and Wilson. Umpire—Mr. King. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

At Durham, N. H.

									R.	H.	E.
Vermont	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	3	. .	6	4	
New Hampshire	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	2	0—5	6	2	

Batteries—Dougherty and Donnelly; Stark and Welch. Umpire—Mr. Quinlan. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

At Annapolis, Md.

									R.	H.	E.
Navy	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	. .	3	7	1
Mt. St. Joseph	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—2	6	2	

Batteries—Wakeman and Corcoran; Roth and Nullay.

At Garden City, L. I.

									R.	H.	E.
St. Paul	2	0	4	0	1	1	0	0	. .	8	9	7
Erasmus H. S.	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0—4	4	7	

Batteries—Baer and Davis; Brieley, Shaw, and Heaslip.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 4 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Boston. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c. —Adv.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 2; New York, 0.
Philadelphia, 6; Washington, 2.
Chicago, 7; Cleveland, 1.
Detroit, 4; St. Louis, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 7; Boston, 2.
Philadelphia, 6; Brooklyn, 0.
Pittsburg, 17; St. Louis, 1.
Chicago, 9; Cincinnati, 5.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Toronto, 7; Newark, 2.
Jersey City, 2; Buffalo, 1.
Rochester, 3; Providence, 1.
Baltimore, 22; Montreal, 13.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	11	2	.846	Philadelphia	9	8	.500
New York	8	7	.533	Washington	7	9	.438
Boston	9	8	.529	Cleveland	7	12	.368
Chicago	8	8	.500	St. Louis	4	14	.222

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	14	4	.778	Cincinnati	4	8	.333
New York	11	5	.687	Boston	6	13	.315
Pittsburg	10	5	.667	St. Louis	3	9	.250
Chicago	11	6	.647	Brooklyn	4	13	.235

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Providence	8	3	.727	Buffalo	4	7	.364
Rochester	8	3	.727	Montreal	4	7	.364
Toronto	8	4	.667	Jersey City	3	7	.300
Baltimore	7	5	.583	Newark	3	9	.250

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at New York—4 P. M.
Philadelphia at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Rochester at Providence.

SPEAKER AND WOOD DOWN THE YANKEES

Tris Scores Boston's Two Runs and Wood Allows New Yorks Two Singles.

THE SCORE.

Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0—2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

BOSTON.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Hooper, rf.	5	0	0	0	0	0
L. Gardner, 2b.	4	0	1	0	8	0
Speaker, cf.	3	2	3	0	0	0
Lewis, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	1
Engle, 3b.	4	0	2	1	0	1
Yerkes, ss.	3	0	0	2	3	1
Williams, 1b.	3	0	2	15	0	0
Nunamaker, c.	4	0	0	8	0	0
Wood, p.	3	0	0	0	4	0
Total	32	2	8	27	15	2

NEW YORK.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Elliott, rf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Daniels, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Chase, 1b.	4	0	0	11	1	0
Hartzell, 3b.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Cree, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
E. Gardner, 2b.	4	0	0	0	2	0
Johnson, ss.	2	0	0	2	4	1
Blair, c.	3	0	0	9	2	0
*Walsh	1	0	0	0	0	0
Caldwell, p.	3	0	1	1	8	0
Total	31	0	2	27	13	1

*Batted for Blair in the ninth.

First base on errors—Boston, 1; New York, 2. Home run—Speaker. Sacrifice hits—Williams, Lewis. Stolen bases—Speaker, Yerkes, Williams, Johnson, 2; Caldwell. Left on bases—Boston, 8; New York, 8. Double plays—Blair and Johnson; E. Gardner, Johnson and Chase. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell, 2; off Wood, 3. Struck out—By Caldwell, 8; by Wood, 7. Hit by pitchers—By Caldwell, 1, (Speaker;) by Wood, 1, (Hartzell.) Time of game—Fifty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

One magnificent hit, propelled from the bat of Tris Speaker of the Red Sox in the fifth inning was enough to defeat the Yankees on the Hilltop yesterday. This home-run smash by the Texan whizzed through the air high over Bert Daniels's head in centre field and cracked one of the seats in the new centre field bleachers, bounding out into the grass again. Speaker hesitated at third base, thinking that the rebound spoiled his chances for a homer, but a protest by Capt. Wagner of the Boston team with Umpire Egan gave Speaker the right to take the through trip.

Speaker and Joe Wood constituted 98 per cent. of the Boston team yesterday. Wood whipped over swift shoots that the Yankee batters couldn't disturb, and Speaker did enough hitting to bring the victory that such pitching deserved. The score was 2 to 0, Speaker getting both runs. After his homer in the fifth, he opened the eighth inning with a single to centre, was sacrificed to second, and scored on a singing grounder to left field, made by the sturdy Teuton, Clyde Engle, who used to play with the Yankees some time back.

It was the Bostons' first appearance here this season. Since last February John I. Taylor has had his ball players trotting all over the United States from the South Station in Beantown out to snow-white sand beaches of the Pacific, through the South, and back again. It was the longest trip a ball club ever made in the States, but the dust of their journey hasn't stuck in the travelers' eyes or wearied them any. There were many new faces in the line-up, but the troop showed snap and ginger enough to offset the wintry blasts which whisked across the field.

Wood's performance was above the ordinary. There was but one healthy safety made off his delivery, Caldwell getting a single in the third inning. Cree beat out a lucky bunt in the fourth, but he didn't mean to bunt it. He tried to kill it, and the sphere spun like a top along the third-base line. It was a hit by a shade. Jake Stahl's figure was missing at first base, and Williams, who is playing the corner, was a busy citizen, having fifteen put-outs. The Yankees hit most of the balls to the infield. Only two smashes went to the outfield, one Caldwell's hit, and the other, a fly by Hartzell to left field. Wood had speed and control, and didn't loosen his grip on the game for an instant.

The Yankees' playing lacked the aggressiveness and life that characterized their start on the season's journey. The few times they got a man on base yesterday they resorted to the hit-and run game, but it brought no results. Their base running in the past few games hasn't been very successful. Caldwell showed plenty of pitching ability. He fanned seven of the Red Sox, and their eight hits didn't rattle him very much.

With one out in the first inning, Gardner and Speaker singled, but Lewis flied out and Engle fanned. Clyde fanned on his next trip also, but his last two journeys to the plate were safeties. Both teams played a close defense for four innings, the men who reached the bases being held there captive.

Hooper started the fifth inning by striking out. Gardner poled a grounder which burned the ends off Caldwell's shoelaces and spun into Johnson's territory. The shortstop made a fast pick up and throw and nailed the runner at first base.

Speaker hit the ball with eighty horse power energy, and it landed in the centre field bleachers with such force that it bounded out into the meadow again. That was sufficient to win the game, but Speaker opened the eighth inning with a hit to centre, went to second on Lewis's sacrifice, and scored on Engle's grounder to left field.

Tigers Win with Five Hits.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 4.—Detroit won the third game of the series with the locals to-day, 4 to 2. Willett started pitching for the visitors, but injured his arm in the fourth inning. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf.	5	0	1	0	0
Bush, ss.	4	1	0	0	4
Cobb, cf.	3	2	0	2	0
Craw'd, rf.	4	1	0	1	0
Deleh'ty, 2b.	3	0	1	2	4
Mor'ty, 3b.	4	0	1	2	2
Gainor, 1b.	4	0	1	13	0
Stanage, c.	3	0	0	6	0
Willett, p.	1	0	0	0	3
Works, p.	3	0	1	0	0
Total	31	4	5*	26	13

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'fman, cf.	2	0	0	4	0
Austin, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2
Murray, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
Laporte, 2b.	4	1	2	0	4
Clarke, c.	4	0	0	1	3
Wallace, ss.	4	0	1	1	2
N'nam, lf.	4	1	2	1	2
Shotten, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
Hamilton, p.	2	0	0	0	7
†Criss	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	2	6	27	20

*Hoffman out, hit by batted ball.
†Batted for Hamilton in ninth inning.
Errors—Clarke, (3,) Newnam.

Detroit	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—4	
St. Louis	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0—2	

Two-base hit—Wallace. Sacrifice hits—Bush, Stanage. Stolen bases—Bush, Delehanty, Cobb, Newnam, Hoffman. Wild pitches—Willett, 2; Hamilton. Base on balls—Off Hamilton, 4; off Willett, 3; off Works, 1. Struck out—By Hamilton, 1; by Works, 6. Hits—Off Willett, 5 in three and two-thirds innings; off Works, 1 in five and a third innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Detroit, 6. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Sheridan.

Walsh Clever Against Naps.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 4.—Chicago defeated Cleveland 7 to 1 to-day, Walsh pitching the best ball seen here this year. He fanned eleven men, including all of Cleveland's best batters. Errors gave Chicago five of its runs. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, 3b.	4	1	1	1	2
Zeider, 2b.	3	1	0	1	0
M'Intyre, cf.	5	1	3	1	0
Doug'ty, lf.	3	1	1	1	0
Bodie, rf.	5	1	0	1	1
Ian'hill, ss.	5	0	1	3	1
Collins, 1b.	5	1	1	13	0
Sullivan, c.	4	0	0	12	0
Walsh, p.	4	1	2	0	1
Total	37	7	9	27	5

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf.	4	0	2	3	0
Olson, ss.	3	0	1	1	3
Jackson, cf.	4	0	2	2	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	0	2	1
Easterly, rf.	3	0	1	3	0
Stovall, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
Turner, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1
Smith, c.	3	0	0	6	0
Krapp, p.	3	0	0	0	0
Total	30	1	5	27	10

Errors—Olson, Lajoie, Easterly, (2,) Krapp.

Chicago	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	2	—7
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two-base hits—McIntyre, Olson. Home run—Collins. Sacrifice fly—Dougherty. Stolen bases—Lord, Bodie. First base on balls—Off Krapp, 5; off Walsh, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Krapp, Dougherty. Struck out—By Krapp, 5; by Walsh, 11. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Left on bases—Cleveland, 5; Chicago, 10. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and O'Loughlin.

Senators' Pitchers Batted Out of Box.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Philadelphia batted Hughes and Walker off the rubber to-day and defeated Washington handily, 6 to 2. Krause was very effective with men on the bases. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Strunk, lf.	4	0	1	4	0
Oldring, cf.	5	1	1	4	0
Dugas, 2b.	4	1	1	3	0
Baker, 3b.	3	0	1	2	3
Davis, 1b.	4	0	2	6	3
Murphy, rf.	4	1	1	0	0
M'Innes, ss.	4	1	2	1	6
Thomas, c.	4	1	1	6	0
Krause, p.	4	1	1	1	1
Total	36	6	11	27	7

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf.	5	0	3	2	1

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Brooklyn.....343 Fulton Street
Jersey City.....415 Fuller Building
WASHINGTON.....Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....122 Michigan Ave.
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....34 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
DAILY, per Week	0.12
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY, per Year	6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00
TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00

To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.95 per month. Daily, $1.35 per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1911.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month, Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

THE PUBLIC AND THE CLEARING HOUSE PLAN.

The plan for admitting the trust companies to full membership in the Clearing House, which has been accepted and approved by the Clearing House Committee, provides that trust company members shall be required to keep 15 per cent. cash reserve in their own vaults, and an additional 10 per cent. reserve on deposit with some member of the association maintaining a 25 per cent. reserve. It provides, also, for the appointment of a competent and well-paid examiner, who, in behalf of the Clearing House, shall conduct examinations of all bank and trust company members, to the end that the Clearing House may have due knowledge of conditions and methods of managements. All these are matters of banking detail best settled by bankers themselves. The public will be satisfied with any agreement reached, for it has full confidence that no terms of union between the banks and trust companies would be approved which were not consistent with safe banking.

The public's sole and vital interest in these negotiations is that the banking institutions not now in the Clearing House shall become members. Union is the important thing, not terms of union. We urge upon the Clearing House banks and upon the trust companies a union of banking resources in this city, not merely as a matter of expediency, but as imperative. The public expects it, the public has a right to demand it. It has been too long deferred. It is not reasonable, it is not prudent, it is not safe that the country's citadel of credit should be exposed to the risks of a defense intrusted to two forces not always acting harmoniously or in accord, one an organization, and the other not organized at all; or that we should permit the continuance of conditions which invited the disasters of 1907. The banking resources of New York should be solidly massed for the defense of credit, on which the country's business and its prosperity depend. This may be impaired, not merely by the actual presence of danger, but by the feeling that if danger should come we might be ill-prepared to meet it. Division exposes us to danger. The failure of the Clearing House plan would make a most unfavorable impression upon the public mind. It would be evidence that the banking institutions of this city are more than ever divided. It would be construed as an indication that in their insistence upon terms and minor matters of detail and regulation, the bankers of New York are blind to the vital, the essential, the all-important policy of union of forces.

The banking business of New York should be so organized that the Clearing House statement on Saturday would make a clear showing of the financial situation, the whole situation. It should be so organized that its entire strength can be made available in any emergency. The admission of the trust companies to the Clearing House and the establishment of a system of examination would give to this community such guarantees as it has never had, such a sense of security as it has never felt. If this promising plan of union is permitted to fail, those responsible for the failure will be justly and severely criticised.

THE COURT HOUSE PLOT.

There is not one good feature in the Stilwell bill, providing for a grab of city park land for a new Court House, which has just been railroaded through the State Senate and is now in the hands of the Assembly Committee on Cities. It authorizes Supreme Court Justices to do what Justices are not elected to do, and what few of them, presumably, are qualified to do. It authorizes the conversion of pretty much all of the City Hall Park into a building site. The will of the people of this city, hitherto vehemently expressed, demands the removal of all the buildings which now incumber that park, except the historic City Hall, and its restoration to the city as a park.

Not a single architect of distinction, or any recognized building expert, favors the park site for the new Court House. The selection of that site would compel the removal of all the courts to temporary quarters, which they would occupy for three or four years or possibly longer. A huge rent would be paid for these temporary courts. If any other site is selected the work of the courts can proceed, without disturbance, in the present Court House, until the new building is finished, and more than $1,000,000 will be saved for the building fund.

A Court House on the park site would dwarf the City Hall, destroy the park, and, no matter how much architectural skill might be bestowed upon it, would inevitably be an unsightly excrescence. Many better sites have been suggested. Much time, labor, and good judgment have already been given to this subject. But as to the selection of the site, except that it must not be in the City Hall Park, or any other park, we have no prejudices. The park must be preserved. What is more, it is the duty of the Board of Estimate to determine what the new Court House is to cost, and to appropriate the money. The Justices have no power in such matters.

We have strong hopes that the Stilwell bill will be defeated in the Assembly. But even if it is railroaded through the lower house, its provisions will never be carried out. The people will not have it.

THE EXACT SITUATION.

Although negotiations looking to peace are still in progress in Mexico, and MADERO, the ostensible leader of the revolution, has been in conference with representatives of the Diaz Government, the outlook for peace in the neighboring republic grows less hopeful daily. Fears, often expressed heretofore, that any agreement entered into by MADERO would not be binding upon insurrectos in many States, are justified by recent events. Indeed, almost at the beginning of the armistice, an attack was made on Ojinaga, in the very State which has been the scene of MADERO's operations, while there have been fresh outbreaks in the State of Zacatecas and the important city of that name; Torreon, near the Durango border in Coahuila, has been practically cut off from the rest of the world, and its big industries suspended; disorder grows in Puebla, and there have been dangerous uprisings in Vera Cruz. In fact, in only three of the thirty-four States and Territories of Mexico, namely, Oaxaca, Chiapas, and the Federal District, does peace prevail at the present moment, and in these it is an armed, restless, and factitious peace.

By far the most alarming situation, however, is in the pleasant City of Cuernavaca, seventy-four miles from the capital, and the favorite Winter resort of wealthy Mexicans, and its neighborhood. An independent insurrection in the State of Guerrero, adjoining Morelos, of which Cuernavaca is the capital, has spread in both States, and it seems to be the best officered of all the insurrections which have threatened the Diaz Government. An armistice was promised a few days ago, but warfare has continued, and Cuernavaca is in the hands of the successful rebels. To comprehend the excitement and dismay caused by this incident, we must recall the feeling in Washington fifty years ago when Virginia cities near the District of Columbia were occupied by the Confederate troops. The capital of Mexico, after six months of revolutionary warfare, mostly at remote points, is practically in a state of siege. Yesterday bodies of insurrectos were reported within ten miles of the Zocalo and the National Palace. A wholly inadequate Federal force has been dispatched to Cuernavaca. The troops in the capital are on duty night and day. The streets are patrolled and all points of ingress and egress are guarded. The country is in a state of civil war.

To make matters worse, the spirit of Congress, now in session, is turbulent and revolutionary. The new anti-reelections bill is tinctured with all the old Latin-American extravagance. While the consanguinity clause, forbidding the election to an executive office of any relative, to the fourth degree, of the retiring incumbent has been stricken out, the bill prohibits the reelection of President, Vice President, State Governors, and legislators in any circumstances. This sort of puerile legislation does not justify confidence in the ability of the existing Government to restore order. Business throughout the country is practically suspended, smelters are idle, factories shut down, and some of the mining camps are extemporized fortresses. Railway communication has been hampered by the destruction of bridges, and telegraph wires have been cut. While the exact number of armed insurrectionists is not known, it is now seen to equal MADERO's large estimate of a few months ago, which then seemed an idle boast, while recent events have tended to raise grave doubts of MADERO's power to control the forces his influence has called into action. Mexico is, indeed, in a perilous state. The lives of foreign residents are in danger, and property that has been up-built with the expenditure of many millions of capital and thirty years of industry is threatened with destruction.

PRACTICAL CURRENCY ARGUMENTS.

Mr. FORGAN, President of a leading Chicago bank, has contributed to the discussion of the currency and banking reform proposed by Senator ALDRICH a lucid and painstaking discussion of principles of which we can hardly have enough, and certainly not too much. This may be taken as the first gun in the campaign which Chicago bankers and men of business are organizing. Nothing could be better than this perception among the business men of the West that this reform is not something for high finance alone, or even especially, and particularly that it is not an Eastern device to antagonize the West. Long ago we took the position that this reform was desirable because it would benefit the little men in the remote districts, and that any benefit to the larger interests could be reached only and best in this way. Believing this, we have from time to time sought to enforce this moral by a class of arguments which we would commend to the practical men of the West. Let them ask how this proposed reform would interest the general community by altering the current conditions.

For example, this financial community is exporting gold to Canada at the same time that the National bank currency is being contracted. The Treasury reported the volume of National banknotes at $728,144,000 on the first of May, compared with $729,152,000 on the first of April. Yet the planting of the crops would normally require an increase of circulation for the same purpose as that for which Canadians are taking our gold. Canada has command over our gold because we have a redundancy of circulation, which was growing all through the recent months when trade was shrinking. A year ago the banknotes were $713,461,000, as compared with the figures for Monday of this week and year, as given above. These untimely increases and decreases are quite as good a joke as the jests which our statesmen used to make about the absurdity of a rubber currency. We probably now all perceive that it would be a good thing if the Aldrich plan should, as competent judges believe it will, give us increases of circulation when we want them, and decreases when we want them. When the currency was redundant it would be destroyed, like a paid promissory note. When it was needed it would come into existence again, just as a merchant would write a fresh promissory note. According to our methods banknotes are never destroyed until they wear out. When they get too filthy for use they are washed and ironed by the Treasury and are reissued.

According to the view of somebody in the Treasury this is all as if should be. Slackening trade is naturally driving the money into the banks, and they are beginning to prepare for the autumnal demand for cash. The currency which is being driven into the banks is driving gold to Canada, and ought to be driven out of existence. The banks are preparing for the Autumn demand during a normal Spring demand, and they are doing this not because they want to, or as a matter of good banking, but because they have no option. They are not retiring their currency, but it is being thrust back upon them by those who will not keep it, since they cannot use it. When the banks find it on their hands they are compelled to make it earn its cost, and they put it out at abnormally cheap rates in a manner enabling them to recall it at whatever inconvenience to those enticed into taking it by its cheapness. When it is recalled, there is liable to be a minor panic in Wall Street, and it will be laid to Wall Street's misdeeds. It is rather the fault of those who will not interest themselves to learn how our currency system works, or ought to be made to work. It is along these lines that the business men of Chicago can do most profitable educational work.

Mayor GAYNOR's appointment of ROBERT R. MOORE, now President of the Commercial Trust Company, to be City Chamberlain in place of HYDE, resigned, will meet with general approval. The City Chamberlainship is a great financial office. The standard of qualification required for the incumbent may be measured by the fact that he must give a bond of $300,000 for faithful performance of duty. The requirements include not only character and integrity, capacity for organization and for exactness of business method, but also sound financial judgment. Mr. MOORE is a banker trained by nearly a quarter of a century of experience. His familiarity with banks and banking business is in itself a high qualification, because of the intimate and important relation of the office to the banks of the city. Mr. MOORE is not a politician, but he has the confidence and the respect of those who are qualified to judge of his fitness for the office for which he has been named.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Here, Now, Is a Bad Bill.

One does not have to be of those who view boxing matches with disapproval and prize fights with unmitigated horror, to entertain dark suspicions that the Frawley bill creating a State Athletic Commission is a device to secure indirectly for a miserable business the legal sanction which public opinion would force the Legislature to refuse to a direct and frank appeal.

Of course, boxing is, in itself, a sport as innocent as any other, and it has the merit of practical utility which many or most other sports lack. Even of prize-fights it can be said that the ancient nation generally held to have carried both art and intellect to points not since surpassed, if equaled, was not ashamed or afraid to feel and manifest the keenest interest in pugilistic combats vastly more "brutal" than the most savage of modern encounters in the ring. It is, however, one thing to fight for glory or to box for amusement, exercise, and the attainment of efficiency in self-defense, while it is quite another to get up clubs, so called, the single purpose of which is the attraction of paying crowds to see boys pummel each other with their fists for a scanty wage.

Probably that is not the lowest form there is of business enterprise, but it is certainly one not high enough, or important enough, to justify the State in appointing a special commission to guard and license it. The real athletic clubs, including the few that give more attention to boxing than to any other sport, are quite content to conduct their affairs under the general laws providing for the protection of good citizens in their rights and privileges. It is only the clubs of a very different sort that want and need immunity from the application of those general laws, and there isn't any imaginable reason for giving it to them—no good reason is imaginable, that is.

The plea that the proposed commission would reform the fight clubs is absurd and impertinent. To reform them would be to destroy them as money-makers, and that would be destruction indeed. They must be exactly what they are to get the only patronage that is permanently profitable, and it is the lesson of invariable experience that every such club is a centre of vicious and demoralizing influences and a serious detriment to the neighborhood in which it exists. To legitimatize these clubs would be a public calamity.

If Only It Went to Poe!

It is a curious illustration of fate's ironical tendencies that at the Hoe sale $1,700 was paid for a letter in which EDGAR ALLAN POE explained to a friend how the belief in his habitual intemperance had gained public acceptance. To be sure, the letter has not a little of intrinsic interest, and is a valuable addition to literary history, but, once accurately reproduced in print, it becomes common property, so far as absolute value goes. It then becomes a mere relic or curio, and its destruction would be a loss, from every point of view except that of the collector of autographs, purely sentimental.

When one remembers that POE's life was one long struggle against poverty, and how little money this man, who is probably the one indubitable literary genius whom America has yet produced, received for the best of his work, it does seem hard that only sixty-two years after his death $1,700 should be paid for one of his private letters. To be sure, the letter is highly characteristic, and as ingenious as anything POE ever wrote—as ingenious and to modern criticism as unconvincing. People think he is always drunk, he says in effect, because he only goes out among them when "excited"; when sober, as he is almost all the time, nobody sees him because then he is hard at work at his desk or at home living the most frugal and abstemious of lives.

No doubt there is a lot of truth in these statements, but they justify as much as they impugn the legend which they were intended to refute, for as a matter of fact that legend is not that POE was always, or even often, intoxicated, and of late the tendency has been to reject many of the old stories as exaggerations or lies, due to contemporary malice and envy, and to assume that as drinkers went in a drinking age, POE's indulgence was creditably moderate. But if his only public appearances were made when in a state of "excitement," he could not fairly complain of his reputation.

In this same letter he makes the enigmatic assertion, "I shall turn the general error to account." Does that hint an appreciation of the opportunity to profit from the popular belief that geniuses are always erratic and irresponsible, and an intention to exploit the natural deduction therefrom that a man erratic and irresponsible is probably a genius?

A Noise Surely Unnecessary.

If ever the campaign against unnecessary city noises is revived, earnest and early attention should be paid to the almost intolerable roar which coal makes as it transfers itself along a metal chute from a high wagon to a sidewalk vault.

This is, indeed, a cheap, convenient, and rapid method of putting in coal, and wherever circumstances permit such utilizations of gravity—which so much oftener makes work than saves it—they doubtless will and should continue. But certainly a lot of the noise can be eliminated from the operation.

The first suggestion occurring to one considering the subject is that a good part of the deafening clatter would vanish if wood replaced sheet iron in the construction of the chute. Possibly in that case the coal would not run down declivities as slight as when metal was used, but the experiment would be worth trying. In most instances the wood would serve just as well, and in the others the driver could give the reluctant coal a little help along its way.

Anyhow, the nuisance should be abated, preferably by the coal dealers acting on their own initiative. Unless they do it some energetic woman will take the matter up, sooner or later, and prod the Aldermen into passing an ordinance so severe and stringent that both the sellers and the buyers of coal will wish that they had been decently considerate of the public comfort without waiting for a compulsion as much punitive as protective.

THE TEST OF A FRIEND.

Comments Upon a Definition Offered in These Columns.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It isn't a friend that your correspondent, "Veritas," is on the hunt for, it is a chump. That is the appropriate name for a person "to whom one need not explain meanings and motives; who has finally formed a sort of simple philosophy of life to appease the heart in trying times."

For a friend, commend me to the person who would value a friendship too highly to use it in lieu of security, and forever deliver me from anybody who would use friendship as the means of getting away with anything without explaining their meanings and motives.

TIGHTWAD.

New York, May 3, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Veritas" wants a friend, a comrade. "Veritas" isn't the only one, there is a whole army of lonely ones who want just that. When these wonderful Spring days greet us with a smiling promise of joy, the loneliness grows deeper. I wonder if "Veritas" goes about the city scanning the faces of the people who pass, realizing when a congenial soul appears that there is a great gulf fixed.

May the Spring's promise of joy come true to "Veritas" and to all the lonely ones.

IGNATIUS.

New York, May 3, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Has "Veritas" himself always been quite fair to his friends? Has he not rather been of those who ask their friends to give him all their trust and confidence in exchange for his wall of reserve behind which he has hidden his "motives and meanings," a little explanation of which would have made him a better friend and have helped others a little to be a better friend to him? Those little explanations are sweet sometimes to those who wait for them; has he done his share to make friendship strong or is he of that great number who ask all and give little? His implication that he has not found the perfect friend whom his soul requires carries with it self-accusation, for "who would have a perfect friend must be one." He says that "a true friend accepts one, faults and all, with tolerant human sympathy," which is true, but may we, in all sincerity and with the humility of one searching for the truth with meagre facts to guide them, may we ask if the toleration expected has not been as little prejudiced in favor of himself? Truly, Veritas, "he who excuses himself, accuses himself."

SINCERITY.

New York, May 3, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Upon reading the letter of "Veritas" that you print under the title "Wanted a Friend" I would suggest his seeking such a friendship as he yearns for with our worthy Mayor.

SENSITAS.

New York, May 3, 1911.

TAKES SUFFRAGISTS TO TASK

Why Have They Not Made Use of Their Talents?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Edith Hallock says she is not a suffragist. Then I congratulate her on being a very good imitation of one. For her arguments bear all the earmarks of a suffragist in good and regular standing. Why does she call fifteen years of woman suffrage "the first step"? It seems to me that fifteen years of experience is quite enough to show whether the ballot in the hands of women is as effective as the suffragists try to make out. Miss Hallock claims that Miss Chittenden's reasons are "futile," but she evidently forgets that it is not the anti-suffragist who says women should not have the vote because they have so far accomplished nothing with it, but it is the suffragist who clamors for the vote because she can accomplish so much with it.

Immediately above Miss Hallock's protesting letter is the typical suffragist one overflowing with that spirit of spreadhenism which I am doing my humble best to down for the sake of woman herself. This letter claims that if women voted they would prevent children from being murdered in the streets, and they would provide adequate playgrounds for the children. Strange that these same women as mothers seem so helpless to keep their children from dangerous places, but yet if given the vote would be so forceful to keep the automobiles from the children. Strange that this beautiful "protecting maternal side of humanity," so eloquently appealed to by Mrs. Blatch, does not look after its children a little more wisely. How dare she claim "we prepare the children for the world" while she knows how little real preparation, how little real thought, the average woman gives to the subject?

I cannot understand how Mrs. Blatch calls women "helpless talkers" when it is through these same talkers she apparently hopes to win the franchise. She forgets that if these helpless women can so far help themselves as to enfranchise themselves, surely they are equally not helpless to further any other change they really desire. If it is true that the large majority of women want more playgrounds for their children, why don't they parade for that instead of for the indirect method of getting them through the vote? Even now at this moment, without the vote, are the women really doing all they can to further the movement for playgrounds? Are they giving all the money they can spare? Are they speaking for it all they can? Is it conceivable that a mother cannot interest the father in the needs of their children? Is it conceivable that if a father could accomplish anything by the vote he would not do all he can to help the health and safety of his own children? How can the mothers claim that they would do better than the men, unless the women can prove that already under existing circumstances they have done their best?

ANNIE NATHAN MEYER.

New York, May 4, 1911.

WOMAN'S CONTROL OF EARNINGS.

Affects Only Those Acquired in Business Separate from Husband's.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Alice Hill Chittenden, Chairman Legislative Committee New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, in making comparison between the laws of Idaho, where women vote, and the laws of New York, where this right is denied to them, sums up in favor of the men-made law. Mrs. Chittenden is in error in her statement that in New York a married woman controls her own earnings. She controls her own earnings only when engaged in a business separate and apart from her husband, and outside of the household. Her earnings in and about the household, of whatever character, whether for the family or for strangers, belong to her husband. This includes taking boarders, sewing, washing, &c. When a married woman works with her husband for a third party, her earnings still belong to him, and the courts hold that a married woman cannot make a binding contract with her husband to pay her for her services, as they already belong to him, and the contract is without consideration. True, a married woman can hold her property free from the control of her husband, but how is she to acquire property when her services belong to her husband? The instances where a married woman engages in a separate business are rare. Husband and wife are equal guardians only of the person, not of the property of their children, and the courts hold that in case of disagreement between them, the father has the paramount right. The father is the sole guardian of the property of the children. He is the next of kin and sole heir of the children.

Mrs. Chittenden refers to the fact that women voters have not exterminated Mormonism in Idaho. We might, with equal fairness, call attention to the fact that with the great influence which the anti-suffragists claim women exert, it is passing strange they have not stopped all immoral practices in this State.

HARRIETTE M. JOHNSTON-WOOD.

New York, May 4, 1911.

Pointed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The suggestion by "A Lump of Conceit," (which name is an admirable application of truth,) that women who want to vote be subjected to the simple test of sharpening a pencil, illustrates the regrettable fact that not every man who can sharpen his pencils can also sharpen his wits. NEUTRAL.

New York, May 3, 1911.

VERDICTS IN BUSINESS DISPUTES.

Test of Arbitration by Chamber of Commerce Is in Its Finality.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In connection with your editorial headed "Speedy Verdicts in Business Disputes," it is interesting to recall that arbitration of commercial disputes was attempted in London through the medium of the London Chamber of Arbitration, established in 1893 by the London Chamber of Commerce, acting in concert with the Corporation of London. This effort is interesting rather as an experiment than as having offered any practical solution of the "law's delays." The opportunity offered to disputants was not largely availed of. But the comparative failure of the undertaking in London is not logically a discouragement of a similar effort in New York. Submission to the London Chamber of Arbitration is subject to the powers of the High Court of Justice under the Arbitration Act of 1899, which provides, Section 4:

If any party to a submission, or any pegson claiming through or under him, commences any legal proceedings in any court against any other party to the submission, or any person claiming through or under him, in respect of any matter agreed to be referred, any party to such legal proceedings may at any time after appearance, and before delivering any pleadings or taking any other steps in the proceedings, apply to that court to stay the proceedings, and that court, or a judge thereof, if satisfied that there is no sufficient reason why the matter should not be referred in accordance with the submission, and that the applicant was, at the time when the proceedings were commenced, and still remains, ready and willing to do all things necessary to the proper conduct of the arbitration, may make an order staying the proceedings.

In proceedings before the High Court the party opposing the application to refer must show sufficient reason against referring, otherwise the application will be granted. The High Court exercises power to revoke a submission under certain circumstances.

If a Committee of Arbitration such as is referred to in your issue of to-day should be established in New York, the most vital consideration would be the manner of limiting the right to appeal. Our Municipal Courts fulfill the requirements of celerity; but a trial in those courts, as well as in the Supreme Court, is a trial rather to establish grounds to appeal, and it is the appeal and not the procedure and trial in the first instance that causes our interminable lawsuits. A Court of Arbitration, if it is to save time and expense, must guard, so far as is not inconsistent with our legal principles, against the intervention of the courts.

New York, May 3, 1911. J. S. T.

A Fee for Public Schooling.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Surely it is a good proposition advanced by the Public Education Association, that a fee not to exceed the very moderate sum of $5 shall be charged to applicants for instruction other than elementary.

It is a great wonder that it has been so long in coming, since the letting in of all comers "just to see what high school is like," or because they must put in a month or two more at some school before attaining the age of 14 years, needed to get working papers, can surely not be defended. Other curious classes of pupils enter high schools, both day and evening, who have no adequate reason for entering, and no hope of being able to stay.

It might sound revolutionary to suggest that the city should cease to throw its educational pearls away at random, not so much to keep them out of unworthy hands, but as the most efficacious way of securing the benefit of them to the fit and worthy. But it is now advocated by this conservative society, which freely gives of its time and energy to education.

ROBERT P. GREEN.

New York, May 4, 1911.

CREDITORS WANT TRUST FUND

Palmer's Bankruptcy Case Reopened on Newly Discovered Assets.

Judge Hough yesterday reopened the bankruptcy case of Francis J. Palmer, 41 Cortlandt Street, formerly President of a felt roofing company, on the application of attorneys for M. L. & C. Ernst, creditors, to administer in newly discovered assets of $50,000. This action follows the recent decision of the Court of Appeals at Albany that incomes from trust funds can be garnisheed by creditors.

Mr. Palmer filed a petition in bankruptcy on July 22, 1907, with liabilities $85,680, mostly on accomodation paper of his company which he endorsed,, as his schedules showed no assets. He was granted a discharge from all his debts on May 7, 1908. The only creditors to file claims with William Allen, the referee, were the American Exchange National Bank, $20,000; M. L. & C. Ernst, $2,509, and the Waldorf Astoria Cigar Company, $15. Mr. Palmer's discharge was opposed by one of the creditors on the ground that he omitted a trust fund of $50,000 in his schedule of assets. This was a trust fund left by the will of his father, Charles Palmer, who died in Brooklyn on March 21, 1907, four months prior to filing the bankruptcy petition. The money was on deposit in the Farmers' Loan & Trust Co. The will provided that Palmer should have the principal whenever he shall become financially solvent and able to pay all his just debts and liabilities from resources other than the principal of this trust fund, and the trustees were empowered to pay him the money on his written statement that he was financially solvent.

After his discharge from bankruptcy he gave notice of his solvency and Surrogate Ketchum of Brooklyn, in Dec. 1909, decided he was entitled to the money. When his discharge from bankruptcy was opposed his counsel claimed that under the laws of New York Palmer had no interest in the will of his father, and so omitted it from the schedules. Referee Allen decided that Mr. Palmer was not required to set forta this interest in his schedules and recommended his discharge.

M. L. & C. Ernst in their application to have the case reopened claimed that this $50,000 should be paid by the trust company to the Trustee in Bankruptcy for the benefit of creditors. Judge Hough sent the mattor to Referee Allen to take further proceedings.

This is the first case in bankruptcy since the decision of the Court of Appeals about a month ago.

CASE AGAINST WIRELESS MEN

One of Their Witnesses Makes a Damaging Admission to Their Attorney.

Many witnesses were called yesterday at the continuance before Judge Martin and a jury in the United States Circuit Court of the trial of six officers of the United Wireless Company who are charged by the Government with using the mails to defraud. The Government is trying to show that of $3,000,000 obtained by the sale of United Wireless stock only $750,000 went into the coffers of the company, the rest being divided between the President, Col. C. C. Wilson, and the other officers.

Considerable amusement was caused, however, by the testimony of Arthur S. Marks, bookkeeper of the Wireless Company. To show that the New York selling agency, through which stock was sold in the East, was necessary, W. Burke Cockran asked Marks:

"Could United Wireless stock have been sold without this agency?"

"Yes, Sir," replied Marks, to the evident amazement of Mr. Cockran. The lawyer repeated the question, obviously in the hope of obtaining a different answer, but Marks responded as before, and then Judge Martin checked other attempts by Mr. Cockran to explain away this answer.

The hearing will be continued to-day.

TO MARK DRAPER CENTENARY

University to Honor Pioneer Photographer—City Hall Decorated.

Memorial exercises in honor of the centenary of the birth of Dr. John William Draper will be held today in the New York University. A committee representing the Board of Aldermen will be present and one of their members will speak. Other speakers will be Professors Marshall S. Brown, Arthur B. Lamb, Charles L. Bristol, and Dr. Francis H. Stoddard, Dean of the college. Mayor Gaynor has ordered that the City Hall be decorated with flags in honor of the occasion.

Dr. Draper was the first to photograph the human features. He also first explained how blood is purified in the lungs and was the discoverer of the spectrum analysis. He wrote more than a hundred books, his most famous being a "History of the Intellectual Development of Europe." Dr. Draper was a professor at the university for many years.

To Reopen City Book Bindery.

Controller Prendergast has decided to reestablish the book binding division in the Department of Finance. Several months ago he abolished the bureau and had the work done by contract, but has not found that the scheme worked to his liking. The nine old employees of the office will be taken back. They include a foreman, at $1,500 a year, and eight binders, at $1,200 each.

Prizes for Law Reform Essays.

Prizes aggregating $200, given by "friends of the school," have been offered in an essay contest to the seniors of the Columbia Law School. The essay is to be on law reform or a kindred subject, the purpose being to encourage original research by the pupils.

The Reform Club.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In to-day's report of the downtown luncheon clubs you fail to mention the "Reform," lately rejuvenated, and located in the old-fashioned brick dwelling on Old Mill Lane, corner of South William Street. Of all clubs in the lower part of the city, it is the coziest.

Millionaires are seldom seen, but men like James Speyer, Oswald G. Villard, and James Stillman remain on our roster. Among active members who come oftener to the club rooms, I mention the youthful-looking Francis Lynde Stetson, Cleveland's former partner; the silent Calvin Tomkins, our President; the jovial Wallace Macfarlane, and the serious William M. Ivins.

Brooklyn is worthily represented by Frederic W. Hinrichs and Edward M. Shepard. John De Witt Warner, the ardent free trader, comes on festive occasions to meet Everett P. Wheeler, his old friend.

It has become a pleasure to hear these reformers discuss the tariff situation over a glass of Moselle wine. We are encouraged to believe that reciprocity with Canada will lead to the abolishment of the protective system and to the permanent establishment of a reasonable revenue measure.

Sympathizers who want to join the club may do so, free of initiation fee, if they apply to Bert Hanson, Secretary, or the writer during the month of May.

LOUIS WINDMULLER.

New York, May 4, 1911.

The Jersey Central Improvements.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am glad to see some of the commuters of the New Jersey Central taking issue with Mr. Besler regarding not using the Pennsylvania Railroad terminal in Jersey City. I would like to ask what is the meaning of the work going on all the past season of making a 50-foot roadbed along the canal this side of Greenville. It is reported that this is where the connecting link will run.

It takes as long to go by the Twenty-third Street Ferry and by street car to Thirty-third Street in New York as the run in from Bound Brook to the ferry. The commuter desires to-day to save the extra half-hour at home in the morning—and no wonder now that the towns along the Jersey Central are not growing like other localities in New Jersey enjoying service through the tubes. I would like to ask also if "the $500,000 improvements" at the terminal of the Jersey Central at Communipaw do not cover only the repairs caused by the great gunpowder explosion of last Winter.

COMMUTER.

New York, May 3, 1911.

INTERBORO TO AMEND ITS SUBWAY OFFER

Will Submit Final Terms Next Tuesday and Decision Is Likely the Following Week.

HINT OF BROADWAY LINE

New Proposal May Touch District Included in the B. R. T. Offer—Pooling of Receipts Discussed.

The city's transit conferrees met both the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's representatives yesterday afternon, and the subway situation moved on accordingly one step nearer its final decision, which is now promised for a week from next Thursday, when the Board of Estimate shall have received the report of the McAneny committee. The city's conferrees are now through with the Interborough Directors until the later have submitted any modifications of their pending offer which they wish to make, but there remain one or two points still to be canvassed with the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, which will come up at a session this morning.

The Interborough agreed yesterday to submit to the transit conference next Tuesday a letter containing the modifications of its offer which that company is prepared to make after months of negotiation with the city. This letter will be made public when submitted, and on Wednesday there will be a final conference between the Interborough and the city's representatives, at which any new points raised in the letter of amendment will be canvassed. Then Borough President McAneny, Chairman of the Board of Estimate Conference Committee, will frame his report, which, according to the statement of Mr. McAneny yesterday, will be given to the members of the board and probably to the public a sufficient time before the meeting a week from next Thursday to enable it to b digested, and action will be asked at that time.

August Belmont arrived at the offices of the Public Service Commission at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, followed shortly by President Shonts of the Interborough and Andrew Freedman. They went into session with the entire commission, and Borough Presidents McAneny, Miller, and Cromwell, constituting the Board of Estimate Committee.

When the Interborough representatives came out, shortly after 3 o'clock, they refused to discuss the company's course with respect to modifications and went to Mr. Shonts's office to confer among themselves. It was learned that in the meeting, the points raised by the city's conferrees in the conferences of last Winter were briefly enumerated, and then the Interborough Directors were invited to prepare their letter containing any amendments of their pending offer they wish to make, and to submit this letter in accordance with the schedule already stated.

There was much speculation yesterday as to what the result would be. The city's representatives would not make any predictions. The best informed opinion last night was that the Interborough would propose various modifications of its pending offer, but not touch two vital questions raised by the city's conferrees—namely, the swapping of the franchise on the old and new lines below Forty-second Street, so as to enable the city to take over a line capable of continuous operation if it should exercise its option under the ten-year clause of the franchise; and the pooling of all the receipts on the extended system, so as to do away with a protected area in which the present high earnings would be maintained.

It may be stated that the scheme laid out by the Interborough for determining the income on its extensions out of which the distribution should be undertaken is unsatisfactory to the McAneny committee, particularly in the face of a proposition from the Brooklyn company to pool all its earnings. Commissioners Maltbie and Bassett of the Public Service Commission worked out a plan of applying an operating ratio derived from the average cost of carrying a passenger on the entire system, to the passenger receipts on the extensions as determined by the number of tickets dropped in the boxes. This arrangement was coupled by a stipulation that the Interborough should operate any extension which the city might build, and be limited to a return of 2 per cent. in addition to its charges in connection with the operation of the extension before the city began to divide the profits.

The idea was that the city's ability to compel the operation of additional subways would enable it to provide lines enough to do away with the excessive earnings on the present lines, and that while the plan for determining the net income on the extensions was not perfect, it was as practicable as could be obtained where the earnings on the extensions and on the parent system were proposed to be segregated. The city's conferrees are not very sanguine that the Interborough will meet on this point, as well as on that relating to the swap of franchises, the views of the conference, although they expect various concessions to be made along other lines.

There has been talk in the air for several days that the Interborough might offer a line up Broadway. No definite information could be obtained on this question yesterday, but it was pointed out that an easy way to recede from the company's untenable position due to the so-called "Broadway ultimatum" would be to offer to operate a line built through some part of Broadway which the B. R. T. proposition involves.

The talk with the B. R. T. representatives yesterday related primarily to the basis of return proposed for the company on its existing elevated lines, which it offers to turn into the general system. The company's offer proposed a return out of the pooled earnings of the whole system as extended, equivalent to the net earnings on the Brooklyn Union Elevated lines for the year preceding the commencement of operation. It has been urged on behalf of the city that, while the present net earnings on these lines are only 6 per cent. on their physical value, the proposal of the company left the future get earnings too indefinitely described. The statement can be made on authority that there is large prospect of the two sides getting together on this point by agreeing to take an average of the net earnings, say for the five years before the commencement of operation on the enlarged system, should the B. R. T. get the contract.

Yesterday's conference discussed also the treatment of certain rentals which the B. R. T. has to pay, and which would have to be taken care of in the event of a comprehensive system being put together on the lines of its plan. There was also discussion as to whether certain outlying lines should be built by elevated or subway construction, but it is expected that these matters will be closed up to-day.

GEN. BINGHAM BEGINS WORK.

Confers with Chiefs to Learn What Is Being Done—Glad He's Out of Politics.

Gen. Theodore A. Bingham entered yesterday upon his duties as Chief Engineer of Highways in Manhattan, when he conferred with the bureau chiefs to familiarize himself with the office. He will have charge of all paving, repaving, incumbrances, &c.

"I am glad to get into a job that's out of politics," he said. "I realize that I have my work cut out for me, and I am not going to boast of what I am going to do until I have had a good look around.

"I really didn't need this job, you know. A retired army officer don't have to work, but I'm the kind of a man who has to be active."

Fireproof Doors for City College.

The Board of Estimate voted $3,000 yesterday to pay for the installation of fireproof doors and partitions in the corridors of the old City College building, Lexington Avenue and Twenty-third Street. An appropriation of $385,630 was made to pay for new public school 45, at Hoffman Street and Lorillard Place, the Bronx.

SOCIETY APPLAUDS CAPITAL HORSE SHOW

President Taft and Family See Gen. Miles Lead Procession with His Chestnut Pair.

OFFICERS IN COMPETITION

Misses Meyer, Allen, and Hazard Exhibit Hunters—Senator Watson Wins with Kitty Gray—The Costumes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Society gave its approval to the horse show, opening to-day under particularly happy conditions. The President and his family occupied a flag-draped box in the centre of the field, while the initial entry was a procession of the Drivers and Riders' Association, showing a splendid turn out of horses in single and double harness, with Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., leading with his chestnut pair.

The military feature in which the President and the Secretary of War have shown especial interest included a competition open to the officers of Fort Myer, with enlisted men as riders, in which Capt. J. R. Lindsay's Albion took first place, with Capt. Henry C. Smithers's Debonaire and Dawn second and third, and Capt. Warren Dean's Cynic, fourth. Capt. Guy V. Henry, U. S. A., rode his Clinswell in the green hunter class, taking the red ribbon, the blue going to Headlight.

Hugh Legare's Red Bird took the blue in the polo pony class, with Basil Hall of Baltimore taking second, and William Littauer's Uncle Billy, third.

Senator C. W. Watson of West Virginia took a red ribbon with Kitty Gray, Mrs. Watson driving. Other winners in this contest were E. B. McLean and the Avondale Farm.

Miss Alys Meyer, daughter of the Secretary of the Navy; Miss Jennettee Allen and Miss Martha Hazard were notable figures in the hunter exhibits, while among the women whips recorded much applause were Mrs. C. W. Watson, Mrs R. T. Lowndes, Jr., of Maryland, and Mrs. R. P. McGrann of Lancaster.

Mrs. Taft accompanied the President, as did Miss Taft and Miss Marjorie Aleshire. The Secretary of State and Mrs. Knox had with them their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. James Tuidle of Valley Forge. The Attorney General and Mrs. Wickersham, the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Meyer, the Postmaster General, and the Secretary of Commerce and Labor and Mrs. Nagel were all present throughout the afternoon. The Assistant Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Beekman Winthrop entertained in their box the French Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand. The Belgian Minister and Countess de Buisseret were present with a company of friends.

Mrs. Taft and Miss Taft both wore blue, the former a light gown covered by a long cloak, Miss Taft a blue tailored serge, with smart black hemp hat, trimmed with one long uncurled, shaded ostrich plume. Miss Aleshire wore a purple linen suit, with black hat. Mrs. Knox's gown was white and black striped marquisette, with vivid red straw hat. Mrs. Wickersham wore a black velvet coat suit, with feather boa and feather-trimmed hat. Mrs. Meyer wore a black cloth coat suit. Miss Julia Meyer wore a white and black stripped tailor suit, with small black hat.

Mrs. Edward Beale McLean wore a white serge suit, with large, white, round hat, trimmed with a huge bow of white satin across the crown. The Countess de Buisseret wore a mauve gown and round hat, trimmed in roses, with light blue cloak. Miss Boardman wore white serge, with a high-crowned small hat completely covered with delicate pink roses. Mme. Jusserand wore dark blue cloth, with small straw hat to match. Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry wore a white and black foulard, with large black hat. Mrs. Walcott Tuckermann appeared in a French blue cloth tailored suit, with round hat, trimmed with hydrangia blossoms. Mrs. Ralph Jenkins wore black cloth, with a smart, small black hat, trimmed with a single white aigrette.

Miss Elsie Aldrich in white serge, Miss Marguerite Barbour in blue cloth with black Milan hat garlanded with roses, Miss Marion Oliver in dull pink homespun, Miss Elkins in severely made black, Miss Katharine Brown in green cloth, Miss Isabel Clarke in white cloth, and Miss Yvonne Townsend in white embroidered muslin over which she wore a loose blue cloth cloak were among the conspicuously well-dressed young women in boxes and grandstand.

Other patrons of the show included all the younger diplomats, the Minister from the Netherlands and Mme. Louden, Rear Admiral Brownson, Mr. and Mrs. George Howard, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Wainwright, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Thropp, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Pearsall, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Kauffmann, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Westcott, Mr. and Mrs. William Littauer, Col. and Mrs. George M. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Blair, the Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lee, Dr. and Mrs. W. Sinclair Bowen, Mrs. James Wadsworth, Mrs. Loundes, the Misses Patten, Mrs. La Montague, Dr. and Mrs. Yarrow, Frederick Lee, Mrs. Charles B. Woods, Miss Morgan, the Misses Squire, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Welch of Philadelphia, Mrs. Roscoe Bulmer, and Mr. and Mrs. William Gordon Crawford.

The Vice President and Mrs. Sherman had dining with them this evening the Secretary of Commerce and Labor and Mrs. Nagel, Senator and Mrs. Rayner, Representative and Mrs. Mann, Judge and Mrs. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Walcott, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Barker, and Dr. and Mrs. Wilmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry entertained at a large dinner followed by dancing this evening complimentary to Miss Angelica Gerry of New York, who is passing several days with them at the home of Mrs. Richard Townsend.

Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Edward Burr entertained at dinner this evening complimentary to the Chief of Staff and Mrs. Leonard Wood.

A party including the Attorney General and Mrs. Wickersham, Sir Robert and Lady Hadfield, the Minister of Belgium, and Countess de Buisseret will leave Washington to-morrow for a four days' trip up the James River, the guests of Henry Anderson of Richmond.

MRS. WM. ELLIOTT STILL ILL.

Daughter of David Belasco Leaves Asheville for Colorado Springs.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 4.—Failing to improve in health in Asheville, where she came two months ago, Mrs. William Elliott, accompanied by her husband and her father, David Belasco, started this afternoon in a private car for Colorado Springs.

Mrs. William Elliott is the youngest daughter of David Belasco, the playwright and theatrical manager. She was married last Fall to William Elliott, an actor, who had played in several of the Belasco companies, and who was noted for his performance of the young attorney in Henry W. Savage's production of "Madame X." This season he had the leading male rôle in "The Pink Lady."

Shortly after the marriage Mrs. Elliott had an attack of the grip, from which she did not recover as rapidly as was hoped. With the expectation that the climate of Asheville would be beneficial, she was taken South. Her improvement was slow, however, and a few weeks ago Mr. Elliott gave up his part in "The Pink Lady" and joined her in the North Carolina city, where her father had already gone.

ADVERTISEMENT.

$100,000

Partnership Protection

Net cost 1911 on policies issued 1910:

Age	25	35	45	50
Net cost	$855	$968	$1,275	$1,650

Smaller or Larger Amounts Pro Rata.

Policies renewable every five years at attained age without medical examination. Investigate this before deciding on ANY policy.

ROBERT A. SASSEEN, 165 B'way, City

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Nathalie Howland is expected to return from Paris, where she has been visiting her father, Louis Howland, about the middle of May. Her marriage to Frederick F. de Rham will take place in June, the exact date not having been fixed as yet.

Mr. and Mrs. McGregor Adams arrived here yesterday from Chicago, having motored from that city. They will spend a week at the Plaza before returning.

Mrs. Allen Fitch of 38 West Fifty-sixth Street will give a luncheon to-day at Sherry's for Miss Diantha Fitch.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rumsey plan to go to Westbury, L. I., to-day for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Thomas (Miss Blanche Oelrichs) are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son at their home, 7 East Eighty-fourth Street, on Tuesday. Mrs. Thomas is the younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs.

Francis J. Danforth, who is to marry Miss Leonie Alexandre in Stamford, Conn., on May 27, is to give his bachelor dinner at Delmonico's on May 19.

Miss Emily Nelson McLean, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Donald McLean, who is to marry Edward A. Gill-Wylie on June 8, has chosen as her bridal attendants the Misses Robina Christian, Caroline Fuller, Lucilla Wyley, Katrina Page-Brown, Betty Bouldin, and Estelle Reilley. Lawrence B. Robbins of Springfield, Mass., will act as Mr. Wylie's best man. The ushers have not yet been selected.

COLUMBIA GRADUATES IN PLAY.

Give "What Happened to Jones" for Benefit of Chapin Home.

The Columbia University Graduate Dramatic Association appeared at the Carnegie Lyceum last night in a farcical comedy, "What Hapened to Jones." The entertainment was given for the benefit of the Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, and the proceeds will go toward erecting a new home at Jamaica.

Graduates of Columbia and Barnard compose the Columbia University Graduate Dramatic Association. The cast was:

Prof. Ebenezer Goodly.....
.....Carlos D. S. Wupperman
Mrs. Goodly.....Adelaide Requa
Marjorie Goodly.....Daphne D. Imbrie
Richard Heatherly.....Ralph W. Carey
Helma .....Jesse I. Cochran
Cissy.....Adelaide A. Richardson
Sinclair.....Cecilia M. Silloo
Miss Alvina Starlight.....Kate V. Thompson
Jones.....Walter E. Kelley
Holder.....William Davidson
Rev. Antony Goodly.....T. Hayden Hamilton
Nigel.....Sherman Kelley
Mr. Fuller.....R. H. Bagnell

Many of last night's performers acted in undergraduate plays.

MAY DANCE AT DELMONICO'S.

Miss Wilmerding's Subscription Event Followed by Cotillion.

A May subscription dance, organized by Miss Henrietta B. Wilmerding, was held last night at Delmonico's. The patronesses receiving were Mrs. James A. Glover, Mrs. Sidney de Kay, Mrs. James D. Remsen, and Mrs. Alexander von Gontard.

The dancing, which began at 9:30, was continuous until midnight, when supper was served. Then followed a cotillion, led by Edward O'Neal Shotwell. The favors for the women were cards and fans, and the men received cigars in glass tubes and cards.

On the committee were William Degener, Jr., J. Gough Jamison, H. Huntington Jacocks, C. Carroll Goldsborough, J. R. Charlton Armstrong, Aubrey Vibbert, Dr. G. Carleton Dominick, Nicholas F. Lenssen, and Edwin Steinbrugge, Jr.

Among others present were Mrs. Donald Campbell, Mrs. Lowrey Gillett, and the Misses Eva Ingersoll Brown, Marguerite L. Janvrin, Euphemia Whittredge, Margery Shannon, and Clarissa Pierson. Also Theodore S. Avery, Joseph B. Sheffield, Laurence W. Bickley, Gustavo di Rosa, Dr. George H. Bell, Dr. J. Bayard Clark, Roland Holt, Willis Browning, Walbridge S. Taft, Harold Content, Donald Campbell, Edward R. Finch, and Capt. Seth Milliken.

GENEE DANCES FAREWELL.

Appears in "The Dryad" for First Time Here and a Taglioni Dance.

A matinée of dances and music was given at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon by Adeline Genee, assisted by the Morris dancers and the Nathan Franko Orchestra. It was of the nature of a farewell for Genee, and incidentally the first appearance of an English singer and of Eva Swain, a young American dancer. The principal feature of the mixed programme was the first performance here of "The Dryad," a story dance, which Genee produced in London several seasons ago.

The entertainment began with several old English country dances by a group of men and women in gaudy costumes. Selections by the orchestra followed, and then Genee appeared, first in an Empire dance, which she has given in New York before. She then gave a Taglioni dance, in the costume of Taglioni, and patterned after the conventions of that old-time dancer. "The Dryad" concluded the programme.

This tells the story, in pantomime and a few words, of the love of a Dryad for a Shepherd, whom she meets in her one hour of freedom from the tree in which she is imprisoned. The shepherd promises to come back, when she is free again, but on his return he brings a mortal girl, and the Dryad goes back to her prison, broken hearted. Genee was the Dryad, and Gordon Cleather, who appeared with her in England, was the shepherd.

The waltz from the "Cavalier of the Rose," by Richard Strauss, which the orchestra was to have played, was forbidden by the owners of the copyright, and the waltz "Roses of the South," by Johann Strauss, was substituted.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

HENRY GEORGE OTTO WETTLAUFER, also known as Otto Wettlaufer, died April 23, 1911; left more than $10,000 personalty to his widow, Dora Belia Wettlaufer, for life, to be divided on her death among his children, Henry Christian Otto Wettlaufer, Anna Margaret Wettlaufer, Christine Marie Wettlaufer, and Julius Louis Wettlaufer.

EMANUEL GOLDSCHMIDT, died April 18, 1911; left less than $10,000 personalty to his widow, Johanna Goldschmidt.

FLOYD A. CRANE, died April 26, 1911; left more than $5,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty, a life interest in three-sevenths of the estate to his widow, Emily P. Crane; income on three-sevenths until 25 years of age and then the principal to his son, Lester S. Crane of Providence, R. I.; income on one-seventh for life to Blanche Theodore, which on her death is given to Lester S. Crane.

ARTHUR EDMANDS JENKS, died April 24, 1911; left $1,000 personalty, $850 to his widow, Katherine M. Jenks; $100 to his son Charles N. Jenks, and $50 to his son, William J. Jenks.

JOSEPH DE BONA, died Jan. 28, 1911; left $4,700 realty and less than $2,000 personalty to his widow, Lillie De Bona.

CATHERINE ALICE LOWERRE, died March 30, 1899; left not more than $500 personalty to her sons, Thomas R. and Charles H. Lowerre.

FREDERICK RONNIGER, died on April 6, 1911; left $600 personalty to Herman Blaicher of 153 First Avenue.

JOHN H. MEYER died Feb. 12, 1911; left more than $50,000 realty and not more than $250 personalty, making his widow the beneficiary of a life interest in the remainder of his estate, value undetermined, and one-fifth each of the remainder after the widow's life estate to his sons, Henry H. andBernard L. Meyer and his daughters, Mrs. Mamie Fitzgerald, Mrs. Gertrude Stolzenberger, and Etta C. Meyer.

CLARA D. HARRIS, died Jan. 29, 1911; left $600 personalty, $50 each to Helen L. Caldwell, Hattie Brannon, and Nettie Brown, $25 each to Bettie Wright and Agnese Martin, and $5 to Sarah Caldwell.

FANNY or FANNIE SCHWAN, died Jan. 29, 1911; left $2,700 personalty, about $80 each to Helen Schanes Hartmann and Carrie Taylor and one-half of her residuary estate to Jacob Schwan, her husband, and her nephew, Solomon Kaufman.

MARY M. HAINES, died March 19, 1911; left more than $5,000 personalty, to her husband, John P. Haines.

MARGARET CALLAGHAN, also known as Margaret A. Callaghan, died Jan. 10, 1911; left $2,317 personalty, $200 to the Rev. Father Joseph L. McCabe, Camelite Priory, Middle Park, Victoria, Australia, and $2,117 to the Church of Our Lady of the Holy Scapula of Mount Carmel, 338 East Twenty-ninth Street, New York.

EVA LASSINGER, died March 2, 1911; left $1,500 personalty to her niece, Lottie Tannenbaum, of 160 Clinton Street.

ZOO GARDEN PARTY ATTENDED BY FASHION

Ladies' Auxiliary of Zoological Society Entertain at Tea in Bronx Park.

ALL VIEW WILD ANIMALS

Coaching Party Given by Mrs. Ralph Sanger, with Mrs. Arthur Iselin as Whip, Arrives from Colony Club.

Society responded generously to the invitations sent out by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the New York Zoological Society, of which Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn is chairman, for the garden party which was held yesterday afternoon in the Zoological Park in the Bronx. Between 3 and 6 the Administration Building, where tea was served, was filled with a large and representative gathering. Although the weather was a trifle too chilly for the guests to linger long on the green lawns, the air was just brisk enough to make a cup of tea enjoyable indoors.

The occasion, however, may be said to formally open the outdoor season. One of the interesting events of the day, in connection with the garden party, was the coaching party given by Mrs. Ralph Sanger. With Mrs. Arthur Iselin, vice-president of the Ladies' Four-in-hand Driving Club, as whip, Mrs. Sanger and her other guests left the Colony Club at 11:30 and arrived at the Zoological Park about 1, where they had luncheon. Besides Mrs. Sanger, the hostess, and Mrs. Iselin, those on board were Mrs. W. Goadby Loew, Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, Mrs. Albert Gray, Miss Alexander, Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., and Mrs. William Woodward.

The majority of the guests motored up to the park, and those who arrived before the hour appointed amused themselves by watching the animals in close proximity to the Administration Building. Before the afternoon was over nearly everybody had visited the various buildings and dens in the park. For some of the prominent society folk present this was their first view of the wild animals in the park.

The Ladies' Auxiliary has a membership of twenty-five and is made up of women prominent in society. They plan to give a garden party every year now. Yesterday was the second one given since the completion of the Administration Building, which was essentially the axis of the world of fashion yesterday, many handsome toilettes being worn.

Each member of the auxiliary wore a gold badge attached to a gray and green ribbon, the colors of the New York Zoological Society, of which Prof. H. Fairfield Osborn is President. The society has a membership of 2,000, and on the afternoon of May 18 its members will give another garden party. There is also a Junior League in conjunction with the society, and the 250 children who make up the league's membership, will have their lawn party on May 11.

Prof. and Mrs. Osborn, with Mrs. William B. Osgood Field, who is Secretary of the auxiliary, and Mrs. Walter E. Maynard, received with others of the auxiliary in the large reception hall in the administration building. Many visited the head and horn exhibition on the second floor of the building.

A group of portraits in one of the side rooms attracted attention, being the portraits of the twelve founders of the New York Zoological Society. They were William T. Horadaday, Percy R. Pyne, Charles T. Barney, William White Niles, John S. Barnes, H. Fairfield Osborn, Levi P. Morton, Samuel Thorne, Charles H. Townsend, Madison Grant, John Cadwalader, and Philip Schuyler.

Among those who attended the garden party were Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Miss Anne Morgan, Miss Dorothy Whitney, Miss Cuyler, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Miss Rhett, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., Mrs. Cadwalader Jones, Mrs. Henry Howland, Mr. and Mrs. H. Pendleton Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Jennings, Madison Grant, Mrs. George E. Perkins, Miss Dorothy Perkins, Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Miss Helen Gould, Mrs. Charles Post, Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Mrs. J. F. A. Clark, Mrs. Richard Trimble, Mrs. Charles Tweed, Mrs. Robert Huntington, Miss Bigelow, Mrs. Samuel Thorne, Mrs. Richard Stevens, Mrs. William Jay, Mrs. William J. Schieffelin, Miss Mandeville, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Parsons, Miss Mary Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Jennings, Mr. and Mrs. William P. Hamilton, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mrs. Goelet Gallatin, Miss Kate Brice, Miss E. de Graff Cuyler, Miss Pauline Robinson, Miss Amy Townsend, Mrs. George C. Clark, Mrs. Edward M. Townsend, Jr., Mrs. Stephen L. H. Olin, Miss Charlotte Barnes, Mrs. Philip Schuyler, and Miss Florella Niles.

Costly Plainfield Home Burned.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., May 4.—Fire practically ruined the home of Mrs. Frederick G. Mead, in East Front Street, to-night, resulting in a loss of about $100,000. The estate, which is known as Sunny Side, is one of the most attractive in the city, the house being more than a century old. The fire started in the attic. A resulting party, including many women in society, rendered great service in saving most of the contents.

Miss Moore to Have No Attendants.

Miss Grace A. Moore will have no attendants at her marriage on June 7 to Robert Le Roy. The wedding will be a very small affair at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Casemir de Rham Moore, 109 East Thirty-eighth Street.

Theatre Baseball Clubs Play To-day.

The theatrical baseball season will open to-day when teams from the Winter Garden and the Broadway Theatre will play the team from the Metropolis Theatre at Crotona Park. There will be two games, the Metropolis Theatre team meeting the Winter Garden nine first, and then playing the Broadway Theatre Club. Principals and chorus people from all three theatres will be present.

Bavarian Actors in a Folk Play.

The Bavarian actors at the Irving Place Theatre appeared in a new play last night, "'s Austragstueberl," a four-act comedy by Ludwig Ganghofer. The piece is a Bavarian folk play, in which the actors have an opportunity to introduce several folk songs and dances. It will be repeated to-night and to-morrow night.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Daniel Frohman denied yesterday that he was to take part in the coming Friars Frolic. He said his contribution was more financial than artistic.

The auction sale of seats for the Lambs Club ladies' gambol will take place at the Hudson Theatre this afternoon. The auctioneers will be Joseph Grismer, De Wolf Hopper, William Collier, Henry E. Dixey, Wilton Lackaye, William H. Crane, Otis Harlan, and other prominent actors.

The children's performance of "Pomander Walk" will be repeated at Wallack's Theatre next Wednesday afternoon. The regular midweek matinee of "A Certain Party" will be omitted, and Mabel Hite and her company will be in the audience.

BRENTANO'S ON VOYAGE BOOK BOXES

$2.50 $7.50 5.00 10.00

For Steamer Voyagers, Train Travel and Country Homes. Delivered to all points. Contain the best Books of the day and Current Magazines and Periodicals. Customers so desiring can make their own selection.

BRENTANO'S 5th Ave. & 27th St. New York.

EX-SENATOR KITTREDGE DEAD

South Dakota Representative Served Two Terms—His Fight with Gamble.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., May 4.—Ex-Senator Arthur Beard Kittredge of Sioux Falls, S. D., who served two terms in the Senate, his service ending two years ago, died here to-night after a month's illness with liver and kidney disease.

Ex-Senator Kittredge was born in Cheshire County, N. H., March 28, 1861, and was graduated from Yale University with the class of 1882 and from the Yale Law School in 1885. He began the practice of law at Sioux Falls, S. D. He was elected State Senator from 1889 to 1893 and was a member of the National Republican Committee in 1892 and 1896. On July 11, 1901, he was appointed to the United States Senate to fill the vacancy caused by the death of James H. Kyle, and was re-elected in 1903 for the term expiring in 1909. He was the local attorney for the Great Northern and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroads.

In the Fall of 1907 Senators Kittredge and Gamble were engaged in a bitter fight over the control of patronage for South Dakota and were summoned before President Roosevelt at Washington on Nov. 24. The President settled the dispute by having the Senators draw lots for each position.

As Chairman of the Senate Committee on Interoceanic Canals in February, 1909, Senator Kittredge advised the abandonment of the lock canal across the Isthmus of Panama, asserting that it would cost $400,000,000 and that the Government would eventually have to transform it to a sea level ditch.

CAPT. LANGREUTER DEAD.

Commander of the Berlin and with North German Lloyd for 28 Years.

Capt. H. Langreuter of the North German Lloyd steamship Berlin, and one of the best-known officers in the Mediterranean service, was found dead in his cabin on the steamer in Hoboken shortly after noon yesterday. Apoplexy of the brain was the cause of his death. Capt. Langreuter was 54 years old and unmarried. He lived near Bremen, Germany, with his aged mother.

Capt. Langreuter was with the North German Lloyd for more than twenty-eight years, and had been a Captain since Dec. 23, 1897. For a number of years he was in command of the steamship Grosser Kurfuerst, and made several polar and Mediterranean cruises in that steamer. Upon the completion of the Berlin, Capt. Langreuter was transferred to her. He was tenth on the list of North German Lloyd Captains.

The Captain was the possessor of a number of orders and decorations, among them being the Order of the Crown of the Fourth Class, the Order of the Red Eagle of the Fourth Class, the Order of the House of Oldenburg of the Second Class, the China Medal of Merit, the Gold Medal of the Life-Saving Society of Germany, and a decoration given him by the late King Leopold of Belgium.

No arrangements have yet been made for his funeral.

Adolph Woermann.

HAMBURG, May 4.—Adolph Woermann, head of the Woermann Steamship Line and a leader in German shipping, died to-day. Mr. Woermann, with associates, in 1884 purchased Kamerun in western equatorial Africa and turned the country over to the empire for a German colony.

Frederick W. Bert's Funeral To-day.

The funeral of Frederick W. Bert, the old theatrical manager, who died suddenly Wednesday morning, will be held this morning at Campbell's undertaking establishment in West Twenty-third Street. Burial will be at Evergreen Cemetery.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. Father JOHN TEHAN, 84 years old, a widely known educator of the Jesuit Society, died in St. Mary's, Kan., yesterday. He had been a member of the order for 52 years. Father Tehan was born in Frederick, Md.

Mrs. IDA MAY McCRUM, wife of E. Howard McCrum, and youngest daughter of the late Jesse B. Wharry and Ellen J. Van Iderstein, died yesterday morning at her home, 460 Macon Street, Brooklyn, after an illness of three years. Besides her husband she leaves a son.

KARL VON HIERONYMI, the Minister of Commerce of Hungary, died in Budapest, yesterday.

THE REV. DR. GEORGE HUTCHINSON SMYTH, a former pastor of the Collegiate Church of Harlem, died yesterday in Holyoke, Mass., after a long illness. Dr. Smyth gave up his church here several years ago because of failing health. A son, the Rev. George Hutchinson Smyth, Jr., is assistant pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church.

JOHN J. COLLINS, a cotton buyer for a Mobile firm, who came from Brooklyn, N. Y., was found dead in his room at a hotel in Greenville, Ala., yesterday. His death was caused by a hemorrhage of the brain. At one time Mr. Collins was a member of the New York Cotton Exchange. His relatives live in Brooklyn.

JOHN W. HESSE, 56 years old, Secretary, Treasurer, and a Director of the G. W. Dillingham Company, publishers, died yesterday at St. Luke's Hospital after an illness of several days. Mr. Hesse was a Director of the Century Development Company. His home was at 188 St. Nicholas Avenue.

FREDERICK L. HEIDRITTER, 51 years old, head of the lumber firm of F. L. & A. R. Heidritter of Elizabeth, N. J., died yesterday at the German Hospital, this city. Mr. Heidritter was President of the Elizabethport Bank and a Director of the National State Bank.

Bolivian Ministers Meet on a Pier.

Among those who got in yesterday on the United Fruit Company's steamship Santa Marta were Nestor Cueto, Bolivian Minister to England, his wife, and five children. They were met at the pier by Horace Knowles, American Minister to Bolivia, who is here on leave. The Minister and his family are on their way to England.

This Afternoon at 2:30 o'Clock

The 19th and Last Session

of the Remarkable Sale of

The Robert Hoe Library

THIS (FRI.) AFTERNOON, 19th and last session: Among many important items will be sold: Winthrop's "Declaration" from THE FIRST PRESS IN NORTH AMERICA 1645; an extra-illustrated copy of "The Complete Angler" printed by Pickering 1836, and extended to ten volumes; Wood's "New Englands Prospect" 1635; Wolley's "Journal in New York" 1701; author's presentation copy of Wycherley's "Poems" 1704; the "Legenda Sanctorum" of Jacobus de Voragine, Cologne 1476; "Miroir Historial" of Vincentius Bellovacensis, printed by Verard in Paris 1495-6.

The Sale will begin promptly at 2:30 P. M., and seats will be reserved fifteen minutes only.

The Anderson Auction Company

Madison Avenue at Fortieth Street

NEW YORK

Rare Books

The Books and Autographs purchased by Mr. George D. Smith at the

Hoe Library Sale

will be placed on free exhibition at

The Ackermann Gallery

1 East 45th Street, New York

Commencing Tuesday, May 9th, 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Book Collectors are cordially invited

FRANCHISE SOCIETY LOSES MRS. R. STEVENS

Resigns Office and Membership and Says She Does Not Approve of Women Parading in Public.

NEVER A REAL SUFFRAGIST

Declares There Should Be No Indiscriminate Franchise—Husband Still Works to Enfranchise Women.

Mrs. Richard Stevens of Castle Point, Hoboken, has resigned the office of Fourth Vice President and also as member of the New Jersey State Equal Franchise Society. The suffrage parade which women are to hold in New York on May 6 is the immediate cause of her resignation.

There was a meeting of the New Jersey Society Tuesday afternoon at Mrs. Stevens's house, Castle Point, with Robert Elder and several other suffrage speakers. Previous to this, from 2 to 3 P. M., a business meeting had been held by the officers of the society. At that meeting Mrs. Stevens handed in her double resignation.

Mrs. Stevens objects strongly to women taking part in a public parade. But she has never been at heart entirely in favor of woman suffrage. Mr. Stevens, her husband, is a strong advocate of woman suffrage and works for it, but Mrs. Stevens does not. Last year, however, Mrs. Stevens asked Mrs. Mackay to come to her house and speak on woman suffrage, and the New Jersey Society, a branch of Mrs. Mackay's, was formed, and Mrs. Stevens accepted the office of Fourth Vice President. To a NEW YORK TIMES reporter last night Mrs. Stevens said:

"Yesterday's meeting had nothing to do with my resignation. No, I do not believe in the women marching. I do not like the idea, and I think they will lose by this parade what they have gained in the work of many years. I have never believed that the vote was necessary for women. You see, I believe there should be discrimination in giving the ballot. I believe that half the men who are voting now should be disenfranchised. It is not that I do not believe that women should take part in many things. I think they should have a prominent part in the work for the schools, and in the schools I think they should stand equal with the men. There are very many things that I think they should do and that they can do, but I do not think it is necessary for them to have the ballot to do it.

"This has nothing to do with Mr. Stevens's feeling in connection with the suffrage, and he is as interested and will work for it as before."

Mrs. Mackay's resignation as National President of the Equal Franchise Society, which she organized and of which the New Jersey Society was one of the branches, also had nothing to do with the parade. Mrs. Mackay had previously voiced an objection to parades, but on the day of her resignation she spoke favorably. It was said, of the suffrage pageant to be given on May 6.

Mrs. Stevens's sister-in-law, Mrs. Archibald Alexander, Mr. Stevens's sister, will be in the parade. Her name was one of the first sent in. The Equal Franchise banner of the New Jersey Society, which is a beautiful affair of blue satin and gold, like that of the mother society, was likewise one of those to be sent in.

Mrs. Stevens's resignation will have little influence on woman suffrage matters," said Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, President of the Woman's Political Union, which is organizing the parade. Mrs. Blatch is also a prominent worker in Mrs. Mackay's society, which she represented in Albany last Winter.

J. R. BARTHOLOMEW WEDS.

Married to Miss Edith Clarke, Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Clarke, in Buffalo.

The wedding took place in Buffalo, N. Y., yesterday of Miss Edith Louise Clarke, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Wallace Clarke, and James Ripley Bartholomew. The Rev. Dr. Register, rector of St. Paul's Church, performed the ceremony.

Mr. Bartholomew is a son of the late George Ward Bartholomew, for many years a prominent member of the New York Stock Exchange. He is a graduate of Columbia University, class of '95, and a member of the Columbia University Club, St. Anthony Club, and Society of Colonial Wars.

After June 1 Mr. Bartholomew and his bride will be at home in this city at 45 East Twenty-fifth Street.

Mt. Holyoke Alumnae's Anniversary.

The Mount Holyoke Alumnae Association of New York will celebrate its twenty-fifth anniversary by a dinner which is to be given to-night at the Aldine Club, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. A reception to President Woolley will precede the dinner.

ESTABLISHED 1862

THEODORE B. STARR, Inc.

Diamond Merchants, Jewelers and Silversmiths

Madison Square West, New York

Prior to removing to our new building at

Fifth Avenue and 47th Street

we will make

Marked Reductions in Certain Lines

of Silverware, Bronzes, Marble Statuary, Photograph Frames, Desk Sets, Leather Goods

Also in broken lots of our regular Correspondence Paper.

HAMMERSTEIN'S OPERA HOPE

May Be Impresario Here Again Some Day—Gatti-Casazza Also Sails.

Both Oscar Hammerstein and Giulio Gatti-Casazza sailed away yesterday on the George Washington. Mr. Hammerstein said before sailing that he hoped to give opera here again some day.

"I do not forget," he said, "that I have an agreement with the Metropolitan Company not to give opera here again for ten years, but we are very friendly, and, perhaps, we can come to some agreement so that it can be done."

Signor Gatti-Casazza said, "I have already outlined the programme for the coming season, which should prove even more interesting than the one just past. I am especially pleased also that American music will have a worthy position in the future, thanks to the happy outcome of the American Opera contest. I shall go to Paris first, then to Italy, and then to Germany, and shall hear operas and artists. After that I shall devote myself to completing the programme for next season."

Mr. Gatti-Casazza took with him the libretto and score of Prof. Parker's work, which won the $10,000 prise, and which is to be sung here next season. He will cast the opera within a few weeks.

Others of the opera company who departed on the George Washington were Miss Geraldine Farrar and her mother, Alfred Hertz, Glenn Hall, Otto Goritz, and Antonio Scotti. Mme. Frances Alda also sailed.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

LINDBLAD.—April 30, to Mr. and Mrs. Alban J. Lindblad, 58 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, N. Y., a daughter.

GORDON.—May 2, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Gordon, a son.

Married.

AMES—GARD.—At home of bride's parents, Orange, N. J., by the Rev. Boyd Edwards, April 29, Mary Gard to Dr. James Sidney Ames.

BLINDENHOFER—DIX.—George A. Blindenhofer to Mary E. Dix at Little Church Around the Corner, May 4, 1911.

CURIE—DUFFY.—On Wednesday, May 3, 1911, at the Hotel Ansonia, by the Rev. Thomas F. Murphy, Etta, daughter of Mrs. Ann Duffy, to Charles Curie, Jr.

New Jersey.

NORRIS—REYNOLDS.—May 2, Newark, Loretta S. Reynolds to Allison Van B. Norris.

ROBINSON—BUCKLEY.—May 3, Rahway, Kathryn A. Buckley to Thomas J. Robinson.

WHEATON—WILLIAMS.—May 2, Newark, Marie K. Williams to Nelson E. Wheaton.

New York State.

STYGLES—WILLIAMS.—May 2, Yonkers, Mary Williams to Albert Stygles.

Died.

BERT.—Frederick Bert. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Friday, 11 o'clock.

BRIDGE.—William F. Bridge, son of the late Lewis Kitchell Bridge and Paulina Judd, his wife, and husband of Fanny Lane Bridge, died at his residence, 309 Lexington Av., May 3, in his 76th year. The funeral services will be held at the Madison Square Presbyterian Church Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully requested to attend.

CARR.—Maria Carr. Funeral "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (FRANK CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Wednesday, 1 o'clock.

CONLON.—On Wednesday, May 3, 1911, Nicholas C., beloved husband of Catherine T. Conlon, (nee Sexton.) Funeral from his late residence, 437 West 34th St., Saturday, May 6, at 9:15 A. M., thence to St. Michael's Church, 422 West 34th St., member of Veteran Fire Relief Association. Members of above post are invited to attend Grand Army services Friday evening, 8 o'clock.

CONWAY.—Died on May 3, 1911, at her late residence, Chestnut Hill, Pa., Martha Wright, widow of Dr. Thomas Conway, in her 84th year. Funeral service on Saturday at 2:30 P. M.

DE ZENG.—Entered into rest on Thursday, May 4, at 33 Madison Av., Edward Cutbush, son of the late William S. and Caroline C. de Zeng. Funeral services at Geneva, N. Y.

DOREMUS.—Entered into rest, Hester Yarrington, widow of the late Philip Doremus, in her 85th year. Funeral services from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edwin B. Goodell, 68 Park St., Montclair, N. J., Saturday, at 3:30 P. M. Interment private.

FENN.—On Wednesday, May 3, 1911, Fanny M. Penn, aged 48 years, at her residence, 219 Shippen St., Weehawken Heights. Funeral from St. John's Church, Palisade Av. and Charles St., West Hoboken, on Saturday, May 6, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Fairview Cemetery.

HALL.—On Thursday, May 4, 1911, Kate H. Hall, widow of Alfred Hall, Esq., late of Buffalo, N. Y. Funeral service at her residence, 623 West 136th St., Manhattan, on Friday afternoon, May 5, at 4 o'clock.

HESS

MALONEY KNOCKED OUT BY GOODMAN

Right Hand Blow on Jaw Ends Fight in Second Round at Twentieh Century A. C.

Tommy Maloney's ambition to supplant Jack Goodman as king of the west side lightweight division was smothered in short order last night at the St. Nicholas Rink when the pair came together in what was scheduled to be a ten-round bout before the Twentieth Century A. C. Four minutes and fifteen seconds of actual fighting sufficed to retire Maloney from the running, a hard right-hand punch to the jaw putting him down to the canvas so hard that there was no question as to his ability to continue. He had been floored three times in succession with right-hand swings, and the final wallop did the trick so completely that Referee Charley White did not attempt to count Maloney out.

Both boys have a big following on the west side, and have been rivals for some time. As a result the bout drew one of the largest crowds which has attended any of the local bouts this season when a champion or National figure in the prize ring was not one of the principals. Goodman's following greatly outnumbered and outnoised the crowd which cheered Maloney, but the latter had plenty of reason to feel that he was among friends. Each was greeted with an ovation as he climbed into the ring, and the noise was renewed with greater intensity when they were introduced previous to the bout. Horns, bells, and other noise-making devices played a strong part in the reception which both boys received.

Maloney looked a bit too fine when he came into the ring and appeared small aside of his well-built opponent. Goodman looked fit to put up his best fight. They agreed to break cleanly at the order of the referee and followed out the agreement perfectly as long as the bout lasted. The opening round showed more action than is usually seen at the getaway, but there was no advantage for either boy. Goodman opened with two lefts to Maloney's face, and Tommy came back with a hard right which drove Jack's head back. In two or three clinches each worked hard with both hands and landed some stiff punches to the head and body. In one of these mix-ups Maloney landed a stiff right hand punch on Goodman's jaw which put Jack down against the ropes, but he was up in an instant. Honors were even for the round.

The second round, which lasted only one minute and fifteen seconds, was all in favor of Goodman. He forced the milling and the two right swings which he took on the jaw did not bother him much. He finally rushed Maloney to a neutral corner and floored him with a right to the jaw. Tommy grabbed the ropes and helped himself to his feet only to be again floored with a similar punch. He pulled himself to his feet at the count of six and another punch of the same kind put him down again. He arose again and backed to Goodman's corner where Jack got over the right swing which won him the bout.

In the semi-final number, which went the full six rounds, Young Evans, who trained Maloney for the bout, was defeated by Jimmy Carter. Neither scored a knockdown.

The best bout of the evening was the second preliminary, with Mickey Devine of New York and Harry Fiedler of Brooklyn as the principals. It went the full four rounds and was marked by lively action from start to finish. Both were willing mixers and capable of taking hard wallops. Devine was the aggressor throughout and had a shade the better of the milling.

McMAHON vs. McKINNON.

Middleweights to Clash in Main Event at National Sporting Club.

Tom McMahon, the husky middleweight, who boxes Bill McKinnon of Boston at the National Sporting Club to-night, arrived in New York last night from Pittsburg. McMahon has been working hard since his recent bout here with Sailor Burke, and is more than anxious to make up for what he considers a failure in that encounter, which was his first before a New York crowd. McMahon confident expected to win against the Brooklyn tar, but after a flying start he slowed up enough to lose the verdict. McMahon is in the best possible condition for to-night's bout. McKinnon will arrive here this morning from Boston, where he has been doing some hard training since the contest was first arranged.

McKinnon is regarded as the best middleweight in New England, and for the past few years has been a stumbling block in the path of aspirants for the middleweight title. The men will weigh in at the National Sporting Club at 3 o'clock this afternoon. According to the terms of the agreement, each must make 158 pounds.

Young McGovern and Mike Mailll will be the principals in the semi-final bout scheduled to go six rounds. The four-round preliminaries will bring together Larry Ryan and George Bush, and George Haney and Young Rudolph.

Mayor Harrison Favors Boxing.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Mayor Carter H. Harrison and Chief of Police McWeeny yesterday put the stamp of approval on boxing in Chicago provided the bouts were "on the square."

Mayor Harrison said: "When the boxing game is, properly conducted I have no objection. If the promoters can avoid scandals I will permit boxing if the bouts are legalized at Springfield. If boxing is allowed there would be no reason to suppress pictures of six-round contests or more pretentious bouts."

Chief McWeeny said: "I like boxing and I like to see boxing, provided it is on the level. I think all boxing should be under the supervision of the city officials. I used to box myself, so see no harm in the sport if it is kept clean."

Stone Wins at Long Acre.

Harry Stone, the Ghetto champion, outclassed Frankie Fay of Glen Falls in their ten-round bout, which was the feature event of last night's show at the Long Acre A. C. Stone held the lead in each of the ten rounds, and in the ninth and tenth he had Fay holding to save himself, but he was unable to score a knockdown during the bout.

In the semi-final of six rounds Andy Cortes knocked out Johnny Quirk in the last round. Sonny Baker knocked out Joe Meyers in the third round, and Willie Baker fought a four-round draw with Natty Rose. Young Goldie made Joe Rich quit in three rounds, and Jimmy Michael had a shade the better of his four-round bout with Mike Goodman.

Kilbane to Fight McFarland.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 4.—Tommy Kilbane, the Cleveland lightweight, has been matched to box ten rounds with Packey McFarland before the Buffalo Athletic Association in this city on the night of May 12. Final arrangements for the match were completed this morning by C. J. Murray, matchmaker for the association. Kilbane is the boxer who fought Abe Attell near Cleveland on the night of Jan. 31 when Attell fractured a bone in his left arm.

Jeffries Sails for Europe.

James J. Jeffries, the former heavyweight champion boxer, accompanied by his wife, sailed yesterday on the steamship George Washington for Europe. While abroad Jeffries will attend the coronation of King Edward and take the baths at Carlsbad.

Jim Barry Defeats Gunboat Smith.

OAKLAND, Cal., May 4.—Jim Barry won a popular decision here last night over Gunboat Smith at the end of a six-round bout.

Blackburn Wins Roller Race.

The two-mile professional scratch roller skating race decided at the Metropolitan Roller Skating Rink, Fifty-second Street and Broadway, last night was won by William Blackburn of this city. Harry Burke of Bridgeport, Conn., finished second, and Harry MacDonald of Brooklyn came in third. The winner's time was 6:26 1-5. Blackburn and Burke skated together throughout the entire distance, and the American champion roller skater just managed to win at the tape.

For Fencing Titles To-night.

The championships of America in foils, dueling swords, and sabres will be decided to-night in the gymnasium of the New York Athletic Club. The meet is held in alliance with the Amateur Athletic Union, and will attract competitors from New England, the South and the West, all of whom have qualified for the right to contest for the honors in the preliminaries, held in Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and Chicago during the past two months.

BURNS DEFEATS WAGNER.

Jersey Bantam Gives Italian a Bad Punishing at Whirlwind A. C.

In a ten-round bout with action from bell to bell Frankie Burns of New Jersey won a well-earned victory over Young Wagner of this city last night at the Whirlwind A. C., Brooklyn. The boys were well matched for cleverness, but at infighting the Jerseyite was far superior, and got over three to one at close range. There was never a let-up to either boy's work in any round, and the house, crowded to the doors, was in a constant uproar all the time.

Burns forced Wagner to extend himself to his full limit in order to meet his fast work, but Wagner never once flinched, and came back at all times with hard rights, many of which went wild. Wagner's left eye was opened in the second round with a wicked smash and continued to bled until the end. After opening his eye Burns played for the optic during the remaining rounds, and before the end had it badly puffed out and bleeding.

As the boys came to the centre of the ring for the encounter Burns led with a right for the face and they clinched. Burns then sent a right and left to the ribs as the pair were in a corner. Burns led a left for the face and missed, then came back and planted a right and left to the ribs as they were on the ropes. Wagner's lip bled from the jabs of Burns, and as the bell sounded they were fast in a clinch.

Wagner took a sound lacing in the second round. He started well and landed several hard punches on the Jersey City lad's face and body, but the punishment had no result other than to stir up all the fighting blood in Frankie's body. A hard right cross to the head opened a cut under Wagner's left eye and caused it to bleed freely, but with no effect.

Burns kept up the fast pace throughout the third, fourth, and fifth rounds and Wagner took some hard punishment. He landed some hard stings, and while Burns recoiled from the impact, his furious pace and ability to land the majority of clean blows gave him the call.

The eighth round found the Jersey City boy strong and fresh, despite the rapid work, while Wagner showed the effect of wear and tear. Avoiding the rushes of his opponent, the Jersey lad banged his right straight under the heart. It was Frankie's best punch. The boys boxed all over the ring to the end.

BOXING AND WRESTLING.

Novice Aspirants to Battle at Odd Weights in Irish-A. A. C.

As a final show of the season the Irish-American Athletic Club will hold a novice boxing and wrestling tournament open to all registered athletes, in their clubhouse, 110 East Fifty-ninth Street, on May 23 and 25. There will be five odd-weight classes in boxing—110, 120, 130, 140, and 150 pounds. Three wrestling classes will be contested—120, 130, and 140 pounds.

It is the intention of this organization to give this tournament at popular prices as a token of appreciation to the many visitors who supported the various tournaments held at the clubhouse during the Winter season. Arrangements have been completed whereby the smaller clubs can secure blocks of seats at a nominal sum. In this way the Irish-American A. C. hopes to encourage a feeling of sportsmanship between themselves and the many clubs in the Metropolitan Association of the A. A. U.

NEWARK HORSE SHOW OPENS.

New Jersey Society Well Represented in First Night's Judging.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., May 4.—Surpassing the exhibit of last year, the New Jersey Horse Show Association opened here tonight under auspicious circumstances in the First Troop Armory on Roseville Avenue. The interior of the building was prettily decorated with blue and white. The boxes were all occupied by persons prominent in New Jersey society.

Immediately after the show was formally opened the judging of the eleven classes was begun, which included harness and saddle horses, hunters, jumpers, and Arabians.

Capt. William A. Bryant, Second Vice President of the show and organizer, received word to-night that Major Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, commandant of the Department of the East, and his staff would attend the show Friday and Saturday. The summaries:

Novice Harness Horses.—Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Enterprise, blue ribbon; Mrs. Julius S. Walsh's Dixie, red ribbon; Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Lily, yellow ribbon.

Class 29, Novice Saddle Horses.—Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Fancy, blue ribbon; B. Lambert Sackett's Moving Picture, red ribbon; John Tr Spratley's White Oak King, yellow ribbon

Class 4, Roadsters, (Trotters.)—William M. V. Hoffman's Teneriffe, blue ribbon; E. Bodenweser's Clyde B., red ribbon; Dr. Winthrop D. Mitchell's Bon Issue, yellow ribbon.

Class 5, Pair Harness, Horses.—George Gustav Rohing's Manhattan and Dignity, blue ribbon; Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Violet and Florham Vivian, red ribbon; Mrs. Julius S. Walsh's Honesty and Honor Bright, yellow ribbon.

Class 45, Arabian Horses; Stallion, Mare, or Gelding.—Lowell P. Brown's Sharabi, blue ribbon; Archer H. Brown's Hadban En Zelie, red ribbon; R. M. Jeneishatl's Jameil, yellow ribbon.

Class 7, Harness Horses.—Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Tip Top, blue ribbon; De Witt C. Flanagan's Prince Charming, red ribbon; Brook Farm's Roundelay, yellow ribbon.

Class 35, Heavyweight Hunters.—Henry Lawrence Bell's Pinkeen, blue ribbon; Peter Haude, Jr.'s Sunlight, red ribbon; George Chipchase's Gatlin, yellow ribbon.

STAPLETON'S NEW JOB.

Cleveland A. C. Secures New York Athlete for Its Physical Director.

John Francis Stapleton of this city has just received notice from Cleveland of his appointment to the position of physical director of the new Cleveland Athletic Club. The new fifteen-story home of the club, which will cost $700,000, is now being completed, and will be ready for occupancy about Sept. 1, at which time Stapleton will assume his new duties.

The post is a most important one, and upward of forty men were under consideration for the position, which carries with it the entire charge of the athletic life of the club. The selection of Stapleton was due to a great extent to the success which he has had in his courses of physical instruction with New York business men. He has numbered among his pupils quite a large number of financiers from Wall Street and business and professional men in all parts of the greater city.

Before coming to New York Stapleton had considerable experience in physical work in schools. He was physical director at the Pennsylvania State Normal School at Millersville, Penn., and later at St. Luke's School, Wayne, Penn. He took an extensive course under Dr. William G. Anderson of the Yale University gymnasium. He also spent several Summers at Chautauqua, where he held the position of swimming instructor.

$50,000 for Chicago Aviation Meet.

A guarantee fund of over $50,000 has already been subscribed for the Chicago aviation meet. Harold F. McCormick, Chairman of the Guarantee Committee, is authority for the statement that the $100,000 for the aviators will be ready long before the opening day of the meet, which takes place at Grant Park in August. A general committee meeting will be held on May 8 to determine finally on the programme. To make the entry list complete the committee is now corresponding with the makers of the Antoinette monoplane, the only prominent machine not already entered to appear at Grant Park. The committee has also opened negotiations with the controller of the new Italian hydroplane.

Weights for Combination Plate Race.

The weights for the combination plate for galloways, hacks, and hunters to be run at the meeting of the Meadow Brook Steeplechase Association at Belmont Park Terminal, Saturday, May 6, are: Booger Red 170, Far West 165, Nattie Bumppo 162, Nestor 152, Meno 152, The Thief 150, Royal Vane 148, Norwood 146, Battista 145. Supplement 145, Prince Pro Tem 145, Punch 145, Left Over, 140. The officials for the meeting are as follows: Stewards, August Belmont, Antelo Devereux, Henry W. Bull, H. S. Page, J. E. Davis; judges, A. Butler Duncan, John E. Cowdin; starter, J. H. Bradford; paddock judge, L. E. Waring; patrol judges, Hamilton Hadden, Franklin B. Voss; clerk of the scales, George W. Gall.

Other Sports on Pages 8 and 9.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APpeals—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 282—Oceanic Steam Nav Co v. Watkins. 283—Lehigh Valley Co v. Transfer Co No 18. 285—Rajah v. Auto Supply Co. 213—Ashley v Fatum. 234—Ommen v. Talcott. 250—Heide v. Panowallas. 270—In re McIntyre. 276—Peck v. Rose.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Noyes, J.—Motion calendars. 1—In re Winkel. 2—American E & M Co v. Chipman. 3—Hannay v. Guaranty Trust Co. 4—Elliott v. Lebowitz. 5—Standard Trust Co v. Sec Inv Co. 6—Motion Picture Patents Co v. Laemmle. 7—Hammerstein v. Tetrazzini. 8—Victor T M Co v. Miller. 9—Union Salt Co v. Miller. 11—Bartlestone v. Mendelson. 12—Same v. Adelson. 13—Same v. Levine. 14—Same v. Fine. 15—Same v. Cohen. 16—Higley v. Crakow. 17—U S A v. Patten. 18—Casper v. So Pacific Co. 19—Motion Picture Co v. Independent. 20—Hanckel v. Investors. 21—Herman v. Simonson. 22—N Y & Note Co v. Thomas. 23—Fischer Co v. Beckman & Co. 24—In re Cochand. 25—Berrier v. Griscom-Spencer Co. 26—Ohio Elec Ry Co v. Norton.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Admiralty. 115—McAllister v. City of N Y. 26—Tweedle v. Cayser. 49—Boyle v. Howard. 52—Brown v. Cargo Lumber.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Clarke, Scott, Miller, and Dowling, JJ.—Court opens to-day at 10 A. M. Motions. Non-enumerated motions. 1—Guernsey v. Rubinger. 2—Same v. same. 3—Peck v. Butler. 4—Junge v. Junge. 5—O'Rourke Eng Const. Co v. Goodwin Car Co. 8—Kliger v. Rosenfeld. 9—Same v. same. 11—Allen v. Gold Car Heating Co. 13—King v. Doerr. 15—Matter of First Nat Bank v. Gow. 17—Daly v. Jones. 18—Lerner v. Tetrazzini. 19—Robinson v. N Y C & H R R R. 21—Sutton v. Sutton. 22—Harlem Sav Bank v. Heylman. 23—Germania Life Ins Co v. Meyers. 24—Tucker v. Schwed. 26—Ruman v. Nat Slavonic Society. 27—Cohn v. Furman. 29—Matter of Minkelheimer (in re William A. Prendergast.) 30—Brown v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 31—Elbert v. Gehrig. 32—Wessel v. Schwarzler. 33—Cass v. Realty Sec Co. 35—Nugent v. Onward Const Co. 36—Gibbons v. Hatlam. 37—Stevenson v. Stevenson. 38—Soiman v. Sarcano. 39—Kelser v. Kaiser & Co. 40—Pollock v. Shubert Theatrical Co. 41—Matter of Bell. 42—Thomas v. Pardo. 43—Wessel v. Schwarzler. 44—Hilboon v. Penn Cement Co. 45—Connors v. Galbraith. 46—G. J. Gude Co v. Heineman. 47—Dennis v. Stock Grain & Provision Co. 48—Millman v. Adler. 50—Williams Eng & Cont Co v. City of N Y.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bischoff, J.—Litigated motions. 1—In re Whitney. 2—In re Trainor. 3—Goepel v. Kurtz Action Co. 4—Giongrasso v Giongrasso. 5, 6—Guaranty Trust Co v. 2d Av R R. 7—Broadway Bldg Co v. Dominion Bankers Corp. 8—Schumacher v. Doubleday, Page Co. 9—Ermold v. Kaltenhauser. 10—Brandegee v. Plaza Holding Co. 11—Chesbro Bros v. Hitchcock. 12—Gerhart v. Gerhart. 13—Goepel v. Kurtz Action Co. 14—Perkins-Goodwin Co v. Post &c. Co. 15—Nassau Bank v. Wasserman. 16—Mirsky v. Bauman. 17—In re Manton v. Govern Co. 18—In re Pell. 19—City of N Y v. Fairbank. 20—In re Walton Av. 21—Gilbreth v. Melkleham. 22—Underwood v. Raven. 23—Bleyer v. Bleyer. 24—Pfender v. Depew. 25—Genninger v. Carey. 26—Morgan v. Barrett. 27—Rodinsky v. Rodinsky. 28—Raynor v. Aldred. 29—Burger v. Bendheim. 30—Street v. Jackson. 31—In re Lee. 32—Dawbarn v. Fleischman. 33—Campbell v. Fritz. 34—Johnson-Ritter v. Conley Mfg Co. 35—Chester v. Theatrical Production Co. 36—Same v. Pope. 37—St. John v. Auto Pneumatic Action Co. 38—Bailey v. Fingerhut. 39—Kaufman v. Fenn. 40—Ottiker v. Hipkin. 41—Speciatta v. Holbrook. 42—Lach v. Shiland. 43—Mayer v. Shiland. 44—Guzy v. Guzy. 45—Bender v. Lonergan. 46—Murtha v. Brown. 47—Rudy v. Rudy. 48—Holzman v. Korn. 49—Bleyer v. Bleyer. 50—District Realty Co v. Miller. 51—Thomas Motor Branch Co v. S & W Motor Co. 52—Arnold v. N Y Age Pub Co. 53—Speedway Const Co v. Mountain Const Co. 54—Alpha Portland Cement Co v. Realty Co. 55—Vajana v. Vajana. 56—Cohnfeld v. Furlong. 57—Edwards v. Carlin Const Co. 58—Sussman v. Kremer. 59—Donnelly v. Snare & Triest Co. 60—Kozawer Lodge No. 18 v. United Ind Kozawer Assn. 61—In re Palmer. 62—Fleig v. Fleig. 63—Pulls v. Schmidt. 64—Hollander v. Roth. 65—Mutual Life Ins Co v. Ellis. 66—Duffy v. City of N Y. 67—Equitable Const Co v. Bayer & Edwards v. Carlin Const Co. 69—Brownstein v. Brownstein. 70—Kirchner v. Metzer.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J.—Motions. Demurrers—223. Falen v. Falen. 216—Hackenbruch v. Hackenbruch Trust Co. Preferred causes—2905—O'Brien v. Phelan. 2649—Slade v. Squier. General calendar—1897—Joseph v. Sulzberger. 674—Recine v. Recine. 2035—Hogan v. Ess Eff Realty Co. 1868—McGuire v. Hendricks. 1096—Wahle Phillips & Co. v. Germain Theatre. 2461—Caldwell v. Glazier. 1688—Lawler v. Nardi. 191—Taylor v. Oppenheim. 1547—Dachtea v. Dachtea. 2673—Picaninny Slide Co. v. Hamuet. 2679—Toal v. Fisher. 2705—Strachstein v. Strachstein. 2717—Sindler v. Sindler. 2732—Smith v. Bleier. 2232—Stevens v. Episcopal Church etc. 2550—Luddington v. Luddington. 332—Dutcher v. Dutcher. 1084—Weed v. Bach. 3080—Riker v. Gwynne. 1530—Coettick v. Fischer. 3277—Fitzgibbon v. Parker. 2073—Essayan v. Essayan. 428—Grant v. Grant. 721—Stephens v. Cutting. 1487—Leman v. Leman. 1037—Connors v. Connors. 787—Tilden v. N. Y. Realty, owners. 1120—Dinsdorf v. Roble. 1119—Minke v. Dickeer. 1057—Clements v. Clements. 1167—Ross v. Ross. 2710, 2711—Fenichel v. Zackerman.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term) Davis, J.—(April term continued.) 1 — Joseph Adams. 2 — Rachela Pietropaola. 3—Antonio Regala. 4—James Reddy. 5—Robt. E. Campbell. 6—John Walsh. 7—John J. Kelley. —Dennis Mulder. 9—Chas. Kaufman. 11—Frank Muratore. 11—Emil Frier. 12—Joshua Lewis. 13—Harry Ferdinand. 14—John Jacobs. 15—Mazzarona Aulita. 16—Fred B. Sanders.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Leventhurger, J. Inquest. 3700—Hoffman v. Wilkinson. Inquest. 4041—Modern Pav Co v. Quinn. 3709—Rubens v. Met Opera Co. 3990—Kahn v. Leventhal. 4049—D H McLaury Marble Co v. Broadway & 42d St Bldg Co. 3259—Lee v. Wm B Riker & Son Co. 3957—Myers v. Schulman & Altman & Greenbaum. 3754—Mackeown & McBurnie v. Roth. 3263—Bank of Am v. Nathan. 3719—Corrigan v. Goff. 3525—Holt v. Corbett. 4009—Gandenzi v. Liebler. 4013—People ex rel Mellen v. Aldcroft. 4014—People ex rel Kenny v. Aldcroft. 3971—Malbin v. Purst. 2591—Chalman v. Chayman. 2118—Loughran v. Prendergast. 4007—Paolucci v. Emigrant Ind Sav Bank. 3328—Sciarrino v. Johnson. 3067—Martin v. Kleybolte. 3720—Kramer v. Jacobs. 3498—Meagher v. Rancour.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J.—176—McKiernan v. Linch. 195—Krahe v. Joline. 194—Clark v. Joline. 238—Tilton v. same. 243—Kohlweiler v. same. 244—Coniglio v. same. 245—Kiley v. same. 267—Gunther v. Nassau Electric R R. 280—Cumming v. N Y C & H R R R. 29—Anderson v. Nassau Elec R R. 220—Stanley v. Joline. 212—Martin v. Whitridge.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J.—4531—Philpot v. 5th Av Coach Co. 1548—O'Connor v. Mayor of N Y. 1549—Gondolfo v. same. 1347—Feiger v. Kues. 1843—Hamilton v. Piercy. 1829—Pearson v. Ehrich. 1833—Heagen v. Berger. 1743—Mora v. N Y & Bklyn Casket Co. 1707—McLaughlin v. Hedden Const Co. 1465—Dwyer v. Greenblatt. 1877½—Goldsmith v. Joline. 1645—Glebe v. Tepfer. 1802—Turner v. Heisler. 1805—Albanese v. Hartfield, Solari & Co. 1815—Upham v. N Y Taxicab Co. 1826—Tannenbaum v. Levene. 1835, 1836—McTaggert v. Sheffield Farms-Slawson-Decker Co. 1851—O'Halloran v. Brubacher. 1854—Duffy v. Press Pub Co. 1800—Tortorici v. City of N Y. 1902—Morris v. Hearn. 1801—Tortorici v. City of N Y. 1898—Gray v. Seldman. 1816—Braverman v. N Y Cab Co. 1834—Macbryde v. N Y Taxicab Co. 1847—Oldham v. grms. 1852, 1855—Harvey v. McConnell Coal Co. 430—Stein v. Neisner. 1755—Doran v. See. 1682—Glatsone v. Greenhaut. 1782—Diamondstein v. Epstein. 1126—Nelson v. Times Sq Auto Co. 1880—Levy v. Stone. 1528—Leavit v. Scholes & Co. 1670—Gatzik v. Goldwater. 4715—Kallsher v. Brownlee, King & Co. 1804—Bellantoni v. Wick. 1901—Devaney v. Kahn. 1930—Fund v. Spivack. 1746—Klar v. Deitsch. 1789—Frank v. Walkowitz.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—1054—Parks v. Second Nat Bk. 4076—Barber Asphalt Pav Co v. City of N Y. 4077—Mack Pav Co v. same. 1825—Hudson Iron Co v. Mershon. 2820—Schultze v. City of N Y. 2733—Collins v. same. 2650—Isaacson v. Etkin. 2237—Corr v. Sully. 2572—Ackley v. Hoadley. 2709—Levy v. Berg. 2811—People's Bank v. Kassel. 2310—Lewis v. Blackwood. 2035—Crawford v. Robertson. 2114—Clark & Co v. Zimmerman. 2441—Joyce v. Field. 2442—Warfield v. same. 2097—Thompson v. Eclectic Medical College. 1344—Central Realty Co v. N Y City Estates. 134—Same v. Beall. 2709—Shultz v. Hunter Elec Light Mfg Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Motion calendar. Benjamin S Sugarman, Louis Ettlinger, Elizabeth Connell, Josephine Kennedy or Hayes, Max Bowsky, Charles T Yerkes, Charles T Yerkes, Anna M Miller, William M Zeller, Anthony O'Donnell, Mary McCarthy, Letterio Tringall. Frederick Prochnow, Barnett Sklover or Klaver, Albino Giro, Elizabeth Elbert, Jacob Rauth, Margaret Lutteroth, Robert Wolfheim, Francis C Taylor, Margaret McCartin, Charles McCarthy, John J. McCarthy, William G Leeson, Charles H Behne, Michael F Morrissey, George Chesterman, Catherine Mahe, Edward F Randolph, Mary McMahon, Henrietta Farmer, Frank C Holling, William H Gardiner, Paul Wienlewsky or William Bonfiglio, Raffaele Rizzo, Peter F Collier, George W Adams, George Reitwiesner, G Thornton Warren, Selda White, Robert Simpson, Dagny Teleffsen, Michael F Morrissey, Elizabeth Hogan, Mary Gould, Daniel McDornan, Levi Goldsmith, William Solomon, Hore B Russell, William Geoghegan, Stephen H Brooks, Emma Kanzler, Amelia Roxbury, John W Steinbach, Annie Smith, Mark T Cox, William Hyams, William Lumsden, John Hilbert, Johann F Muller, Adelaide Livingston, Fredereka Horn, Wenzelin Ruckert, Grattan H Wheeler. Wills for probate. Giovanni Fantozzi, William A Krame, Ferdinando Irone, Sarah Heiser, Flora Rubin, Augustus H Lose, Caroline P Swift, Augustus Gareiss, Ernst Hoffstetter, Abraham Engelhard, Floyd H Crane.

CITY COURT—Part I., McAvoy, J.: Part II., Finelite, J.: Part III., Smith, J.: Part V., Green, J.: Part VI., Donnelly, J.: Part VII., Delehanty, J.: Part VIII., La Fetra, J.—Calendar called in Trial Term, Part III. Room at 9:45 A. M. 3033—Schweitzer v. Walters. 5341½—Seletsky v. Miles. 3214—D'Andrea v. O'Brien Const Co. 3220—Karp v. Barber Asphalt Pav Co. 3032—Andersen v. Euran-dress Holding Co. 3128—Naclerio v. Villono. 2995—McElheny v. Strader. 3190—Weinberger v. Suman. 3192—Flaherty v. Miller. 2265—Gross v. Durss. 3253—MacFadejean v. Carnegie S D Co. 3286—Goldman v. Hudson Co. 3288—Harker v. Otis Elev Co. 3289—Jennings v. Williams. 3290—Wintura v. East Side Metal, &c., Co. 3294, 3295—Desmond v. Halpin. 3296—Katz v. Schwartzberg. 3300—Benedict v. Watson. 3304½—Parker v. Navarre Hotel Co. 3304—Cavanagh v. Regan. 3305—Curto v. Marchese. 3306—McGuinness v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3307—Olmstead v. N Y Edison Co. 3308—D'Altiero v. Konkle. 3309—Bolles v. Int R T Co. 3310—Feinblatt v. Kirschenbaum. 3311—Herman v. Lorber. 3312—Fishman v. Whitridge. 3313—Kaczvinsky v. New York Cab Co. 3314—Lenehan v. Int R T Co. 3315—McGuinness v. Finnikin & Ryan Co. 3316—Tompkins v. Keevan. 3317—Weiner v. Hills Co. 3320—Madden v. Brogan. 3321—Seletzky v. Joline. 3324—Shattuck v. Buek. 3325—Frost v. University Soc'y. 3326—Simon v. Adelsohn. 3329, 3330—Turner v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3331—Tobi v. Clason Point, &c., Co. 3332—Borg v. Schwartz. 3335—Murphy v. N Y Livery & Auto Co. 3336—Castalano v. Lewis Co. 3337—McCarthy v. Horn Co. 3338 to 3346—Ferron et al v. N Y Tele Co. 793—Becher v. Brenl 793¾—Hurwitz & Finkelstein v. Brand. 794—Golanke v. Sun Const Co. 793—Zimbardi v. Simpson. 4855½—Steele v. Keystone Const Co. 1474—Mencher v. Krellsman. 4906½—Murphy Hotel Co v. Montero. 762—Gorsch v. Northern Assur Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—3103—Rosenzweig v. Reich. 3114—Fleck v. Glass. 2789—Hughes v. Kirby. 3028—Conklin v. Fourth Estate Pub Co. 3037—Horn v. Blumenfeld. 3131—Frend v. Woodburg. 2918—Mendelson v. Jefferson Bank. 3125—Proctor v. Reiss. 3139—Elkan v. Hammer.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Rubenstein vs. Bensen—Benjamin Locker. Davis vs. Schulick—Joseph D. Kelly. Plummer vs. Hains—Max Solomon. Van Praag vs. Mattucci—John W. Russell. Moscowitz vs. Shatzkin—Leopold W. Harburger. Smith vs. Smith —Francis S. McAvoy. Knight vs. Clark—J. Sidney Bernstein.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—Geissenhamer vs. Gregory—Mirabeau L. Towns.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Welch vs. Wright—Charles F. Brown. Crane vs. Marlar—Adam Wiener. Levine vs. Layerowitz—Louis J. Conlan.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Miller vs. Gould—William Foster.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Thomas P. McKenna vs. Ada E. Carter—Edward R. Cohn.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Daniel J. McCallaghan vs. Charles H. La Due—Edward J. Brown. Ronalds & Johnson Co. vs. Charles J. Mortimer—Marcel Levy.

CITY COURT—Finelite, J.—John Gass vs. Willis Quakenbusch—Bennett E. Siegelstein.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. 1095—Gaslir Holding Co v. Schauf. 1097—Brown v. Cochran. 1103—Meissner v. People's Surety Co. 594—Hull v. Kouri. 805—Dieffenbach v. Ingram. 849—Read Lead Works v. Belinsky. 870—Freco v. Anstey Construction Co. 873—Weinstein v. Kronengold Construc Co. 896—Wilson v. Iskjan. 942—Gass v. Astoria Veneer Mills. 1068—Kuhlke v. Seggelberg. 1000—Sklar v. Dunn Realty Construc Co. 758—Travaglia v. Travaglia. 448—Casabona v. Casabona. The remaining cases marked ready on yesterday's call, May 4, will appear on Monday's ready calendar, and in addition thereto a reserved calendar will be made up from the May calendar commencing at 1148. Highest number reached on the regular call, 1147.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part IV., Scudder, J.; Part V., Clark, J.; Part VI., Stapleton, J.; Part VII., Jaycox, J. 6554—Rosiack v. Bush Terminal Co. 6567—Gavigan v. Wilmas Co. 6002—Carney v. Nassau R R. 6609—Tracy v. Holden Const Co. 6813—Wallis v. B Q Co & Sub R R. 6614—Moran v. Nassau R R. 6617—McKay v. B H R R. 6622—Kelly v. same. 6624—Lehman v. Bklyn El R R. 6626, 6628—Schwartz v. same. 6627—Lane v. Nassau R R. 4387—Dolan v. Hudson & Manhattan R R. 4327—Steadman v. City of N Y. 5272—Anderson v. Schroeder. 5309—Austin v. Manfer. 4837—Jacobs v. Kohler Sporting Goods. 5162—Faren v. Schablowsky. 5435—Nadler v. Moore. 2281, 2282—Peper v. City of N Y. 5624—Wickar v. B H R R. 5750—Nichols v. same. 11417—Carey v. Carey. 5276, 5312—Monsen & Olsen v. Transit Development Co. 10091—Harrington v. Nassau R R. 8306—Wall v. Ryall. 6055—Conlon v. C I & B R R. 6065—Guire v. Bischoff. 6391—Kenny v. Reeves. 6377—Dunson v. B H R R. 5982—Van Nostrand v. Planet Mills Co. 5794—Rosengren v. Bush Terminal Co. 6382—Moore v. Darling & Co. 6284—Sackett & Wilhelms Co v. Grefe. 448—Bates v. Tilyou. 7374—Jones v. McDonough. 5832—Marsh v. Given. 11389—Pelletreau v. Queens Land and Title Co. 6265—Kettler v. B Q Co & Sub R R. 5985—Armenti v. Bklyn Gas Co et al. Highest number reached on regular call, 6986. No reserve calendar.

COUNTY COURT—Part I., Niemann, J. 405—Miller v. Miller. 244—Greene v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 371—Downs v. Brown Realty Co. 323, 324—Sencion v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 1451—Black v. Palowan. 381—Solomon v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 400—Rice v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 401, 402, 404—Bullinger v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 407, 408—Miller v. O'Grady. 409—Lahey v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 410—Moscowitz v. same.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 414—McGuire v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 417—Gillespie v. same. 420—Werner v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 421—Collins v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 422—Maher v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 423—Leber v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 424—Tilde v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 427—Donovan v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 429—Sedden v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 430—Greenstein v. Toback.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Dike, J. Actions triable by the court without a jury. 1498—Cohn & Grau v. Lutland Construction Co. 1309—Klein v. Anzelwitz. 1504—Bauguss v. Nocera. 1492—Taylor v. Moskowitz. 1526—Bennetts v. Isle Construction Co. 1519—Kodesh v. Hollander. 1520—Redmond v. Hughes. 1515—Levy v. Bloomgarden.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I.—Kapper, J.—Naturalization of aliens.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Morschauser, J. 907—Hawley v. Kerns. 922—Sentinel Printing Co v. Fair. 817—Nugent v. N Y C & H R R Co. 870—Muiwitz v. Hamilton. 310—Lawyers Title Ins and Trust Co v. Jewell. 942—Solomon v. Rinhorn. 950—Caruso v. Huguenot Coal & Wood Co. 961—Grant v. Reynolds Co. 965—Kerr v. The Tod Box and Lumber Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 966—McGuire v. Reilly. 967—Booth v. same. 968—Swackhamer v. Graves. 969—Rensens v. Lombard. 970—Nugent v. Receivers Met St Ry. 971—Cohen v. the Acme Motor Car Co. 972—Schlesinger v. Roth. 973

WHY NASH SUPPORTS CLEARING HOUSE PLAN

Corn Exchange Bank President Thinks Trust Companies Should Have Opportunity to Get In.

THEN IT IS THEIR AFFAIR

Street Gossip Makes It Appear That Several Large Trust Companies Don't Care to Join.

President William A. Nash of the Corn Exchange Bank, who has been active in formulating the plan for admission of the trust companies to the New York Clearing House Association, to be voted on Tuesday, said this yesterday in support of his position:

"I regard the proposed action of the Clearing House in reference to trust companies as the most important matter which they have considered in many years. Whether the trust companies will accept such a proposition, I have no means of knowing further than the report of one Special Committee which interviewed the trust company officers. I am chiefly concerned that the Clearing House should put itself on record as willing to offer broad and liberal terms to new members in the trust company business. If the Clearing House does that they can well afford to stand pat and see how the overtures are received. It then becomes a trust company matter, and I believe that they will meet it with moderation and good judgment.

"I quite understand the objections of a small number of our members, but I believe they will disappear in the broader considerations involved in a consolidation and harmony of banking interests in New York."

Although approved by 75 per cent. of the Clearing House members, the plan is meeting with some opposition from a number of the commercial banks which come into direct competition with the trust companies.

Meetings of heads of opposing banks have been held, but as far as could be learned yesterday no definite action had been taken to contest the changes in the Clearing House constitution.

Some of the trust companies, and among them several of the largest Wall Street institutions, are not likely to take advantage of the opportunity of joining the Clearing House should the new plan go through. Among these are the Union Trust Company, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, the Central Trust Company, and the United States Trust Company. These institutions have not definitely stated their position, but their reluctance to join was common gossip in Wall Street yesterday.

Trust company heads have not yet considered the proposal, but it is understood that an informal conference may be held before the end of the week, although no announcement of their position is likely to be made before the Clearing House meeting on Tuesday.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day In London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, May 4.—Money was easy and discount rates were weak to-day.

The stock market was generally dull. A midday rally was succeeded by renewed liquidation in most of the sections, and the closing was weak, especially in home rails. Consols lost 3-16 despite the satisfactory conclusion of the settlement and cheap money.

American securities were dull and irregular during the forenoon. New York selling caused weakness in the early afternoon, but the market hardened a fraction on covering in the late trading and the closing was steady.

Bar silver steady at 24 7-16d. per ounce.

Money, 1½@2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2 5-16 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 2 5-16 per cent.

Bullion amounting to £246,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day and £135,000 was withdrawn for shipment to South America.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.35; at Lisbon, 10.00.

PARIS, May 4.—Prices were generally heavy on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 95 francs 75 centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 30 centimes for checks.

Private rate of discount ⅛ lower, at 2⅛ per cent.

BERLIN, May 4.—General profit taking caused weakness on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 45 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 4 per cent.

Private discount rate, 2⅜ per cent.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 4.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

	Decrease.
Total reserve	£704,000
Circulation	*822,000
Bullion	382,000
Other securities	1,304,000
Other deposits	*1,180,000
Public deposits	3,776,000
Notes reserve	$16,000
Government securities	Unchanged

*Increase.

The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week is 47.85 per cent.; last week it was 46.95 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3 per cent.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, May 4.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Decrease. Francs.
Notes in circulation	*189,575,000
Treasury deposits	46,375,000
General deposits	124,325,000
Gold in hand	3,125,000
Silver in hand	1,475,000
Bills discounted	158,550,000
Advances	*6,950,000

*Increase.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 4s	93½	94½
German Government 3s	83½	84½
Prussian cons. 4s	102	103
Bavarian Government 4s	101	102
Saxony Government 3s	82¾	83¾
Hamburg Government 3s	81¾	82¾
City of Berlin 4s	100½	101½
City of Cologne 4s	99½	100½
City of Augsburg 4s	99½	100½
City of Munich 4s	99¾	100¾
City of Frankfort 3½s	92½	93½
City of Vienna 4s	95½	96½
Mexican Government 4s	99	100
Russian Government 4s	91½	92½

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	81⅛	..	..	— ⅛
Consols, account	81⅜	..	..	—3-16
Anaconda	7⅞	38	38	..
Atchison	113⅜	110⅜	110⅛	— ⅝
Can. Pacific	241	234½	236¼	— 1⅝
St. Paul	124¾	121⅝	121½	— ⅛
Erie	32¼	31⅝	31⅝	— ⅜
Erie 1st pf	50¼	48⅞	49½	— ⅝
Ill. Central	142	138½	138	+ ⅛
Louis. & Nash	151	147	147	..
N. Y. Central	110¾	107⅞	107⅝	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	63⅜ex	125⅞	126⅜	— ⅛
Reading	80½	156¾	157¼	— ½
South. Pacific	118¾	115½	116	— ½
Union Pacific	183⅜	178⅝	179	— ¼
U. S. Steel	77⅜	75½	76¼	— ⅜
U. S. Steel pf	122½	119½	119½	— ⅝

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 13 9	Esperanza	1 12 9
Tomboy	0 15 0	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 4 6	Stratton's Ind.	0 2 3

Vulcan Detinning Profits Less.

The annual report of the Vulcan Detinning Company for the year ending March 31 shows net profits of $110,056, a decrease of $98,629 as compared with the previous year. The payment of preferred dividends left a surplus of $27,556, which is $91,129 less than the previous year. The profit and loss surplus at the close of the year was $661,984.

BANKERS COMING ON VISIT.

Special Train from Nashville Is Due Here This Morning.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, May 4.—The New York Central bankers' special train, which is making a fast run from Nashville, Tenn., to New York, will arrive at the Grand Central Station to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock. On it are 103 bankers, who will attend the trust company dinner at the Waldorf to-morrow night.

President F. O. Watts, Vice President C. W. Livingston, and Secretary F. E. Farnsworth of the American Bankers' Association; bank Presidents and their families from St. Louis, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, Detroit, Los Angeles, Nashville, Denver, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, and Indianapolis, are in the party. A delegation of Cleveland bankers, headed by Myron T. Herrick, ex-Governor of Ohio, joined the party at Cleveland this afternoon.

Reform in the currency will be discussed by many of the party in New York. There has been much talk of resolutions adopted by the Executive Committee of the Trust Company Section of the American Bankers' Association at Nashville. They read:

Whereas, Important legislation is pending before the people of this country affecting more or less vitally the interests of trust companies which may from time to time require prompt attention,

Now, Therefore, on motion, duly seconded, it was unanimously resolved that the President of the section be authorized and directed to appoint a committee of five to consist of the President and First Vice President and the Chairman of the Executive Committee and two other members of the section, in whom shall reside the authority to hear and consider recommendations for pending legislation, touching upon or likely to affect the interest of trust companies, and with further authority to make recommendations thereon.

And Further Resolved, That any actions or expressions of opinion on trust company matters as mentioned in the resolution by trust company officers or others interested in such institutions, shall have weight and influence as regards the members of this section only in so far as they may coincide with and have the express approval of this committee.

Oliver C. Fuller, Wisconsin Trust Company, Milwaukee; L. L. Gillespie, Equitable Trust Company, New York City; F. H. Fries, Wachovia Bank and Trust Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Ralph W. Cutler, Hartford Trust Company, Hartford, Conn., and F. H. Goff, Cleveland Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio, form the committee.

LESS BUILDING IN APRIL.

Decline in Principal Cities Compared with the Same Month Last Year.

There was less building in April than in the corresponding month of last year, according to a preliminary report by Bradstreet covering the principal cities of the United States. There was a slight improvement over the total for the preceding month.

Expenditure figures for seventy cities available at this time show an aggregate of $55,155,000 in April, as against $52,586,000 in March and $62,232,000 in April, 1910. Last month's total showed a gain of 4.8 per cent over March, but a decrease of 11.3 per cent from April of last year.

April is the third successive month this year carrying a decrease in building operations, and January's gain was almost negligible. Total expenditures for the first four months of 1911 are accordingly well under those for the corresponding period of 1910. The aggregate to May 1 was $221,444,000, a decrease of nearly 11 per cent from last year, which in turn saw a decrease of 1.1 per cent from 1909.

ASPHALT CO. STRIKES OIL.

President Reports a 3,000 Barrel Well Opened on the Company's Property.

In the annual report of the General Asphalt Company for the year ended April 30, President Mack announces the discovery of valuable oil deposits on the company's property adjoining the Trinidad asphalt lake. A small amount of oil had been obtained up to September of last year, when a well began to produce oil at the rate of 3,000 barrels a day. With this proof of the existence of an extensive supply of asphaltic oil for fluxing, fuel, and road treatment, the company began the construction of storage tanks of 1,000,000 barrels' capacity, and chartered three tank steamers, the first of which will arrive in this country this month.

Gross earnings for 1910 were $16,004,173, an increase of $2,011,190. Net earnings were $1,102,075, as compared with $1,031,741 in 1909, but owing to deductions for the maintenance of pavements in excess of the amount set aside for this purpose, the net gain to surplus was reduced to $906,760.

TO SELL BANKRUPT ROAD.

Foreclosure Ordered in Detroit, Toledo, and Ironton Litigation.

DETROIT, Mich., May 4.—Litigation over the bankrupt Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railroad advanced another stage today, when United States District Judge Swan signed a decree of foreclosure on the petitions of the New York Trust Company and the Knickerbocker Trust Company of New York.

The decree stipulates that the road must be sold as an entire system. The Pennsylvania and the New York Central have been negotiating for the road, according to reports circulated at the time the final arguments were made three weeks ago.

Foreclosure was contested by the junior creditors, whose interests were represented by ex-United States Senator Joseph B. Foraker. Since the road has been operated under a receivership, it has been running behind heavily.

To take care of the labor claims, receivers' certificates, &c., Judge Swan fixed an upset price of $2,500,000.

PRODUCE EXCHANGE TICKET.

President, Vice President, and Treasurer Renominated.

President Edward R. Carhart of the Produce Exchange has been renominated on the regular ticket. John Aspegren and Edward C. Rice have been renominated for Vice President and Treasurer respectively. The men named for the Board of Managers on the regular ticket are George T. Hay, Louis G. Leverich, John R. Wood, O. H. Montgomery, Winchester Noyes, and Lyndon Arnold; for Trustee of the Gratuity Fund, John V. Jewell.

Goulds Holding International Road.

Gould interests have about completed plans for the retention of the International & Great Northern Railroad, which has been operated by a receiver since Feb. 26, 1908, as a part of the Missouri Pacific system, and arrangements have been made with a banking house to take an issue of notes to provide for the second and third mortgage bondholders. It is understood that between $6,000,000 and $10,000,000 of notes will be sold to take care of interest charges and provide for rehabilitation.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Following is the forecast for Friday and Saturday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia—Fair Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature; light to moderate northeasterly winds.

Florida—Fair Friday, except showers in southern and central portions of peninsula. Saturday fair; light variable winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Eastern Texas—Fair Friday and Saturday; light variable winds.

Western Texas and Utah—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota—Fair Friday and Saturday; rising temperature.

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Lower Michigan, and Wisconsin—Fair Friday and Saturday; slowly rising temperature; light variable winds.

Upper Michigan and Minnesota—Fair Friday and Saturday; rising temperature; light variable winds, becoming moderate south and southwest.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

6,643. COTTON AND WOOLEN GOODS AND LEATHER.—A report from an American Consul in the Levant states that a local importing and commission house has requested to be placed in communication with reliable American manufacturers of the following: Cottonseed oil of a quality that can be employed in the manufacture of soap, box calf, enameled and fancy leather, lightweight sole leather, cotton piece goods, such as cabots, linings, dress goods, drills, jeans, T cloth, chintz, &c.

6,644. COTTON YARNS AND PRINTS.—An American Consul in a Mediterranean country has been requested by a prominent importing and commission house of his district to put it in touch with American manufacturers and exporters of cotton yarn similar to that made in India; also with manufacturers and exporters of mercerized yarn, similar to that made in England and Italy. Samples of the qualities of yarn desired have been forwarded and can be obtained from the Bureau of Manufactures.

6,645. MOLYBDENITE.—A business firm in Germany has written to an American consular officer that it is in the market for large quantities of molybdenite and desires quotations upon this product from the mines direct. Prices should be preferably free on board for some German port.

6,646. SHEET ZINC, COPPER, AND BRASS.—An American consular officer in Italy reports that a business man in his district desires to represent as agent in that country American manufacturers of sheet zinc, copper, and brass. The inquirer states that a considerable demand exists for this material and that he is in a position to handle it to the best advantage.

6,647. VANADIUM STEEL IN SECTIONS AND CASTINGS.—A leading dealer in automobiles and accessories in Italy informs an American Consul that he desires to obtain from the United States vanadium steel in sections and castings suitable for automobile construction, and invites offers from manufacturers. This firm has agencies throughout the country and can furnish the highest references.

6,648. AMERICAN DRIED APPLES.—A German firm engaged in the manufacture of a non-alcoholic apple beverage states that it is in the market for large quantities of American dried apples, "chopped apples," shipped in barrels of about 242 pounds.

6,649. COTTON PIECE GOODS AND LEATHER.—An American Consulate in the Levant has been requested by a prominent local firm of importers to place it in communication with American manufacturers and exporters of all kinds of cotton piece goods, such as cabots, T cloth, prints, &c., also various kinds of leather for the manufacture of shoes.

6,650. LIME CITRATE AND CERESINE.—An American Consular officer in a European country reports that a local firm has requested to be put in touch with American exporters of lime citrate, which is said to be the raw material used by manufacturers of citric acid. The same firm wishes to secure the names of firms in the United States that would be interested in the purchase of ozocerite and ceresine.

6,651. SOAP FACTORY.—An American concern writes to the bureau that it has an inquiry for a man to install and operate a soap factory in India.

6,652. FLOUR MILLING MACHINERY.—A report from an American Consul in a Mediterranean country states that a merchant in his district contemplates the establishment of a flour mill. The project is not sufficiently developed to permit the Consul to furnish any accurate details, but he writes that the merchant would be pleased to receive catalogues and export price lists of flour-milling machinery from American manufacturers.

6,653. MACHINERY FOR MAKING VENEER WOOD SEATS.—An American business house has forwarded to the Bureau of Manufactures an inquiry from a firm in France for machinery for making veneer wood seats. The firm desires a complete installation of the following equipment: One or more veneering machines, one sticking press, one perforating machine, one pyrographic machine, and one embossing machine. Correspondence, in French, is desired as soon as possible, and prices should be quoted, including packing free on board New York.

6,654. STEAM HARVESTING AND THRASHING MACHINERY.—An American Consular officer in the United Kingdom reports that he has received an inquiry for the names and addresses of American manufacturers of combined self-propelled steam harvesting and thrashing machinery.

6,655. WOOL CARDING MACHINERY.—The Bureau of Manufactures is in receipt of a communication from an American firm stating that one of its correspondents in a South American country has requested the names of firms in the United States making wool-carding machinery. Correspondence should be addressed direct to the Inquirer.

6,656. OILS, GREASE, TALLOW, LARD, AND BACON.—An American Consular officer in Italy reports that a business man in his district is anxious to form direct connection with American exporters of bone grease, oleo oil, cottonseed oil, tallow, lard, and bacon, with a view to securing agencies for these lines.

6,657. SALES OFFICE FOR WATCHES, CHAINS, SAFETY RAZORS, &c.—An American business man writes the Bureau of Manufactures that he intends opening a sales agency in a South American country to develop trade in American manufactured goods. He is particularly interested in watches, chains, collar buttons, safety razors, &c. He writes that he purposes to have these different lines sold by traveling salesmen.

6,658. PRINTING OF RAILWAY TICKETS.—Consul Alfred A. Winslow of Valparaiso reports that the Chilean Government has asked for bids for the printing of 8,600,000 passenger tickets for use on the Government railways. Bids are to be opened July 24 in the office of the Direccion General de Los Ferrocarriles del Estado, Santiago, Chile. There are to be fifteen changes on matter printed. Samples of the tickets can be obtained from the Bureau of Manufactures.

6,659. PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS IN ARGENTINA.—It is reported that the Argentine budget for 1911 makes provision for the expenditure of about $42,500,000 on various public works, the principal items, with estimated cost being as follows: Purchase of two suction dredgers for the port of Buenos Aires, $380,000; purchase of dredging plant for certain rivers, $550,000; building and furnishing of new law courts, $2,550,000; construction of new general Post Office, $430,000; new port at Mar Del Plata, $2,960,000; construction work on various railways and purchase of rolling stock, &c., $19,325,000; construction of military barracks, $850,000; construction of the port of Quequen, $750,000; extension of water supply and drainage works in Buenos Aires, $3,830,000; water supply and sanitary works in several towns in the provinces, $2,550,000, and construction of immigrants' hotels and homes, $1,375,000.

6,660. RED LEAD.—The Bureau of Manufactures is in receipt of a communication from a business man in Germany stating that he would like to enter into communication with manufacturers of red lead in the United States.

6,661. CARBIDE OF CALCIUM.—Consul Alfred A. Winslow of Valparaiso reports that the Chilean Government is in the market for 367,000 pounds of carbide of calcium, for which bids are to be opened July 24 in the office of the Director General de Los Ferrocarriles del Estado, Santiago, Chile.

6,662. RUSSIAN AGENCY FOR METAL GOODS.—A business man in Russia writes to the Bureau of Manufactures that he would like to get in touch with some leading American manufacturers or exporters in the metal goods line with a view to offering his services as a representative in that country. He states that he has traveled for twenty years, fifteen of which have been as general agent for a large French manufacturer of files and steel goods. He visits the whole of Russia, including Siberia and the Caucasus, and is convinced that Russian customers appreciate American tools very highly.

6,663. TRACTION MOTOR AND OUTFIT.—A report from an American Consul in a Latin-American country states that an inquirer at his office is in need of a traction motor and outfit for the carriage of freight. The specifications are as follows: A benzine or gasoline traction motor of sixty to eighty horse power and weighing six to eight tons, having four speeds with a maximum of fifteen kilometres per hour. The back wheels must be not less than three feet in diameter and eighteen inches broad, with teeth for gripping sand and mud. He also wants three wagons, to carry six tons each, adapted for carrying wool bales, and provided with springs.

6,664. REPRESENTATIVE OF AMERICAN FIRMS ABROAD.—The Bureau of Manufactures is in receipt of a communication from a correspondent in the United States advising that he would like to represent a first-class manufacturing concern in the export business. He is willing to travel in Africa, India, Australia, New Zealand, South America, or any country desired, and states that he can handle a line of general hardware, guns, ammunition, sporting and athletic goods, jewelry, tools of all kinds, and furniture. He is willing to furnish references.

6,665. REPRESENTATION IN CANADA.—An American consular officer in Canada reports that a resident of his district, who has for seven years been traveling over Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, and Newfoundland, as salesman for various lines, is desirous of taking on additional lines, such as advertisers' novelties, post cards, candy boxes, labels, tickets, cigars, liquors, &c. His wish is to represent American firms on a commission basis solely. He states that owing to his long experience he has built up excellent connections in the territory referred to.

6,666. AUTOMOBILES, MOTORS, AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—A communication from an American business man states that a firm in the Caucasus is interested in automobiles, motors, and agricultural implements, and desires the names of American manufacturers of same that are looking for a market in Russia.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
4th week April	214,006	175,982	38,023
Month of April	739,801	586,609	153,191
July 1-April 30	8,376,961	7,711,101	665,859

CANADIAN PACIFIC—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
4th week April	$2,472,000	$2,265,000	*$207,000
Month April	8,458,000	7,830,000	*628,000
July 1-April 30	84,457,130	76,981,790	*7,475,340

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	$5,238,607	$5,703,837	$5,064,982
Exp. and taxes	2,688,309	3,707,033	3,149,062
Net	1,550,298	2,086,804	1,915,820
Gross, 9 months	49,981,200	48,494,369	45,813,300
Exp. and taxes	38,716,549	35,229,084	30,672,252
Net, 9 months	11,264,741	13,265,285	15,141,048

COLORADO & SOUTHERN LINES—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
4th week April	318,249	425,050	106,801
Month April	1,074,998	1,291,770	216,772
July 1-April 30	13,651,765	14,054,237	402,492

DENVER & RIO GRANDE for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	1,687,224	1,965,958	1,676,808
Exp. and taxes	1,328,649	1,354,272	1,203,950
Net	358,575	601,685	392,352
Other income	80,731	62,850	108,053
Total income	439,306	664,536	491,905
Charges	477,607	454,953	350,818
Deficit	38,300	*209,582	*140,188
Renewal fund	10,000	10,000	10,000
Deficit	48,300	*199,582	*130,188
Gross, 9 months	17,707,003	17,731,571	15,545,000
Exp. and taxes	12,821,548	12,754,910	11,254,952
Net, 9 months	4,975,515	5,006,661	4,310,048
Other income	1,154,492	990,138	907,867
Total income	6,130,007	5,996,799	5,217,915
Charges	4,460,192	3,998,512	3,020,465
Surplus	1,669,815	1,998,287	2,188,450
Renewal fund	90,000	90,000	90,000
Surp., 9 months	1,570,815	1,908,287	2,188,450

*Surplus.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
4th week April	338,300	583,900	45,600
Month April	1,764,300	1,850,100	85,600
July 1-April 30	19,246,600	19,130,000	*77,000

DETROIT & MACKINAC—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
4th week April	28,245	32,447	4,201
Month April	97,551	107,289	9,737
July 1-April 30	1,041,180	1,034,350	23,189

ILLINOIS CENTRAL for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	4,574	4,551	4,551
Gross	5,107,524	5,538,053	4,948,472
Exp. and taxes	3,975,053	3,862,251	3,676,570
Net	1,131,569	1,676,702	1,271,596
Gross, 9 mos	46,882,326	44,356,556	43,569,828
Exp. and taxes	35,288,467	34,665,344	33,540,780
Net, 9 mos	11,593,859	9,691,212	10,029,048

LONDON UNDERGROUND—

Metropolitan District:

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
4th week April	£11,515	£10,867	£648
Jan. 1-April 29	199,506	184,327	15,239

Tubes:

4th week April	13,985	18,420	565
Jan. 1-April 29	239,885	226,525	13,360

London United Tramways:

4th week April	6,289	5,817	422
Jan. 1-April 29	95,958	95,380	578

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
4th week April	210,142	250,758	40,616
Month April	785,190	819,570	34,371
July 1-April 30	10,195,308	9,308,055	*887,343

WABASH—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
4th week April	645,047	656,127	11,080
Month April	2,280,706	2,224,979	*64,727
July 1-April 30	25,029,440	24,138,762	890,678

*Increase.

CHICAGO & ALTON for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	1,025	998	998
Gross	1,008,932	1,172,492	1,060,120
Expenses & tax.	736,947	804,944	687,200
Net	361,984	367,547	372,911
Other inc., debit	40,017	63,411	38,890
Total income	321,967	304,136	334,020
9 mos. gross	11,075,742	10,374,352	9,834,524
Expenses & tax.	8,016,778	8,948,181	5,078,820
9 mos. net	2,060,963	3,426,142	3,675,695
Other inc., debit	81,672	420,064	304,971
Total income	2,088,291	3,006,078	3,370,724

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & PUGET SOUND for March—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross	1,353,846	1,004,595	350,751
Expenses & tax.	729,775	552,050	167,716
Net	625,571	442,536	183,035

From July 1 to March 31: Gross, $10,950,185; net, $4,443,591.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross earnings	772,797	725,233	589,287
Expenses	490,290	470,407	360,743
Net earnings	282,449	254,826	228,544
Other income	15,600	12,074	11,988
Total income	298,058	266,900	240,532
Chgs. and taxes	177,507	161,871	152,094
Surplus	120,491	105,029	88,442
Gross, 3 months	2,183,194	1,992,403	1,668,041
Expenses	1,403,433	1,294,590	1,064,151
Net, 3 months	779,761	697,813	603,890
Other income	42,308	36,638	34,556
Total income	822,158	734,451	638,446
Chgs. and taxes	527,371	479,689	490,120
Surplus, 3 mos.	294,788	254,781	178,197

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	395	395	395
Gross earnings	209,997	211,584	191,995
Exp. and taxes	168,668	185,023	134,890
Net earnings	41,329	26,561	57,105
Gross, 9 months	1,847,012	1,800,180	1,501,841
Exp. and taxes	1,480,041	1,438,041	1,127,245
Net, 9 months	367,871	370,576	374,596

HOCKING VALLEY for March—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Gross earnings	452,751	748,309	295,557
Expenses	365,812	447,723	81,911
Net earnings	86,939	300,585	213,645
Gross, 9 mos	5,541,137	5,939,016	397,878
Expenses	3,649,325	3,617,010	*32,314
Net, 9 mos	18,891,812	2,322,005	430,193

*Increase.

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE (not including Chicago Division) for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross earnings	1,015,733	1,182,994	1,022,015
Exp. and taxes	777,008	725,914	643,168
Net earnings	238,124	407,080	*378,847
Gross, 9 mos	9,971,970	11,781,612	9,600,109
Exp. and taxes	6,831,021	6,835,589	5,980,139
Net, 9 months	3,140,955	5,146,023	3,639,970

Chicago Division of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie for March:

Gross earnings	728,081	868,916	666,543
Exp. and taxes	602,117	554,764	482,396
Net earnings	125,914	314,152	184,149
Gross, 9 months	6,780,128	6,522,175	5,689,430
Exp. and taxes	5,270,288	4,554,450	4,068,226
Net, 9 months	1,500,835	1,967,729	1,581,104

NEW LONDON NORTHERN for the quarter ended March 31—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Gross earnings	287,710	281,529	258,083
Net earnings	*5,383	11,686	23,402
Def. after chgs.	68,370	48,790	37,167

*Deficit.

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
3d week April	$44,373	$47,569	*$3,196
July 1-April 21	2,322,655	2,120,435	202,220

*Decreas.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	3,393	3,072	3,072
Gross	2,241,009	2,261,802	1,960,188
Exp. and taxes	1,855,449	876,551	1,470,397
Net	385,560	391,251	489,791
Other income	31,055	82,916	9,073
Total income	416,705	474,167	498,864
Charges	506,828	499,619	445,478
Deficit	90,124	25,451	*51,386
Gross, 9 mos	22,746,697	20,435,568	19,617,787
Exp. and taxes	16,573,441	14,990,954	14,614,875
Net, 9 mos	6,173,256	5,464,614	5,002,892
Other income	392,301	190,765	90,540
Total income	6,475,623	5,654,799	5,093,404
Charges	4,556,720	4,217,913	4,121,744
Surp., 9 mos	1,918,894	1,436,886	977,708

*Surplus.

RUTLAND for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Oper. revenue	252,557	247,014	223,506
Oper. exp.	204,280	179,289	174,013
Net oper. rev.	48,577	67,725	49,583
Taxes	9,538	9,073	8,612
Oper. income	39,039	58,652	40,971
Op. rev., 3 mos.	700,600	647,159	605,434
Oper. exp.	606,738	494,341	481,588
Net oper. rev.	93,861	152,818	123,846
Taxes	25,196	27,047	25,809
Op. inc., 3 mos.	64,665	125,771	98,037

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Av. mileage	1,372	1,372	1,371
Gross	$910,177	$891,746	$818,732
Exp. & taxes	684,746	664,267	729,017
Net	225,431	227,479	89,715
9 mos. gross	8,502,838	7,848,252	7,916,556
Exp. & taxes	5,977,431	6,280,622	6,926,271
9 mos. net	2,525,347	1,567,428	990,285

SEABOARD AIR LINE for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	2,253,820	2,035,274	1,775,400
Exp. and taxes	1,441,662	1,321,153	1,165,371
Net	812,157	714,121	610,029
9 mos. gross	16,360,429	14,987,286	13,284,106
Exp. and taxes	11,433,725	10,295,491	9,891,310
9 mos. net	4,926,704	4,671,714	3,542,790

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	450	450	450
Gross	311,030	316,480	288,901
Exp. and taxes	234,011	219,096	186,042
Net	77,057	97,477	102,859
Other income	9,812	*3,582	*10,390
Total income	86,869	93,895	92,468
9 mos gross	2,856,383	2,853,346	2,575,345
Exp. and taxes	2,085,531	1,939,837	1,781,719
9 mos. net	764,551	913,509	843,626
Other income	100,191	375,798	346,336
Total income	864,743	1,289,308	1,189,963

*Debit.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

COPPER RANGE CONSOLIDATED COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Copper produced	42,468,754	41,105,311	1,363,443
Gross proceeds	$5,407,628	$5,340,728	$66,900
Interest	2,169	3,388	*6,169
Total receipts	5,413,845	5,353,115	60,730
Mining costs, smelting, &c.	3,490,741	3,490,128	*8,387
Taxes & int.	179,209	192,544	*13,335
Net	1,743,895	1,661,443	82,452
Copper Range Railroad	75,167	170,261	*95,094
Total income	1,819,062	1,831,704	*12,642
General exp.	48,601	59,822	*11,221
One-half Champion profits	469,602	408,318	61,284
Bal. net inc.	1,300,857	1,365,562	*62,705

*Decrease.

The profits from the individual mines were as follows: Baltic, $767,930; Champion, (one-half,) $469,602, and Tri-Mountain, a deficit of $32,250.

THE UNITED STATES SMELTING, REFINING AND MINING COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Net earnings	$3,738

Do Not Hesitate to Buy Investment Bonds Combining

Safety as to Principal;
Liberality of Income;
Convertibility into Cash;
Opportunity for Profit.

In these days, it is not a difficult matter to select bonds of this kind to yield approximately

5 Per Cent.

In our judgment, the bond market now offers an exceptional opportunity for the safe and profitable investment of money.

Send for our Circular No. 837, "Investment Securities."

Spencer Trask & Co.
43 Exchange Place, New York
Albany—Boston—Chicago
Members New York Stock Exchange

ALL THE FEATURES of a guaranteed mortgage on New York City real estate—and marketability are combined in a long-term 5% Bond we now offer at 98½ and interest.

(1) The issue is guaranteed principal and interest.
(2) The value of the mortgaged property largely exceeds the bonded debt.
(3) Titles to the real estate are insured by the Title Guarantee & Trust Co., or by the Title Insurance Co.
(4) Tax exempt in New York State.
(5) The sinking fund will, it is estimated, retire about 75% of the issue prior to maturity of the bonds.

Circular on request.

F. J. Lisman & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., New York
Philadelphia Chicago Baltimore Hartford

JOHN MUNROE & CO.
30 Pine St. NEW YORK — 4 Post Office Sq. BOSTON
LETTERS OF CREDIT
providing funds for travellers in all parts of the world.
COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT
FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND COLLECTIONS
CABLE TRANSFERS
MUNROE & CO.
7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.

We Trade In
Short Term Securities
High Grade Bonds
Equipment Issues
Farson, Son & Co.
New York 33 Broad St. — Chicago First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

The Record of Public Utility Bonds
is the most logical and strongest argument in favor of investing in them. They are steadily becoming more desirable in the estimation of conservative, intelligent investors.
The bonds of this character that we offer are issued by companies that we control, operate and manage and in the equities of which we have invested heavily.
Send for Circular 305.
Meikleham & Dinsmore,
Engineers and Bankers,
60 STATE ST., BOSTON. — 25 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
25 Adams Express Stock
25 American Snuff Com. Stock
50 American Chicle Com. Stock
100 American Lithographic Com. Stock
100 Babcock & Wilcox Stock
200 Columbia Gas & Electric Stock
50 Childs (Rest'nt) Co. Com. & Pfd. Stock
50 Cook & Bernheimer Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Eastern Steel Com. Stock
100 H. W. Johns-Manville Com. Stock
50 International Silver Com. & Pfd. Stock
50 Kings County E. L. & P. "Rights"
100 National Silk Dyeing Pfd. Stock
100 Niagara Falls Power "Rights"
100 Niagara Falls Power Stock
100 Northwestern Commercial Stock
100 Richmond Light & R. R. Stock
100 Singer Manufacturing Stock
50 Southern Power Pfd. Stock
100 Tri-City Railway & Lt. Com. Stock
50 Thompson-Starrett Com. Stock
100 Union Typewriter Com. Stock
100 Union Typewriter 1st & 2d Pfd. Stock
100 Western Power Com. & Pfd. Stock
50 Western Electric Stock
J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

Internat'l Agric. Corp. Stocks
Penn. Water & Power Stocks & Bonds
Consol. Rubber Tire Stocks and Incomes
Hudson & Manhattan R. R. Common
BOUGHT AND SOLD
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 3669 Broad
25 Broad Street New York

WANTED:
100 American Chicle Com.
100 Babcock & Wilcox
100 Bullock Electric & Power Com.
100 Copeker-Wheeler Com. & Pfd.
100 Computing Scale Co. of America
50 International Silver Pfd.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
New York 30 Broad St. — Boston 50 Congress St.
Private telephones between New York and Boston.

We own and offer $169,000
MOBILE COUNTY, ALA., 5s
Due June 1, 1931.
Price and particulars on application.
R. M. GRANT & CO.
BANKERS,
31 Nassau St., New York.

New Orleans Ry. & Light issues
Niagara Falls Power issues
Kansas City Ry. & Lt. issues
J. S. Bache & Co.
42 Broadway — Tel. 6400 Broad

Wanted
Royal Baking Powder Common
Tefft & Company,
5 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks React Sharply—Call Money Rates 2¼@2½ Per Cent.

BOND TRADING BROADENS

Further Rise In May Wheat at Chicago — Improved Bank Showing at London.

More than a dozen active stocks showed net losses in excess of 1 point at the close of yesterday's trading on the Stock Exchange. Some advances had been made early in the day, but such stimulus as prices had had from short covering operations and a moderate amount of buying for the long account proved insufficient to carry further the forward movement and prices receded throughout the list. In the process of assigning outside causes for the movement of prices emphasis was laid on somewhat gloomy views which were given circulation regarding the outlook for the steel trade, while the importance of possible Congressional investigation into the affairs of large industrial corporations loomed somewhat larger on the Wall Street horizon. From another point of view the reaction yesterday was merely typical of a shifting of position by traders, whose operations have supplied the predominating element in such activity as the Stock Exchange has recently experienced.

While prices declined and trading diminished in stocks, the bond market was making further headway both in activity and in prices. The dealings sufficiently overtopped the large trading of the previous day to make yesterday's the largest bond total which has been recorded on the Stock Exchange since Jan. 30. A very large number of issues contributed to this total, though activity was confined to relatively few. The fact that many bonds were represented in the trading by transactions of from $1,000 to $10,000 is suggestive of the breadth of the present investment demand, including as it does an increasingly large number of issues. The orders coming to the bond houses show that individuals, as well as investment institutions of one class or another, are participating in the present large expansion in bond trading, though naturally purchases by financial institutions dominate the market.

The advent of warmer weather in the cotton States contributed its share to a reaction in cotton prices yesterday which left all the options, both the old crop and the new, well below the previous day's close. In the grain markets the noteworthy incident was another upward movement in wheat led by the May option in Chicago, which sold up to 97 and closed within a fraction of that figure. Were further evidence needed of the fact that the exigencies of a short interest in the May wheat option at Chicago, rather than any general considerations, are responsible for the advance of over 6 cents since the beginning of the week, it was to be found yesterday in the fact that the closing price of May wheat was higher at Chicago than at New York.

Although reporting a loss of $1,900,000 in its gold holdings, the Bank of England yesterday showed an increase in its proportion of reserve to liabilities from 46.94 per cent last week to 47.85 per cent. this week. In only two years since 1908 has the ratio of reserve been higher than the figure reported yesterday. A decrease of close to $10,000,000 in loans was a feature of the improved position of the Bank reflected in the increased proportion of reserve. The statement of the Bank of France showed a loss of a trifle over $600,000 in gold holdings. Easier discounts at London were reflected in a recession in sterling exchange rates here.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

International Smokeless Powder and Chemical Co. for dividend on preferred.
National Carbon Co. for dividend on preferred.
Niles-Bement-Pond Co. for dividend on preferred.
Pennsylvania Railroad for dividend.
Pratt & Whitney Co. for dividend on preferred.
Tampa Electric Co. for dividend.
Virginia Carolina Chemical Co. for dividend on common.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Grand Trunk Railway.

ANNUAL MEETING.

United Railways Investment Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2⅝ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 2¼@2½ per cent. for sixty days, 2½@2¾ per cent. for ninety days, and 2¾@3 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3¼@4 per cent. for sixty and ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 3¾@4 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4@5 per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2¼ per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2⅝ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $301,625,161; balance, $14,005,445; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $236,158. The local banks here lost $2,710,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was easier, with demand quoted at $4.8640@$4.8650, sixty days at $4.8415@$4.8430, and cables at $4.8665@$4.8675.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.20 plus 1-64@5.20 plus 1-16 for cables and 5.20 less 1-64@5.20 plus 1-32 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 3-16 less 1-64@95 3-16 plus 1-32 for cables and 95¼ less 1-64@95¼ plus 3-32 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, 10c. discount; Chicago, 20c. premium; St. Louis, 25c. premium; St. Paul, 90c. premium; San Francisco, 20c. premium; Montreal, 31¼c. discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was ¼d. lower in London, at 24 7-16d. per ounce, and ½c. lower in New York, at 53c. per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday continued dullness was shown. Tin was heavy at a recession of ⅝c in the bid and ¼c in the asking price. Copper, lead, and spelter were unchanged. At auction 41 cases of aluminium were sold at 19¼c a pound. The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Thursday.		Wednesday.	
Standard Copper.	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	11.60	11.70	11.60	11.70
May	11.60	11.70	11.60	11.70
June	11.65	11.75	11.65	11.75
July	11.65	11.75	11.65	11.75
Lead	4.40	4.50	4.40	4.50
Spelter	5.40	5.45	5.40	5.45
Tin	41.50	41.75	41.85	42.00

On London's Metal Exchange yesterday quotations on spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin are noted in the following summary. These prices compare iwth Wednesday's final figures.

	Thursday. £ s d	Wednesday. £ s d
Copper, spot	54 0 0	54 1 3
Copper, futures	54 12 6	54 13 9
Pig tin, spot	191 10 0	193 0 0
Pig tin, futures	189 10 0	189 15 0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead was firm and up 2s 6d to £12 17s 6d. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 46s. Spelter was steady at £4 5s.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales May 4, 1911 445,960
From Jan. 1, 1911 34,366,550
Corresponding period last year 72,630,056
"Rights" not included in total.

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
240	245	25	Adams Express	241	241	241	241	...
7	7½	10	Allis-Chalmers	7	7	7	7	...
28½	28	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	28	28	28	28	-1
62½	62⅝	3,300	Amalgamated Copper	63⅛	63¼	62¼	62½	-⅝
57½	58	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	58¼	58¾	58¼	58¼	-½
46⅝	46⅞	18,400	Am. Beet Sugar	46½	47⅜	46½	46½	-⅝
10¼	10⅜	1,300	Am. Can	10½	10⅝	10¼	10⅜	-⅛
85⅜	85½	1,000	Am. Can pf	86	86	85⅝	85⅞	-⅛
52	52½	600	Am. Car & Foundry	53⅜	53⅜	53	53	-⅝
114	115⅜	100	Am. Car & Fy. pf	115⅜	115⅜	115⅜	115¾	...
56½	57	2,530	Am. Cotton Oil	57⅞	58¼	56⅝	56⅝	-1⅜
23	23¼	500	Am. Ice Securities	23⅝	23⅝	23½	23⅝	-⅛
74½	74¾	3,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	75⅝	75⅝	74⅞	74⅞	+⅞
104⅞	105⅛	20	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	105¼	105¼	105¼	105½	...
44	45	300	Am. Steel Foundries	44½	44½	44¼	44¼	-⅜
117⅜	118	500	Am. Sugar Ref	118¾	119	117⅝	117⅝	-⅝
148½	148⅞	4,200	Am. Tel. & Tel	148¼	149¼	148	148½	+⅛
97½	98	300	Am. Tobacco pf	98½	98½	98½	98½	...
33	33½	100	Am. Woolen	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	-⅛
90¾	91	100	Am. Woolen pf	91	91	91	91	-½
37¼	37¾	400	Anaconda Copper Co	38	38	37	37	-1
108⅞	108¾	17,940	Atch., Top. & S. F	110⅜	110½	108⅛	108½	-2
103¾	104	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	-⅜
123	124¼	300	Atlantic Coast Line	124½	124½	124½	124½	+⅝
104⅜	105¼	400	Baltimore & Ohio	105⅝	106	105⅝	105⅞	-⅛
31⅜	32¾	625	Bethlehem Steel	33	33	32	32½	-1
78¼	78¾	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	60¼	60½	60¼	60½	-½
142	143	13,340	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	78⅜	79⅛	78½	78½	-1½
29½	31	200	Brooklyn Union Gas	142½	142⅝	142½	142⅝	-¼
232½	232⅞	100	Butterick Co	51	51	51	51	-2
27	27½	16,000	Canadian Pacific	31	31	31	31	-1
80⅜	80½	200	Central Leather Co	234½	235⅛	233⅛	232⅝	-⅛
119⅜	120	1,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	27½	27½	27¼	27¼	-⅛
145	146	5,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	81⅝	81⅞	81	81	-⅞
155	165	237	Chi. & Northwestern	121¾	121½	119¾	119¾	-1⅞
23⅞	24⅝	1,700	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf	145½	145½	145⅛	145½	-½
50	30¼	100	Chino Copper	155	155	155	155	...
144	144½	800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	24¾	24¾	24½	24½	-⅝
14	14⅜	1,300	Comstock Tunnel	30½	30½	30½	30½	-½
70	76	400	Consolidated Gas	27	27	26⅞	27	...
27⅜	28¼	100	Corn Products Ref	145⅜	145⅞	143¾	144	-1½
64½	65	600	Crex Carpet	14	14	14	14	-⅛
34	34⅞	886	Denver & Rio Grande	72	72	72	72	+2
30⅜	30⅝	1,650	Den. & Rio Grande pf	29	29	28	28	-1
76⅜	78	100	Distillers' Securities	65½	66	64¾	64¾	-1¼
73⅝	74	1,050	Erie	35	35	35	35	-¼
68	69	200	Erie 1st pf	31⅝	31⅝	30¾	30¾	-⅛
4¼	5	200	Erie 2d pf	49⅝	49⅝	48¼	48¼	-1½
13	14	125	Evansville & T. H	38	38	38	38	...
69½	70⅛	100	Federal M. & S. pf	70	75	70	75	+1
			General Electric	61	61	61	61	+1
			Goldfield Consol	157	157½	157	157½	...
			Great Northern pf	6	6½	6	6½	...
			G. N. ctfs. Ore Prop	127½	127½	126¾	126¾	-1½
			Illinois Central	60⅞	60⅞	60⅞	60⅞	-⅛
			Interborough-Met	138	138	137⅜	137⅜	-⅝
			Interborough-Met. pf	18½	19	18¼	18⅜	-⅛
			Int. Harvester	52	52⅞	51⅝	52	+⅛
			Int. Harvester pf	124¼	128½	124¼	125⅞	+1⅝
			Int. Paper	125	128½	125	128¼	+3⅛
			Int. Paper pf	97⅛	104	97⅛	104½	+⅞
			Int. Steam Pump	47½	47½	47½	47⅝	...
			Int. Steam Pump pf	40½	41¾	40¼	40¼	-1⅜
			Iowa Central pf	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾	...
			Kan.C., Ft. S. & M. pf	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	...
			Kansas City South	76	76	76	76	...
			Laclede Gas	34½	34¾	34½	34⅝	-⅛
			Lehigh Valley	105¾	105¾	105	105¼	-½
			Louisville & Nash	176	176¼	174¼	174¾	-1⅜
			Manhattan Elevated	147	147	145½	145½	-1½
			Miami Copper	136	136	135	135	-1
			Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	20¼	20¼	19⅞	19⅞	-⅛
			M., St. P. & S.S.M.rgts	138¼	138¼	138¼	138¼	...
			Mo., Kansas & Texas	7⅛	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	-⅛
			Missouri Pacific	33¼	33¾	32⅝	32⅝	-⅝
			Nat. Biscuit Co	49¾	50¼	48⅞	49¼	-⅝
			Nat. Lead Co	135	136	135	136	+1
			Nat. Lead Co. pf	52¾	53¾	52½	52½	-¼
			N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	108	108	108	108	...
			Nevada Con. Copper	33	33	32½	32½	-½
			N. Y. Central	18¾	19	18⅝	18⅝	-⅛
			N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. cfs. 3d pd	107¼	107⅝	106⅝	106⅝	-1
			N. Y. Ont. & West	144¾	144¾	144¾	144¾	-⅜
			Norfolk & Western	43	43	42¾	42¾	-⅛
			North American	107	107	106½	106½	-⅝
			Northern Pacific	73½	73½	72⅞	73¼	-⅛
			Pacific Tel. & Tel	124¼	124¼	124	124¼	-⅛
			Pennsylvania R. R	51¾	51¾	51	51	-⅛
			Pennsylvania Rights	126¼	126⅝	126¼	126⅜	-⅛
			People's Gas, Chicago	2 3-16	2 15-64	2 2-16	2 3-16	-1-16
			Pitts., C., C. & St. L	105¼	105¾	104½	104½	-½
			Pittsburg Coal	95	96	94	94	-½
			Pittsburg Steel pf	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	...
			Pullman Co	104	104	104	104	...
			R'way Steel Spring	161	161	160½	160½	-½
			R'way Steel Spring pf	32¾	32¾	32⅝	32⅝	...
			Ray Consol. Copper	100½	100½	100¼	100¼	+1½
			Reading	18	18	17⅞	17⅞	-⅛
			Reading 2d pf	156⅜	156⅜	154⅝	154⅝	-2⅜
			Rep. Iron & Steel	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	+¾
			Rep. Iron & Steel pf	95	95	94½	94½	-¾
			Rock Island Co	30⅝	30⅝	29⅝	29⅝	...
			Rock Co. pf	63	64	62	62	-1½
			St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	63	64	63	64	+1½
			St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	40¾	41⅜	40¾	40¾	...
			St. Louis Southwest	30	30	30	30	...
			St. Louis Southw. pf	66	66¼	66	66¼	+⅛
			Southern Pacific	115⅜	115⅞	114⅞	114⅞	-⅛
			Southern R'way ext	27⅝	27⅞	27½	27½	-⅛
			South. R'way pf. ext	64⅛	64⅞	64⅜	64⅜	-⅛
			Tennessee Copper	37½	37½	37	37	-⅛
			Third Avenue	11¾	11⅞	11	11	-⅛
			Toledo, St. L. & W	20¾	20¾	19⅞	19⅞	-⅛
			Tol., St. L. & W. pf	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾	...
			Underwood Typewrit	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼	...
			Union Pacific	106	106	106	106	...
			Union Pacific pf	178⅝	179¼	177⅜	177⅜	-⅝
			United Dry Goods pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	...
			U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	105½	105½	105⅛	105¼	+⅛
			U. S. Realty & Imp	16	16	16	16	...
			U. S. Rubber	73½	73½	73½	73½	...
			U. S. Rubber 1st pf	41¾	42¼	41¾	41¾	...
			U. S. Steel	113⅞	113⅞	113⅜	113⅜	-⅜
			U. S. Steel pf	75⅞	75⅞	74⅞	74⅞	-⅝
			Utah Copper	110⅝	110⅝	110	110	-⅝
			Va.-Carolina Chem	44⅞	45	44⅞	44⅞	-⅛
			Wabash	63⅝	63⅝	62¾	63¼	-⅛
			Wabash pf	16⅝	16⅝	16	16	-⅛
			Wells Fargo Express	36½	37¼	36⅛	36⅛	-⅛
			Western Maryland	164	164	163	163	-⅛
			Western Maryland pf	54⅜	55¼	54½	54½	-⅛
			Western Union Tel	77	77	77	77	...
			Westinghouse E. & M	78⅞	74¾	73¾	74	+⅛
			Wheel. & Lake Erie	68⅝	68½	68½	68½	-1
			Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	47½	47½	47½	47½	+⅜
			Wisconsin Central	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	-⅛
				70	70	70	70	...

*Cents per share.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 4.—Trading in the local market was fairly active to-day, but the undertone was inclined to be a little soft. Traders took profits early in the day, and while the offerings were not heavy, this selling put something of a damper on the speculation. The close was irregular at a fractional decline all around.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾
37,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90½	90¼	90¼
11,000	Am. T. & T. conv. 4s	110¼	110¼	110¼
3,000	A., T. & S. F. 4s	99¼	98¾	98¾
1,000	A., G. & W. I. SS. 5s	71¾	71¾	71¾
1,000	C., B. & Q. 4s, Den.ex	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101¾	101¾	101¾
1,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1940	90¼	90¼	90¼
1,000	Copper Range 5s	100	100	100
1,000	Mass Gas 4½s	100	100	100
1,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	103	103	103
2,000	N.Y., N. H. & H.cv.6s	133⅜	133⅜	133⅜
1,500	N.Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6½s	96¾	96¾	96¾
1,000	Pac. Tel. & Tel. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
4,000	United Fruit 4½s, 1925	96¼	96¼	96¼
4,000	United Fruit 4½s, 1923	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
32,000	West. T. & T. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾

RAILROADS.

229	Atchison	110½	108¾	109
10	Boston Elevated	127	127	127
46	Boston & Albany	220	219½	219½
49	Boston & Maine	113	112¾	113
30	Boston & Worc. pf	47	46	47
8	C. J. R. & S. Y.	157	157	157
10	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf	110	110	110
3	Conn. River	270	270	270
6	Fitchburg pf	127	127	127
100	Mass Elec	18	18	18
977	Mass Elec. pf	88¾	88	88
141	N. Y., N. H. & H	146½	146	146
50	Old Colony	186	186	186
39	Rutland pf	40	40	40
150	Union Pacific	178¾	178¼	178¼
5	West End pf	103½	103½	103½

TELEPHONES.

1,054	American	149¼	148¼	148½
154	Mexican	4	4	4
5	Mexican pf	6¼	6¼	6¼
199	New England	145	145	145
25	Western	20¼	20¼	20¼
24	Western pf	94½	94½	94½

MISCELLANEOUS.

110	Am. Ag. Chem	58	57¾	57¾
167	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	101¾	101½	101¾
24	A., G. & W. I.	10½	10½	10½
25	Am. Pneu. Serv. 2d pf	17¾	17½	17¾
250	Am. Sugar Rfg	119	117¾	118
83	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf	118¾	117¾	118¼
50	Am. Woolen	34	34	34
147	Am. Woolen pf	91¼	90¾	90¾
50	East Boston Land	10½	10½	10½
115	Eastern S. S.	89	89	89
28	General Elec.	285	285	285
15	Int. Button Hole	157⅜	157	157
39	Mackay pf	76¼	76½	76½
45	Mass. Gas	91⅝	91¼	91¼
122	Mass. Gas pf	95½	95¼	95½
13	Minn. Gen. Elec	123	123	123
5	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf	109	109	109
736	Penn. rights	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
120	Reece Button Hole	15	15	15
25	Seattle Elec.	107	107	107
39	Swift	102¼	102	102
20	Torrington, Class A	31	31	31
77	United Fruit	96	96	96
226	United Shoe Mach	185½	187	187
102	United Shoe Mach. pf	53	53	53
8,338	U. S. Steel	76¼	74¾	74¾
73	U. S. Steel pf	119¼	118¾	119¼

MINING.

100	Adventure	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
10	Allouez	31	31	31
1,272	Amalgamated	63⅜	62¼	62¼
205	Arizona Com.	15⅞	15	15½
210	Atlantic	5¼	5¼	5¼
50	Bonanza	55c.	55c.	55c.
45	Butte Coalition	18	17⅜	17½
120	Butte Balaklala	5⅛	5	5
75	Calumet & Arizona	51½	51¼	51¼
8	Calumet & Hecla	485	481	481
181	Copper Range	62	60⅜	60⅜
880	East Butte	11⅞	11½	11⅝
45	Franklin	9¾	9½	9½
265	Giroux	6⅝	6¼	6¼
12	Granby	32⅜	32¼	32¼
981	Greene-anarea	6½	6	6⅛
1,710	Hancock	24¼	22½	23½
100	Helvetia	1	1	1
20	Indiana	12	12	12
465	Insp. Mining	7 9-16	7 9-16	7 9-16
5	Island Creek	30¼	30¼	30¼
8	Island Creek pf	88¾	88¼	88¾
85	Isle Royale	13½	13¼	13½
10	Kerr Lake	6¼	6¼	6¼
515	Lake	33½	32½	32½
500	Mayflower	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	Miami	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
25	Michigan	2¼	2¼	2¼
5	Mohawk	40	40	40
264	Nevada	18¾	18⅝	18⅝
30	Nipissing	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
295	North Butte	28⅜	28	28¼
95	North Lake	6⅞	6¾	6¾
50	Ojibway	6	6	6
250	Old Dominion	40	40	40
10	Ray Con.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
11	Shannon	10	10	10
80	Shattuck Arizona	19¼	19¼	19¼
30	Superior	33	33	33
30	Superior-Boston	4¼	4¼	4¼
165	Superior & Pitts.	14⅜	14¼	14⅜
10	U. S. Smelting	84¾	84¼	84¼
138	U. S. Smelting pf	47	46¾	47
23	Utah Con.	15¼	14½	14½
88	Utah Copper	45	45	45
10	Wolverine	108	108	108
110	Union Gap L. & M	75c.	75c.	75c.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

Selling was incited on the Consolidated Stock Exchange by reports of various investigations of industrial combinations to be undertaken by Congress, as well as by a renewal of Mexican intervention talk. It was not until the afternoon, however, that the pressure upon the market became pronounced. The breadth of the market on the floor was again a feature, the total sales of 68,640 shares being distributed among fifty-six different stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
940	Amal. Copper	63	63⅝	62½	62½
2,100	Am. Beet Sugar	46¾	47⅛	46⅝	46⅝
130	Am. Can	10½	10½	10¼	10¼
10	Am. Ag. Chem.	57½	57½	57½	57½
120	Am. C. & F.	53½	53½	53¼	53¼
10	Am. Cot. Oil	57¼	58⅝	56⅝	57
10	Am. Ice	23¾	23¾	23¾	23⅝
2,210	Am. Smelting	75¾	75¾	74½	74⅝
120	Am. Sugar	118¾	118¾	117¾	117¾
1,230	Am. T. & S. F.	110¼	110⅝	108¾	108¾
80	Batt. & Ohio	106¾	105¾	104⅝	104⅝
2,220	Brook. R. T.	78¾	79½	78¼	78⅝
1,410	Can. Pacific	235	235	231½	233
470	Ches. & Ohio	81¾	81¾	80⅝	81
580	C. M. & St. P.	121¾	121¼	119¾	119¾
10	Chino Copper	25	25	25	25
200	Col. F. & I.	81	81	80¼	80½
180	Consol. Gas	145¼	145¼	143½	144⅛
80	Den. & R. G.	28⅜	28⅜	28	28
10	Dist. Securities	35	35	35	35
300	Erie	31⅝	31½	30¾	30¾
20	Erie 1st pf

FIRST MORTGAGE
6% GOLD BONDS.
Coupon Form. 10 year
GUARANTEED
Principal and Interest
NET 6¼ ANNUALLY.
SOLD AT 102½.
REDEMPTION AT 105.
Absolutely Gilt Edge Security.
Denominations $100, $500, $1,000.
"MURRAY HILL PARK"
Assets over $325,000.
110 West 34th Street.
W. HOWARD MEARS, President.
JOHN FRASER, V. Pres. & Treas.

An Assured Income
"The real guide to the value of a security is the Company's earning power and its ability to improve its earnings."
We are offering for investment in amounts of $100 and upwards, a security of unusual merit, the intrinsic value of which is considerably in excess of its present market price.
Dividends on this Company's capital stock have been paid for the past 65 years.
The properties are of absolute necessity to a population of over 500,000 people, and are controlled by a company which guarantees dividends at the rate of
5% Per Annum
Price and Full Particulars on Request.
White & Co. Bankers
35 Pine St. New York.

American Bank Note Company
Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

FOR SALE
Minneapolis Union Ry. First Mtge. 6s Due 1922
Gilman & Clucas
1st Nat'l Bank Bldg. NEW HAVEN, CT. 34 Pine St. N. Y.

FOR SALE
100 VANDALIA R. R. STOCK
50 INT'L CONST. STOCK
100 HALE & KILBURN PFD.
100 INT'L AGRIC. CORP. PFD.
CHAS. H. JONES & CO.,
20 Broad St., New York
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds.
Telephone 3155 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

CURB Stocks
Quotations—BEST SERVICE—Information.
Private Wires, New York, Toronto, Boston.
Unequalled facilities for executing orders.
MARGIN ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.
J. Thomas Reinhardt
18 Broad St., N. Y. 16 King St. W., Toronto.
54 Devonshire St., Boston.

WE WILL BUY OR SELL
HUDSON COUNTY GAS CO. 5's
JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN & PATERSON ST. RY. 4's
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Phone 6060 Hanover. 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

PEABODY & CO.
WILL BUY
Improved Property Holding Co. 6s of 1918, Series "A."
American Real Estate 6s.
42 BROADWAY
Telephone 1314-15-16 Broad

HALE & KILBURN COM. & PFD.
OTIS ELEV. CO. COM. & PFD.
BUSH TERMINAL CO.
WEED and GWYNNE,
1907-8 Hanover. 35 Wall St., N. Y. City.

United Cigar Stores Corp.
International Agricultural Corp.
General Motors Common
General Motors Preferred
Dealt in.
BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.
25 BROAD ST. 'PHONE 5500-5501 BROAD, N. Y.

POCAHONTAS CONS.
COLLIERIES PFD.
Gilbert Eliott & Co.
34 Pine St., N. Y. Merchants Bank Bldg.
Tel. John 855. Montreal.

W. N. COLER & CO.,
BANKERS,
Established 1870.
48 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
NEW YORK CITY and other high grade municipal bonds.
Special circulars on request.

McCURDY HENDERSON & CO
BANKERS
24 Nassau Street
Members New York Stock Exchange.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Fifth Ave. & 34th St. 60 Broadway.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 148th St.

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY Fifth Ave. & 38th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,800,000
Allows Interest on Deposits

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
113 BROADWAY

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET

CAPITAL and SURPLUS $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Best newspaper for Business Men. The New York Times Weekly Financial Review covers financial and mercantile developments the world over. Best guide to investment markets. Full and accurate quotation lists. Railroad earnings at a glance. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Holder for preservation of Review One Dollar.—Adv.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Investment Cosmopolitanism.

Cosmopolitanism in investments is well illustrated in the annual report of the Société Géenerale, recently published in Paris. This institution, which is one of the leading French banks, is particularly well known here because of its participation in the placing of a number of American securities in the French market. A glance at the list of the financial undertakings in which the company engaged last year, which are set down in detail in the bank's annual report, shows that its activities extend to almost all quarters of the globe. The American securities, in the placing of which the Société Générale participated in the course of the year, were 4 per cent. bonds of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and 4 per cent. debentures of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company. Some South American issues were also handled, including Brazilian and Argentine railway, bank and other stock issues. The Governmental and municipal issues floated by the Société Géenerale included, besides various French issues, bonds of Roumania, Servia, Japan, Morocco, Mexico, and the West Coast of Africa. At home, the Société took part in the placing of a very large number of securities issued by industrial, commercial and public utility companies. In addition to the securities it handled, the Société Générale, apart from its discount operations, extended credit last year to industrial and commercial undertakings to the extent of about $50,000,000.

***

Government Bonds for German Banks.

The question of increasing by some compulsory law the amount invested by the Prussian savings banks in Government securities has lately been under discussion in that country. The matter was the subject of debate in the Prussian Diet in connection with the recent consideration of the Government estimates for 1911. Attention was drawn to the fact that the Prussian savings banks hold $2,750,000,000 in deposits, of which only about $225,000,000 are invested in Government bonds. The fact that so small a proportion of their funds is invested in low interest bearing issues enables the savings banks to pay an attractive rate of interest on their deposits. It was admitted in the course of the debate that a law which would force the savings banks to put a much more substantial share of their deposits in Government securities would lessen their ability to pay a high rate to their depositors. This, in turn, might be expected to lead to a reduction in the amount of money entrusted by the people to the savings banks, but this was a possible eventuality which did not cause any misgivings to the banker member of the Diet who was most active in the debate.

***

Denver Preferred's Dividend.

With the approach of the time for action on the preferred stock dividend of the Denver & Rio Grande attention is being directed to the earnings of the road. The Directors are scheduled to meet on June 1 to act on the dividend. At the end of March the balance available for dividends was about $900,000 under the total required for a year's payments on the preferred, and business would have to improve materially to enable the company to make up that amount in the three months remaining. President Jeffery says that the company has plenty of money and a large surplus, so that the board may decide to make up any deficiency for the year out of the balance on hand. The Denver & Rio Grande's inability to earn its preferred dividend is laid at the door of the Western Pacific, which has not yet begun to earn enough to meet its own interest charges.

***

Financing B. R. T. Subways.

With the increasing probability of an award of part or all of the projected Triborough Subway route to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company Wall Street has begun to take a keen interest in that company's finances. The only bonds now authorized which could be sold are the first refunding convertible 4s. Of an authorized issue of $150,000,000 about $60,000,000 are reserved for retiring underlying liens. The company had outstanding at the date of its last report $35,000,000 of this issue, with $13,500,000 more free in its treasury. These bonds sold yesterday at 84⅞, establishing a new high price for the year, but the discount which would have to be assumed is still so large that no further offering of this issue is contemplated. A Director of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit said yesterday that tentative arrangements had been made for organizing a syndicate to supply any funds necessary to back up the company's subway bid, and that $75,000,000 or any part of it will be available whenever needed.

***

More Money in Circulation.

Total money in circulation in the United States on May 1 aggregated $3,237,638,117, according to the Treasury Department's monthly statement. Estimating the country's population on that date at 93,705,000, this means an average of $34.55 per capita. A year ago the total was $133,090,844, and the average per person, $34.45. There was an increase of $7,172,482 in April. The amount of gold certificates outstanding increased $18,540,000 from April 1 to May 1, while the amount of all other kinds of currency in circulation decreased.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 4.—Seaboard adjustment 5s made a new high record at 80 and Seaboard shares were fractionally firmer. United States Fidelity moved up 2 points on a good financial statement at the annual meeting at the beginning of the week. Prices generally firm, with a number of fractional gains. Shares, 2,315; bonds, $192,300.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$25,000	A. C. L. of S. C. 4s.	97¼	97¼	97½
1,000	A. C. L. conv. deb. 4s	97½	97½	97½
7,000	Balt. Electric 5s	94¾	94¾	94¾
1,000	Balt. City Pass. 5s	100¾	100¾	100¾
7,000	Carolina P. & L. 5s	92½	92½	92½
7,000	Chicago Rys. 5s	100	100	100
300	Car. Central 4s	92	92	92
4,000	Cotton Duck 5s	72½	72½	72½
12,000	Con. Power 5s	100¾	100¾	100¼
8,000	Con. Power 4½s	88½	88¾	88½
7,000	Fair. & Cl. Trac. 5s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
4,000	Fairmont Coal 1st 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	Fla. E. Coast 4½s	96¼	96¼	96¼
3,000	Jami. C. & C. G.C.5s	94½	94½	94½
6,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	Nor. & Port. Trac. 5s	90	90	90
13,000	Nor. Ry. & L. 5s	100	100	100
3,000	Nor. & Atl. Ter. 5s	93	93	93
1,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	87½	87½	87½
24,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	80	79¾	80
14,000	United Rys. 4s	84½	84½	84½
2,000	United Rys. inc.	64⅝	64¼	64½
1,000	Un. E. L. & P. 4½s	93	93	93
1,000	United Rys. fund. 5s	87	87	87
20,000	Virginia Ry. & P. 5s	97½	97½	97½
6,000	Virginia Centurys	85¾	85¾	85¾
1,000	Virginia Midland 5s	106¾	106¾	106¾
4,000	West. Maryland 4s	87	87	87
8,000	West. Penn. Trac. 5s	97	97	97

STOCKS.

100	Aug-Aiken R. & E.	20	20	20
40	Canton Co.	116	116	116
20	Continental Trust	227	227	227
140	Con. Cot. Duck pf.	20	19½	19½
125	Fidelity & Deposit	152	152	152
350	Houston Oil	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
15	Merchants' Bank	190	190	190
30	Seaboard Air Line	26¼	26¼	26¼
775	Seaboard Co. com.	27¾	27½	27½
710	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	59	58¾	58¾
10	U. S. Fidelity	160	160	160

New Trustees of Union Trust Co.

William H. Nichols, Jr., Chairman of the Executive Committee of the General Chemical Company, and Frank Trumbull, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Chesapeake & Ohio, have been elected Trustees of the Union Trust Company.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading in Small Volume, with Irregular Price Movements on the Curb.

WESTERN PACIFIC 5S OFF

Break from 93½ to 91½, Recovering to 91¾ After Active Trading—Mining Issues Irregular.

Curb trading was in small volume yesterday and price movements were irregular. Braden Copper advanced from 4 to 4 1-16 on sales of 600 and British Columbia from 5 to 5¼ on sales of 200. Butte Coalition lost ⅝ from the opening price, selling down from 18 to 17⅞ on transactions of 500. Giroux and Greene-Cananea each made fractional losses, the former selling down from 6⅝ to 6 and closing at 6⅛ after sales of 1,000. Inspiration sold 700 from 7⅝ to 7⅜. Trading in the bond list was narrow, but active in individual issues. Western Pacific 5s sold $300,000 and broke from 93½ to 91½, recovering to 91¾, which was the closing price. There were sales of $50,000 Bethlehem Steel 6 per cent notes reported at 101.

***

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low and last prices were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am. Tobacco	455	456	455	456
600	Con. Rub. Tire	4⅞	4⅞	4½	4½
200	Int. R. Tr. cfs.	29	29	29	29
38	Standard Oil	675	675	671	671
400	Stud. Co. pf.	103	103	102¾	102¾
800	U. S. L. & H.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
400	U.S. L. & H. pf.	8	8	8	8
100	U.S. Motors pf.	79	79	79	79

RAILROADS.

100	Seaboard A. L.	27½	27½	27½	27½
500	Seaboard 2d pf.	58⅞	59	58⅝	58⅝

MINING STOCKS.

600	Braden Cop.	4	4 1-16	4	4 1-16
200	Brit. Col. Cop.	5	5¼	5	5¼
500	Butte Coal'n.	18	18	17⅝	17⅝
500	*Cobalt Central	6	6	5	5
500	*Carisa	22	22	22	22
200	Con. Ariz. Sm.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛
100	First Nat. Cop.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,000	Giroux Min.	6⅝	6⅝	6	6⅛
1,500	*Greenwater	6	6	6	6
500	Gr.-Cananea	6¼	6¼	6⅛	6⅛
35	Gug. Explor.	190	190	189	189
700	Insp. Cop.	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
750	Kerr Lake	6¼	6⅜	6¼	6¼
500	M. of A., new.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
100	McKinley-D.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
500	Nev. Hills	3 1-16	3⅛	3 1-16	3⅛
500	N.-U. M. & S.	11-16	¾	11-16	¾
150	New Baltic C.	6	6	6	6
600	Nip. Mines Co.	10¼	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
1,500	Ohio Copper	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
800	*Porcupine C.	75	75	74	74
1,000	*Preston E. D.	37	37	37	37
3,500	Ray Cent.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 9-16	1 9-16
3,000	*Stewart	98	100	96	100
1,055	Tonopah Min.	5⅞	6	5⅞	6
60	Yuk. G. M.	3 15-16	3 15-16	3 15-16	3 15-16

BONDS.

$25,000	Am. Cot. O. 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
50,000	Beth. Steel 6% notes	101	101	101	101
5,000	M., K. & T. 5% notes	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
25,000	So. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s	99	99¼	99	99¼
300,000	West. Pac. 5s.	93½	93½	91½	91¾

*Sells cents per share.

***

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	May 4. Bid.	May 4. Asked.	May. 3. Bid.	May. 3. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	456	458	456	457
Am. Writing Paper	1	2¼	1	2¼
Am. Light & Trac.	284	288	284	288
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	104	106	104	106
Bay State Gas	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
Borden's Con. Milk	121	123	121	123
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	109	110	109	110
Braden Copper	4	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛
British Col. Copper	5	5¼	5	5⅛
Butte Coalition	17	18	18	18⅛
Chicago Subway	4⅝	5	4⅞	5⅛
Cobalt Central	5	6	5	6
Davis-Daly Copper	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
First Nat. Copper	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Giroux Mining	6	6⅛	6⅜	6⅝
Greene-Cananea	6	6¼	6¼	6⅜
Guggenheim Exp.	190	192	189	195
Intercontinental Rub.	29	29¼	29	29½
International Salt	5	8	5	8
Kerr Lake	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
La Rose Con.	4 9-16	4⅝	4 9-16	4⅝
Manhattan Transit	¾	1	¾	1
Mason Valley	8¼	8⅜	8¼	8⅜
Nipissing	10⅜	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝
Ohio Copper	1 1-16	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Ray Central	1 9-16	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝
Standard Milling	15	18	15	18
Standard Milling pf.	48	50	48	52
Standard Oil	670	675	672	678
Studebaker Co.	48	50	48	50
Studebaker Co. pf.	102¼	102¾	102	102¼
Tonopah Mining	5 15-16	6	6 1-16	6 8-16
United Cigar Mfrs.	55	57	55	57
U. S. Light & Heat.	1 9-16	1 11-16	1 9-16	1 11-16
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8	8¼	8	8¼
Western Pacific 5s	91⅝	91⅞	90¼	93½
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅛	3 15-16	3⅛	3 15-16

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—Although irregularity marked the course of the arbitrage group of securities, quotations for purely local stocks held steady to-day, except in a few isolated cases. Further selling of Tonopah Mining sent that stock again below 6 this morning, but it seemed to meet fair support at the low level. Tonopah Belmont was steady. Aside from these two issues and such arbitrage shares as United States Steel and Reading, both of which suffered another setback in the early dealings, the general tone of the local market was steady.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Milling	1	1	1
7	American Railways	43¼	43¼	43¼
90	Camden Iron	45	45	45
120	Camden Steel	45¾	45¾	45¾
12	Delaware Insurance	25	25	25
90	Easton Electric	20½	20½	20½
395	Electric Storage	53¾	53¼	53⅜
210	General Asphalt	33	33	33
555	General Asphalt pf.	73¼	73½	73½
327	Gen. Asphalt pf. war.	94	94	94
250	High M. & M.	¼	¼	¼
89	Ins. Co. of N. A.	20¾	20¾	20¾
14	Lehigh Navigation	88¾	88¾	88⅝
175	Leh. Nav., war., w. I.	38¼	38¼	38¼
110	Lehigh Valley	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
475	Lehigh Val. Trac. t. c.	8⅝	8½	8½
100	Lehigh Val. pf. t. c.	22½	22½	22½
7	Minehill	60½	60½	60½
50	P. R. T. t. c.	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
35	Penna. Steel pf.	104½	104½	104½
569	Penna. R. R.	63⅝	63	63⅛
970	Penna. R. R. w., w. I.	11 3-16	11	11⅛
35	Phila. Co. pf.	42½	42½	42½
723	Phila. Electric	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
40	Phila. Traction	83	83	83
20	Penna. Salt Mfg.	110½	110½	110½
160	Rock Island	30¼	30⅜	30⅜
1,360	Reading	78 5-16	77⅝	77½
630	Tonopah Belmont	6¼	6 1-16	6⅛
1,625	Tonopah Mining	6¼	5⅞	6¼
1,576	U. G. I.	87½	87¼	87½
5,600	U. S. Steel	75¼	74⅝	74⅝
590	Union Traction	46⅝	46	46
47	W. J. & S. S.	54	54	54

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 4.—An advance of 3 points in the price of Chicago Telephone shares was the feature of a light day's trading on the local Exchange to-day. Booth Fisheries common added a point to last night's level, and there was a smaller gain in Quaker Oats common. Fractional declines were noted in Diamond Match, People's Gas, and Sears-Roebuck common.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
100	American Can pf.	85½	85½	85½
11	Am. Shipbuilding pf.	112	112	112
115	Booth Fisheries	43	43	43
100	Chicago Brewing	1½	1½	1½
75	Chi. Brew. pf.	4¾	4¾	4¾
300	Chi. Pneu. Tool	50	50	50
200	Chicago Subway	5	5	5
120	Chicago Telephone	124	123½	124
60	Commonw'th Edison	125	125	125
200	Diamond Match	99	98	98
10	K. G. Ry. & Lt. pf.	67¼	67¼	67¼
220	Internat. Harvester	128	126	128
50	Nat. Biscuit	136	136	136
100	Nat. Carbon	114	114	114
10	People's Gas	105	105	105
40	Quaker Oats	176½	176½	176½
100	Sears-Roebuck	143	142	142
38	Sears-Roebuck pf.	121	121	121
117	South Side Elev.	71	71	71
25	Street's Stable Car.	10½	10½	10½
108	Swift & Co.	102	102	102
100	U. S. Steel	75	75	75

BONDS.

$2,000	Com. Edison 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾
1,000	Northwest. Gas 5s	100	100	100
5,000	Chi. Ry. 4s B	87½	87½	87½
5,000	Chi. Ry. 4s B	87¾	87¾	87¾
2,000	Chi. City Ry. 5s	102¾	102¾	102¾
1,000	Chi. Ry. rcts. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
2,000	Diam'd Match deb. 6s	105½	105½	106½
1,000	Lake St. Elev. 5s	81	81	81
1,000	Mutual 5s	101½	101½	101½

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Amal. Copper 5s, April, 1913	100½	100¾
Amer. Cigar "B" 4s, Mar. 15, 1912	99⅞	100¼
Baltimore & Ohio 4½s, June, 1913	100¼	100½
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	100¾	101¼
Chesapeake & Ohio 4½s, June, 1914	99⅝	99⅞
Chicago & Alton 5s, Mar. 15, 1913	99½	99¾
Erie 6s, April 8, 1914	101	101¼
General Motor 6s, Oct., 1915	97⅜	97⅝
Kans. City R. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	100⅜	100⅝
Lack. Steel Con. Deb. 5s, Mar., 1913	94¾	95
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1913	95½	96¼
Mis., Kans. & Tex. 5s, May, 1913	99⅝	99⅞
Nat. Rys. of Mex. 4½s, June 1, 1913	99¾	99¾
N. Y. Central 4½s, M-S, 1914	100¼	100⅝
St. Louis & San F. 4½s, Feb., 1912	100¼	100½
St. Louis & San F. 5s, Mar., 1913	99½	99¾
Southern Ry. 5s, Feb., 1913	100⅝	100⅞
Tidewater Company 6s, June, 1913	102	102¼
Wes. Tel. & Tel. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	100½	100¾
Westin'se El. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1913	101⅝	102⅛

Interest to be added.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 4.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
145	Crucible Steel	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝
825	Crucible Steel pf.	81¾	81	81
100	Fed. St. P. V. Trac.	25	25	25
10	Harbison-Walker pf.	96	96	96
100	Mfrs. Light & Heat	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
32	Ohio Fuel	42½	42	42⅜
375	Pittsburg Brew.	21⅛	21	21⅛
100	Pittsburg Coal pf.	78⅜	78⅛	78⅛
10	Pittsburg Plate Glass.	19½	19½	19½
10	River Coal pf.	23	23	23
1,400	San Toy	26c	26c	26c
50	Union Switch	84	84	84
140	U. S. Glass	42½	42½	42½
30	Whouse Electric 2ds.	34½	34⅜	34⅜

BANKS.

19	Real Estate Trust	160	160	160
24	Safe Deposit & Trust	296	296	296

FINANCIAL NOTES.

A total of $600,000 was transferred to San Francisco yesterday.

White, Weld & Co. have sold all the $5,000,000 Deero & Co. 5 per cent gold notes recently offered by them.

James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation, has been elected a Director of the American Iron and Steel Institute, succeeding W. E. Corey.

Warren J. Lynch, former Passenger Traffic Manager of the New York Central lines west of Buffalo, has been elected Fourth Vice President of the American Steel Foundries Company.

Seesselberg & Buttigan, of 15 Broad Street have added an obsolete security department to their banking business

William Salomon & Co. are offering the balance of $1,000,000 6 per cent. serial gold debentures of the M. Rumley Company, manufacturers of agricultural implements at La Porte, Ind., at 100 and interest. The bonds mature in eight annual installments from March 1, 1912, to March 1, 1919, inclusive, and are callable at 105.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4s	May, '58, l'chg.	100	100¼	100	100¾
4s	Nov., '59, l'chg.	100	100¼	100	100¾
4½s	May, '57, l'chg.	108¾	109	108¾	109
4½s	Nov., '57, l'chg.	108¾	109	108¾	109
4½s	May, '17, l'chg.	102¾	103½	102½	103
4½s	Nov., '17, l'chg.	102¾	103½	102½	103
4s	May, '57, l'chg.	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s	Nov., '58, reg.	98½	99½	98¾	99⅝
4s	May, '10, l'chg.	99½	100	99½	100
4½s	March, '60, old	102¾	103	102⅝	102⅞
4½s	March, '60, new	104	104¼	103¾	104
3½s	May, '54, coup.	89	89½	89	89¼
3½s	N., '54, coup., l'g.	89	89½	89	89¼
3½s	May, '54, reg.	88¾	88½	88¾	88⅞
3½s	Nov., '41, reg.	89¼	90¼	88½	89½

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 4.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5	5½	Jackpot	5	5½
Elkton	55	60	McKinney	27½	30
El Paso	55	59½	Old Gold	2½	3¼
Findlay	..	5	Portland	90	100
Gold Dollar	10	11	Vindicator	77	78½
Isabella	9¾	10¾	Jen. Samp.	9	10

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $25,512,075.

In banks and Philippine Treasury, $30,855,200.

The total balance in general fund, $83,344,886.

Ordinary receipts yesterday were $2,469,688, with ordinary disbursements of $3,671,285.

The deficit to date this fiscal year is $134,276, as against $17,904,087 at this time last year.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	May 3.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Receipts, cus.	$1,233,874	$2,809,439	$268,224,146
Internal rev.	985,605	2,124,965	242,093,163
Corp'tion tax	17,091	42,994	7,388,336
Miscellaneous	233,119	666,434	41,088,083
Total receipts	2,469,687	5,643,833	558,794,835
Expenditures	3,671,285	7,329,934	558,929,112
Surplus	*1,201,597	*1,686,100	*134,276

*Deficit.

$1,000,000
M. Rumely Company
Six Per Cent Serial Gold Debentures
Dated March 1, 1911. Interest payable March 1 and September 1.
Mature in 8 annual instalments of $125,000 each from March 1, 1912, to March 1, 1919, inclusive.
Callable at 105 and interest on any interest date.
Bankers Trust Company, New York, Trustee
The Company manufactures agricultural implements, such as threshers, steam plow engines, and a new plow engine using oil as fuel. Business established in 1853. Plants at La Porte, Ind. The President's letter, describing the issue, may be summarized as follows:
1. *Total tangible assets above current liabilities, $4,601,351, or over 4½ times these debentures—the only funded debt.*
2. *Quick assets in excess of current liabilities, $2,586,050, equal to more than 2½ times these debentures.*
3. *Net earnings (from thresher and steam traction plants alone) last three fiscal years averaged more than 4 times annual interest on the debentures; earnings for year 1910 at the rate of 5 times this interest.*
4. *Net earnings year 1911 (including operations of new oil traction plant) estimated at 14 times debenture interest charges.*
5. *Strong special covenants in indenture for protection of the issue.*
Legality approved by Messrs. Cravath, Henderson & de Gersdorff, New York.
Having sold a large amount of the issue, we offer the balance, subject to prior sale, at
100 and Interest, Yielding 6%
Complete description of scope and character of Company's business on request.
WILLIAM SALOMON & CO
BANKERS
25 Broad Street NEW YORK 105 So. La Salle Street CHICAGO

To the Holders of
SIX PER CENT. SINKING FUND BONDS OF THE SEN-SEN CHICLET COMPANY.
Sinking Fund Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN as provided in Article VII. of the Indenture dated June 14, 1909, securing the above bonds, that sealed offers will be received up to Three P. M. on Tuesday, May 9, 1911, by the undersigned, at its office, No. 28 Nassau Street, New York, for the sale to it as Trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding 107½% of par and accrued interest, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of Fifty thousand dollars ($50,000). Offers should be sealed and endorsed "Offers of Sen-Sen Chiclet Company Bonds to Sinking Fund," and should be addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By A. J. HEMPHILL, President.
New York, April 27, 1911.

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
206 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY,
ENGINEERS AND MANAGERS.
CHICAGO.

The Board of Directors of the Mobile Electric Company, Mobile, Alabama, has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check May 15th, 1911, to stockholders of record as of the close of business April 29th, 1911.
ROBERT J. GRAF, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE copartnership heretofore existing between JULES STAR and JACOB G. REICHARD and GEORGE REICHARD, and engaged in business at No. 33 Ferry Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, as commission merchants and brokers of hides and sk

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Guaranty Trust Company Buyer of the Mutual Life Company's Old Building—Kingsland Estate Properties Bring $614,400—Madison Avenue Corner Acquired for Business—Big Union Square Lease.

The sale of the old Mutual Life Insurance property on the southeast corner of Broadway and Liberty Street, negotiations for which have been in progress for several months; the auction offerings of valuable business properties for the Kingsland estate, which brought a total of $614,400; the sale of a large plot in Sixty-second Street, near Madison Avenue, for an apartment house improvement, and a twenty-one years' lease at an aggregate rental of $2,000,000 by the Van Buren estate of the new twelve-story loft now being erected on the northwest corner of Union Square and Fifteenth Street to a wholesale lace house, were the important features of an active real estate market yesterday.

The Broadway and Liberty Street corner has been purchased by the Guaranty Trust Company, which now occupies large offices in the Mutual Life Insurance Building on Nassau Street. Early in the year it was announced that negotiations for the sale of the property, which has been in the market for about $2,250,000, were nearly completed. The new owners take possession at once, and when the few remaining leases expire the old structure will be torn down and a high-class building erected, where the main offices of the company will be located, and the remainder leased for offices. The officers of the company stated that it had not yet been decided whether the new improvement will be a skyscraper in keeping with the neighboring office structures on lower Broadway, or a moderately low building. York & Sawyer, who have earned a wide reputation as bank architects, have been selected to prepare the plans. Building operations will begin, it was said, by Aug. 1, if not earlier.

The deal represents practically $2,000,000. On the property is a seven-story building erected by the Mutual Life Insurance Company in 1863, and used as its offices until 1883, when the new Nassau Street structure was erected. The property has a Broadway frontage of 78.10 feet, and 135.5 feet on Liberty Street.

$614,000 for Kingsland Estate Properties.

The large offering of Kingsland estate properties, including many valuable parcels in the downtown business sections, by Joseph P. Day in the Vesey Street Salesroom yesterday, drew a good contingent of bidders to the auction rooms. For the various parcels a total of $614,400 was realized, making the sale the largest that has been held for some time. Mrs. Caroline H. Truax, after spirited bidding, secured the corner of Chambers and West Streets, 95.11 by 96.5, occupied by two three-story brick buildings, for $141,000. The Ess Eff Realty Company bought 315 and 317 Church Street, with an "L" to 38 Lispenard Street, for $56,300. The five-story building at 14 and 16 White Street went to the Douglas Realty Company for $75,000. George A. Douglas paid $46,000 for 319 and 321 West Street, corner of Charlton Street; David and Henry Lippman bought 2,094 and 2,096 Third Avenue for $75,000, Horace S. Ely & Co. secured for a client 987 Sixth Avenue for $42,250, Heilner & Wolf paid $45,000 for 17 East Seventeenth Street, Joseph Boss bought 115 Warren Street for $34,450, Richard Trimble paid $52,500 for 352 Fourth Avenue, near Twenty-fifth Street, and L. J. Solomon bought sixty-one lots on Newtown Creek, Greenpoint, for $45,000.

Big Madison Avenue Deal.

Further evidence of the rapid upbuilding of Madison Avenue into a high-class commercial thoroughfare is revealed in the announcement that the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-second Street, a plot 100 by 100, has just been leased on a long term from the Manice estate by the Empire Holding Company, one of the subsidiary companies of the George Backer Construction Company, (George Backer, Arnstein & Levy.) The property has been leased for twenty-one years, with renewal privileges, at an aggregate rental of about $1,500,000 for the first term. Plans are being prepared by the architects, Wallace & Goodwillie, for a high-class twelve-story loft, one of its features will be a roof garden on top, which will be inclosed during the Winter, for the use of the occupants of the building. Negotiations are under way for the lease of a large part of the building to a large silk firm. Work will begin at once, and it is expected to have the building ready for occupancy early in 1912. George Backer Company recently sold to Loton H. Slawson the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-third Street, on which a big commercial structure is to be built, and they erected the twelve-story loft on the southwest corner of the avenue and Twenty-eighth Street, recently completed. Mooyer & Marston were the brokers who negotiated the lease. The property has been owned by the Manice family for over half a century.

$1,680,000 Union Square Lease.

The Van Buren estate has leased to a lace house, now located on lower Broadway, the entire building now under construction at the northwest corner of Union Square and Fifteenth Street. The lease is for twenty-one years at a rental said to be about $80,000 a year. The building is a twelve-story fireproof structure, fronting 52 feet on the square and 142 feet on the street.

71st Street Sale for Apartment.

A. L. Mordecai & Son acquired yesterday from the Booth estate, through Slawson & Hobbs, the private residence at 235 West Seventy-first Street, on a plot 17 by 102.2. It was announced that the same buyers were the purchasers of the adjoining dwelling, at 237, reported sold a few days ago, the combined plot having a frontage of 35 feet, nearly in the middle of the block, between West End Avenue and Broadway. The buyers will erect, as soon as the existing leases on the houses expire, a twelve-story bachelor apartment house, with suites of from two to three rooms. This is the first apartment house invasion of the block, which has hitherto been devoted exclusively to private residences, and is another illustration of the increasing demand for high-class apartments on the west side, necessitating the demolition of many private residences for the new type of improvements.

Buys Site for Big Apartment.

The Ekin Holding Company, of which Theodore Starrett is President, has purchased from the realty operating company the plot, 66 by 100, on the south side of Sixty-second Street, 166 feet east of Madison Avenue. The site will be improved with a nine-story apartment house, to accommodate eighteen families.

The property is known as 40 to 46 East Sixty-second Street, and is located on the south side, about midway between Madison and Park Avenues. It was accumulated a couple of years ago by a company which planned to erect an apartment house on the site. The operation, however, was never carried through.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Pease & Elliman have sold for Mrs. Matilda Schiff the three-story brownstone residence at 117 East Seventy-ninth Street, on a plot 20 by 102.2, to a client for investment.

Theodore Starrett has sold 322 West Eighty-fourth Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 20.1 by 102.2.

Joseph P. Day has sold for the estate of Sarah M. Smull 31 West Seventy-sixth Street, a four-story and basement private dwelling.

Another Resale in Pinkney Block.

Another resale was reported in the Pinkney block by the buyers, Bing & Bing, yesterday, who sold to Joseph H. Davis a plot of six lots on the south side of 120th Street, 150 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue, 150 by 100. Arnold, Byrne & Baumann were the brokers in the transaction. Mr. Davis will erect six-story elevator apartments on the site in the near future.

The plot forms part of the Pinkney estate block, bounded by Morningside and Amsterdam Avenues, 119th and 120th Streets, recently purchased by Bing & Bing.

Builders Buy on the Heights.

Paterno & Son have purchased from L. B. Eskeen & Brother a plot of six lots on the southeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 172d Street, fronting 95 feet on St. Nicholas Avenue and 250 feet on 172d Street. Messrs. Paterno will improve immediately six of the street lots with two apartment houses, each 75 by 95. The corner plot, 95 by 125, will be held for future development. John R. & Oscar L. Foley negotiated the sale.

Harlem Tenemnt in Cash Sale.

M. H. Meyers and Gilbert Robbins have sold for Sigmund B. Heine to Michael Scanlon the six-story tenement, with stores, on a plot 37.6 by 100, on the southeast corner of 149th Street and Eighth Avenue. It was an all cash sale, the consideration being $86,500.

A Marble Hill Sale.

A. N. Gitterman has sold for Marcus M. Nye, to Morris Hartig, a plot of about seven lots on Adrian Avenue, near 225th Street, at Marble Hill.

Bronx.

Kurz & Uren, Inc. have sold for Charles H. Zumbuehl, 2,446 Prospect Avenue, a two-family brick dwelling, on lot 20 by 100.

Julius Trattner and J. Klein have sold for George Glentz, 912 Freeman Street, a six-story tenement, with stores, on a lot 37.6 by 100. The same brokers have also sold for M. Stadte, 319 and 21 East 155th Street, a two-family house and a four-story single flat, on a lot 50 by 100.

Williamson & Bryan have sold for C. E. Randrup the four-story flat 301 East 136th Street, on lot 25 by 100, to a buyer, who gave in part payment 864 Forest Avenue, a two-story frame house, on lot 25 by 100.

Harold H. Harding has sold for Hugh Thomas a plot, 96 feet front, on Tremont Avenue West, near Aqueduct Avenue.

H. T. Pfeifer has resold for Mrs. Mary Hamilton, 3,145 Hull Avenue, a three-story two-family house, to a client for occupancy.

Staten Island Sales.

H. T. Metcalfe & Sons have sold the Colon homestead on Amboy Road at Great Kills, to Edward Humbert. Also a plot of lots on Third Street, New Dorp, to E. T. Caneras, who will build on the property.

Plainfield Block Front For Church.

Bryan L. Kennelly has sold the entire block front on St. Nicholas Boulevard, running from Geneva Place to Seneca Place, Plainfield, N. J., being a plot 269 by 150, to the Rev. Bernard M. Bogan, pastor of St. Mary's Church at Plainfield, who will build a church on the property. The lots were a part of the Plainfield-Netherwood property to be sold at auction by Mr. Kennelly on Saturday.

Suburban.

Post & Reese have sold at Bernardsville, N. J., for the Estate of Philip N. Jackson to Frank B. Allen, about nine acres of land bounded by the old road from Bernardsville to Mendham and Seney Road.

Dr. Joseph C. Watson has resold 44 Washington Avenue, Grantwood, N. J. C. J. Elgar was the broker.

Edward P. Hamilton & Co. have sold part of the acreage property of Enos Wilder on Loantaka Way at Madison, N. J. The purchaser will build a tile and stucco residence for his occupancy.

$245,000 Madison Avenue Loan.

William J. Roome & Co. have obtained a loan of $245,000 for five years, bearing interest at the rate of 4½ per cent., for the Madison Holding Company on their new twelve-story store and loft building at 72-74 Madison Avenue.

Leases.

Hell & Stern have leased for the Regent Construction Company in their building, 44-50 West Twenty-eighth Street, the fifth and sixth lofts, containing 20,000 square feet of space, for a term of years at a total rental of $50,000.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for Charles E. Haviland to Henry M. Alexander for a term of years 15 East Thirty-sixth Street, near Fifth Avenue. This building adjoins the new building which Mr. Haviland is to erect, and was bought by him to protect the light of the new structure.

Leon S. Altmayer has leased for the Title Guarantee and Trust Company as trustees, for a term of years, the three-story and basement dwelling at 174 West Eighty-eighth Street.

Broadway Business Men to Organize.

Broadway business men are organizing the Broadway Improvement Association. The permanent organization, including the election of officers, will be effected at a meeting to be held in Assembly Hall at the Hotel Imperial at 4 o'clock, Wednesday afternoon, May 10. The governing idea of the movement is to unite for the promotion and protection of the mutual interests of the merchants and business men located along Broadway from Fourteenth Street to Columbus Circle and in intersecting streets. One of the immediate demands of the organization will be to prevent the tearing up and barricading of Broadway in building any of the proposed underground improvements.

The signers of the call for the meeting represent the diversified business interests of Broadway, and are as follows: Saks & Co., National Cash Register Company, Louis Martin's, Browning, King & Co.; Wallack's Theatre, Shoninger Brothers, Hotel Imperial, Huyler's, R. & G. Corset Company, Peerless Motor Car Company, Wallach Brothers, Caswell-Massey Company, John David, Grand Rapids Furniture Company, Stiner Building, and Hotel Astor.

New Downtown Police Station.

Plans have been filed by Hoppin & Koen, architects, for the construction of a four-story fireproof police station, to be known as the Eighth Precinct on the southeast corner of Beach and Varick Streets. The building will have a frontage of 108 feet on Beach Street and 100 feet on Varick Street. It will have accommodation for fifty-two horses for use for the downtown section of the Traffic Squad. The architects estimate the cost at $150,000.

Notes.

Pocher & Co. deny the sale of 845 and 347 West Thirty-fourth Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

White St, 14 and 16, n s, 105 ft e of West Broadway, 49.10x101.3, five-story loft building; executors' sale; to the Douglas Realty Co., $75,000; also

West St, 182 to 185, s e corner of Chambers St, 95.11x96.5x irregular, four three-story buildings; executors' sale; to Mrs. Caroline H. Truax, $141,000; also

Atlantic Av, n s, 142.8 ft e of Nostrand Av, Brooklyn, 47.3x99.1x irregular, vacant; executors' sale; to J. C. Flinn, $1,900; also

3d Av, 2,064 and 2,066, w s, 62.1 ft s of 115th St, two five-story tenements, each 31.8x100; executors' sale; to Gascony Realty Co., $75,000; also

6th Av, 987, w s, 55.5 s of 56th St, 25x75, four-story flat, with store; executors' sale, estate of George L. Kingsland, deceased; to Horace S. Ely & Co. for a client, $42,250; also

17th St, 17, n s, 191.10 ft w of Broadway, 25x84.4x irregular, four-story building; executors' sale, estate of Helen S. Kingsland, deceased; to Heilner & Wolf, $45,000.

61 lots fronting on Newtown Creek, Meeker Av., Lake, Morse, and Bridgewater Sts, Long Island City; voluntary sale; to L. J. Solomon, $45,000.

Duane St, 155, n s, 25 ft w of West Broadway, 25x25, five-story building; executors' sale; to Wilbur F. Earp, $20,200.

Hooper St, 169, 185, and 191, n s, between Lee and Marcy Avs, Brooklyn, three three-story dwellings, 19.5x100x16.9x100; executors' sale; 169 to Louis Kaplan, $8,500; 185 and 191 to D. J. Baker, $12,000.

54th St, 317, n s, 266.8 ft w of 8th Av, 20.2x100.5, five-story tenement; executors' sale; withdrawn; also

84th St, 10, s s, 160 ft w of Central Park West, 21x100.4, four-story dwelling; executors' sale; estate of Peter Farley, deceased; withdrawn.

West St, 319 and 321, s e corner of Charlton St, 62.6x86.6x irregular, two-story tenements and stores, and one-story frame stores; to George A. Douglas, $46,000; also

Warren St, 115, s s, 84.5 ft w of Washington St, 25.1x93x24.9x92.11, five-story loft and store building; to Joseph Boss, $34,450; also

4th Av, 352, w s, 70 ft n of 25th St, 19.9x75, four-story tenement and store; to Richard Trimble, $52,500.

Church St, 313 and 317; Lispenard St, e s, 18.8 ft s of Lispenard St, 38, 48.10x75x68.1 to Lispenard St x25x irregular, five-story loft and store building; partition; to the Ess Eff Realty Co., $56,300.

Brook Av, 1,418, e s, 244.3 ft n of 169th St, 48x100.6, six-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Antonio Klinkenbeck, $44,102.

Hoffman St, s w corner of 189th St, 30x89.11, five-story flat; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Anna Albert, $27,440.

178th St, s s, 195 ft w of Anthony Av, 100x200 to Echo Place, three-story dwelling, two-story stable, and vacant; foreclosure sale; adjourned May 18.

Elton Av, 815, w s, 50 ft s of 159th St, 25x100, vacant; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, Josie Schwab, $2,150.

3d Av, 1,765, s e corner of 98th St, 25.9x83.9, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, Cortland Savings Bank, $31,500.

By Samuel Marx.

Greene St, 175 and 177, w s, 100 ft s of Bleecker St, 40x100, six-story loft and store building; Isidor Cohn, referee; amount due, $5,464; taxes, &c., $38; subject to two prior mortgages aggregating $70,000; foreclosure sale; to the plaintiff, Minnie Weinberger, $73,190.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in the Bronx. The following plans were filed for Manhattan:

62d St, n s, 118 ft e of 2d Av, for a three-story factory, 42x20; B. Rovira, 215 East 62d St, owner; Buchman & Fox, architects; cost, $25,000.

Beach St, s e corner of Varick St, for a four-story police station, 108x100; New York City, owner; Hoppin & Koen, architects; cost, $150,000.

Blackwell's Island, opposite East 67th St, for a one-story storehouse, 20x25; Department of Charities, owner; William Flanagan, architect; cost, $4,000.

73d St, 530 to 534 East, for a three-story storage warehouse, 58x138; G. Knoche, 516 East 72d St, owner; L. A. Horman, architect; cost, $10,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, s e corner of 218th St, to a one-story car barn; Third Avenue Railroad Co., owner; W. S. Seavey, architect; cost, $50,000.

Broadway, 2,642, to a three-story garage and loft; L. L. Barzaghi, 130 West 77th St, owner; H. P. Knowles, architect; cost, $6,000.

8th Av, e s, 41.2 ft s of 40th St, to a three-story dwelling and store; G. Masucci, 246 7th Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost, $5,000.

1st Av, 851 to 855, to three five-story tenements; F. Surzberger, 409 East 46th St, owner; O. L. Spanuske, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MAY 4.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

ANDERSON AV, s w cor of 162d St, 100x115.11; Lawrence W. Gallagher to Hillcrest Bldg. Co., 950 Ogden Av (mtg. $13,000), April 5; attorney, Louis Meckes, 950 Ogden Av

BAYCHESTER AV, e s, 350 ft n of Edenwald Av, 50x75; Land Co. A of Edenwald to Sadie Berger, 2,228 Valentine Av, Feb. 10; attorneys, Berger Brothers, 1,749 1st Av...$1

BAYCHESTER AV n s, 400 ft n of Edenwald Av, 25x75; same to Sarah Berger, 2,230 Valentine Av; attorneys same...$1

BLEECKER ST, n s, 50 ft e of Sullivan St, 25x100; Mary E. McCreery to Calogero Caputo, 147 Sullivan St, May 4, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Max Keve, 61 Park Pow...$100

BROADWAY, e s, 550 ft n of Fairview Av, 60x100; City Real Estate Co. to John C. Rodgers, 2,346 Broadway, B. & S., April 28; attorney, H. G. Smith, 21 Park Row...$100

BRYANT AV, n s, 24.4x100; Lena Rosen to Abraham Plaine, 603 Tinton Av, (mtge $13,000.) May 2; attorney, Jacob E. Solomon, 165 Broadway...$1

BROWN AV, e s, 77 ft n of Spofford Av, 50x128.1x—x162; Gaetano Clemente to Giovannina Taddeo, all liens, Aug. 8, 1910; attorney, Lawrence Cioffi, 2,149 2d Av...$100

BRYANT AV, e s, 20 ft n of 172d St, 20x100; William H. D. North to George J. Hubiltz, 496 Southern Boulevard, (mtg $8,000,) March 21...$1

CLINTON AV, w s, 90 ft n of 175th St, 104x149.10; Wiedhoff Construction Co. to Franklin Av. Co., 391 E. 149th St. (Mtg. $12,000), May 1; attorney, Lawyers T. Ins. Co., 160 B'way...$1

CROTONA AV, 1,005, w s, 25x100; Jacob Stahl, Jr., and William Stahl, executors of Philippina Stahl, to Emma A. Stahl, all at Patterson, N. Y., May 1; address, 1,387 Crotona Av...$6,200

SAME PROPERTY; Jacob Stahl, Jr., and others, heirs, &c., of Philippina Stahl, to same, May 1; address, same...$1

ELTON AV, n w s, 505 ft w of 159th St, 50x100; Augusta Rosenwasser and another to John C. Hoenninger, 5 Beekman St, and Andrew J. Troy, Jan. 4, 1910...$100

FOREST AV, n s, 51.2 ft s of 161st St, 25x100; the Bungay Co. of New York to Carl E. Randrup, 488 East 175th St, (mtg $7,000,) and all liens, April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$100

FRANKLIN AV, s e corner of 170th St, 28.4x99.11x14.2x101; Franklin Avenue Co to Weidhopf Construction Co, 126 West 131st St, (mtg $21,000,) May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway...$100

HEATH PL, e s, 100 ft n of Anthony Av, 20.11x102.7; University Heights Realty Co. to Junius J. Pittman and another, 1888 Bathgate Av; mtg. $8,000; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way...$100

HENRY ST, s s, 107.3 ft e of Scammel St, 24x ½ block; Margaret McGean to Garret W. Cotter, Remsen Av, corner of North Hempstead Road, Flushing, L. I...$1

INTERIOR GORE, 327.6 ft w of 6th Av x 81.4 ft n of 13th St—27.2x—; Douglas Robinson, and others, to Thomas Cushman, 120 West 14th St, May 27; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 135 Broadway...$1

INTERIOR STRIP, 80 ft w of 1st Av and 40.10 ft s of 123d st, 2.6x50.1; Henry Fulling to Jacob Bretz, 2390 1st Av, Mar. 24; attorney, A. J. Bauer, 280 B'way...$1

LOT 16, Map 1,446, of 297 lots owned by Hunt's Point Estates, 25x100; Lena Manassa, 832 Manida St, (mtg $1,000,) May 3; attorney, Joseph M. Levine, 30 West 18th St...$100

LOT 3, map 1,362 of sub-division, block 3,256; Harry Cahm and others to University Heights Realty Co., 2,229 Andrews Av, May 3, mtg. $4,400; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way...$200

MINFORD PLACE, w s, 34 ft n of 172d St, 33x67; Joseph Reichwein to Jennie Pearlman, 1,400, Washington Av, May 1, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, La Maescal, 116 Nassau St...$1

NORWOOD AV, e s, 350.8 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 25x80; Edgar H. Rosenstock, referee, to Lorin S. Bernheimer, 2 East 59th St, and another, executors, May 4; attorney, S. Wischler, 32 Broadway...$7,000

NORWOOD AV, e s, 355.8 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 25x80; same to same, May 4; same attorney...$7,000

PRINCE ST, 105, n s, 20x95; William Buchan to William Buchan, Jr., 331 Pennington Av, Passaic, N. J., correction and confirmation deed, May 1; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$1

SAME PROPERTY; William Buchan, Jr., to Elam H. Fuller, 630 3d St, Brooklyn, 2-3 part, and Arthur B Ballagh, 21 Bergen St, Hackensack, N. J., 1-3 part, May 1; attorney same...$100

WATER ST, 896, s w corner of Catharine Slip, 20x40.1; Jacob Horowitz to Catharine and Water Street Construction and Realty Co., 14 Maiden Lane, May 2; attorney, Saul Bernstein, 149 Broadway...$100

WESTCHESTER AV, n s, 74.5 ft w of Jackson Av, 25.5x67.7 to e s of Jackson Av 29.11x50.4; Brocaval Realty and Holding Co. to Alanson P. White, 54 Linwood Place, East Orange, N. J., (mtg $25,500,) April 25; attorneys, Weschler & R., 135 Broadway...$100

WILLOW LANE, s s, 25 ft e of Robin Av, 25x96.9x25x97.7, Tremont Terrace; Gaetano Clemente to Giovannina Taddeo, all liens, May 10, 1910; attorney, Lawrence Cioffi, 2,143 2d Av...$100

8TH AV, w s, corner of 149th St, 37.5x100; Sigmund B. Heine to Michael Scanlon, 248 West 126th St, April 24, (mtg $55,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$100

99TH ST, n s, ¾ of Lot 280, Map 143, 20 Wakefield, 100x114; Andreas Lechner to Olga, his wife, 849 East 223d St, (mtg $2,500,) May 8, 1909...$100

10TH St, 52 East, s s, 25x98.9; W. J. Peck to Hoggson Bros., a corporation, 7 E. 44th St (mtg $45,000), May 2; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way...$100

18TH ST, n s, 525 ft w of 9th Av, 16.8x92; Charlotte Ecker to Laura L. Acker, 443 West 18th St, and another, March 25, 1902...$1

25TH ST, n s, 180 ft w of 6th Av, 20x98.9; Sarah B. Clayton, widow, to Walter H. Clayton, 20 East 126th St, ¼ part, May 4; attorney, George P. Fall, 76 William St...$100

52D ST, s s, 167 ft e of Madison Av, 66.4x100.5; Realty Operating Co. to Ekin Holding Co., 103 Park Av, (mtg $1,000,) attorney, Frederick A. Snow, 15 Wall St...$1

36TH ST, 237 West, 18.6x98.9; Edward F. Martin and another to Holland Holding Co., 11 Pine St, May 4; attorney, State R. and Mortgage Co., 11 Pine St...$100

39TH ST, 148 East, s s, 25x98.9x irregular; Joseph Milbank and others to William C. Story, 375 Manhattan Av, B. & S., May 1; William J. Maxwell, 148 East 39th St...$100

SAME PROPERTY; William C. Story to Fanny J., wife of William J. Maxwell, 148 East 39th St, (mtg $10,000,) May 4; address same...$100

45TH ST, 536 West, s s, 25x100.5; Johas Well and others to Pauline Jedel, 28 North 5th St, Newark, N. J., B. & S., all liens, April 25; attorney, Morris Leight, 309 Broadway...$100

45TH ST, s s, 283.4 ft w of 6th Av, 61.8x100.5; Isaac L. Kip and another, executors, &c., of Cornelia B. Kip, to Utility Realty Co., 103 Broadway, April 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$1

45TH ST, s s, 283.4 ft w of 6th Av, 61.8x100.5; May 3, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St...$4,000

REALTY CO OF AMERICA to Edward S. Hall, 129 East 54th St; 88th St, 340 West, 21x100.8, May 4, 2 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 176 Broadway...$27,000

SAME to Franklin Pettit, 340 West 88th St; same property, prior mtg $27,000, May 4, due, &c., as per bond; F. C. Kronmeyer, 2 Wall St...$5,500

ROACHE, Martin B., to Auguste Lilienthal, 625 West 158th St; 154th St, s s, 91.9 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 20x99.11, May 4, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, S. J. Block, 203 Broadway...$14,000

QUINN, Thomas J., to Samuel E. Jacobs, 27 West 85th St; 149th St, n s, 150 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 50x100, May 4, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. H. Bergmann, 3,219 3d Av, $40,000

SCANLON, Michael, to Sigmund B. Heine, 521 West 150th St; 8th Av, s e corner of 149th St, 37.5x100, prior mtg $55,000, May 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Max Stein, 64 Cole, cor Rowayton, Conn., April 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$100

STALLMAN, Adele C. S., and another, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 104th St, 250 West, 19x100.41, May 4, 5 years, due as per bond...$15,000

STOREY, William C., to Joseph Milbank, at Greenwich, Conn.; 39th St, s s, 150 ft w of 3d Av, 25x—, May 4, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Master & N., 49 Wall St...$10,000

THEURER, Leonhard, to Ethel A. Capen, 123 West 92d St; 148th St, 455 East, 25x100, May 2, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$10,000

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS REALTY CO. to Margaret A. Scott, 243 West 138th St; Heath Av, 2,884, 20.6x102.7, May 3, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$7,500

SAME to Mamie Scholem, 1,675 84th St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; same property, prior mtg $7,500, May 3, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. G. Hoffman, 198 Broadway...$520

SAME to Frances L. Scott, 243 West 138th St; Heath Av, 2,866, e s, 20.3x101.10, May 4, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, same...$7,500

SAME to Mamie Scholem, 1,675 84th St, Brooklyn; same property, prior mtg $2,500, May 3, demand 6 p. c.; attorney, same...$900

SAME to Harry Cahn and another, 2,540 Grand Av Lot 3, Map 1,362 of subdivision of Clock 2,256, May 5, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. O. Ernst, 170 Broadway...$2,600

UTILITY REALTY CO. to Isaac L. Kip and another, executors, 448 5th Av; 45th St, s s, 283.4 ft w of 6th Av, 61.8x100.5, May 1, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$147,500

SAME to Lucille K. Levy, 46 West 76th St; same property, prior mtg $147,500, May 4, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 165 Broadway...$20,000

WESSEX REALTY CO. to West Side Savings Bank, 110 6th Av; 3d Av, s e, 80.5 ft s of 67th St, 40x100, May 4, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, David McClure, 22 William St...$48,000

WIEDHOFF CONSTRUCTION CO. to Antoinette Schedler, 1,078 Madison Av; Franklin Av, n e corner of 170th St, 28.3x99.11x14.2x101, May 1, due July 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$9,000

WORLEY, Clara K., to Harold B. Abrams, 146 West 130th St; 122d St, s s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 19x100.11, (prior mtg $16,000,) due, &c., as per bond, May 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$2,000

ZANZIG, August, to Julia Archele, 20 East 90th St, 86th St, 351 East, 25x100.8, due July 1, 1916, May 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$15,000

176TH ST. AND ANTHONY AVENUE Improvement Co. to Kramer Contracting Co., 35 Nassau St; Anthony Av, e s, 118 ft n of 176th St, 33x85, prior mtg $17,500, April 28, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Foster & C., 32 Liberty St...$5,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

AMSTERDAM AV, 2,106, w s, 100x30, April 29, 1909; Diedrich Hellmers and Anna, his wife, owners, 979 8th Av, to John D. Wilkens, 701 West 177th St; A. D. Pape, 95 Liberty St...$7,750

BARRY ST, e s, 45.3 ft s of Tiffany St, 46.9x 75x irregular, May 3, 1909; Carl H. Ahrens and Catherine, his wife, to Charles A. Muth, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; L. S. Goebel, 41 Park Row...$2,000

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 148.3 ft n of 158th St, 130x49, Aug. 25, 1910; Tuchman Brothers Construction Co., owner, 1,525 Hoe Av, to James G. Wentz, 335 West End Av; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$37,500

SAME PROPERTY, Jan. 7, 1911; same to same...$4,000

CHERRY ST, n s, adjoining s w corner of land now or late of George B. Whitfield, runs n 102.2 ft to land formerly of estate of James Smith x e 12.8± s 54.6± s 7.6± s 75.7 to Cherry St x w along n s of Cherry St 20.2 to beginning; also, Cherry St, 152, begins at a point 75.7 ft from the n s of Cherry St at s e corner of Lot 1, map of James Barker, surveyed December, 1834, 75.7x7.6x54.6x 12.8x54.7 to beginning, July 24, 1906; Max Zion and another to Joseph Duke and Elias Dubovsky, 208 Broome St; Hyman Cohen, 150 Nassau St...$2,100

CRESTON AV, e s, 120.2 ft from s e corner of 198th St, 30x25, Jan. 17, 1906; Amalia Firk to Bertha Firk, 114 East 198th St; owner, at same address; Martin & Howe, 285 Broadway...$1,000

GREENE ST, 170, mortgage on plant and machinery, Dec. 30, 1910; A. & H. Feil to Nathaniel Sachs; Frankenthaler & K., 35 Nassau St...$500

EAST HOUSTON ST, 40, n w corner of Mulberry St, 35.1x100.5x25x98.9, March 26, 1895; Joseph Schwarzschild and Katie, his wife, to Anna Woerishoffer; owner, Fanny Joseph, 47 West 86th St; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway...$50,000

LEXINGTON AV, s w corner of 89th St, 100.8x94, Oct. 12, 1889; John McQuade and Rose, his wife, to Fred. C. De Veau, administrator Joseph M. De Veau, deceased; owner, Central Trust Co. of New York, 54 Wall St; satisfied of record without production of mortgage by order of Supreme Court, May 2, 1911, Henry Bischoff, J.; attorneys, Joline, Larkin, & Rathbone, 54 Wall St...$50,000

LOT 251, map (1,114A) of lots of Schieffelin estate, Sept. 18, 1909; Antonio Salzone and Grazia, his wife, to Michele Vetere; G. Lordi, 62 Mulberry St...$500

MINNIEFORD AV, w s, 225 ft n of Beach St, 100x25, being Lot 242, map of estate of Elizabeth R. B. King, City Island, April 9, 1908; John Fenn and Mary E., his wife, owners, 742 East 230th St, to Stephen L. B. F., and Samuel J. Wood, executors of Frederick E. Wood; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$500

SAME PROPERTY, April 9, 1908; same to Sarah Wood...$1,500

MINETTA ST, 6, n e s, 75x22.2; Minetta St, 8, n s, 75x22.2; Minetta St, 10, n s, 30.10x34x 21.11x—, June 24, 1909; William Gullery and Eliza J., his wife, owners, 1,472 Washington Av, to Eliza J. Gullery and Rosa Miscione; Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St...$4,500

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n e corner of 144th St, 100x160, April 25, 1908; Sinna Realty Co. to Lulu Koch, 230 West 97th St; owner, Cutler-Hammer Manufacturing Co., at 144th St and Southern Boulevard; Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway...$10,000

SULLIVAN ST, 229 and 232, w s, 100x40, April 2, 1910; Frenda Real Estate Co. to Giacomo Sciortino; Nino C. Cottone, 219 4th Av...$1,500

WEBSTER AV, w s, 50 ft s of 195th St, 99.11x 50, May 3, 1899; Richard Damni to Rebecca L. Campbell, administratrix, 8 Clinton Av, Montclair, N. J.; owner, Joseph L. Ferety, 50 East 129th St; Phelps & East, 30 Pine St...$4,500

WILLIS AV, 472, n e corner of 146th St, mortgage on fixtures, March 24, 1899; Frederick Achenbach and another to Jacob Ruppert; W. H. Stewart, 1,620 3d Av...$3,114

1ST AV, 223, 20x80, April 26, 1901; Michel Meyer and Charles E. Day and another, to the Broad Exchange Co.; owner, I. Steigerwald, 76 Irving Place; Anderson Price, 25 Broad St...$7,000

8TH AV, 66 ft e of centre line of between 32d and 33d Sts, 138x138.3, to n e corner of 32d st x 88.3; 32d St, n s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 64.3x12, Dec. 6, 1906; Johnston Livingston, Egerton L. Winthrop, and George L. Rives to William Jay and Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., trustees; Anna B. Hunt; satisfaction to Johnston Livingston, 309 5th Av, and others; Flamen B. Candler, 48 Wall St...$13,000

21ST ST, 132 and 134 West, s s, 92x46, June 15, 1910; George W. Vause to Rexton Realty Co, 37 Liberty St; owner, Geron Construction Co, 32 Union Square; De Witt, L. & De Witt, 88 Nassau St...$48,084

SAME PROPERTY, June 15, 1910; same to same; owner, same; attorneys, same...$102,000

16TH ST, 342 West, s s, 25x61.5, May 14, 1895; Herman Goette and Katharine, his wife, to Catherine Goette; owners, Kitty Klernan and Annie T. McDevitt, 2,469 Devoe Terrace; Lewis S. Goebel, 41 Park Row...$10,000

81ST ST, s s, 75 ft e of 1st Av, 98.9x25, March 1, 1907; William Sanson, owner, 167 West 81st St, to William H. Maclay; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$10,000

SAME PROPERTY; Aug. 3, 1907; William Sanson and Leslie, his wife, to same; attorney, same...$4,000

36TH ST, 13 East, n s, 250 ft e of 5th Av, 98.9x25, March 12, 1909; Robert Hoe to Michael Friedsam; owner, Charles Edward Haviland, Paris, France; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$30,000

36TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of 5th Av, 98.9x25, May 29, 1903; Gerald L. Hoyt, Staatsburg, N. Y., to the Seamen's Bank for Savings; owner, Charles Edward Haviland, Paris, France; Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St...$35,000

41ST ST, 258 West, s s, 98.9x25, April 25, 1903; Emil L. Kieger to John Henry Betz; owner, James P.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Executor's Sale
Pinkney Estate

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,
May 15, 16, 17, 1911

At 12 o'Clock Noon,
Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St.

Largest offering in history of New York City.

Send for Booklet T

To any of the following offices:

James, Schell & Elkus, Attys. for Executor, 170 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Charles P. Northrop, Esq., Atty., 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Evarts, Choate & Sherman, Attys., 60 Wall St., N. Y. City.
Frederick P. Forster, Esq., Atty., 852 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Littlefield & Littlefield, Attys., 5 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Elmore S. Banks, Esq., Atty., Fairfield, Conn.
Henry F. Miller, Esq., Atty., 44 Pine St., N. Y. City.
Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Curtis B. Pierce, Esq., Executor, 290 Broadway, New York City.

Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer.

Executive Offices, 31 Nassau St., N. Y. C.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IN SIGHT OF BROADWAY, MANHATTAN.

Queensboro Hill

FLUSHING, N. Y. CITY.

Most beautiful section of the city, nearest to the heart of Manhattan. $150,000,000 R. R. improvements will bring Flushing

WITHIN 16 MINUTES OF HERALD SQUARE

LOTS FROM $250 to $600.

EASY TERMS; values increasing daily. All improvements free to purchasers. Buy nowhere until you see our property. For full particulars call or write.

EATON LAND COMPANY
Phone 1816 Murray Hill.
QUEENSBORO HEIGHTS LAND CORPORATION
Phone 2286 Murray Hill.

110 West 34th St.
NEAR BROADWAY,
NEW YORK CITY.

TO SMALL INVESTORS

Lady going abroad wishes to dispose of the following properties:
FIVE PRETTY COTTAGES,
THREE ONE ACRE FARMS,
FOUR SHORE PLOTS,
and Several Scattered Lots and Plots, all within easy commuting distance of the City Hall; sacrificed for cash or on easy monthly terms; write at once for particulars and railroad tickets. Manager, F 256 Times Downtown.

Do you want water front lots

Within 20 minutes of New York City? All improvements; sidewalks, streets, electric lights, sewers; fine bathing beach and yacht clubhouse on property; can be purchased on small monthly payments; title guaranteed. Call or write, Henry, 146 East 34th St., N. Y.

ROGERS BROS.,
Real Estate at Broadway Station,
FLUSHING,
have exceptionally cheap bargins in homes, lots, and business locations. Terms easy. Open for offers.

JAMAICA 2 lots, $50 cash, $8 monthly; city improvements; trolley and new subway. Attorney, 1,088 Broadway, Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Between Prospect Park South and Parade Grounds.

Buckingham Road.

20 rooms and bath. Plot 50x100. Restricted neighborhood. All modern improvements. Hardwood throughout. Gas and electricity. Extra large halls. Built-in bookcases. One block from elevated. Price $14,500. Terms to suit. Particulars on application to Brighton Realty Co., Inc., 200 West 72d St., New York City.

FLATBUSH, DITMAS PARK.

Brand new brick and stucco corner Dwelling, 14 rooms, two baths; parquet floors; single panel mahogany doors; Circassian walnut dining room; built for owner's use, but never occupied. Premises

109 EAST 19th St., FLATBUSH

RARE CHANCE.

Two-room corner house, with stable or garage, including all household furniture, in best section of Flatbush; family must leave city; exceptional bargain. 214 Stratford Road, Brooklyn.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

A Boat and $400 to A Bungalow! $1250.

A bungalow site close by the Hudson, with a magnificent view of the river and all the conveniences of a high-class town within an hour of the city and close to yacht club. Send for folder and information to
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N.Y.

Farms!

Let me send you information of the opportunities in Rockland and Orange Counties; fruit and poultry or large stock and dairy farms with fruit. Ask for "On the Farm."
Howard Goldsmith, Nyack, N.Y.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

FOR SALE:
175-ACRE FARM, 3½ MILES OUT;
Three barns, silo, 10-room house, painted, good buildings, $2,500.
75-acre farm, poor house, $800.
75-acre farm, level, two houses, two barns, $1,600.
G. R. Duncan, Stafford Springs, Conn.

Creditors offer Connecticut village farm of 140 acres; fields level as a floor and fertile as a garden; large barns; brick house, 14 rooms; porcelain bath, furnace. Former owner spent $10,000 overhailing the buildings. It's yours for $6,000, and is the bargain of the year. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Ten-room remodeled house, with 5 to 18 acres of land; Newfield Road, Stamford, Conn. Frank L. Fisher Co., 148 West 72d St.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—Farm of 50 to 75 acres between Caldwell and Pompton, not over one mile from station; elevation and extended view desired. Farm, Box D 293 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Summer Cottages
Fisher's Island, N. Y.
Off New London, Ct.
Sound and ocean boating, bathing; fine roads; golf course, tennis courts; all outdoor sports; very accessible; cottages nicely furnished; modern conveniences; meals at Mansion House if desired; housekeeping and non-housekeeping.
Booklet. A most desirable place to spend the Summer. WM. F. INGOLD, MGR., Hotel Arlington, 18 West 25th St., New York.

Leonia, N. J.—Furnished house to rent from June 15 to Sept. 15; six bedrooms, two baths; tennis court, ample grounds. Address F. C. Lewis, 33 Central Park West. Telephone 2996 Columbus.

Cottages for rent, season or year; $300 upward; have bargains. Rutzel, Cedarhurst, L. I.

COUNTRY HOUSES WANTED.

Wanted for Summer, furnished cottage, seven bedrooms and bath, on Sound, ocean, or South Bay within two hours of New York; rent not to exceed $350. K 72 Times.

Five houses in Flushing, one at Woodside. Must sell; need money. Owner, L 94 Times.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

RIVERVIEW MANOR
is a suburban home
place where cultured
people live
Homes not Houses
Every Environment
appeals to the refined
Take Train to Hastings on
Hudson. HASTINGS HOME CO.
Book on Request. 105 W 40TH.

AT DOBBS FERRY ON HUDSON.
10 rooms and bath dwelling, unfurnished, five minutes from depot, $450 a year. P. J. CONNOLLY, Supt., Phone 17 Dobbs Ferry, or Broadway, REMCO 98th Street.

Artistic, exquisitely appointed house at River View Manor, Hastings on Hudson; plot 75x150; large garage; $2,500, convenient terms; house contains 11 rooms, 2 baths; hardwood trim; splendid views of Hudson and Palisades; extraordinary opportunity for substantial party to secure a beautiful new home. Owner, Box 544 Hastings on Hudson.

Scarsdale.—Beautifully finished modern residence; new; finest section; highly restricted; moderate price; terms to suit; send for description and photo. J. B. B., Suite 8,005, One Madison Avenue.

At Scarsdale.—10-room house, with 8 additional rooms in basement; all improvements, electric light, bath; village water; heat; plot 50x100; on high ground; rent, $450 year. Sale, $6,500. Angell, 16 East 42d St.

Pelham Heights, 4 choice lots, 100x125, Monterey Avenue, fine trees, no assessments; asking $5,200. Owner, 316 South Fourth Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Modern, 8-room house; excellent location; 8 minutes' walk from station. L 108 Times.

Mount Vernon.

FOR RENT ON SUMMIT AVENUE, MOUNT VERNON

Noted for its shade trees and beautiful residences. Modern ten-room house, large lot and stable; $100 per month. Immediate possession. ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY, Near New Haven Station, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

New Rochelle.

NEW ROCHELLE.

To close an estate we want an offer on a fine 10-room house; extra large plot; in beautiful restricted neighborhood, and very convenient; every improvement; electric lights; 2 baths; lots of shade; near station, churches, and schools; under ten thousand. COOLEY & WEST, INC., New Rochelle, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN

West Side.

2, 3, 5 AND 6 ROOMS.

Two and three rooms have kitchenettes; high-class elevator apartment; new building; beam ceilings, parquet flooring, tiled baths and showers, telephone, electric lights, wall safes, and all modern improvements.
DAWSON ARMS
225 West 110th St., Facing Central Park.
Rents $35 to $75. Open Evenings.

THE AYLESMERE, 60 WEST 76TH ST.

Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators, night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500. SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

LINCOLN,
306-310 West 51st St.
Attractive apartments of 4 and 5 large, light rooms, elevator, telephone, all improvements. Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

East Side.

THE LEXINGTON,
144-146-148 East 22d St.
Sub-lease attractive large apartments, 5 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.
REDUCED RENT.
References; leases. Superintendent on premises.
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Telephone 5929 Gramercy.

66 EAST 77TH ST.

Modern 7 room light apartments; hall service, telephone, &c.; rent, $660.
Hibson Co., Lexington Ave., cor. 34th St.

OBTAIN INTELLIGENT EMPLOYES.

The Help Wanted advertisement that appeals fairly and directly to the intelligence and character of applicants will not fail to bring satisfactory replies. The New York Times one-dollar "Effective" advertisement of fifty words enables the advertiser to state requirements explicitly to the most intelligent class of employes in every kind of work.—Adv.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

ONE OF THE RESIDENCES JUST FINISHED AT

Jamaica Estates

A natural wooded park of over 500 acres in the hills, converted into the most attractive restricted residential section within New York City's limits, with every city improvement installed and included in the price of each plot. Only twenty minutes from the centre of Manhattan. Beautifully located and spacious building plots as low as $2,000 on convenient terms. An inspection will convince. Permit us to send descriptive literature and arrange for your visit.

TIMOTHY L. WOODRUFF, President
334 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
TELEPHONE 5900 MADISON SQ.

IF

You are thinking of investing in Suburban Real Estate

ANYWHERE

this Spring, either for a home or for an Investment, we will gladly **mail** you, upon request, a little book calling attention to the many important things that should be considered, entitled "How to Buy Suburban Real Estate Intelligently."

GAGE E. TARBELL,
320 Fifth Avenue

WESTBURY
BUILDING LOTS $290
35 MINUTES
To Herald Sq. and Flatbush Ave.
ALL BUILDING LOTS
IN HEART OF WESTBURY, L.I.
Five Minutes' Walk to Station and Trolley.
High, Dry, Level and Carefully Restricted.
All streets are macadamized and have cement sidewalks, curbs, shade trees, electric lights, &c.
Easy Terms: 5% DOWN, 2% Monthly
EXCELLENT TRAIN SERVICE.
LOW COMMUTATION RATES.
TITLES GUARANTEED FREE.
For complete details, Booklet, Map, and Free Railroad Tickets, call, write or phone
WM. L. SLANDORFF
150 NASSAU ST. Established 1898. New York
Telephone Beekman 4814.

TANGIER

South Shore, Long Island
THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CENTURY
FORMAL OPENING SUNDAY, MAY 7TH
Special Train at 10 A. M. from Pennsylvania Station, New York.
Reservations in advance on application. 'Phone 7020 Madison Square.
Tangier Development Company
Cameron Building, 34th St., New York.

CHICKEN FARMS
PAY AT
HEMPSTEAD
¼ ACRES $225
$5 Down; $5 a Month.
Write, call or phone for Free Railroad Tickets, Illustrated Circulars, and a copy of "How to Make Money on a Small Suburban Chicken Farm." Mailed Free.
O. L. SCHWENCKE LAND & INV. CO.
277 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN

$5,500 BUYS HOUSE VALUED AT $7,900.
A beautiful new home, built by "day's work"; gas, electricity, running water; parquet floors; beamed ceiling; large wardrobe; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue, in private residence park; fine surroundings; half hour to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit; or will rent with privilege of buying and applying rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or 'phone T. I. M'NEECE, 150 Nassau St. Phone 4070 Beekman

Queen Anne Cottage

Overlooking Long Island Sound; 8 rooms; all modern improvements; sewer, water, gas, electricity, sidewalks, curbs, &c.; privilege of beautiful bathing beach, dock, anchorage, &c.; 30 minutes from centre of Manhattan; price, $6,800; terms, $500 down, balance $40 to $50 monthly. Stephenson, Box 202 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE AND RENT QUEENS.

Bay Side Park, 10 room house, garage, overlooking Sound; all modern improvements; shore front; large plot; liberal terms. C. H. 111 Times.

New modern one-family house, 8 rooms and bath, fine central location; rent $30 per month. John Donaldson, Oak St., near Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, Long Island.

Country home, 43 acres, nearly all cleared, on Main North Road, 10-room house, large barn, chicken house, orchard, fine view of Sound; price $18,000. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

Restricted villa site, water front rights; city improvements; shade trees; $200 cash, balance five years. President, 1,088 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Furnished Seaside Cottages For Sale or Rent

130 FEET ABOVE THE SEA.
Commanding wonderful views of Sound and lea from wooded crest of the boldest headland on famous North Shore of Long Island; at Port Jefferson, convenient to New York.

FIVE MILES OF BEACHES.
In beautiful BELLE TERRE, a highly developed natural park of 1,200 diversified acres, with every seaside requisite; 60 miles of Shaded Bridle Paths and Forest Drives, Garage, Golf, Tennis, Bathing, Canoeing; Yachtsman's Paradise; Social Life. Luxurious Club Hotel.
Bungalows, Colonial Dwellings, English Country Homes, Picturesque sites.
Write for Illustrated Booklet.
DEAN ALVORD COMPANY,
111 Broadway.

A Remarkable Achievement

The total sales of the Windsor Land and Improvement Co. from Jan. 4, 1911, to April 26, 1911, amounted to the colossal sum of $500,491.

In a single week the huge sum of $90,000 worth of land was sold to investors, which proves that the public will at all times buy Long Island Real Estate provided the property is offered by a firmly established institution of indisputable integrity.

WINDSOR LAND and IMPROVEMENT CO.,
TIMES BLDG., New York. 44 COURT ST. Brooklyn.

Actual Frontage
Directly on the Water
At Wampage Shores
on Manhasset Bay, Sands Point, L. I.
Ready This Spring.
No road or reservation in front.
Plots ¼ acre up, with every possible convenience—running water supply, electric light, power and telephone lines in conduits. Splendid macadam roads; trees, hedges, shrubs planted.
Write for Illustrated Booklet.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.
Tel., Bryant—5610. 542 Fifth Av., New York.

Best Summer Offer Yet.
Lots at Stony Brook, North Shore, L. I.; convenient, high, attractive. Chautauqua, conferences, athletics. Get Booklet A. Stony Brook Association, 454 Nostrand Av., B'klyn.

At Stony Brook, 15 acres Sound front; high bluff; bargain to quick buyer. Stephen Yates, 146 East 34th St.

SCHOOLS.

ETHICAL CULTURE SCHOOL
CENTRAL PARK WEST AND 63RD ST.
KINDERGARTEN, ELEMENTARY, HIGH SCHOOL AND NORMAL DEPTS.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—LUDWIG BLITZ, plaintiff, against LIVESEY CO., (Liverpool,) LIMITED, and WILLIAM DENTON, as Liquidator of Livesey & Co., (Liverpool,) Limited, defendants.
To the above-named defendants:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in the above-entitled action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, March 14th, 1911.
ROUNDS, HATCH, DILLINGHAM & DEBEVOISE, Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address, 62 Cedar St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
To the defendants, Livesey & Co., (Liverpool,) Limited, and William Denton, as Liquidator of Livesey & Co., (Liverpool,) Limited:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 3d day of April, 1911, and filed on the 5th day of April with a copy of the summons and complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York; the original summons and complaint having been filed in said office on the 20th day of March, 1911.
ROUNDS, HATCH, DILLINGHAM & DEBEVOISE, Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address, 62 Cedar St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

FOR SALE AT
HOLLYWOOD PARK—HOLLYWOOD LAKE, WEST END, N. J.

New tapestry brick and concrete houses—open fireplaces—just leaving the builder's hands; also two frame cottages, parklike grounds, best of neighbors, the late John A. McCall and Guggenheim mansions in the immediate section. Land and cottages situated directly south of Hollywood Lake—Hoey, Overlook, Woodgate and Highland Avenues. Finest location on Jersey Coast. Rising ground. No mosquitoes. Liberal terms. Prices of houses on application.
APPLY TO YOUR OWN BROKER OR TO
JOSEPH P. DAY, 31 Nassau St., New York.
HOLLYWOOD PARK—D. W. HEATH, Agent, Brighton Ave. at R. R. Crossing, West End, N. J.
B. W. ROWE, 71 Broadway, New York.

WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT, NEWARK, N. J.

The beautifying and constant improvement of the Weequahic Park makes this part of Newark most attractive as a place of residence.
There is no section of Newark where in the immediate future development will be more rapid or real estate values increase to a greater extent.
BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED PLOTS for sale; all restricted. Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust.
Take Pennsylvania, Central, or Lackawanna trains to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.
Maps and further particulars.
FRANK J. BOCK, General Manager, Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

GREENVILLE HEIGHTS
Distant four and one-half miles from New York City Hall.
UNSURPASSED FOR RESIDENCE
Semi-detached one-family houses seven rooms, bath and laundry, eight rooms, bath and laundry, Parquet floors, all improvements,
$25 TO $35 PER MONTH
JOHN E. McARTHUR, Boulevard and Fulton Ave., Jersey City.

Cranford.—New house, 8 rooms and bath, just completed, up-to-date in every detail, in the best residence section of Cranford, 34 minutes out on the Central Railroad of New Jersey; immediate occupancy; all improvements, sewer, water, gas, electric lights, and fixtures; street macadamized and has sidewalks, curbs, &c.; price, $5,950, easy terms; $400 cash; balance $40 a month, includes all carrying charges. Write for photo and complete details. S. Gourley, owner, 210 East 23d St., N. Y.

HOME SITES.
You can find out about the most desirable places to build or buy a home by sending ten cents (regular price twenty-five) for a copy of the "Suburban New York Number" of TOWN & COUNTRY. It contains a Real Estate Information Blank, which will bring you details.
TOWN & COUNTRY HOMELAND BUREAU, 389 Fifth Avenue. Tel. 3627-28-29 Madison Sq.

Bungalow Farm $99
10,000 square feet of land, $10 down, $5 monthly; boating, bathing, fishing; fare 14c.; 4-room bungalow, $265.
C. NICHOLS,
258 Broadway, N. Y.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE
35 minutes Broadway, 8 rooms, bath, laundry, servants' toilet. Gas, electric light, heat, stable, fruit, shade trees; $5,500. Easy terms. Boating, bathing, field club. Owner, Room 459 Fifth Avenue Building.

This Bungalow, $275.

FARM ONLY $95
20,000 square feet. Rich soil; 100 peach trees with each acre. Fare 15c. $9 down, $3 monthly. Address Mountain View, 75 Times Downtown.

ON THE RIVER—$95
BUNGALOW Farm, 3,750 sq. feet of land, high, dry; 35 minutes from Broadway; one minute from station; fare 13c.; mountain scenery, boating, bathing, fishing; title guaranteed; $10 down, $5 monthly. Address LACKAWANNA, 63 Times Downtown.

A real old Colonial house at Westfield; 10 very large rooms, rebuilt into a magnificent home with every convenience and luxury; big plot on a commanding hill; $12,000; $2,000 cash; also new house at $5,250; payments like rent. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

New house, sale or rent, Bloomfield, N. J.—Eight rooms, all improvements; large shade trees; good location; eight-minute walk to Lackawanna Station; four minutes to electric road; $5,400. Wm. R. Ward, 86 Beach St., Bloomfield, N. J.

Westfield Colonial house built one year; highest, healthiest section; nine rooms, all improvements; 5 minutes from school, 45 minutes from New York; price, $5,000, $1,000 cash; concession to quick buyer. Address J. B., 203 West 125th St.

Newark, 798 Highland Av., (Forest Hill,) two blocks from Greenwood Lake station, Erie; rent corner house, thirteen rooms, all improvements; good condition; large grounds; stable; bargain, $65. Henry J. Foley, 11 Clinton St., Newark.

Special Spring discount to inquiries this week for a Westfield plot, 100x100, near depot, close to many houses, &c.; on a hill; $10 cash, $8 monthly; be sure to send name this week. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Do not purchase a plot until you see one at Fanwood, right at the depot; all street improvements, very fine, very cheap, easiest terms; send name for map and free tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

$4,000 buys 8-year-old 9-room house; 11 miles New York; 4 minutes depot; in beautiful residential section; modern improvements; steam heat, gas, electricity; must sell; easy terms. W. E. A., Room 1,209, 20 Broad St.

Dunnellen.—Sale or rent, charming 7-room cottage; all improvements; beautifully located; select neighborhood; large lot, $5,500; your own terms, or rent, $25. R. Hardingham, 40 Wall St.

Farm tract 5½ acres, suitable for poultry, fruit, garden; no buildings; near station; hour out on Lackawanna; commutation 14 cents; $200 per acre. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

77 acres, all cleared, 1¼ mile from Whitehouse Station; 1,287 feet on stone road, 7-room house, barn, price $5,500. John Park, owner, Whitehouse Station, New Jersey.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.
Houses for Rent Furnished and Unfurnished.
EUGENE V. WELSH,
Record Bldg. Morristown, N. J.

SACRIFICE.—Best new 7-room house in Ridgefield Park for price; every improvement; $4,400; payments arranged. Wass, 500 5th Av., Manhattan.

ACREAGE, FARMS, HOMES, ESTATES, ALL PRICES, SALE OR EXCHANGE.
A. G. NELSON, Manager New Jersey Dept.
GEORGE B. CORSA, 198 Broadway, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of GAUL & TOPP, (a corporation,) for authority to change its name to the GAUL LITHOGRAPHIC CO.
Notice is hereby given that "Gaul & Topp," a domestic corporation, having its principal place of business at 440 Pearl Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York, at a Special Term thereof, Part I., to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 16th day of May, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name from "Gaul & Topp," and to assume instead thereof the corporate name of "Gaul Lithographic Co."
Dated New York, April 19th, 1911.
GAUL & TOPP,
By JOHN GAUL, Sr., President.
WILLIAM A. MONTAGUE,
Attorney for Gaul & Topp,
Office and Post Office Address, 149 Broadway, New York City.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

To Lease in New Factory Building.—Loft 60x100, (6,000 square feet,) with steam power and elevator 6x12; steam heat. Nothing better to be had anywhere. Don't spend your life in dark places; see us for this loft. Wm. Kral & Co., cor. Franklin and Munson Sts., opposite 92d St. ferry, Astoria. New York City.

Buildings, Stores and Lofts
ALL LOCATIONS.
PORTER & CO., 159 West 125th Street

PARLOR FLOOR STORE,
Lexington Av. adjoining 34th St.; 22 feet wide; good show windows; reasonable rent. Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

Just completed, very desirable stores, 20x50, ground and parlor floors, at Nos. 34-36 East 58th St.; attractive rents for immediate occupancy.

28th St., cor. 1st Av.—Two lofts, 100x100; light on four sides; steam power; large elevator; all improvements. Apply on premises.

Will sublet very desirable office, German-American Building. Inquire Suite 709, 123 William St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For Bankers, Brokers, Lawyers and Real Estate Operators
Suite and Single Outside Rooms
TIMES BUILDING
(Times Square)
FOR RENT
Most Accessible, Best Lighted and Best Ventilated Office Building in New York
APPLY TO RENTAL AGENT, TIMES BUILDING

Small Offices
with perfect natural light; rents $200 to $400; modern fireproof office building, 95-7 Liberty St.; a stone's throw from Broadway; best for money downtown. CHAS. F. NOYES CO., 92 William St. Tel., 50—John.

DOUBLE COMMISSIONS TO BROKERS
134 TO 140 WEST 29th St.
100x100 Bldg.
1 BIG LOFT E. G. SOLTMANN, Tel. 7960 Mad. Sq.
1 SUBDIVIDED LOFT. LIVE STEAM.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE
LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

Light single loft; light all around. Rent Reasonable. 520 West 40th.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

(CONTRACT 63.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.
Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 63, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock 15 feet inside diameter, and about 21,260 feet long. From the northerly end of the work in Yonkers, about 200 feet north of the New York City line, between Jerome and Mt. Vernon Avenues, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction through the Borough of The Bronx, under Van Cortlandt Park and Jerome Park reservoir, and thence beneath the Old Croton aqueduct and Aqueduct Avenue to Burnside Avenue, near University Heights. Tunnel construction will be carried on through five shafts, spaced from 3,500 to 5,000 feet apart, and varying in depth from 215 to 240 feet.
At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.
CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 65.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.
Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 65, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, 15 feet and 14 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work at Aqueduct and Burnside Avenues near University Heights, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction under Aqueduct and Lind Avenues, in the Borough of The Bronx, to the crossing under the Harlem River at 167th Street, near Highbridge, thence beneath Highbridge, St. Nicholas, and Morningside Parks and connecting streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, to Central Park near Eighth Avenue and West 99th Street. The work will be carried on through 7 shafts, spaced from 2,500 to 5,100 feet apart, and varying in depth from 260 to 475 feet.
At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.
CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 66.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.
Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 66, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, varying from 14 feet to 12 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work in Central Park, near Eighth Avenue and West 99th Street, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction under Central Park, Sixth Avenue and Broadway to 14th Street, in Union Square. The work will be carried on through 8 shafts, spaced from 2,300 to 4,350 feet apart, and varying in depth from 200 to 350 feet.
At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.
CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 67.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.
Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 67, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, 12 feet and 11 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work in Union Square, at 14th Street, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction through the Borough of Manhattan, under Fourth Avenue, the Bowery, Delancey, Allen, Hester, and Clinton Streets, thence beneath the East River to the foot of Bridge Street, in the Borough of Brooklyn, and through this borough under Bridge Street and Flatbush Avenue to the terminal shaft, Shaft 23, at Third Avenue and Schermerhorn Street, and from Flatbush Avenue under Lafayette Street to the terminal shaft, Shaft 24, in Fort Green Park. The work will be carried on through 6 shafts, spaced from 3,800 to 5,200 feet apart, and varying in depth from 310 to 740 feet.
At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.
CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ORPHAN ASYLUM SOCIETY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, plaintiff, against HENRY C. PECK, Rose M. Peck, wife of Henry C. Peck; Bertha Freund, Carrie Peck, Jennie Schnitzler, Edward Peck, Laura Peck, wife of Edward Peck; Elias Peck, if living, and "Mary" Peck, his wife, if any, the name "Mary" being fictitious, the real first name of said defendant being unknown to the plaintiff; and all the devisees and heirs at law of the said Elias Peck, if he be deceased; and also all persons who may by purchase or inheritance or otherwise claim to have any interest in the premises described in the complaint herein, derived through the said Elias Peck or his devisees or heirs at law, or through any of them, which heirs, devisees and other persons, if any there be, and their names, are unknown to the plaintiff; and all persons who might make any claim whatever as executors or administrators of any person who may be deceased and who, if living, would have claimed an interest in the premises described in the complaint herein, derived through the said Elias Peck, or his devisees or heirs at law, which persons, if any there be, and their names, are unknown to the plaintiff, and the People of the State of New York, Defendants.—Summons.
To each of the above-named defendants:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorneys within 20 days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, January 31st, 1911.
DE FOREST BROTHERS,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office address, No. 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
To the defendants, Elias Peck, if living, and "Mary" Peck, his wife, if any, the name "Mary" being fictitious, the real first name of said defendant being unknown to the plaintiff; and all the devisees and heirs at law of said Elias Peck, if he be deceased; and also all persons who may by purchase or inheritance or otherwise claim to have any interest in the premises described in the complaint herein, derived through the said Elias Peck or his devisees or heirs at law, or through any of them, which heirs, devisees and other persons, if any there be, and their names, are unknown to the plaintiff; and all persons who might make any claim whatever as executors or administrators of any person who may be deceased, and who, if living, would have claimed an interest in the premises described in the complaint herein, derived through the said Elias Peck or his devisees or heirs at law, which persons, if any there be, and their names, are unknown to the plaintiff:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Joseph E. Newburger, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated March 27th, 1911, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of New York County at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
Dated March 27th, 1911.
DE FOREST BROTHERS,
Attorneys for the Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office address, 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

FOR SALE.

1½ CARATS $39

It is true that this diamond is more suitable for a speculator than any one else; it is also true if some persons had it they would make a big profit. We are actual diamond cutters and occasionally such diamonds come through the works. When they do we use them to advertise our business, as $39 for a diamond weighing one and one-half carats, including the ring, is an unheard of price, and they seldom reach this country, as the syndicate would, for reasons best known to themselves, much prefer to have them sold in Europe. This is only a sample quotation of what we are offering to-day and to-morrow at prices from $28 to $500 per carat, equally as cheap, quality considered; weights from ¼ of a carat to 20 carats each. Nearly a half million dollars' worth on display in our show window near the corner of John St. No mail orders can be filled.

CHARLES A. KEENE
Importer and Cutter of Diamonds,
180 Broadway New York

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5
and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt. | 345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5403 Franklin.

Horrocks DESKS
Oak Mahogany
All Finishes.
FRANKLIN OFFICE FURNITURE CO., 48 E. 20th St

UNDERWOODS
Remingtons, Smiths, and all other Typewriters sold, $15 to $60. We rent them and allow 6 months' rental to apply if purchased. We take care of them as long as you rent and one year after you buy. TYPEWRITER SALES CO., 5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway. Tel. 1983 Cortlandt.

DESKS & OFFICE FURNITURE
NEW AND SLIGHTLY USED.
Budd & Co., 40 E. 20th St.
Telephone 2661 Gramercy.

High-Grade Office Furniture
desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. BUDD & CO., 73 Spring St. Tel. Spring 5483.

**DESKS

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Catholic Churches Fail to Comply with Treasury Rules—Other Tariff Decisions.

Failure on the part of a large number of Catholic churches to comply with regulations of the Treasury Department resulted yesterday in the Board of United States General Appraisers overruling claims filed by John Dunn, Jr., and others. The importations consisted of statues some of which are made of wood and others of terra cotta. They were assessed for duty under paragraphs 215 and 93, act of 1909, as, respectively, manufactured wooden articles and decorated earthenware.

The importers set up the contention that the merchandise is free of duty as works of art intended for presentation to religious organizations. Judge Waite, in his decision for the Board, says that this claim would probably be sustained had the importers complied with the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury Department. Inasmuch as the regulations have not been complied with, the Board is unable to afford the relief asked for in the protests, the Collector's decision being affirmed.

The Board affirmed the assessment of duty made on frozen eggs brought into this country by P. L. Alessandroni and others. The eggs were broken and the whites and yolks mixed and frozen, and in this condition imported. It is held that the assessment at the rate of 5 cents per dozen on the basis of eleven eggs to the pound is correct. The Mark Cross Company succeeded in having the duty on waterproof aprons reduced from 50 to 30 per cent ad valorem. The Wells Fargo Express Company made a claim for the free entry of velvet table cloths, which was sustained. The claim was that the cloths are "antiques" within the meaning of that term as used in the tariff.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ALBERT GREEN, jobber in millinery supplies, 386 Grand Street—Petition in bankruptcy has been filed by creditors. Assets are estimated at $5,000 in notes and accounts.

YORKVILLE BEDDING COMPANY, manufacturers of bedding, 356 East Eighty-first Street, has made an assignment to William S. Evans. Liabilities, $1,545; assets, $757, in outstanding accounts.

BARNETT KORDONSKY AND HYMAN GREENBAUM, (Kordonsky & Greenbaum,) formerly in business at Grand and Ludlow Streets, have filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities $2,747, assets $800, in accounts.

CENTRAL FOUNDRY COMPANY, 90 West Street—William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, has appointed De Courcey Cleveland trustee in place of Waddill Catchings, who, it is said, is to become President of the reorganized company.

SCHREIBER & CO., corporation, dealers in women's garments, 11 West Thirty-fourth Street.—Petition in bankruptcy has been filed by creditors. The corporation is said to have sold the business April 18 for $12,500. The assets are estimated at $15,000.

JENCICK MOTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY of Port Chester, N. Y., manufacturers of gasoline motors—Petition in bankruptcy by creditors. Judge Hough appointed George E. Mertz of Port Chester receiver. Liabilities are said to be over $50,000, assets $42,600. The receiver was authorized to continue the business thirty days to fulfil pending contracts.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday:

Avallone, Vincent and Joseph—L. S. Bernheimer et al., executors, $967. Same—Same, $972.
Arnow, Harris C.—M. H. Mann, $135.
Ashe, John—Kips Bay Brewing and Malting Co., $2,630.
American Zust Motor Co.—A. W. Sanbern, $159.
Asbel, Nathan—S. Brinn et al., $152.
Barringer, Albert L.—L. Wyckoff, Church & Partridge, $238.
Butler, Thomas J.—P. Schomok, $129.
Conomes, James—E. Moskow, $618.
City of N. Y.—A. D. Van Buren, $485.
Crafts, Pliny C.—Touraine Confectionery Co., $292.
Camisa, Joseph—Laemmle Dairy Co., $818.
Campbell, John G.—The City of N. Y., $215.
Clendenin, Claude F.—Same, $583.
Cole, George W.—Same, $113.
Cohen, Bernard—Same, $118.
Culyer, William—Same, $493.
Corbett, Michael—Same, $208.
Cain, George—Same, $214.
Christensen, Alfred T.—Same, $118.
Costello, James E.—The City of N. Y., $393.
Cohen, Bernard—Same, $203.
Cohen, Hyman—Same, $206.
Cohen, Solomon L.—Same, $208.
Colthirst, Sarah Ann—Same, $208.
Dwight-Furness Co.—L. A. Kennedy, $1,165.
Delaney, James J.—E. Smolka Plumbing Supply Co., $158.
Elliott Furnace Appliance Co, The—J. W. Faltoute, $3,642.
Elliott Furnace Appliance Co., The—J. St. Helens, $3,642.
Same—K. F. Davis, $1,268.
Same—G. L. Kuster, $789.
Engeman, William A., and Benevenue Granite Co.—St. Paul's Fire and Marine Insurance Co., $105.
Same—Providence Washington Insurance Co., $231.
Fackner-Coates Construction Co.—H. C. W. Melick, $240.
Falkey, Henry—The Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $295.
Goldwater, Morris—N. Y. Tel. Co., $153.
Goodwin, Eben—S. T. Havey et al., $113.
Guintini, Pabla—A. Shatzkin & Sons, costs, $108.
Gilmore, Martin—The City of New York, costs, $181.
Grappone, Frank—E. Lemberger, $185.
Golstein, Louis—E. Goodman, $196.
Goldstein, Harry, and Max Weintraub—J. Lepowsky, $230.
Goldstein, Harry, and Max Weintraub—J. Lepowsky, $250.
Goldstein, Louis—E. Goodman, $196.
Goldstein, Albert—Stern Brothers, $886.
Goldberg, Morris—Pruzin Building Co., $113.
Hamann, Gyda—Lord & Taylor, $236.
Harnden, Anna Bell—M. L. Jacobs, $142.
Holmes, Charles E.—G. H. Ficken, $191.
Kessler, Samuel—Eureka Fire Hose Co., $223.
Knox, Arthur—A. Judd, $249.
Koerner, Louis—P. Sadovsky, $10,091.
Elliott Furnace Appliance Co., (The)—Adjustment Corporation, $1,468.
Empire State Surety Co., (The)—C. M. Settow, $347.
Rosmier, George M.—J. Mano, $199.
Rukgaber, Victor—S. F. Welsh, $238.
Russell, Henry—Guardian Trust Co. of New York, $120.
Electric Gas Co. of America—F. F. Lisiecki, $298.
F. V. Smith Contracting Co.—C. Schano, $845.
Iron Clad Mfg. Co.—Collins, Lavery & Co., $1,558.
Stern, Leopold—L. Baumgold et al., $216.
Stern, Isidor, and Henry—L. Stern et al., executors, costs, $106.
Schaeffler, Frank C., and Schaeffler & Harrington—L. Bossert et al., $845.
Solinger, Isaac, and Solinger Realty Co.—H. N. Bloomer, $131.
Simmons, James A.—A. E. Kelley, $332.
Shenk, Joseph, and Louis Alexander—S. E. Osserman, $318.
Schaeffler, Elizabeth—J. C. Drege et al., $611.
Steinberg, Max—I. Goodman, $161.
Schafer, Philip—William N. Jennings Printing Co., $151.
Joseph, Arthur W., Frank D. Maguire, Allan F. Cohn, and Herbert A. Rosenfeld—L. Strauss, costs, $108.
Jerusalimsky, Morris—M. Birnzweig, admr., $842.
Keith, Boudinot, trustee—Charles A. Cowen & Co. et al., $610.
Larkin, James F.—Morgan & Wright, $318.
Lawson, George P.—The Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $142.
McFadden, Maria J.—P. Malley, $169.
McKewan, William A.—S. E. Goldstein, $103.
Margolies, Barnet—The Public Bank of the City of New York, $837.
Morette, Joseph—H. Lichtgarn, $1,113.
Normoyle, Michael—Kalt Lumber Co., $148.
Parchen, Henry—H Elfers, $131.
Rose, Robert J.—White Fireproof Construction Co., $146.
Seelig Cloak & Fur Co.—The Public Bank of N. Y. City, $785.
Schultze, Julius M.—N. P. Rathbun, $106.
S. L. Lane Co. (The)—Hunter, Miller Co., $104.
Tench, Frederick and Frank M., also Joseph Troxell, Henry G. Ingersoll and Robert B. Perry—H. M. V. Connelly, Trustee, costs, $122.
Tierney, Thomas H.—B. C. Samuels et al., $105.
Thompson, Robert P.—Ludwig Baumann & Co., $106.
Trexell, Joseph, and New Amsterdam Motor Co. —F. Arnold, $651.
Thompson, Emery—J. J. Cavognaro, $3,031.
Van Cortland Hotel Co. — Nauss Bros. Co., $1,743.
Webster Realty Co.—A. M. Geraty, costs, $123.
Wallace, Robert and William J.—F. N. Du Bois et al., $183.
Weiher, Lorenz—M. Weinberger, $5,591.
Young, James Oscar—W. T. Van Name, $201.

Satisfied Judgments.

Allison, John Wesley—M. Brett, June 9, 1906, $180.
Alter, Jacob L., and Isidor Dominitz—Ebling Brewing Co., April 9, 1906, $540.
Arbogast, Charles—C. M. Young, Dec. 20, 1902, $2,289.
Blair, Charles H., trustee—P. C. Hampton et al., costs, March 30, 1906, $355.
Chamberlain, Frederick F.—E. A. Chamberlain, April 5, 1910, $118.
Greenberg, Jacob, and Louis D.—N. G. Vaguston, June 30, 1910, $330.
Hamburger, Herman A.—W. Reiper, April 27, 1911, $182.
Kimmey, Charles P.—Yorkville Independent Hygeia Ice Co., costs, April 1, 1911, $210.
Lawrence, Lee G.—A. M. Johnson & Co., April 10, 1911, $187.
M. F. Construction Co.—L. Marx et al., March 10, 1911, $3,750.
M. F. Construction Co. and Morris Frankel—John Simmons Co., Jan. 7, 1911, $267.
O'Brien, William O.—M. J. Skelly, Sept. 8, 1910, $522.
Sayles, John H.—B. McGeehin, Nov. 18, 1909, $818.

HALSTEAD AMENDS DEFENSE.

To File a Plea of Abatement on Fraud Charge—Wants It Quashed.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Griffin Halstead, former stock broker and son of the late Murat Halstead, indicted for obtaining money under false pretenses, to-day withdrew his plea of not guilty in order to file a plea in abatement.

In his application that the indictment against him be quashed, Halstead alleges improper use of his books, which were obtained from a referee in bankruptcy, before the Grand Jury.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Capt. J. W. Barker, Infantry, unassigned, is assigned to the Third Infantry. Upon expiration of the leave of absence join his regiment.

Special orders April 26 as relates to Major B. T. Clayton, Quartermaster, amended so as to direct him upon his relief at Galveston to report to Quartermaster General of the army for temporary duty, thence to West Point, N. Y.

First Lieut. F. W. Hershler, Fourth Cavalry, relieved from recruiting service June 1, thence join his regiment.

Capt. J. Longstreet, Thirteenth Cavalry, detailed for service in the Quartermaster's department, vice Capt. M. W. Rowell, who is assigned to Eleventh Cavalry.

Capt. H. L. Cooper, Fourth Infantry, transferred to Twenty-eighth Infantry.

Special orders April 29 as directs Second Lieut. W. V. Carter, Sixth Cavalry, to join his regiment, is revoked.

Capt. J. McBride, Jr., Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from his present duties and placed on unassigned list, reporting in person to commanding officer Artillery District of San Francisco for assignment on his staff.

Capt. J. M. Wheeler, Coast Artillery Corps, unassigned, will report in person to commanding officer, Fourth Provisional Regiment, Coast Artillery Corps, for assignment to duty on his staff.

The Navy.

Capt. G. Kaemmerling commissioned a Captain in the navy from March 4.

Commanders C. T. Vogelgesang and C. D. Stearns, commissioned commanders in the navy from March 4.

Lieut. E. J. King, to temporary duty Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington.

Lieuts. H. R. Greenlee and C. M. Austin, commissioned Lieutenants in the navy from March 4.

Lieut. B. C. Allen to navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., connection fitting out Maine, and duty on board as senior engineer officer when commissioned.

Lieut. B. Y. Rhodes, to duty Naval Academy, Annapolis.

Lieut. (junior) A. S. Wadsworth, commissioned a Lieutenant (Junior) in the navy from Jan. 31, 1910.

Ensign F. H. Babcock, granted leave of absence for two months.

Ensign L. J. Gulliver, to the Louisiana.

Ensign J. C. Latham, to the Kansas.

The United States Steamships Iowa, Indiana, and Massachusetts were placed in full commission at the navy yard, Philadelphia, on May 3 for duty with the Summer practice cruise of midshipmen.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Burrows, at North River; Leonidas, at Lambert's Point; Dixie and Hist, at Guantanamo; Cheyenne, at Tacoma; Callao, at Canton.

Sailed—Petrel, from Guantanamo for Santo Domingo City; Delaware, from Boston for New York; Yankton, from New York for Smithtown Bay.

The following is the itinerary of the Second Division of the Atlantic fleet, comprising the Louisiana, South Carolina, Kansas, and New Hampshire for the cruise to Europe and return: Leave Hampton Roads May 9, arrive Copenhagen May 25; leave June 1, arrive Stockholm June 3; leave June 10, arrive Revel, Russia, June 11; leave June 18, arrive Kiel, Germany, June 21; leave June 30, arrive Provincetown, Mass., about July 15. The South Carolina will leave from New York City.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Barometric pressure has increased decidedly over the middle latitudes of the Atlantic Ocean and is abnormally low over the British Isles and the North Sea, where a storm of marked intensity prevails.

This pressure distribution indicates a general, though gradual, change to warmer weather in the States east of the Rocky Mountains during the next several days, where temperatures are now below the normal in practically all districts.

Frosts occurred Wednesday night in the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys and North Atlantic States.

High temperatures for the season prevail on the Pacific Coast.

The indications are that the weather will be fair Friday and Saturday in all parts of the country, except the North Pacific States and South Florida.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light west; Middle Atlantic Coast, light, variable; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate northeast and east.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have moderate, variable, mostly west, winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair weather and slowly rising temperature Friday and Saturday; light, variable winds.

New England—Fair weather and slowly rising temperature Friday and Saturday; light west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
8 A. M.	50	41	4 P. M.	57	52
6 A. M.	69	39	6 P. M.	55	50
9 A. M.	59	46	9 P. M.	52	48
12 M.	58	51	12 P. M.	48	47

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 46; for the corresponding date last year it was 54; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 56.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 43; at 8 P. M. ab was 48. Meximum temperature 54 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum 39 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity 38 per cent. at 8 A. M., 61 per cent. at 8 P. M.

SUMMER RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00
NEW YORK—Westchester County.

SUMMER RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00
NEW YORK—Westchester County.

HALF AN HOUR FROM GRAND CENTRAL by ELECTRIC TRAIN
HOTEL GRAMATAN
Lawrence Park-Bronxville-New York
CITY COMFORT

COUNTRY RECREATION
Amid the tree-tops of Westchester County, with pure air, spring water, and beautiful views. Noted for its excellent table and moderate charges. Golf, tennis, swimming, automobiling, driving, etc. Open at all seasons. Come and see or send for booklet. HOTEL GRAMATAN, Inc., Proprietors.

PENNSYLVANIA—DelawareWaterGap
THE KITTATINNY
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Now open. Largest, most modern, finest located and leading hotel in this region. Climate mild, air dry and invigorating, beautiful walks and drives. Rooms en suite with private baths and running water, electric lights, elevators, steam heat, open fires, sun parlors. Noted for its cuisine and service. Own dairies, farms and green houses. Golf, tennis, bowling, pool, boating, and fishing on Hotel's grounds. Orchestra. Livery, Garage, Saddle Horses. American plan and a la Carte service. Booklet of views, Auto maps, etc., on application. Spring rates. G. FRANK COPE.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.
The Maplewood
Pittsfield, Berkshire Co., Mass.
WILL OPEN MAY 27TH
Send for Booklet and Auto Road Map.
ARTHUR W. PLUMB.

JUST OUT—SUMMER HOMES
150 Page Illustrated Book. Full information in regard to Summer Resorts in Vermont and shores Lake Champlain with hotel, farm, and village home accommodations. Prices $7 per week and up. Send 6c. stamps for mailing. Address Summer Homes, No. 16, 385 Broadway, New York.

NEW YORK—Long Island.
THE
Hotel Nassau
LONG BEACH, L. I.
A fireproof European plan hotel of the highest standard, situated directly on the finest beach north of Florida, 25 miles from the new Pennsylvania Long Island Station. Telephone 100 Long Beach.
MERRY & BOOMER, Manager

Crystal Lake Hotel and Cottages, Freeport, L. I.; fine family hotel; reasonable rates; automobile parties accommodated. A. E. Frost, Proprietor.

NEW YORK—New York City.
Enjoy the First Spring Days
in the country in New York City; 34 minutes from 42d St. Station by New York Central trains or 34 minutes by Subway, with 10 minutes' walk or 5 minutes' drive. THE CHESTNUTS, at Riverdale on the Hudson, on estate of 8 beautiful acres, 300 feet above Hudson; all modern conveniences; rates, transients—$2.50 per day up; week $14 up; booklet fully explains. Write or telephone 135—Kingsbridge; references.

NEW YORK—Sharon Springs.
PAVILION HOTEL AND COTTAGES,
Sharon Springs, N. Y. Open June 22nd.
The WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS AND BATHING ESTABLISHMENT OPEN MAY 18TH. Folders sent Free. J. H. GARDNER & SON. W. H. CRAIG, Mgr.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.
THE SAGAMORE LONG LAKE, N. Y.
In heart of the Adirondack Mountains.
J. H. REARDON, 389 5th Ave., N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
HOTEL DENNIS
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
The new fireproof addition is a model for comfort and convenience. The entire house now offers 350 guest rooms, each of which is connected with private bath or has running water. Hotel Dennis is one of the Beach Front Hotels still maintaining an unobstructed ocean view.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

HOTEL RUDOLF
Full block ocean front. One of the largest and leading hotels. Hot and cold sea baths; private and public. Magnificent sun parlor, overlooking the sea. Orchestra. Early season rates. No extra charge for use of baths. Always open. Booklet.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

HOTEL ABSECON
VIRGINIA AVE., NEAR STEEL PIER.
Fireproof. Sun parlor, private baths, running water; $10, $12, $15 up per week; $2 up per day. Special rates and booklet on application. O. D. PAINTER.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL WESTMONT
OCEAN END RHODE ISLAND AVE.
A high-class moderate-price family hotel with home comforts and refined surroundings, service and cuisine unexcelled. W. H. MOORE, Mgr.

THE RAVENROYD,
Chelsea Ave. & Boardwalk. Modern, refined, homelike surroundings. Unobstructed ocean view rooms Refurn'shed. Ownership management. Elevator. GEO. D. COLLINS.

NEW ENGLAND S. Car. Ave. and Beach; private baths; elevator to street level; running water in rooms; capacity 350; special Spring rates. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HYGEIA N. Y. and Pacific Aves. E. P. plan. 1 sq. to beach and Penna Sta. 100 MODERN ROOMS, 50c., 75c., $1 daily.

Ask Mr. Foster | Martinique, B'way & 33d St. Free information. Hotel

NEW JERSEY—Monmouth Beach.
MONMOUTH BEACH INN.
Ocean Front Annex, Board Walk, Cottages. De Luxe Bathing Pools and Dressing Rooms. Auditorium for conventions, etc. Club and reunion dinners.
Opening date June 21st. Address until open: MONMOUTH BEACH CLUB HOUSE CO., 36 Gramercy Park East, New York.

NEW JERSEY—Point Pleasant.
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT!
PINE BLUFF INN
POINT PLEASANT, N. J.
Splendidly located in a Pine Forest, overlooking the Manasquan River.
Good rooms, finest hair mattresses, most excellent table, new linen, etc.
"Winter Annex" Now Open
American Plan - - $3.00 per Day
Address for special rates by the week, month, or season—
W. G. BARNES, Prop'r.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.
SPRING SEASON AT LAKEWOOD
Among the health-giving pine forests of New Jersey. Season, October 1 to June. Healthful, open-air life.
International Polo Carnival
Golf at the Country Club
Weekly handicap events throughout the Spring months.
Horse Show and Pony Races the latter part of April.
Motoring, cross country riding, boating, tennis, and a variety of other outdoor sports.
ALLAIRE HOUSE—A. J. Murphy, Mgr.
LAURELIN-THE-PINES—F. F. Shute, Mgr.

Next Sunday's Times

The Japanese Myth Exploded
True record of Manchurian war comes to light and shows that they are human, like the rest of us.

Was Peter the Painter a Russian Government Spy?
The mystery of the so-called Anarchist who was supposed to have engaged two British regiments in action.

Napoleon as Seen by His Mameluke Servant
Roustam Bey, whom Napoleon brought with him from Egypt, wrote his experiences with his master, and they have just come to light.

Lewis Nixon on the Panama Canal
He tells why we should fortify it.

A Fire Detective.
A sleuth who is employed to track down incendiaries, and who has made a study of pyromaniacs.

Queen Mary's War on the Hobble Skirt
Why it is unlikely to succeed.

Hy. Mayer on the B. R. T.
And on many other topics of the week. A brilliant page by The Times's famous cartoonist.

In the Pictorial Section
Founders' Day at Vassar.
The Boy Scouts of America.
Carnegie Prize-Winners.
The Rebels in Mexico.
New Fashions Seen at Longchamps.
And many other interesting pictures, notable among them being a reproduction of
"You Mustn't Pull,"
By Arthur J. Elsley.
The Sunday Times is always sold out early, and should be ordered in advance.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
New York, May 6, 9:30 A.M. Baltic, May 6, 11:00 A.M.
Minnewaska, May 6, 12:00 Noon Majestic, May 10, 3:00 P.M.
Finland, May 6, 10:00 A.M. Cretic, May 10, 12:00 Noon
★ The World's Largest and Finest Steamer, New S. S. OLYMPIC, (45,000 TONS) Sails June 28

American Line Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York.May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Philadel'a.May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
St. Louis...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
St. Paul...May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnewaska.May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Minneapolis..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Minnetonka.May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Minnehaha..May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19

Red Star Pier 59, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Finland....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Kroonland..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Lapland...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Vaderland..May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19
Our Travelers' Checks Good Everywhere.

White Star Piers 59 & 61, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
MAMMOTH STEAMER
"Adriatic," May 17.
LONDON—PARIS—CONTINENT
Some excellent accommodations now available.
★OLYMPIC (New).....June 28; July 26
Majestic...May 10; June 7; July 5; Aug. 2
Adriatic...May 17; June 13; July 13.....
Oceanic....May 24; June 21; July 19; Aug. 12
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Baltic.....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Celtic.....May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Arabic.....May 20; June 17; July 15.....
Cedric.....May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 17

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool
Largest Steamers St. Lawrence Route.
New York & Boston
To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Cretic.....May 10, noon|Romanic..June 10
Canopic....May 20, 3 P. M.|Cretic....June 24
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
CRUISES DE LUXE
CRUISING
'Round the World
On An Ocean Liner
Two Grand Cruises by the large new transatlantic Steamship CLEVELAND, (17,000 tons), the first to leave New York on October 21, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on February 6, 1912.
$650 up, and including all necessary expenses. 110 Days Duration
SUMMER CRUISES | To Norway, Spitzbergen, Iceland, North Cape, etc. Sailing from Hamburg During June, July, and August. | 13 TO 25 DAYS, $62.50 up.
Write for Booklet of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
CINCINNATI.....May 6, 1 P. M.
†BULGARIA.....May 6, 2 P. M.
†AMERIKA.....May 11, 10 A. M.
*PRESIDENT LINCOLN.May 17, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. ‡Hamburg direct. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg. ¶Steerage only.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. HAMBURG.....May 24, 2 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.....June 3
‡S. S. BATAVIA.....June 21
‡Will NOT call at Algiers.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.

Spend Your Vacation in BERMUDA
MOST BEAUTIFUL SPOT IN THE WORLD
SWEPT BY COOL ATLANTIC BREEZES
Every outdoor recreation. Bathing in the clearest of turquoise waters. Excellent fishing. 1,400 Mile Superb Ocean Voyage.
BY THE MAGNIFICENT, FAST MAIL
Twin-Screw S. S. "OCEANA"
FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP Including Stateroom Berth & Meals $20 UP
Best Cuisine on the Atlantic
LARGEST, FASTEST & FINEST STEAMER
14,000 TONS DISPLACEMENT; 535 FT. LONG.
Many staterooms with brass beds; six suites-de-luxe with private baths; finest promenade deck in the world. Orchestra, Gymnasium, Wireless. Only Bermuda steamer with submarine signals.
EXCURSIONS covering all expenses, four to eleven days, including steamship fare, best hotel accommodations, etc., from shore trips, drives, etc., at total cost of $23 UP
Beautiful Booklet, Itinerary, Tickets, etc.; of Bermuda-Atlantic Line, 290 B'way, N. Y.

FROM THE Hudson TO THE Golden Gate.
Elegant Steamships
New York to New Orleans
Trains of Superior Equipment
New Orleans to California
SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.
366, 1158 or 1 Broadway, N. Y

EUROPE AND THE ORIENT
80 fine tours, $285 upward. Frequent sailings. 14th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 1, 1912, by S. S. Arabic; 71 days, all expenses, $460 and upward.
5 Round the World Tours, 1911: $1,550 and up.
Frank C. Clark : Times Building, New York

BERMUDA ROUND TRIP $20 and Up
Inclusive Tours at Moderate Rates
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO., 22 State St., N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.
BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and CITY OF LOWELL.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North, week days only, leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; foot East 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R. Steamer NAUGATUCK, 11:00 A. M.; Steamer BRIDGEPORT, 3:00 P. M., foot East 22d St., 3:30 P. M.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
Largest and Fipest River Steamers in the World.
PEOPLES LINE TO ALBANY
Str. C. W. Morse or Adirondack at 6 P. M.
PIER 32 N. R., daily, (Sundays excepted).
CITIZENS LINE TO ALBANY & TROY
New Str. Trojan or Rensselaer, 6 P. M.
PIER 32 N. R., daily, (Saturdays excepted), stops at Albany in both directions.
Splendid accommodations; the best cuisine and service. Tickets at pier and principal ticket offices.
PEOPLES LINE STOPS AT W. 129TH ST. 6:30 P. M. DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED). CITIZENS LINE (SUNDAYS ONLY) AT 6:30 P. M.
Tel. 9400 Spring.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and Kingston.
New Steamer BENJ. B. ODELL Now in Commission.
Leaves Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St., at 4 P. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Steamer ROMER leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
NEWBURGH LINE week days 5 P. M., Sundays 9 A. M., West 129th St., 9.30 A. M.

MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
Round trip $1.50; good 10 days. Horses and automobiles at reasonable rates. Steamers lve. ft. W. Houston St. 5:30 P.M. daily. Phone 9236 Spring

CATSKILL Evening Lines | Steamers from pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M., for Catskill-Hudson, Coxsackie and intermediate landings. Passenger Service Mon., Wed. & Fri.—Freight Service daily.

Have The Times Follow You
Before leaving the city place order with your newsdealer to have The New York Times sent to your country address, or mail order to Publication Office if you wish to be assured of not missing a copy.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

CUNARD Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
Largest Fastest Finest Ships
Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool
CARONIA CAMPANIA
May 6, 10 A. M. May 17, 10 A. M.
CARMANIA
May 20, 10 A. M.
Fishguard and Liverpool.
LUSITANIA MAURETANIA
May 10, 9 A. M. May 24, 9 A. M.
Special Sailing for Liverpool
Calling at Queenstown.
S. S. ULTONIA MAY 13, 10 A. M.
One Class Cabin (II)
GIBRALTAR *ALGIERS GENOA
NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
*Calls either Madeira or Algiers. For complete itineraries see extended sailing list. Sailings noon.
*Saxonia May 18 July 3 Aug 24
Pannonia June 1 July 20 Sept 7
Carpathia June 15 Aug 3 Sept 21
MONTREAL QUEBEC LONDON
Regular Sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II.) and Third Class Passengers only.

Holland America Line 39 Broadway, N.Y.
To Great Britain
Regular weekly sailings to Plymouth (London) during May and June, in connection with the coronation of his Majesty
King George V.
LONDON—PARIS—ROTTERDAM
Every Tuesday by magnificent twin-screw steamers
*NEW AMSTERDAM.....May 9
*NOORDAM.....May 16
*ROTTERDAM.....May 23
*RYNDAM.....May 30
*Via Plymouth and Boulogne.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Meals a la Carte without extra charge. Wireless and Submarine Signals.
LONDON — PARIS — BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays.
Fast Mail Sailings Thursdays.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
Sailings Saturdays. Connections by Company's Steamers for Egypt, India, and Far East.
Baltimore-Bremen Direct. One Class (II) Cabin Steamers Wednesdays.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts., N. Y. City.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Provence..May 11|*La Lorraine..June 1
*La Touraine..May 18|*La Provence..June 8
*La Savoie....May 25|*La Savoie....June 15
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (II) Cabin Passengers only.
La Bretagne.....May 13
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

To Bermuda
$20 UP ROUND TRIP FROM NEW YORK
Tours Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates.
Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5,530 tons, sails every Wednesday, 10 A. M.
Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy.
Fastest, newest, and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda. For illustrated pamphlets apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 649 Madison Av., 563 and 264 Fifth Av., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO., Ltd., Quebec.

RUSSIAN AMERICA LINE
Rotterdam London Paris
$60.00 and upwards.
TO ROTTERDAM
27 BROADWAY, N. Y.
New Twin Screw S. S. Kursk, May 27th, July 8th. S. S. Birma, May 13th, June 24th. 8½ days to Rotterdam. Send for Booklet.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., G. P. Agts.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Furnessia...May 6, 3 PM|Columbia...May 20, noon
California..May 13, 9 AM|Caledonia...May 27, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
New Illus. Book of Tours mailed free.
HENDERSON BROTHERS. 17-19 Broadway.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA direct without change. Calls at AZORES and GIBRALTAR (East). ALGIERS (West). SS. MARTHA WASHINGTON, etc., Wednesdays, 1 P. M. Thro bookings to Adriatic East Coast points, the Orient, and Far East (India, China, Japan).
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

NEW YORK TO ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S.S.CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE. $50.00 & UP.
Campanello....May 11|Volturno.....June 8
Uranium.....May 25|Campanello...June 22
Vesely & Co., Gen'l Agts., 13 B'way, N. Y.

AZORES LISBON NAPLES MARSEILLES
BY THE FABRE LINE
Approx. weekly sailings by the newest, largest, finest & fastest French steamers in the MEDITERRANEAN Trade.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., Gen'l Agts., 17 State St., N. Y.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:54|Sun sets..6:59|Moon rises..1:21

THE TIDES.

| | High Water. A.M. |

To Employers.

¶ Among the thousands of skilled, capable men and women who read the Want advertisements in The New York Times is just the worker you need most, whose experience and ability fit him for your requirements.

¶ An Effective advertisement in The New York Times, fifty words for one dollar, giving the full details of the position, will put you in touch with the workers who give the full measure of intelligence and earnest effort.

¶ Any advertising agency or office of The New York Times will aid you in preparing an Effective advertisement, or telephone Bryant 1000.

Lost

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—On Friday morning, the 28th inst., between 81st St., on Broadway to 70th St., Central Park West, or Broadway car to 100th St., a pearl necklace. Apartment 8E, 318 West 100th St.

LOST—Bracelet chain, with links of gold and platinum set with diamonds, vicinity of Broadway between 74th and 80th Sts., Thursday morning, May 4; liberal reward. 246 West 74th St.

LOST.—Monday, May 1, lady's enamel open-face watch with inlaid wreath of gold, gold hands and numerals. Communicate Room 3A, 220 Broadway, New York.

LOST—Tuesday evening, pearl sunburst., diamond centre; inscribed "From Emil, Eugene, and Richard" on back; reward. 65 West 68th.

LOST—Thursday morning, bar pin, two pearls and black opal, on 88th St., between Columbus and Broadway; reward. 140 West 88th.

LOST.—Thursday morning on 71st St., between Columbus Av. and Broadway, bunch of keys; finder kindly notify G. G. Wyant, 104 West 71st.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of gold and blue enameled watch fob to T. D. Carman, The Outlook, 287 4th Av., New York.

LOST—Open face silver watch, fob, pin attached, monogrammed; reward. H. E. Burdick, 186 Amity St., Brooklyn.

LOST—On May 2, sterling silver match case. Finder will receive reward by returning same to 147 West 97th St.

LOST.—May 1, silk fob, gold buckle, Arcanum charm, 1105, V. M. C.; reward. Satterly, 91 Fulton St., N. Y.

LOST—Gold fob seal, monogram "A. H. H." on face. Reward if returned to Hoeckley, 297 4th Av.

LOST—Closed face watch; initials of name on inside case "N. B. G." Liberal reward. 614 West 118th St.

LOST.—Lorgnette; Grand Central subway station; 7 Thursday night. Room 1,822, 31 Nassau St.

LOST—Gold watch marked "A. M. C."; big reward finder. 830 West 77th St.

LOST—Plain gold ring, inscription inside; reward. F 270 Times Downtown.

LOST—Bar pin, cluster of diamonds in centre; reward. 5 West 95th St.

$100 REWARD.

For ring, sapphire and two diamonds, set flush in solid band of gold; lost about April 6, Park Av. and neighborhood of 58th St. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 438 5th Av.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Wednesday evening, 55th St. and Park Av., Boston bull terrier dog; brindle, white markings on head. License No. 3,467. Please return to 51 East 55th St. Liberal reward. No questions.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 1022d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times

FOUND, April 26 to May 4, 1911.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at Property Clerk's Office, 300 Mulberry St. Ninety-three baby's rings, 12 rings, 12 snake rings, 13 assorted rings, diamond locket, 8 stones and a chain, neck chain, breast pin, watch charm, 3 Italian copper coins, wrist measure, 5 turquoises, ring set with stones, 15 assorted rings, 2 rings, watch marked Ancre Ligne Droite, 15 Rubins Diogene, Case 112,585, F. Z., 2 watch cases, 2 scarf pins, 8 coats and 4 pairs of pants, bunch of keys, dark striped sack coat and pants, box of soap marked Colgate & Co., automobile lamp, brass automobile lamp, painter's bag containing materials, quantity of telephone wire, 11 skirts, assorted colors, pocketbook containing 15 cents, brown coat, rug 6 by 9 feet, eyeglasses, brown overcoat, brown sack coat and vest, cabinet drop head Singer sewing machine, black hat trimmed, white collar, gray jacket with sleeves torn out, black coat, white shirtwaist, gray skirt, white underskirt, straw case containing gentleman's clothing, black mink pillow muff, lady's white linen apron.

FOUND, May 3—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Room, 9 Morris St. 2D AV. ELEVATED: lunch bag, tickets, pin, hand bag, book, embroidery, safe. 3D AV. ELEVATED: Parasol, locket, ring, books, plans, cap, shoes, pants, razor, chisel, purse, books, keys, cloth, underwear, &c., 9 bx. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Purse, gloves, odd glove, book, cloth, towel, coupons, curtains, carbon paper, photograph frame, blotting paper, collar and tie, pants, &c., hat, keys, cases, horse bits, strap, wire. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Hand bag, gloves, law book, memorandum book, music, hat, files, vise. SUBWAY: Leaflets, tools, umbrella, mesh bag, gloves, opera glasses, hand bag, purse, books, photographs, law papers, shoes, belt, glove, case, hat, suit case, carpet, shirt, overalls, box clothes, wire, nails, tools.

FOUND, May 3.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN RAILROAD CO. HUDSON TUBES. Apply 237 Christopher St. Card case, overalls, copper cut, railroad ticket.

FOUND, April 26 to May 4—LEHIGH VALLEY R. R. Apply to General Baggage Agent, South Bethlehem, Penn. TRAINS: Hand bag, package, coat, umbrella, duster, book, samples, ring, keys.

FOUND, May 4.—NEW JERSEY CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J. Umbrella on the 28th, four packages on the 29th, green hand bag.

FOUND, May 4.—NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station. Three cats, one grip, five packages, one umbrella, one box of collars, one neck piece.

FOUND, May 4.—LONG ISLAND RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City. Two packages, one book.

FOUND, May 4.—LACKAWANNA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J. Four umbrellas, five packages, one coat, box.

FOUND, May 4.—PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J. On trains: Chain, pair of gloves, two packages, book. Cortlandt St. boat: Package. Lehigh Valley Railroad: Bundles, pictures on train.

FOUND, May 4.—ERIE RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J. One book, package containing pair of pants, pair of gloves, two tan kid gloves, book on flowers, pocketknife.

FOUND, May 4.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av. Pennsylvania train: Hat, glove, coat, hat, coat. Long Island train: Three packages, book. Pullman: Veil, parasol, coat hanger, hat in box, order book, three straw hats, tooth brush and powder, book, memorandum book, umbrella, belt, checkbook.

Pianos and Organs

$5c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

$125 Pianola Piano-Player, with 12 rolls of the latest music and bench, $5 monthly; $35 Folding organ, new, $2 monthly. Goetz & Co., 31 Court St., Brooklyn.

A.—Steinway Upright in splendid order, cheap. 35 West 14th St.

Knabe Upright, good as new, at low price. 35 West 14th St.

Krakauer Upright piano, in good order, $150. 35 West 14th St.

[illegible]-Evard Upright piano. Great bargain. 35 West 14th St.

[illegible] piano, standard make, 88-note, bench, [illegible]; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d St.

Business Opportunities

50c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

For Sale.—Old-established manufacturing business doing gross business of one hundred and sixty thousand per year; located in small town in New York State; labor conditions the best; producing and selling forces well organized; will earn good profits on one hundred and sixty thousand dollars; no agents or commission men need inquire. Address 1, 93 Times.

A MAN with business and salesman experience wanted as partner in established automobile accessories, branch office business, controlling territory; $5,000 desired to increase the business and extend the territory. L 147 Times.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AFTERNOON EMPLOYMENT,
WOMEN'S AND MISSES' SUITS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require several experienced saleswomen for their Women's and Misses' Suit Department from 12 o'clock noon to 6 P. M. daily; permanent positions, open only to those whose circumstances make afternoon employment desirable. Applications received at the office of the General Manager from 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

AN EXCELLENT OPENING for capable woman selling or recommending Spencer corsets; permanent; salary and commission or straight commission. 13 West 38th St.

DRESSMAKER wants helpers and finishers. Milmoe, 150 West 104th St. Telephone 3832 River

FURS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require the services of an operator and finisher on fur garments; must be thoroughly experienced and come well recommended. Apply at office of General Manager.

GIRL to assist with housework and care of baby. Stenz, 470 West 160th St.

NEAT-APPEARING, educated young woman to interview ladies of the motoring world; leads furnished; compensation according to ability. Apply 9:30 to 11 A. M., Room 1,518, 79 5th Av.

PIANO PLAYER wanted; young lady. Call at once. The Rothschild Co., 25c. Dept. Store, 539 5th Av.

SALESWOMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies in various departments throughout the store for competent, experienced saleswomen. Apply at office of General Manager.

SUITS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require competent, experienced saleswomen for their Women's and Misses' Suit Department. Apply at office of General Manager.

TYPIST, accurate, rapid, young women operators on Remington machines for $12 positions and over, with a large corporation. Must have experience and ability. Address, stating age and experience, F. E. T., 463 West St., Manhattan.

WANTED—The services of a young lady as secretary in a gentleman's private office; must have filled such a position, be a most competent stenographer and typewriter, and of good appearance. Address, in own handwriting, stating full particulars, giving references, &c., Box 372 Madison Square Post Office.

WANTED—Quick, neat sewers to assist in small workroom. Telephone Madison Square —2404.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

WATCHMAKER.—Jewelry workroom requires a first-class watchmaker accustomed to fine work; splendid opportunity for permanent position to applicants who can qualify. Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent.

AUTO MECHANICS for cab and truck repairs; steady work. W. Erskine, 217 East 43d St.

EXPERIENCED SHOE SALESMAN wanted. Frank Bros., 224 5th Av.

MACHINISTS.—WANTED FIRST-CLASS MACHINISTS AND DIE-MAKERS, WHO CAN FURNISH GOOD REFERENCES FROM THEIR LAST TWO EMPLOYERS; ONLY MEN SEEKING STEADY AND PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT NEED APPLY. E. W. BLISS CO., 17 ADAMS ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN wanted by Casualty Co., accident and health insurance; popular monthly; annual plan; big returns for small efforts. Call 9-11, ask for Mr. Berger, National Casualty Co., 84 William St.

SALESMEN, clerks, and others who will make a systematic canvass among their acquaintances or business men during spare time can build up a large income. Mr. McFarland, 47 Cedar St.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Experienced traveler to cover Middle West; also one for Eastern territory with line of art needle work and fancy linens, &c. A. & P., 458 Broadway.

SALESMEN—Choice Westbury, L. I., lots, centrally located; cheap; liberal commission; easy sellers; close depot, trolley; forenoon. Westbury Terrace, 115 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good paying, steady position. 277 Broadway, Room 601; ask for Mr. Routh.

SALESMAN with insurance experience can connect permanently with large corporation; no real estate or books. Room 312, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN (2) wanted, over 25, of good education and address, for out-of-town work. Shuman Co., 156 5th Av.

U. S. NAVY offers special advantages to MACHINISTS; no marine experience necessary. Also oilers, firemen, and coal passers; U. S. citizens only. Apply 80 South St., city.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED.—Male stenographer for good position with high-class, responsible concern. Call after 11 o'clock, Room 210, 501 6th Av.

WANTED—Young men, 18 to 20 years of age; quick writers. Salary, $30 per month. K., P. O. Box 1,548, New York City.

WANTED—Expert Japanese cook by family; state salary and references. L 156 Times.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AGENTS.—We have the best proposition that any house can offer; something new; immense sales and big profits; send for particulars. River View Press, D2, Quincy, Ill.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Quick, correct figurer; understands office work; best references. Clerical, F 209 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist, good penman, somewhat experienced, hard worker, excellent references. Industrious, 1731 Pitkin Ave., B'klyn. 'Phone 660 East New York.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Beginner; quick and accurate at figures; writes a good hand. Miss Hirsch, 201 East 106th St. 'Phone Harlem 4974.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography, moderate salary; best references; wishes position. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

COOK.—A lady going abroad would like to place her cook in small family for the Summer; excellent references. Apply at 43 East 64th St. Friday and Saturday mornings.

SEVERAL YOUNG GIRLS, 14 to 16 years old, would like positions in stores where they can begin as stock girls and where they can advance to saleswomen. Address F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; refined young woman of executive ability, rapid typist, versed office routine, wishes position with first-class firm; salary, $15; references. F 235 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, desires position where neatness, accuracy, intelligence, are desired; best reference from last employer; $12. F 236 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, spells and punctuates well, typewrites neatly and quickly; understands office work; references; salary, $8. F 237 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady desirous of securing position with house where ability is appreciated. Miss Henneberry, 1,925 Third Av. 'Phone Harlem 4974.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper, somewhat experienced, good penman, moderate salary. Blakeman, 100 Powell St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper, neat appearance, excellent references, moderate salary. Blankstein, 55 Graston St., B'klyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; accurate and thoroughly reliable; references furnished. F 233 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Experienced, accurate; thorough knowledge of office devices; start $7. L 148 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; well educated; given opportunity will prove ability. E 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educational; three years' experience in general lines; moderate salary. F 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; any kind dictation, technical, &c. F 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; excellent education; best references; salary $8. F 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—18; some experience; references for exceptional perfect transcriptions; $8. E 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; very best references; $10. F 207 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—First-class; handle any work, however technical; unquestionable references. F 208 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT OR SECRETARY.
The advertiser, 32 years of age, thoroughly familiar with American business methods, seeks a position in which not only his long office experience but his knowledge of Europe, German, French, and Greek languages would be of avail; best of references. L 21 Times.

A.—ACCOUNTANT, certified, seeks part-time bookkeeping; same careful, scientific attention as to systematizing or auditing. Sper, Room 706, 56 Liberty St.

ACCOUNTANT AUDITOR,
Having eight years' experience in public accounting offices and four years as accountant of electric light corporation, both in works and head office; references. K. C., 313 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 501, 320 Broadway. Phone Worth 1819.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examine accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 883 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

A LONDON GENTLEMAN of education and ability desires a position to do newspaper or literrary work; moderate salary. P 94 Times.

AMERICAN, 28, executive ability, understands accounts; English stenographer; two years Brazil; speaks, writes Portuguese, French, German. Address, Brazil Development, D 291 Times Downtown.

A1 OFFICE MAN, accountant, correspondent, bookkeeper and stenographer; unquestioned references, bond; young Southerner desires position where merit will win. L 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist, good penman, somewhat experienced, hard worker, excellent references. Industrious, 1731 Pitkin Ave., B'klyn. Phone 660 East New York.

BOOKKEEPER, young man (19), four years' experience, first class references, desires position, moderate salary. P. W. Jones, 367 West 56th.

BOOKKEEPER, reliable, experienced, and thoroughly competent; best references for honesty, sobriety, etc. L. C. D., 327 West 26th.

BUTLER, first class, highly recommended, wishes position in private family, can be seen at present place of employment. 11 East 86th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, thoroughly experienced in driving and repairing, wishes position; sober and reliable. L 124 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Aged 26; reliable, steady; for city, country; reasonable salary. Vallario, 103 West 103d St.

COACHMAN.—Married; city, country; strictly temperate; honest, willing, obliging; first-class written and personal reference. Fraine, private stable, 123 West 49th St.

COACHMAN.—A gentleman giving up horses wishes to place his first-class coachman. Address S., 14 East 57th St.

COLORED couple wishes position in country, have worked in domestic service for 15 years, thoroughly competent man as first class waiter, cook, or butler; can clean automobiles, take care of lawns. Woman—Laundress, chambermaid, or waitress. Best references; write or call Roach, 165 West 72d St., care Janitor—Will leave city May 16th.

DETECTIVE takes day's pay, city, country; confidential service. Wagner, 1,243 Lexington Av., New York.

NURSING MASSEUR or COMPANION to invalid, by American graduate nurse. M. H., L 149 Times.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.—Benno Phillipson, 21 White St. Telephone 3178 Franklin.

SALESMAN.—Road experience, Middle West, desires anything in ladies' wearing apparel; no experience; willing to learn; hard worker; energetic. L 151 Times.

SWEDE wishes position with gardener; speaks English. H. Pearson, 330 West 17th St.

YOUNG MAN, 25, Christian, experienced salesman, collector, and investigator, desires permanent position with reliable concern; can furnish best references for honesty, industry, &c. Competent, L 157 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years of age, experienced in office work, has selling ability, seeks position as salesman or in office; can furnish first-class references. L 154 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, Christian, temperate, desires permanent office position; present position five years; used to card systems; office practice. L 155 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

Domestic.

BUTLER.—Swedish; competent, reliable; excellent references; city or country; $60. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COMPETENT HELP.—All trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th. Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK.—Swedish; careful, clean, competent; no washing; country or city; good references; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 814 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; good references; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486—Morningside.

INSTANT RELIEF EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 131 West 133d St. Telephone 7288 Morningside. Male, female help; colored.

MRS. LARSON'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY for select help, with first-class references. 58-51 East 126th St., corner Madison Av. Tel., Harlem—4283.

NURSE.—Fond of children; experienced; good references; city or country; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 WEST 134TH.—Bond, $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St. Telephone 6370—Harlem.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St.; tel. 6216 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished; male, female; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., NEAR WALDORF.

CATCH THE EYE.

AROUSE CURIOSITY.

AWAKEN A DESIRE TO SEND POSTAL FOR

ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET.

THEN MAKE GOOD.

$20 per week for two people includes cheerful, large, newly furnished electric lighted outside room, with pretty tiled private bathroom and forty-two delicious meals; delightfully situated in the metropolitan zone, within 35 minutes of Broadway. No ferries. No Subway. Splendidly appointed; palm room, smoking room, billiard room.

$28 for two people per week includes all of above accommodations and a parlor and private telephone added. There are special rates.

Instead of visiting twenty boarding houses to learn their prices range from $35 to $45 for exactly similar accommodations, come directly to us. Remember the above are our lowest rates and the houses are only 35 minutes from Broadway. We make no charge whatsoever for our services. Address or call Information Bureau, Room 1,814, No. 303 5th Av.

5TH AV., 46.—Beautiful small front room, second floor; excellent board; table guests accommodated; references.

20-22-33 WEST 16TH ST.
Large rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

46TH, 366 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; invalids, elderly people; attendance graduate nurse; private house.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; telephone exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first-class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large and single rooms, baths; telephones; table first-class; special rates.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and single rooms; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

57TH ST., 319 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; private baths; near Subway, "L," and surface cars; table boarders.

58TH ST., 133-135 WEST.—Large, small, sunny rooms; near "L," Subway; parlor dining; board optional.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large room; gentlemen only; also parlor floor; fine location; excellent table.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Large rooms; superior table; high-class house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large front rooms, private bath; southern exposure; single room; table guests.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Large sunny, also hall, room; parlor dining-room; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Phone 1336—Columbus. Large, small rooms; board; table guests accommodated; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive single rooms; table guests accommodated; home cooking; reasonable; refrences.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, single and double, private bath, hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Gentiles.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high-class; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large rooms, with board, adjoining bath; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable single room; parlor dining; references required.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Extremely desirable medium room, bath adjoining; very reasonable; gentleman; private family.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; superior table board; near Subway; reasonable.

80TH ST., 141-148 WEST.—Handsome parlor floor, private bath; large, medium, sunny rooms; references.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; every convenience; ideal location; Subway, L; parlor dining room.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Rooms; excellent board optional; elevator; Summer engagements at reduced rates.

81ST, 116 WEST.—Large, desirable room for gentlemen; strictly high-class board; references necessary.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Large southern room, bath, suitable for couple; single room; table guests.

81ST ST., 188 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class room, board; table guests accommodated.

82D ST., 50 AND 52 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated rooms, with first-class board; private baths; electric light; telephone.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, private bath; Summer rates; parlor dining room.

83D 11 WEST.—Large, small, or connecting rooms, front parlor; excellent table.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant room; handsomely furnished; private bath; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

100TH ST., 257 WEST.—Large front room; home cooking; table guests; select neighborhood.

102D ST., 243 WEST.—Private family offer exceptional accommodations; handsome home; aristocratic neighborhood; excellent table.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; superior board; refined surroundings; table guests; phone.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large, light rooms, with or without board; refined home; near Columbia University; special Summer rates.

117TH ST., 417 WEST.—Modern private residence; southern exposure; one block from Broadway, overlooking Morningside Park; very quiet; beautiful double room, running water; smaller room also; immaculately kept; delicious cooking; references exchanged; Subway, elevated expresses; telephone.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms in newly furnished apartment; Southern cooking, daintily served.

149TH ST., 544 WEST. (The Audubon.)—A beautiful, healthy location, near Broadway, famous Riverside Drive; first-class rooms, board; extremely low rates.

136TH ST., 540 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, with first-class table board; every home comfort; block from Subway; private house. 'Phone 4678 Audubon.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, 519 West 123d.—Singly or en suite; American and European plan; table board.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 718 (Washington Heights, near 145th St.)—Desirable rooms with excellent board.

THE CAMBRIA.
55th St., 347 West.; restaurant; thoroughly good home table of American cooking, with good service.

A.—THE EARLE.
Waverley Place, 108.—Beautifully furnished room, with private bath; excellent meals; central location.

A.—47 5TH AV.—Second-floor suites, with baths; single rooms; parlor dining room; small tables; transients and table guests accommodated.

East Side.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large, small adjoining rooms; elegant board; every accommodation; southern exposure; references.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Large room with board; hall room vacant soon; references.

MADISON, 694-696; 23 East 63d.—Second floor, large rooms, $18 to $22, two persons, with board; single rooms, $8-$10.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5.—Overlooking water; most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway five minutes; Wall St. and Broadway, twenty; seaside; rooms, apartments, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house, high-class; table choicest products New York markets. 'Phone 905 Main.

MONROE PLACE, 1, (Corner Clark.)—Exceptionally fine rooms; spotless; convenient to Subway and bridge.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

EDGEHILL INN, Spuyten Duyvil on the Hudson.—Not a hotel; a quiet, attractive residence for a limited number of guests willing to pay for high-class accommodations; newly furnished and equipped; beautifully located with fine grounds and views; elevation 225 feet; convenient to both New York Central electric and Subway service. Address for rates, &c., Mary E. Huntington.

THE HALL, GLEN COVE, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York; large wing; absolutely fireproof; rooms, with bath; steam heat; private bathing beach and dock; tennis courts; opens May 27; references. Address 53 Irving Place, New York. Tel., 2123 Stuy.

BAY PARKWAY, BENSONHURST.—Six select boarders wanted; overlooking ocean; bathing. Conway, 8,779 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 5 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; beautiful, large front rooms; running water, bath; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Elegantly furnished sunny rooms, single or en suite, for people seeking superior accommodations; private home.

14TH ST., 337 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; large and small; all improvements; breakfast. B. B.

36TH ST., 146 WEST.—Front basement, kitchen privileges; double, single rooms; running water; breakfast; telephone.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall room; large closet, bath, phone; private house; $5.

42D ST., 300 WEST.—Large and medium; outside; running water; two flights; reasonable. Rowland's bell.

45TH ST., 9 WEST.—Two large parlors, furnished or unfurnished; also furnished rooms to let.

46TH ST., 366 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; invalids, elderly people; attendance graduate nurse; private house.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Elegantly furnished connecting rooms; bath; single, en suite; first-class house.

56TH ST., 68 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or en suite; near Park; breakfast; references. Delacy.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; hotel service.

64TH ST., 110 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms, with or without bath; all improvements; Summer rates.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large rooms, with, without bath; southern exposure; airy, electric light; telephone.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large single room with hot and cold water; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 243 WEST.—Large front room; conveniences; small room also; private house; 'phone; reasonable.

71ST ST., 116 WEST.—Desirable large front rooms with board; reference; telephone.

72D ST., 302 WEST, Near Riverside.—Extremely pleasant large room; parquet floor; running water; phone; Subway; gentlemen.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable one, two room suites; high-class accommodations; table guests desired.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large and medium; southern exposure; baths; Subway, elevated stations.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large rooms; attractively furnished; single or en suite; also medium, reasonable.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; bath; all conveniences; 'phone; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 104 WEST.—High-class light, airy rooms, nicely furnished; all modern improvements; telephone.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—Bright rooms in high-class apartment; reasonable; telephone; all conveniences. Mathewson.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Second story, en suite or single; also medium room; private house; references.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and single rooms; bath adjoining; all conveniences; reasonable.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Very desirable large and small room; Summer rates; elevated, subway; telephone.

81ST ST., 169 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; special inducement for Summer. Osborn.

83D ST., 55 WEST.—Large and small room, suitable for three gentlemen; board optional; moderate.

87TH ST., 209 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; private family; all conveniences; block from Subway. Brown.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Lovely, clean rooms, near Park; "L," Subway; select house; all conveniences; telephone.

94TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very pleasant room; modern; conveniences; telephone; also small single room; $2.50.

95TH, 50 WEST.—Near Park, L, Subway express; only few accommodated; board optional; references.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; running water; private house.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable furnished room, with bath; suitable for bachelors or married couple; select neighborhood; near Riverside Drive.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large front room; ample closets; $7; elevator apartment; Southerners; references. Moncure.

108TH ST., 201 WEST.—Large front room, adjoining bath; private family; reasonable; telephone, electricity; references.

112TH ST., 504 WEST—Two rooms, 8th floor, full southern exposure; special privileges for Summer. Near Riverside, Subway and elevated. Clarke.

114TH ST., 508 WEST.—Apartment 62; elegant room in magnificent new elevator apartment; gentlemen.

115TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large, bright, front room; small room; kitchen privilege; transients accommodated. Smith.

118TH ST., 430 WEST, (corner Amsterdam, apartment 46.)—Desirable small front room; all conveniences; call evenings.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Cozy room in refined widow's home; exceptional; elevator; references. Apartment 31.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Sunny rooms, kitchen; beautiful view; elevator; telephone; restaurant; Subway; Apartment 21.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Fine room, southern exposure; large closets; elevator, bath, telephone; Subway. Apt. 39.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Very attractive outside rooms; elevator, telephone; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 514 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large, high-class room, single, double, electricity. Kenyon.

123D ST., 348 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for single person or married couple seeking quarters in elegantly furnished private house; Summer rates. Phone 654 Morningside.

123D ST., 541 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; conveniences; 'phone; Broadway Subway; Summer rates. Hunt.

124TH ST., 541 WEST.—A look at my 53 rooms costs you nothing. Apartment 34.

125TH ST., 601 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Sunny room near Subway station and Riverside; elevator. Bolduan.

126TH ST., 144 WEST.—Elegant large bed and dressing room; bath 'phone; near Subway; gentlemen; reference; private family.

128TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, running water; private house; bath, shower; subway; reasonable.

173D ST., 558 WEST.—Neat room; running water; bath; private house; gentlemen.

ARGYLE, 123D, 524 WEST.—Beautiful furnished roms; Broadway Subway and Hudson; 'phone 987 Morn.

BROADWAY, 1,738.—Single room, next bath, in exclusive apartment house; newly decorated; electric light; $4 weekly; gentlemen only; board optional. Franklin.

BROADWAY, 1,738.—Room, with private bath, in exclusive apartment house; newly decorated; electric light; to gentlemen only; board optional. Franklin.

BROADWAY, 1,695, (54th St.)—Elegant large room; southern exposure; running water; bath; suitable for two; Summer rates. Coleman.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410—Nicely furnished room, telephone, piano, for refined party, reference. Fisher.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

1.—1.—Exceptional accommodations for gentlemen in private house with owner; no other roomers; one or two handsomely furnished rooms with private bath, or entire floor with two baths; reasonable for Summer; references. 63 West 40th St.

HAMILTON PLACE, 97, (Near 142d.)—Neat, clean room; private family; bath adjoining; telephone. Apartment 15.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20.—Elegantly furnished outside rooms, facing Morningside Park; every convenience; reasonable. Waters.

SEVEN ROOMS and foyer, overlooking Hudson River; will make big concessions till Oct. 1. The Antlers, 603 West 111th St., eighth floor.

TWO LARGE, light, airy rooms in private house, to refined business woman

HOE SALE, FIRST PART, HAS ONE DAY MORE

Receipts Certain to Run Over a Million and Three More Parts to be Sold.

GREAT PROFIT IN LIBRARY

Estimated Value Was $1,400,000, and Likely to be $2,400,000—$13,500 for a Book Sold Yesterday.

Four editions of the narrative of the third voyage of Amerigo Vespucci to America last evening brought a total of $6,400. Dodd & Livingston paid $1,700 for the undated one, printed in Paris, and considered by Harrisse the first of the ten editions of this narrative. The Sutherland copy brought $300. For another undated edition issued fro ma German press and thought to be the rarest of them all the same bidders paid $3,000. No previous sale of this is known. They also obtained the Strassburg 1505 edition for $850. A copy of this brought $270 at auction in 1901. A Paris 1516 version went to Smith for $850.

The total receipts for the day were $68,610, of which $42,765 was realized at the afternoon session and $25,845 last evening. The grand total to date is $954,584.

The record price of $13,500 was paid at the Robert Hoe library sale yesterday for a copy of the first French edition of "Lorloge de Sapience," by Henricus de Berg, or, as he is better known, Henricus de Suso, published in Paris in 1493 by Anthoine Verard. It is exquisitely illuminated in gold and colors, and is a small folio printed on vellum. Only seven copies are recorded in this style.

Bernard Quaritch and George D. Smith were the chief competitors for it, and when the price reached $11,000 every one else abandoned the struggle for its possession. Eleven thousand dollars was Smith's bid. Quaritch raised it to $12,000. Smith said $12,500. Quaritch came back with $13,000. Smith went him $250 better, but cried "No more," when Quaritch called out $13,500. This was followed by a burst of applause.

It was the general impression that Quaritch bought the book for J. Pierpont Morgan. THE TIMES reporter asked Quaritch:

"Did you buy it for yourself?"

"Yes," was the reply, "at any rate for the present."

Miss Greene, J. Pierpont Morgan's librarian, was in the auction hall for a while, but went away before this work was put on the block. It is rumored that Quaritch has really been buying in a number of instances during the sale not for British customers but for Mr. Morgan, and that some of the books for which he paid highest will go into the Morgan library.

Book with a History.

It is many years since a copy of this work was sold at auction, and then it brought only a fraction of the price paid yesterday. It has an interesting history. An English friend of Arthur Swann picked it up at a bookstall in Rome some twenty years ago for a mere trifle. It afterward was in the Selliere and Firmin-Didot libraries. Mr. Swann's English friend knew that it was in the Hoe sale, and only the other day Mr. Swann received a letter from him asking him to tell what the work had realized at the auction.

The book was originally written in Latin by Henricus de Suso, who was born at Constance in 1295, and died at Ulm in 1366. He entered a Dominican monastery in his native village when only 13 years of age, and was its prior before he was 20. He preached with success in Suabia and Alsace. The "Lorloge de Sapience" or "Horloge de la Sagesse," as it is also known, was his chief work, and had an immense vogue in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries.

A first edition of Richard Brinsley Sheridan's "School for Scandal," in binding by Bradstreet's, was bought on order for $410.

For a defective copy of the first edition of Sir Philip Sidney's famous work, "The Countesse of Pembroke's Arcadia," Walter M. Hill gave $800, and George D. Smith paid $3,125 for "The Defense of Poesie. By Sir Philip Sidney, Knight." London, 1595. This appears to be an other record price, as the Way copy, in 1881, sold for only $190 and the Hoe copy itself brought only $600 at Sotheby's. Messrs. Wallace and Quaritch were the competitors with Smith for the prize.

Smith also obtained for $2,250 the extremely rare work entitled: "Here after followeth a lytell boke which hath to name, why come ye nat to courte, compyled by Mayster Skelton, poete Laureate." It is an undated duodecimo, only four copies are on record, the British Museum, the Huth, the Locke-Lampson, and the present, which was formerly in the Ashburnham library. The work was probably printed in London between 1545 and 1552. This was still another new record, the same copy having fetched only $340 at the Ashburnham sale in 1898.

Dodd & Livingston paid $2,300 for a first edition of William Smith's "History of the Province of New York," large paper copy, London, 1757, and Smith obtained a characteristic letter of Laurence Sterne, about "Tristram Shandy," for $125.

Other books that brought $500 or more were:

First edition, large paper copy, of Laurence Sterne's "Sentimental Journey," $500, (Smith.)

Fine copy of the "Statutes, first year of Edward III. to XXII. of Edward IV.," printed in London about 1482, $5,200, (Smith.)

Original edition of Lieut. Col. Simcoe's "Journal of the Operations of the Queen's Rangers," &c., London, 1787, a rare work relating to the American Revolution, and which once belonged to Sir Henry Clinton, $660, (Smith.)

Unique copy of Tasso's "Jerusalem Delivered," London, 1803, having inserted seven original water color drawings by S. Shelley, $800, (Smith.)

"Poems, by Two Brothers," the first edition of the work thus entitled, to which Lord Alfred Tennyson and his brothers, Charles and Frederick, contributed, $500, (Smith.)

Lord Tennyson's "In Memoriam," large paper copy, London, 1885, an early example of Cobden Sanderson's work as a binder, $1,950, (Hill.)

Lord Tennyson's "The Lady of Shalott," New York, 1881, decorated by Howard Pyle, and containing the original drawings, $1,100, (Dodd & Livingston.)

First edition of "Theseus, Hystoire Tres-recreative," Paris, 1534, binding by Frautz-Bauzonnet, the arms of Baron A. Selliere on the centre of both covers, $925, (Rosenbach.)

"Recueil de Voyages," by Melches Thevenet, with early map of the Mississippi River, Paris, 1681, $525, (Smith.)

First edition of Gabriel Thomas's "Historical and Geographical Account of the Province and Country of Pensilvania and of West New Jersey in America," London, 1698, $800, (Smith.)

A work in German, "Adventures of Herr Tewrdannck," written by Melchoir Pfintzing, secretary of Maximilian I. of Germany, and printed at Nuremberg, (1517,) a rare work in great favor with collectors on account of its 118 beautiful woodcuts, $900, (Smith.)

The nineteenth and final session of Part I. will be held to-day. Included in its rarities are a Paris, 1532, edition of the "Works" of Villon, which has an auction record of $3,000, and a copy of John Winthrop's "Declaration," Cambridge, 1645, the first work on a historical subject printed in British America. Three more parts are to be dispersed. The next sale will be in November, 1911, the third in January or February, 1912, and the fourth in April following. About 5,500 volumes are in Part I.

There still remain from 25,000 to 30,000 volumes to be auctioned off. When the sale of the library was first announced, its total value was estimated at $1,400,000. As Part I. alone has realized nearly $1,000,000, it is new believed the entire library will bring nearer to $2,400,000 than $1,400,000.

To Establish Standard of Water Purity

The report of Col. William M. Black and Prof. Earle B. Phelps on the pollution of the harbor by sewage was received by the Board of Estimate yesterday, and it was voted to appoint a committee of five city engineers to take up the question of the establishment of a proper standard of purity for the water and to rearrange sewer outlets if necessary.

To Try Divorce Suit in Secret.

Robert Milton Smith and his wife, Lillian Hallinan Cuddihy Smith, whom he is suing for divorce, obtained permission yesterday to have their suit tried in secret before Francis S. McAvoy, who was named by Supreme Court Justice Mendrick as referee.

THUGS BEAT POLICEMEN.

Taunt Them with Not Daring to Use Nightsticks, Under Gaynor's Order.

Two attacks on policemen were made by gangs in the Bronx last night, and although several of the ruffians were arrested they gave bad beatings to the policemen, whom they taunted with not daring to use their nightsticks because of Mayor Gaynor's order to the contrary.

"Ah, it's just a watch charm!" they shouted to Policeman Henry T. Griffin of the Morrisania Station. "Go on, use it. Why don't you take a chance?"

Griffin had scattered a crowd in Washington Avenue, between 166th and 167th Streets. When he arrested one of their number the others set on him. Griffin was knocked down and his prisoner taken from him. He fired his revolver in the air, and the crowd scattered. Then he got the reserves, and after searching the halls and doorways of the neighborhood arrested three men, who, he said, had attacked him. They were locked up.

Policeman Charles Oltt of the same station was another who took a beating at the hands of young thugs because he dared not use his nightstick. He arrested two members of the Bergen gang, who were drinking beer at Bergen Avenue and 149th Street. As he started toward the station a mob of nearly 200 set upon him. He was knocked down, and Edwin R. Baldwin of 25 West Ninety-fourth Street, who tried to help him, was rendered senseless by a blow on the jaw.

Policeman McKernan, who came to his help, was beaten on the head and made senseless also. Just then the patrol wagon of the Alexander Avenue Station, on its way to transfer a prisoner to the Morrisania Station, passed and the crowd ran. Three ricters were arrested.

MUST PAY FOR SKIM MILK.

Plea That It Was Sold Contrary to Law Overruled by the Court.

The Appellate Division reversed yesterday the judgment of the Municipal Court in dismissing the suit of the Boston Dairy Company against the J. H. Jones Milk Corporation of this city, to recover $210, the price of 6,200 pounds of condensed milk sold. The Jones Company pleaded that payment could not be enforced because the milk had been manufactured from skimmed milk, and the sale of milk so manufactured was contrary to law in this State.

Justice Seabury, in writing the unanimous opinion of the court, said:

"It is clear from the evidence that the defendant ordered the milk, received the goods, and sold it to customers, receiving full benefit of the contract it now seeks to repudiate.

"So far as the plaintiff is concerned, it did no act in this State which was contrary to law. It was not unlawful to bring into this State condensed milk manufactured from skimmed milk. Not only did this defendant receive these goods, but it sold them in this State in violation of the law. Having sold these goods to its customers in this State, it now turns informer and attempts to cheat its creditors out of the price which it agreed to pay."

ELECTION INDICTMENTS FAIL.

23 Against Ross Williams and His District Lieutenants Dismissed.

Justice Davis, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, yesterday dismissed twenty-three indictments standing against Ross Williams, a Tammany leader in the Seventeenth Assembly District, and six of his lieutenants.

All the indictments charged ballot-box stuffing, intimidation of voters, and perjury in connection with the primary elections of Sept. 21, 1909. At that time there was a fight in that district for the Democratic leadership, and Williams was running against Daniel Golden.

Four indictments were found against Williams, four against Robert Quinn, four against Peter J. Galligan, four against Thomas O'Rourke, two against John Bingham, and two against Joseph McGuire. All except Williams were Tammany officers of the election.

Williams was tried on May 12, 1910, and acquitted, the trial costing the State $20,000. Since then the indictments have been pigeonholed, and no opposition was offered when Clark L. Jordan, counsel for the defendants, asked Justice Davis to dismiss them.

CHANCE FOR YOUNG MILLER.

Judge Suspends Sentence, Though Four Indictments Stood Against Him.

John Townsend Miller, the young son of John Francis Miller, former Secretary of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, who was arrested for stealing a watch valued at $50 from Miss Alice Johnson of 21 West Eleventh Street, where the young man lives, was arraigned before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions yesterday for sentence upon his plea of guilty to petty larceny, and the Judge announced his intention of letting young Miller go, though three additional indictments charging grand larceny had been found against him.

Miller was previously arraigned in General Sessions before Judge Mulqueen and pleaded not guilty to the indictment charging him with grand larceny, it being alleged that he stole a ring valued at $1,500 from Miss Dorothy Posner. Assistant District Attorney Delehanty asked that the case be put on the calendar, and Judge Mulqueen consented.

Fifteen minutes later Miller was arraigned before Judge Rosalsky. Judge Rosalsky postponed sentence until next Tuesday and instructed the Rev. Mr. Tinker, the Episcopalian chaplain of the Tombs, to get the prisoner a position.

Judge Rosalsky said that Miller was not the notorious criminal persons said he was, and that the District Attorney was not justified in asking for four indictments against him. Assistant District Attorney Delehanty retorted that Miller had cashed numerous bad checks in Philadelphia and in many of the restaurants in this city. Judge Cowing, the prisoner's counsel, remarked that Mr. Delehanty was suffering from a vivid imagination, as none of the complainants wanted to prosecute.

Lanston Monotype Earns More.

The Lanston Monotype Machine Company shows net profits of $605,069 for the year ended Feb. 28. Dividends totaling $329,698 were paid, leaving a surplus of $275,371. The profits of the year just closed compare with $503,468 in 1910 and $309,964 in 1909. The report of President J. Maury Dove explains that the heavy business of the last year has outgrown the present facilities of the factory and plans are being prepared for a new building, which will be paid for out of assets.

Freschi Again Temporary Magistrate.

Mayor Gaynor reappointed John J. Freschi a temporary Police Magistrate yesterday for another period of thirty days. Magistrate Crane, whose place he has been filling, is still too ill to return to the bench.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
2:00—1,311 Amsterdam Av.; Beak's Dairy Co.	$5,000
7:12—306 and 308 E. 103d St.; J. Isaacs.	Slight
7:45—222 W. 16th St.; William Ranges.	$5
8:15—241 W. 12th St.; Monahan Exp. Co.	$100
8:20—2,078 3d Av.; Regal Amusement C.	Trifling
8:20—28 and 30 Division St.; A. Radford.	$500
9:45—1,307 3d Av.; Annie Asond.	$10
9:50—151 Avenue C; L. Blom & Son.	Slight
10:40—334 Madison Av.; Women's Exchange.	None
11:00—575 Southern Boulevard; E. Funlot.	Trifling
11:55—64 E. 86th St.; Albert Miller.	None
11:57—786 11th Av.; Mary Flishe.	Slight
P. M.	
5:10—345 West 57th St.; C. Gordon.	$50
5:45—84-86 Crosby St.; Morimura Bros.	$10
6:05—350 Madison Av.; Bernard Ambrom.	$100
6:40—926 Park Av.; Mr. Linzesheimer.	None
P. M.	
8:05—2,552 8th Av.; Kerkman & Grote.	$25
8:20—674 E. 240th St.; John Stahle.	$10
9:45—250 Cherry St.; S. Eischman.	Trifling
9:55—204 W. 26th St.; Mr. Goldberg.	$200
10:15—412 Cherry St.; A. Shapiro.	Trifling

MAY WIPE OUT 3,000 INSURANCE SUITS

Appellate Division Decides That Promise to Buy Policy Is Not Negotiable Paper.

REBATING CHARGES INVOLVED

City Court Decision in Favor of Equitable Trust Company, Which Sued, Is Reversed.

A decision rendered in the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday may result in an investigation by the State Insurance Department of certain alleged policy selling methods of agents of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, working in conjunction with the Equitable Trust Company.

The method, as described in testimony on which the court decision is based, called for three transactions. In the first of these, it was alleged, a substantial rebate was allowed by the agent to the prospective policy buyer, this transaction being followed by the discounting of the buyer's promise to take the policy at the offices of the Equitable Trust Company, which then sued as the holder of a negotiable paper when payments were not made.

In the decision of the Appellate Division, which was written by Justice Lehman, Justices Seabury and Gerard concurring, it is held that since rebating is a crime and no valid contract can grow out of a transaction involving a crime, the contention of the Equitable Trust Company that the papers on which it sued were negotiable instruments and should be respected as such is not tenable. The decision reverses the decision of the City Court in favor of the Equitable Trust Company and remands the case on which it was brought for retrial.

This suit, known in insurance circles as "the Haynes case," is entered in the court records as that of the Equitable Trust Company against Charles A. Newman. It is one of nearly 3,000 cases now awaiting trial on which hearings have been postponed pending the decision of the Appellate Division. Lawyers who were interested in the case yesterday said they thought the decision would throw all of these cases out of court and break up the method of insurance soliciting out of which they grew.

Joseph Herzberg of the law firm of Kauffman & Herzberg said he intended to follow up the rebating features of the case with the State Insurance Department, and that he already had a promise from Supt. Hotchkiss to take the matter up as soon as the Appellate Division should announce its decision.

The document which passed from the hands of Charles A. Newman to an agent of the Equitable Life Assurance Society and then into the hands of the Equitable Trust Company, on the allegation that the latter company had discounted it at its full face value, was this:

New York, Dec. 19, 1903.

Mr. Archibold C. Haynes, General Agent the Equitable Life Assurance Society:

Dear Sir: I hereby acknowledge having received from Mr. George Schlesinger Policy No. 1,288,163, being for $20,000 on my life in the Equitable Life Assurance Society. You are authorized to place said policy in force from this date, and I promise to pay you or your order the first annual premium, amounting to $634.50, as follows:

Cash paid to George Schlesinger	$234.00
April 15, 1904	200.00
Sept. 15th, 1904	200.00
	$634.00

Very truly yours,
CHARLES A. NEWMAN.

The testimony which the lawyers for Newman recited in their brief on appeal had been ruled out of court on the first hearing, set forth that the $234 mentioned as the first payment really never was paid, but was a rebate allowed the purchaser. It also held that the agent, Schlesinger, represented that he was working hard for his big bonus, which would be due if he wrote his year's totals up into the hundreds of thousands, and that his real aim was to obtain the bonus and not his commission on this policy; that therefore he would rebate that to the buyer, who could decide later whether or not to meet any of the other payments, and thereby put the policy in force.

In commenting upon the City Court's decision Justice Lehman says:

In spite of the authorities cited therein I am unable to concur that this promise is a negotiable instrument. The instrument signed by the defendant is in the form of a letter and not a note. By fair construction it is not in the usual form of mercantile paper and does not appear to have been intended to pass as such.

The respondent claims that even if the instrument was not negotiable, proof that the agent agreed to give the defendant a rebate of $234 would constitute no defense as between the original parties. At the time the letter was signed and the contract made, rebating was forbidden under Section 89 of the Insurance Law. That section did not in terms declare a contract for a rebate void but the act of giving rebates was made a misdemeanor by section 282 of the Laws of 1899, and the courts should not enforce a contract which is not only forbidden by the statutes but which constitutes a penal offence. Section 89 does not as claimed provide a specific penalty for giving a rebate which should be considered exclusive; it simply provides a manner in which the Superintendent of Insurance may restrain future disobedience. The agent could not enforce the contract and his assignee takes it subject to all the defences against him. Judgment should be reversed and a new trial ordered.

In their brief on appeal the lawyers for Newman said:

It is now a matter of common knowledge that the representations made by Schlesinger were part of a widespread campaign by the sub-agents of the Haynes Agency in and about 1903; that similar inducements were made to multitudes of people; that an enormous number of policies were written, and an enormous number of alleged "notes" signed in pursuance of this scheme.

It was apparently part of this schemo that these notes made payable to the Haynes Agency of the Equitable Life Assurance Society were immediately transferred to the Equitable Trust Company, its allied institution, for the purpose of getting this paper into the hands of persons, who, for all the makers might be able to prove, were holders in due course.

In Newman's testimony, as recorded in the brief, he asserted that long after the Equitable Trust Company was alleged to have paid the Equitable Life Assurance Society the full face value of his "note" he received a notice from the Equitable Life Assurance Society demanding payments then overdue.

John H. Servis, clerk of the Fifth District Municipal Court, is authority for the statement that there are thousands of these suits on file in that court, the usual rule being to bring them in just a few hours before they become outlawed through the statute of limitations. He said that many were settled on the theory that they were negotiable instruments and the methods by which they were given could not be inquired into.

Archibald C. Haynes is still an agent of the Equitable Life Assurance Society with an office at 200 Fifth Avenue. He could not be found there late yesterday afternoon.

If a man's face is his fortune, then he should frame it in a good collar

ARROW COLLARS
15¢ each, 2 for 25¢

CLIFTON 2¾" high
LAMBS CLUB 2¼" high
Notch collars with the smart inverted "V" fronts
Cluett, Peabody & Company, Troy, New York

JUDGE SCORES BOY'S FATHER

Tells Him He Is Responsible for Forger's Relapse, After First Probation.

Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions yesterday severely lectured the well-dressed father of young Frank W. Lichtenstein, who was arraigned before him for sentence following his plea of guilty to forgery in the second degree, in that he forged the name of Alexander Koswick, 416 Broadway to a check for $15.

The boy's lawyer, when the arraignment for sentence took place, asked the court to be lenient with him, as he had been cast out by his father, who refused to help him in any manner after he had pleaded guilty to petty larceny before Judge Rosalsky in February, 1910, and had been released on a suspended sentence. The lawyer said that whenever young Lichtenstein obtained a position his father would go and tell his son's employers that he was out of jail on parole. The boy's dismissal always followed.

As the lawyer finished, a man arose and, going up to him, spoke to him.

"Who is that man?" asked Judge Rosalsky.

"The defendant's father, your Honor," replied the lawyer.

Turning to the father, Judge Rosalsky said:

"I consider that you are responsible for the trouble your son is now in. Instead of taking him to your heart you deliberately turned him out after he had pleaded guilty before me to stealing some lace, and I had suspended sentence upon him. The manner in which you acted was uncalled for, as this boy did get a position and showed his willingness to follow the straight path."

Judge Rosalsky sentenced young Lichtenstein to the Elmira Reformatory.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats, $1. Eve. 8.
Last Weeks | MARCHING THROUGH GEORGIA—The INTERNATIONAL CUP—BALLET OF NIAGARA—12 BIG CIRCUS ACTS

WINTER GARDEN, Evs. at 8. Matinees Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 2.
50th St. & B'way. Telephone 411 Columbus.
"THE MUSICAL REVUE OF 1911"
MATINEE TO-MORROW 50c. to $1.50. | Ballet, Spectacle, Musical, Variete and Comedy Features. 30 STARS. 250 NEAR STARS. With this phenomenal Company:
KITTY GORDON — DOROTHY JARDON
STELLA MAYHEW — BARNEY BERNARD
HARRY FISHER — TEMPEST & SUNSHINE
AL JOLSON — YVETTE
PAUL NICHOLSON — SIG. BONFIGLIO
MLLE. DAZIE — ARTHUR CUNNINGHAM
HESS SISTERS — MELISSA TEN EYCK
GRACE WASHBURN
Do not miss the sensational duel scene between two women.
SPECIAL SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERTS.
20 ACTS—3-HOUR SHOW.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8. | 4 Weeks Only.
Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
WM. A. BRADY'S All-Star Revival of the Famous Union Square Theatre Success.
THE LIGHTS O' LONDON
By Geo. R. Sims.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Mr. Mantell
Best Seats $1.50.
To-night 8:15, OTHELLO, (Mr. Mantell as Iago;) Sat. Mat., THE MERCHANT OF VENICE; Sat. Night, RICHARD III.
NEXT and LAST Week: Mon. Eve., LOUIS XI.; Tues. Eve., THE MERCHANT OF VENICE; Wed. Mat., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat. Nights and Sat. Mat., JULIUS CAESAR.

THE PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Tel. 2628 Bryant.
Mat. To-morrow 2:30. OVER NIGHT 9TH MONTH IN NEW YORK

CASINO Broadway & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
LOUISE GUNNING in A BALKAN PRINCESS

BROADWAY Thea., B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15
Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
LEW FIELDS IN THE HEN-PECKS

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, bet. B'y & 6th Ave.
Mat. To-m'w 2:30. Evs. 8:30.
THE DEEP PURPLE By Armstrong and Mizner.
18th New York Week—That's All!

39th Street THEA., 39th, nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15.
Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
JOHN MASON In Augustus Thomas' best play. AS A MAN THINKS.

William Collier's Comedy Thea. 41st, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:20.
William Collier in The Dictator

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-morrow 2:20.
EVERYWOMAN
(Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love.)
"I SAW IT ONE NIGHT, AND THEN WAITED OVER THE NEXT DAY TO SEE IT AGAIN."
—Elbert Hubbard.

MAJESTIC Broadway & 59th St. Evs. 8:15. Popular Prices. 25c-$1.50.
Italian Comic Opera Co. To-night, Boccaccio.
NEXT MONDAY. Seats on Sale Now.
THE SMART SET WITH S. H. Dudley AND Ada Overton Walker

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Begins 8:30
Matinees To-morrow & Thurs. 2:30.
MRS. FISKE in MRS. BUMPSTEAD-LEIGH.

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway & 38th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
RALPH HERZ IN DR. De LUXE
The Novelty Musical Comedy Success.
By the authors of "Madame Sherry."

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in NOBODY'S WIDOW.

FOLIES BERGERE 46th St. B'way.
RESTAURANT—THEATRE—MUSIC HALL.
Phone 8400 Bryant. Mat. Tues., Thurs., Sat.
NIGHTLY—DINNER from 6 o'clock through Eve. Continuous service. | 8:15 to 11 P. M. 2 REVUES & BALLET.
ETHEL LEVEY & 200 Artists—100 Girls.
11:15 to 1 A. M., Supper & Cabaret Performance.
SUNDAY EVE. FROM 6:30 to 11:30 | DINING CONCERT & CABARET SHOW.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. at 8:15. Last Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
LAST 3 TIMES THAIS
Spectacular Dramatic Triumph.
NEXT MONDAY (Seats Selling) FRANCIS WILSON
in THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE PINK LADY
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Overture 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
LAST SIX WEEKS THIS SEASON. RE-OPENS IN AUGUST. | Christie Macdonald in The Spring Maid.

"EXCUSE ME"
AT THE GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
AS SPARKLING AS THE SUNLIGHT ON WATER.

At Charles Dillingham's GLOBE 46 St. & B'way. Eve. 8:30 Mat. To-morrow 2:15.
BAYES & NORWORTH in "LITTLE MISS FIX-IT."

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way, 43 St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD Phone 382 Bryant. COHAN'S BIGGEST HIT

GRAND Opera House. 25c. to $1. Mat. To-m'w.
23d St., S Av. ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE?

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Wed. & Sat. Mats. 2:15.
MABEL HITE'S A HIT In "A CERTAIN PARTY."

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
27th TIME TO-NIGHT "THE CONCERT"

OLYMPIC EAST 14TH ST. Mat. To-day.
REEVES' BIG BEAUTY SHOW
RESERVED SEATS, 25c.

EDEN MUSEE | WORLD IN WAX. President Diaz. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Orchestral Concerts Afternoon and Eve.

COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th | BURLESQUE, Pop. Mat. To-day 15, 25, 50c. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25-$1. Smoking

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Ev. 8:15. BURLESQUE—STAR & GARTER SHOW.

IS NEW YORK YOUR PARIS?

Metropolitan Clothes for American Gentlemen sold direct to you by

Browning, King & Co.

It is time we stopped trying to ape foreigners and appreciated the ingenuity of our Craftsmen. This Unique Organization has the best NEW YORK TAILOR SHOPS and, while justly proud of New York, recognizes no North, South, East or West, and maintains its own Retail Stores in Sixteen of the principal cities throughout the United States. Where there are no stores of our own, ask your Clothier for the BROWNING-KING CLOTHING and have him hold your money on deposit until every transaction gives perfect satisfaction, the same as we do for you and him.

SPECIAL ITEMS

CLOTHING VALUES AND METROPOLITAN STYLES COMBINED
Our assortment of Spring and Summer Suits and Overcoats includes all that is correct and new, such as hair-line stripes, gray worsteds and exclusive fabrics. $18.00 to $40.00

MEN'S FURNISHINGS
75c. "Kayser" Washable Chamoisette Gloves. 35c
Kelser's Silk Barathea Plain Colored 4-in-hands. 50c
Ramie Fibre Linen Mesh Underwear. $2.50
$2.50 Pleated French Cuff Shirts; Unusual Values. $1.65
Complete Line of Earl & Wilson Shirts and Collars.

MEN'S HAT DEPARTMENT
The Browning-King Special Derby. $3.00
Stetson Hats, Our Own Shapes. $3.50 to $12.00

YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS
Boys' Reefers, Blue Serge and Tan Coverts. $5.00, $6.50, $8.50
Boys' Russian and Norfolk Suits, Cadet or Sailor Collars $5.00, $6.50, $8.50
Special School Suits, Knickerbockers. $6.50, $8.50
Young Men's "Junior" Suits (The Season's Hit) $15.00, to $32.00

BOYS' & CHILDREN'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS
Underwear for Summer use at Moderate Prices, including a special gauze cotton or Balbriggan, with short sleeves and knee lengths, sizes 24 to 34. Exceptional at. 25c
Boys' and Children's Straw Hats, Jack Tar and Tyrolean Models. Values up to $3.00. Broken Assortment but all sizes. 95c
Cloth Caps and College Hats for Boys of 3 to 16 years of age. Regular price, 50c. For Saturday. 39c

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"

Browning, King & Co

Broadway at 32nd Street—Cooper Square at 5th Street—Brooklyn: Fulton at DeKalb

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT—THE PUBLIC AUCTION SALE of Seats and Boxes will take place at the HUDSON THEATRE WEST 44 ST. TO-DAY AT 4 P. M. FOR THE LAMBS PUBLIC GAMBOL TO BE GIVEN AT THE NEW THEATRE FRIDAY AFTER'N. MAY 12
AUCTIONEERS: Lambs Hopper, Collier, Dixey, Lackaye, Crane, Harlan, Woodruff, Scott, Daniels, Bell, Ditrichstein, Fairbanks, Hilliard, De Angelis, Blinn, Wise.

50 EMINENT STARS, ACTS & OTHER FEATURES from all the prominent New York successes; also 100 leading actresses in black face in the ALL-STAR FEMALE MINSTRELS at the MONSTER TESTIMONIAL TO THE PROFESSIONAL WOMAN'S LEAGUE.

HUDSON THEATRE NEXT TUESDAY AFT'N. | SEATS NOW.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | P. Armstrong's "Romance of the Underworld." Ryan & Richfield Co., others.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | ELSIE JANIS and other Star Acts.
BRONX 149th St. & 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. | Gus Edwards Song Revue, Rooney & Bent, McMahon & Chappelle.
MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th St., 8th Ave. 25c to $1. Wed. Mat. 25 & 50c. DE WOLF HOPPER—A MATINEE IDOL. Next Week—MADAME X—Original Co.
Hammerstein's Victoria. 42d St. Daily Mat. McIntyre & Heath, Sam Mann & Co., Montgomery & Moore and 15 others.
Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. 28th St. Daily Mat., 25&50c. | ROSE COGHLAN, Jack Wilson & Co., Laura Burt & Harry Stanford, Genaro & Bailey, others.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. THE WOLF 10, 20 & 30c. Next Week—THE MAN OF THE HOUR.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. Mat. Daily, 25c. | FRANK KEENAN & CO., TOM NAWN & CO., NANA, JEAN AYLWYN, & others.

THE CONQUEROR HOSIERY

We Particularly Recommend
The WAFER
The Surest and Most Durable
Silk Lisle Stocking
Price, 25c
Black, White, Tan and other colors.
On Sale Where Good Hosiery is Sold.
Rubens & Meyer New York

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.
A Big Men's Department Store
Middlemen's profits saved!
Tan Low Shoes $3.98

New Straight Flat English last. Flat shank and Broad flat heel.
High Russets, $2.95, $3.85 & $4.85
All are on new lasts, English-cut, exact copies of the $8.00 and $10.00 bench-made shoes.
Tan Oxford, "Samples," $2.60
Several hundred pairs, Usual $4.00 & $5.00 grades.

SPECIAL WEEK END SALE
Two piece suit to measure $17.00, choice from 20 styles of blue, black and gray serges. 30 styles of plain and fancy cheviots. These goods will tailor and wear very satisfactorily. Would cost double elsewhere.
ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

Comforts By Rail Equal to Hotel or Club

Picture, for a moment, the most refined and restful hotel or club you ever visited, with quietly attentive attendants.

Imagine a cozy and delicious dinner in the choicest window in the cafe of such a club or hotel.

Put all this on wheels and run it swiftly through a country of exquisite beauty, over a road of perfect smoothness, free from soot and cinders, and you have the BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS, the Pioneer all Parlor Car train between New York and Philadelphia and Buffalo.

Railroad and Pullman Tickets delivered at home or office on request.
N. Y. Telephone 4212 Bryant. Brooklyn Telephone 97 Main. Newark Telephone 984 Waverly.

Lehigh Valley Railroad

Revillon Frères
FOUNDED 1723
Fur Storage and Remodeling

Our storage service offers patrons the highest degree of security and convenience in the care of their furs. Send garments and other articles made of fur to storage NOW and secure the longest period possible in the safe and healthful atmosphere of the cold rooms.

REMODELING may be ordered now with entire satisfaction as conservative styles for the coming year are well established. The cost of alterations and repairs is much lower in summer than in the busy season.

Send for booklet about our Storage Methods.

Tel. 3761 Murray Hill.
19 W. 34th Street, New York
PARIS MONTREAL LONDON

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings) | 1195 Broadway Just below 29th St. | 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings)
Hart, Schaffner & Marx
Blue Serge Suits $20
WE have specialized in $20 Blue Serge Suits this season, and are selling Suits that we would ordinarily price at $25, for $20.